



## MATHS

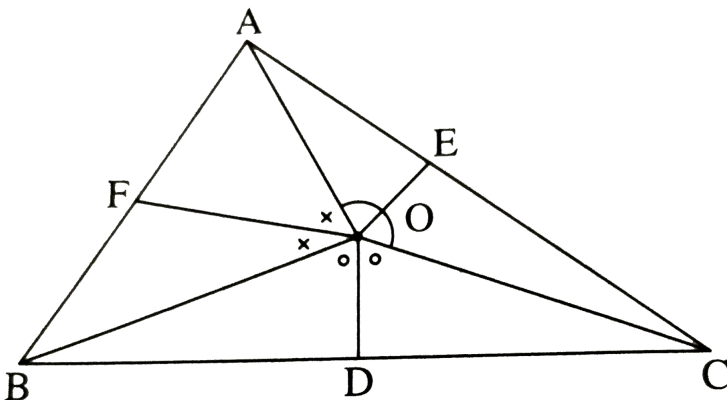
### BOOKS - NAVBODH MATHS (HINGLISH)

### CHALLENGING QUESTIONS

#### Challenging Questions 3 4 Marks

1.  $O$  is any point in the interior of  $\triangle ABC$ . Bisectors of  $\angle AOB$ ,  $\angle BOC$  and  $\angle AOC$  intersect side  $AB$ , side  $BC$ , side  $AC$  in  $F$ ,  $D$  and  $E$  respectively.

Prove that  $BF \times AE \times CD = AF \times CE \times BD$ .

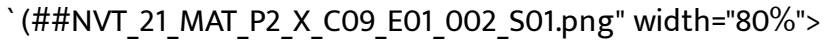




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2. In  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle PQR$ ,  $\angle ABC \cong \angle PQR$  eg BD and seg QS are angles

bisectors . If  $\frac{l(AD)}{l(PS)} = \frac{l(DC)}{l(SR)} =$  then  $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle PQR$





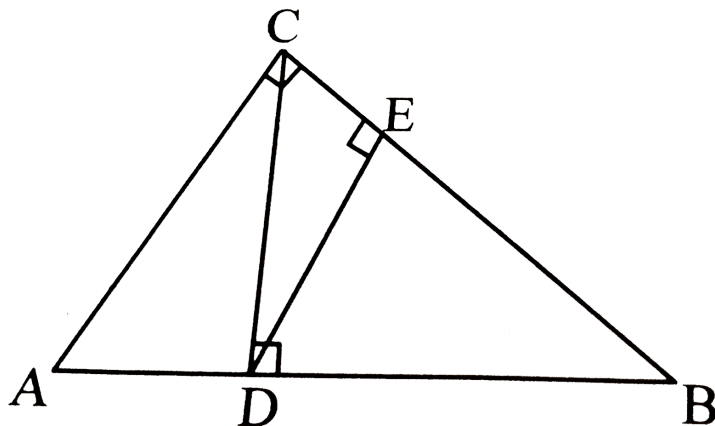
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3. In  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $\angle ACB = 90^\circ$

seg CD  $\perp$  seg AB

seg DE  $\perp$  seg CB.

