



## MATHS

### NCERT - NCERT MATHEMATICS (ENGLISH)

#### LIMITS AND DERIVATIVES

##### Exercise 13.1

1.

Suppose

$f(x) = [a + bx, x < 1, 4, x = 1, b - ax, x > 1]$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$  where  $x$  extends to



Watch Video Solution

2. Let  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$  be fixed real numbers and define a function  $f(x) =$

$(x - a_1)(x - a_2) \dots (x - a_n)$ . What is  $(\lim_{x \rightarrow a_1} f(x))$ ? For some

$a \neq a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$ , compute  $(\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x))$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

3.  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\tan 2x}{x - \frac{\pi}{2}}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

4.  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin ax + bx}{ax + \sin bx} a, b, a + b \neq 0$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

5. Evaluate  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x)$ , where  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{|x|}{x}, & x \neq 0 \\ 0, & x = 0 \end{cases}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

6. Find  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 5} f(x)$ , where  $f(x) = |x| - 5$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

7. Find  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$ , where  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 1 & x \leq 1 \\ -x^2 - 1 & x > 1 \end{cases}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

8. Evaluate  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x)$ , where  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{|x|}{x}, & x \neq 0 \\ 0, & x = 0 \end{cases}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

9. If the function  $f(x)$  satisfies  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{f(x) - 2}{x^2 - 1} = \pi$ , evaluate  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

10. If  $f(x) = [|x| + 1, x < 0], [|x| - 1, x > 0]$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

11. If  $f(x) = \begin{cases} mx^2 + n, & x < 0 \\ nx + m, & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ nx^3 + m, & x > 1 \end{cases}$ . For what integers  $m$  and  $n$  does both  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

12. Find  $f(x)$  and  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$ , where  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x + 3, & x \leq 0 \\ 3(x + 1), & x > 0 \end{cases}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

13.  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 0} (\csc x - \cot x)$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

14.  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^4 - 81}{2x^2 - 5x - 3}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

$$15. (\lim)_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{ax + b}{cx + 1}$$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

$$16. \text{Evaluate: } (\lim)_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{4x + 3}{x - 2}$$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

$$17. (\lim)_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^{10} + x^5 + 1}{x - 1}$$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

$$18. (\lim)_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x + 1)^5 - 1}{x}$$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

$$19. (\lim)_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{3x^2 - x - 10}{x^2 - 4}$$



Watch Video Solution

20.  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 3} x + 3$



Watch Video Solution

21.  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow \pi} \left( x - \frac{22}{7} \right)$



Watch Video Solution

22. Find  $(\lim)_{r \rightarrow 1} \pi r^2$



Watch Video Solution

23.  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 0} x \sec x$



Watch Video Solution

$$24. \left( \lim \right)_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{ax + x \cos x}{b \sin x}$$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

$$25. \left( \lim \right)_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos 2x - 1}{\cos x - 1}$$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

$$26. \left( \lim \right)_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x}{\pi - x}$$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

$$27. \left( \lim \right)_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{\sin(\pi - x)}{\pi(\pi - x)}$$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

$$28. \left( \lim \right)_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin ax}{\sin bx} a, b, \neq 0$$



Watch Video Solution

$$29. \left( \lim \right)_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin ax}{bx}$$



Watch Video Solution

$$30. \left( \lim \right)_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{2}}{x + 2}$$



Watch Video Solution

$$31. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{ax^2 + bx + c}{cx^2 + bx + a}, a + b + c \neq 0$$



Watch Video Solution

$$32. \left( \lim \right)_{z \rightarrow 1} \frac{z^{\frac{1}{3}} - 1}{z^{\frac{1}{6}} - 1}$$



Watch Video Solution



## Solved Examples

1. Find the derivative of  $f(x)$  from the first principles, where  $f(x)$  is (i)  $f(x) = x + \cos x$  (ii)  $f(x) = x \sin x$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

2. Find the derivative of (i)  $\frac{x^5 - \cos x}{\sin x}$  (ii)  $\frac{x + \cos x}{\tan x}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

3. Compute derivative of (i)  $f(x) = \sin 2x$  (ii)  $g(x) = \cot x$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

4. Find the derivative of  $f(x) = x^2$





[Watch Video Solution](#)

5. Find the derivative of the constant function  $f(x) = a$  for a fixed real number  $a$ .



[Watch Video Solution](#)

