



MATHS

BOOKS - GURUKUL BOOKS & PACKAGING

MATHS (HINGLISH)

MARCH 2019

Section A

1. Find the principal solution of $\cot x = -\sqrt{3}$

A. $\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}$

B. $\frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6}$

C. $\frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$

D. $\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$

Answer: C



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2. The acute angle between the two planes $x + y + 2z = 3$ and $3x - 2y + 2z = 7$ is

A. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{\sqrt{102}}\right)$

B. $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{\sqrt{102}}\right)$

C. $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{15}{\sqrt{102}}\right)$

$$D. \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{15}{\sqrt{102}} \right)$$

Answer: b



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3. Direction ratios of the line which is perpendicular to the lines with direction ratios $(-1,2,2)$ and $(0,2,1)$ are

A. $-2, -1, -2$

B. $2, 1, 2$

C. $2, -1, -2$

D. $-2, 1, -2$

Answer:



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4. If $f(x) = (1 + 2x)^{1/x}$, f or $x \neq 0$ is continuous at $x = 0$, then $f(0) = \dots\dots\dots$

A. e

B. e^2

C. 0

D. 2

Answer: B



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5. $\int \frac{dx}{9x^2 + 1}$

A. $\frac{1}{3} \tan^{-1}(2x) + c$

B. $\frac{1}{3} \tan^{-1} x + c$

C. $\frac{1}{3} \tan^{-1}(3x) + c$

D. $\frac{1}{3} \tan^{-1}(6x) + c$

Answer: C



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6. If $y = ae^{5x} + be^{-5x}$, then the differential equation is

A. $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 25y$

B. $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -25y$

C. $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -5y$

D. $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 5y$

Answer: A



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Section B

1. Write the truth values of the following statement

2 is a rational number and $\sqrt{2}$ is an

irrational number.



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2. Write the truth values of the following statement

$2 + 3 = 5$ or $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} = \sqrt{5}$



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3. Find the volume of the parallelepiped, if the

coterminus edges are given by the vectors

$2\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} - 4\hat{k}$, $5\hat{i} + 7\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$, $4\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$



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4. Find the value of p , if the vectors $\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$,
 $2\hat{i} - 5\hat{j} + p\hat{k}$ and $5\hat{i} - 9\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}$ are coplanar .



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5. Show the equation of the points A (-7 , 4, - 2) , B (-2,
1,0) and
C (3, -2, 2) are collinear .



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6. Write the equation of the plane $3x + 4y - 2z = 5$

in

the vector form .



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7. If $y = x^x$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $x = e$.



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8. The equation of tangent to the curve

$y = x^2 + 4x + 1$ at $(-1, -2)$ is



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9. Evaluate: $\int \frac{(x + 1)e^x}{\cos^2(xe^x)} dx$



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10. Evaluate : $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^2 x dx.$



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Section C

1. In ΔABC , prove that :

$$\sin\left(\frac{B - C}{3}\right) = \left(\frac{b - c}{a}\right)\cos\left(\frac{A}{2}\right)$$

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2. Show that $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{13}\right) + \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{63}{16}\right)$.

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3. If $A(\bar{a})$ and $B(\bar{b})$ are any two points in the space

and $R(\bar{r})$ be a point on the line segment AB

dividing it internally in the ratio $m : n$, then prove that

:

$$\bar{r} = \frac{m\bar{b} + n\bar{a}}{m + n}$$



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4. The equation of line is $2x - 2 = 3y + 1 = 6z - 2$

find its direction ratios and also find the vector equation of the line .



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5. Discuss the continuity of the function

$$f(x) = \frac{\log(2 + x) - (\log(2 - x))}{\tan x} \text{ for } x \neq 0$$

= 1 for $x = 0$

at the point $x = 0$

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6. The probability distribution of a random variable X , the number of defects per 10 meters of a fabric is given by

x	0	1	2	3	4
$P(X = x)$	0.45	0.35	0.15	0.03	0.02

Find the variance of X .

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7. For the following probability density function (p.d.f)

of X find : (i) $P(X < 1)$, (ii) $P(|X| < 1)$ if

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2}{18}, -3 < x < 3, f(x) = 0, \text{ otherwise}$$



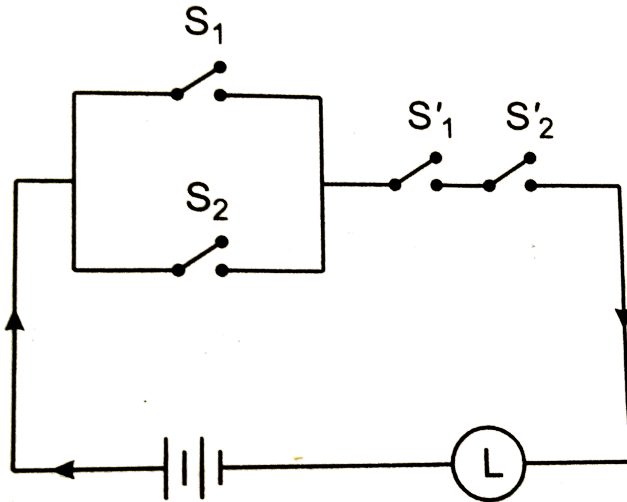
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8. Given $X \sim B(n, p)$ if $E(X) = 6$, $\text{Var}(X) = 4.2$, find the value of n and p .



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1. Find the symbolic form of the given switching circuit . Construct its switching table and interpret your result .



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2. If three numbers are added , their sum is 2 . If two times the second number is subtracted from the sum

of first and third numbers we get 8 and if three times the first number added to the sum of second and third numbers we get 4 . Find the numbers using matrices .

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3. In ΔABC , with usual notations prove that :

$$b^2 = c^2 + a^2 - 2ca \cos B.$$

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4. In ΔABC , prove that

$$(a - b)^2 \cos^2 \frac{C}{2} + (a + b)^2 \sin^2 \frac{C}{2} = c^2$$



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5. Find P and k if the equation

$$px^2 - 8xy + 3y^2 + 14x + 2y + k = 0$$

represents a pair of perpendicular lines.



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Maximize $z = 3x + 5y$ subject to

6.
$$\begin{array}{ll} x + 4y \leq 24 & 3x + y \leq 21, \\ x + y \leq 9 & x \geq 0, y \geq 0 \end{array}$$



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7. If $x = f(t)$, $y = g(t)$ are differentiable functions of parameter 't' then prove that y is a differentiable function of 'x' and

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\frac{dy}{dt}}{\frac{dx}{dt}}, \frac{dx}{dt} \neq 0$$

Hence find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $x = a \cos t$, $y = a \sin t$.



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8.

$f(x) = (x - 1)(x - 2)(x - 3)$, $x \in [0, 4]$ find 'c' if

LMVT can be applied .



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9. A rod of 108 meters long is bent to form a rectangle . Find its dimensions if the area is maximum .

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10.
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + x^2}} dx = \log\left(x + \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}\right) + c$$

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11. Evaluate
$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \log(1 + \tan x) dx$$

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12. The integrating factor of linear differential

equation $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \sec x = \tan x$ is



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13. Solve the differential equation :

$$(x + y) \frac{dy}{dx} = 1.$$



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