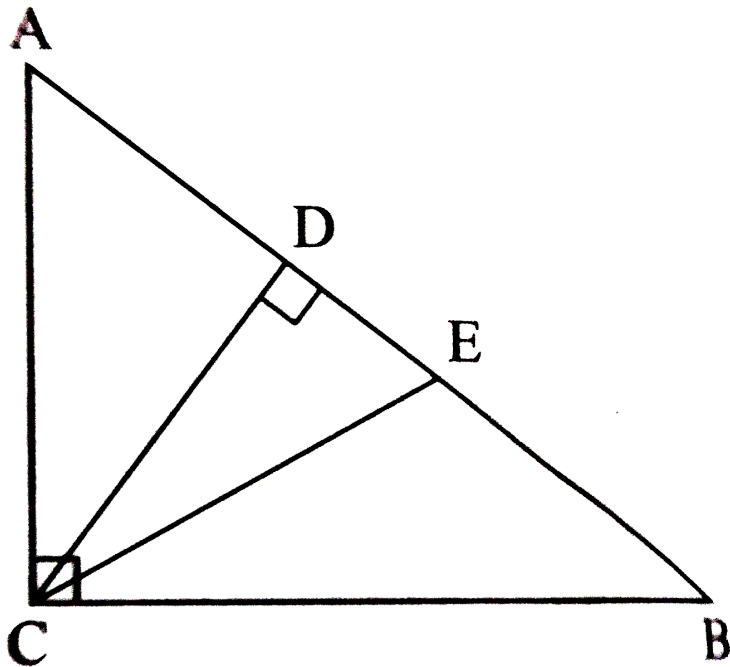
Show that:  $CD^2 \times AC = AD \times AB \times DE$



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4. In  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $\angle ACB = 90^\circ$ , seg  $CD \perp$  side  $AB$  and seg  $CE$  is angle bisector of  $\angle ACB$

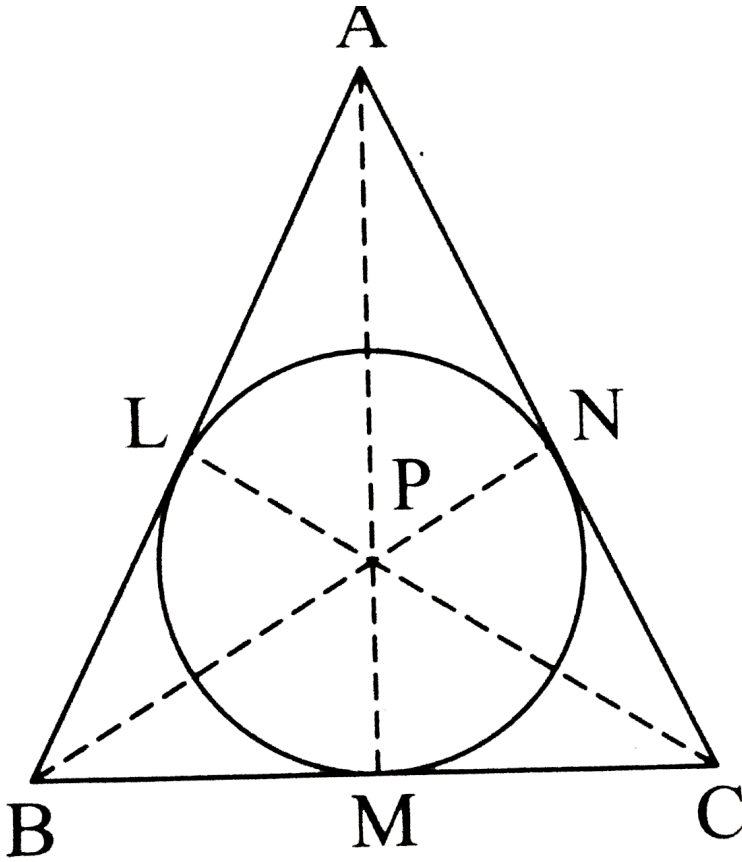
Prove:  $\frac{AD}{BD} = \frac{AE^2}{BE^2}$



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5. A circle with centre P is inscribed in the  $\triangle ABC$  Side AB, side BC and side AC touch the circle at points L, M and N respectively . Prove that :