6. Find the derivative of  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

7. Compute the derivative of  $6x^{100} - x^{55} + x$ .



[Watch Video Solution](#)

8. Find the derivative of  $f(x) = 1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots + x^{50}$  at  $x = 1$ .



[Watch Video Solution](#)

9. Find the derivative of  $f(x) = \frac{x + 1}{x}$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

10. Compute the derivative of  $\sin x$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

11. Compute the derivative of  $\tan x$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

12. Compute the derivative of  $f(x) = \sin^2 x$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

13. Find the derivative of  $f$  from the first principles, where  $f$  is given by(i)

$$f(x) = \frac{2x + 3}{x - 2} \quad \text{(ii) } f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}$$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

14. Evaluate(i)  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^{15} - 1}{x^{10} - 1}$  (ii)  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+x} - 1}{x}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

15. Find the limits (i)  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 1} \left[ \frac{x^2 + 1}{x + 100} \right]$  (ii)

$$(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 2} \left[ \frac{x^3 - 4x^2 + 4x}{x^2 - 4} \right]$$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

16. Find the limits: (i)  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 1} [x^3 - x^2 + 1]$  (iii)  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 3} [x(x + 1)]$

(iii)  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 1} [1 + x + x^2 + \dots + x^{10}]$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

17. Find the derivative of  $\sin x$  at  $x = 0$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

18. Find the derivative of the function  $f(x) = 2x^2 + 3x - 5$  at  $x = 1$ .

Also prove that  $f'(0) + 3f'(-1) = 0$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

19. Find the derivative at  $x = 2$  of the function  $f(x) = 3x$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

20. Evaluate (i)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 4x}{\sin 2x}$  (ii)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x}{x}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

21. Find the derivative of  $f(x) = 10x$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

22. Find the derivative of  $f(x) = 3x$  at  $x = 0$  and at  $x = 3$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

23. Evaluate  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\log)_e x}{x - 1}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

24. Compute  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{3x} - \sin x - 1}{x}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

25. Compute  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{3x} - 1}{x}$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

## Miscellaneous Exercise

1. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$ ,  $d$ ,  $p$ ,  $q$ ,  $r$  and  $s$  are fixed non-zero constants and  $m$  and  $n$  are integers):  $\frac{x}{\sin^n x}$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

2. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$ ,  $d$ ,  $p$ ,  $q$ ,  $r$  and  $s$  are fixed non-zero constants and  $m$  and  $n$  are integers):  $(x + a)$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

3. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):  $(px + q)\left(\frac{r}{x} + s\right)$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

4. Find the derivative of the following functions from first principle:

(i)  $-x$  (ii)  $(-x)^{-1}$  (iii)  $\sin(x + 1)$  (iv)  $\cos\left(x - \frac{\pi}{8}\right)$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

5. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):  $\frac{1 + \frac{1}{x}}{1 - \frac{1}{x}}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)



6. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):  $\frac{1}{ax^2 + bx + c}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

7. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):  $(ax + b)(cx + d)^2$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

8. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):  $\frac{ax + b}{cx + d}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

9. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):  $\frac{ax + b}{px^2 + qx + r}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

10. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):  $\frac{px^2 + qx + r}{ax + b}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

11. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):  $\sin^n x$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

12. Find derivative of the following functions:  $\frac{\sec x - 1}{\sec x + 1}$



Watch Video Solution

13. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that  $a, b, c, d, p, q, r$  and  $s$  are fixed non-zero constants and  $m$  and  $n$  are integers):  $\cos ecx \cot x$



Watch Video Solution

14. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that  $a, b, c, d, p, q, r$  and  $s$  are fixed non-zero constants and  $m$  and  $n$  are integers):  $\sin (x + a)$



Watch Video Solution

15. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):  $\frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sin x - \cos x}$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

16. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):  $\frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x}$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

17. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are integers):  $4\sqrt{x} - 2$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

**18.** Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that  $a, b, c, d, p, q, r$  and  $s$  are fixed non-zero constants and  $m$  and  $n$  are integers):  $\frac{a}{x^4} - \frac{b}{x^2} + \cos x$



**Watch Video Solution**

**19.** Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that  $a, b, c, d, p, q, r$  and  $s$  are fixed non-zero constants and  $m$  and  $n$  are integers):  $(ax + b)^n (cx + d)^m$



**Watch Video Solution**

**20.** Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that  $a, b, c, d, p, q, r$  and  $s$  are fixed non-zero constants and  $m$  and  $n$  are integers):  $(ax + b)^n$



**Watch Video Solution**

**21.** Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that  $a, b, c, d, p, q, r$  and  $s$  are fixed non-zero constants and  $m$  and  $n$  are integers):  $(ax^2 + \sin x)(p + q \cos x)$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

**22.** Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that  $a, b, c, d, p, q, r$  and  $s$  are fixed non-zero constants and  $m$  and  $n$  are integers):  $(x + \cos x)(x \tan x)$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

**23.** Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that  $a, b, c, d, p, q, r$  and  $s$  are fixed non-zero constants and  $m$  and  $n$  are integers):  $\frac{4x + 5 \sin x}{3x + 7 \cos x}$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

24. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that

a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are

integers):  $\frac{x^2 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)}{\sin x}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

25. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that

a, b, c and d are fixed non-zero constants ):  $\frac{a + b \sin x}{c + d \cos x}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

26. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that

a, b, c, d, p, q, r and s are fixed non-zero constants and m and n are

integers):  $\frac{\sin(x + a)}{\cos x}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

27. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that  $a, b, c, d, p, q, r$  and  $s$  are fixed non-zero constants and  $m$  and  $n$  are integers):  $x^4(5 \sin x - 3 \cos x)$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

28. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that  $a, b, c, d, p, q, r$  and  $s$  are fixed non-zero constants and  $m$  and  $n$  are integers):  $(x^2 + 1)\cos x$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

29. Find derivative of the following functions:  $\frac{x}{1 + \tan x}$



[Watch Video Solution](#)



30. Find derivative of the following functions (it is to be understood that  $a, b, c, d, p, q, r$  and  $s$  are fixed non-zero constants and  $m$  and  $n$  are integers):  $(x + \sec x)(x - \tan x)$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

### Exercise 13 2

1. Find the derivative of  $\cos x$  from first principle.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

2. Find the derivative of the following functions: (i)  $\sin x \cos x$  (ii)  $\sec x$  (iii)

$5 \sec x + 4 \cos x$  (iv)  $\cos ecx$  (v)  $3 \cot x + 5 \cos ecx$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

3. Find the derivative of (i)  $2x - \frac{3}{4}$  (ii)  $(5x^3 + 3x - 1)(x - 1)$  (iii)  $x^{-3}(5 + 3x)$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

4. Find the derivative of  $\frac{x^n - a^n}{x - a}$  for some constant a.

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

5. Find the derivative of  $x^2 - 2at$  at  $x = 10$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

6. Find the derivative of x at  $x = 1$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

7. Find the derivative of  $99x$  at  $x = 100$ .



Watch Video Solution

8. For the function

$$f(x) = \frac{x^{100}}{100} + \frac{x^{99}}{99} + \dots + \frac{x^2}{2} + x + 1$$

. Prove that  $f'(1) = 100f'(0)$ .



Watch Video Solution

9. Find the derivative of the following functions from first principle.(i)

$$x^3 - 27 \text{ (ii) } (x - 1)(x - 2) \text{ (iii) } \frac{1}{x^2} \text{ (iv) } \frac{x + 1}{x - 1}$$



Watch Video Solution

10. For some constants  $a$  and  $b$ , find the derivative of (i)  $(x - a) \cdot (x - b)$

$$\text{(ii) } (ax^2 + b)^2 \text{ (iii) } \frac{x - a}{x - b}$$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

11. Find the derivative of  $x^n + ax^{n-1} + a^2x^{n-2} + \dots + a^{n-1}x + a^n$  for some fixed real number  $a$ .

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

### Exercise 13.3

1. Evaluate the limits, if exist  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( x \frac{e^x - 1}{1 - \cos x} \right)$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

2. Evaluate the limits, if exist  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log_e(1 + 2x)}{x}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

3. Evaluate the limits, if exist  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{\sin x} - 1}{x}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

4. Evaluate the limits, if exist  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{2+x} - e^2}{x}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

5. Evaluate the limits, if exist  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{e^x - e^5}{x - 5}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

6. Evaluate the limits, if exist  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{4x} - 1}{x}$

 [Watch Video Solution](#)

7. Evaluate the limits, if exist  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{e^x - e^3}{x - 3}$



Watch Video Solution

8. Evaluate the limits, if exist  $(\lim)_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log(1 + x^3)}{\sin^3 x}$



Watch Video Solution