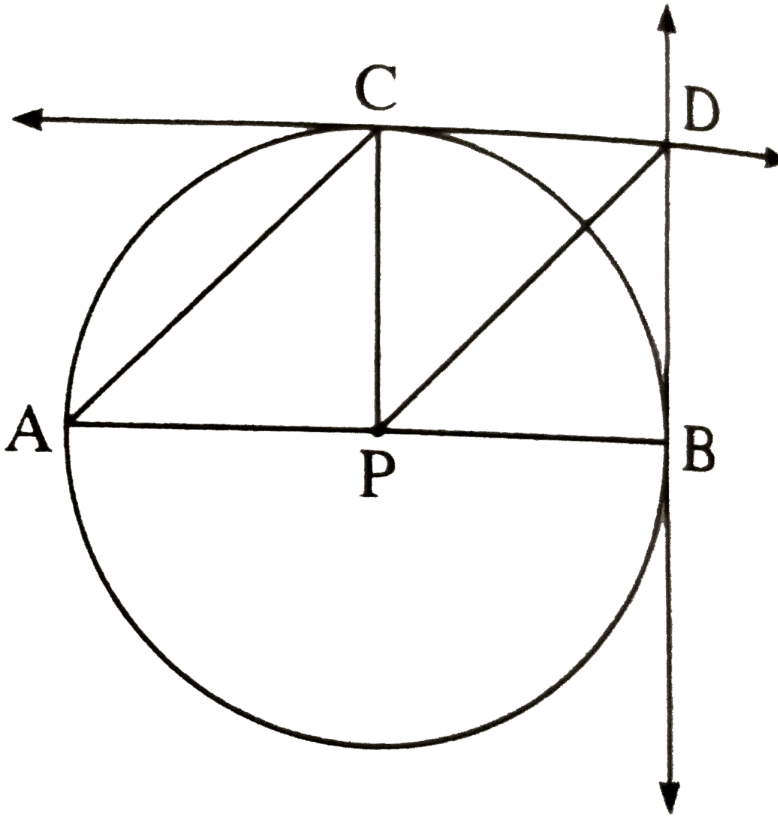
$$A(\Delta ABC) = \frac{1}{2}(AB + BC + AC) \times r$$



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6. Seg AB is a diameter of a circle with centre P. Seg AC is a chord. A secant through P and parallel to seg AC intersects the tangent drawn at C in D.

Prove that line DB is a tangent to the circle.



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7. Point P divides the line segment joining the points A (2,1) and B(5, - 8) such that  $\frac{AP}{AB} = \frac{1}{3}$ . If P lies on the line  $2x - y + k = 0$ , find the value of k

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8. The angle of elevation of cloud from a point 60 m above a lake is  $30^\circ$  and the angle of depression of the reflection of cloud in the lake is  $60^\circ$  . Find the height of the cloud .

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9. Prove :  $(1 - \cos^2 A) \cdot \sec^2 B + \tan^2 B(1 - \sin^2 A) = \sin^2 A + \tan^2 B$

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10. A pilot in an aeroplane observes that Vashi bridge is one side of the plane and Worli sea - link is just on the opposite side . The angles of depressions of Vashi bridge and Wrli sea - link are  $60^\circ$  and  $30^\circ$  respectively . If the aeroplane is at a height of  $5500\sqrt{3}m$  at that time , what is the distance between Vashi bridge and Wrli sea - link ?

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11. The angle of elevation of a jet plane from a point A on the ground is  $60^{\circ}$ . After a flight of 30 seconds, the angle of elevation changes to  $30^{\circ}$ . If the jet plane is flying at a constant height of  $3600\sqrt{3}m$ , find the speed of the jet plane.

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12. An ink container shape is filled with ink up to 71%. Ball pen refills of length 12 cm and inner diameter 2 mm are filled upto 84%. If the height and radius of the ink container are 14 cm and 6 cm respectively, find the number of refills that can be filled with this ink.

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13. Radius of circular base of an ear of corn is 6.6 cm and its length is 11.2 cm. If on an average 1 sq cm area contains 2 corn kernels, find the total



number of kernals on a corn



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14. Height of a cylindrical barrel is 50 cm and radius of its base is 20 cm . Anurag started to fill the barrel with water, when it was empty by cylindrical mug . The diameter and height of the mug are 10 cm and 15 cm respectively. Find the no. of mugs required for the barrel to overflow ?



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### Section 3 Model Question Paper For Practice

1. In a right Delta, the sum of the squares of sides containing right angle is 225 , then what is the length of its hypotenuse

A. 14

B. 13

C. 12

D. 15

**Answer: D**



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2. (B) Solve the following subquestions :

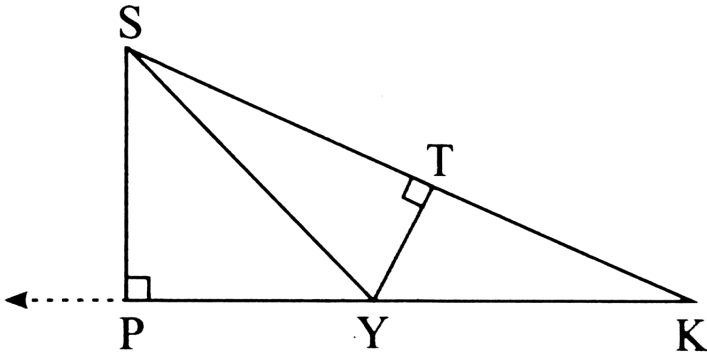
Observe the triplet (4,5,8) . State whether it is a Pythagorean triplet or not

.



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3. (A) Complete any two out of three activities :



In the figure ,

seg  $SP \perp$  side  $YK$  . Seg  $YT \perp$  side  $SK$  . If  $SP = 6$  ,  $YK = 13$ ,  $YT = 5$  and  $TK = 12$  then complete the following activity to find  $A(\Delta SYK) : A(\Delta YTK)$

The ratio of the areas of the two Deltas is equal to the ratio of the products of their  and the corresponding heights

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \frac{A(\Delta SYK)}{A(\Delta YTK)} &= \frac{\square \times SP}{TK \times TY} \\ &= \frac{13 \times 6}{12 \times \square} \\ &= \frac{\square}{\square} \end{aligned}$$



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4. (B) Solve any four of the following subquestions :

$\Delta ABC \sim \Delta PQR$ ,  $A(\Delta ABC) = 9cm^2$  and  $A(\Delta PQR) = 16cm^2$  . If  $BC =$

2.1 cm then find the length of segment QR .

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5.(B) Solve any two of the following subquestions :

Prove that following statement, " If a line parallel to a side of a Delta intersects the remaining sides in two distinct points , then the line divides the sides in the same proportion . "

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6. Solve any two of the following subquestions :

In the figure , O is the centre of the circles and AP is the tangent to the circle at point A . Ray AF is the bisector of  $\angle BAC$

Prove : seg  $AP \cong$  seg PE

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7. Solve any one of the following sub-questions : The barrel of a fountain pen , cylindrical in shape , is 7 cm long and 5 mm in diameter . A full barrel of ink in the pen will be used up on writing 330 words on an average then

(a) Find the volume of the barrel of the fountain pen . (b) If the ink in the bottle is  $\frac{1}{5}$ th of a barrel write the volume of the ink in  $cm^3$  Thus find how many words would be written by fountain pen utilizing all the ink present in the bottle ?



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### Section 3 Model Question Paper For Practice Choose The Correct Alternative

1. (A) Choose the correct alternative :

O is a centre of a circle, Tangents TP and TQ of the circles intersect at point T in the exterior of the circle. Points P and Q lie on the circle . If  $\angle POQ = 120^\circ$  then  $\angle PTQ = ?$

A.  $120^\circ$

B.  $30^\circ$

C.  $60^\circ$

D.  $90^\circ$

**Answer: C**



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2. The sum of x - coordinate of the vertices of the Delta is 18 and that of y - coordinates is 24 then the coordinates of its centroid are . . . . .

A. (6,8)

B. (8,6)

C. (9,12)

D. (12,9)

**Answer: A**



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3. (A) Choose the correct alternative :

$$\cot \theta \times \tan \theta = \dots\dots\dots$$

A. 0

B. 1

C. 2

D.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

**Answer: B**



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**Section 3 Model Question Paper For Practice Solve The Following Subquestions**

1. (B) Solve the following subquestions :

In cyclic quadrilateral ABCD,  $\angle A = 65^\circ$  then what is the measure of  $\angle C$  ?



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2. (B) Solve the following subquestions :

What is the slope of line which makes an angle of  $30^\circ$  with positive direction of X- axis ?



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3. (B) Solve the following subquestions :

A spherical ball is melted to form ' x ' equal cones . Write the formula to find the value of x



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**Section 3 Model Question Paper For Practice Complete Any Two Out Of Three Activites**

1. (A) Complete any two out of three activites :



(##NVT<sub>21</sub> - MAT<sub>P2X</sub> - C09E02<sub>010</sub> - Q01.png width=80% > In the

of contact. O is the centre of the  $\odot \leq$ . Comp  $\leq$  tethe follow  $\in$  gactivity

OC = OA ... square BC = square

... (tan  $\geq$  nt segments drawn from an external p  $\phi \rightarrow$  the  $\odot \leq$  are equal.)

$\therefore$  p  $\phi$  s O and B are square on the p  $\phi$  s A and C of the ch or d AC  $\therefore$

hyperperdicr bi sec  $\rightarrow$  r the or em, seg OB is the square

of seg AC i. e seg OD is the perpendicar bi sec  $\rightarrow$  r of seg AC (O-D\_B)



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2. (A) Complete any two out of three activities :

If  $\tan \theta = \frac{49}{9}$ , then complete the activity to find the value of  $\sec \theta$

Activity

$$\sec^2 \theta = 1 + \square \quad \dots (\text{Identify})$$

$$\sec^2 \theta = 1 + \left( \frac{49}{9} \right)^2$$

$$\therefore \sec^2 \theta = 1 + \frac{\square}{\square}$$

$$\therefore \sec^2 \theta = \frac{81 + 1600}{81}$$

$$\therefore \sec^2 \theta = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

$$\therefore \sec \theta = \frac{\square}{\square} \dots \text{(By taking square roots of both the sides )}$$

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### Section 3 Model Question Paper For Practice Solve Any Four Of The Following Subquestions

1. (B) Solve any four of the following subquestions :

Find the length of the diagonal of a square whose side is 16 cm

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2. (B) Solve any four of the following subquestions :

Draw a circle with centre O and radius 3.2 cm . Mark a point X on the circle

. Draw a tangent passing through point X to the without using the centre

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3.(B) Solve any four of the following subquestions :

If the slope of the line joining the points  $B(k, -5)$  and  $C(1, 2)$  is 7 then find the value of  $K$  .



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4.(B) Solve any four of the following subquestions :

The angular measure of an arc of a circle having radius 18 cm is  $80^\circ$  . Find the length of that arc . ( $\pi : 3.14$ )



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### Section 3 Model Question Paper For Practice Complete Any One Out Of Two Activities

1.(A) Complete any one out of two activities :

In Quadilateral ABCD , diagonals AC and BD intersect each other at point

E

If  $\frac{AE}{EC} = \frac{BE}{ED}$  then complete the following activity to prove

ABCD is a trapezium

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2. (A) Complete any one out of two activities :

Complete the following activity to show the points

$P(3, 0)$ ,  $Q(6, -2)$  and  $R(-3, 4)$  are collinear .

Let  $P(3, 0) = (x_1, y_1)$

$Q(6, -2) = (x_2, y_2)$

$R(-3, 4) = (x_3, y_3)$

$$\text{slope of a line } PQ = \frac{y_2 - \square}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-2 - 0}{6 - 3} = \square \quad \dots(1)$$

$$\text{slope of line } QR = \frac{y_3 - y_2}{x_3 - x_2} = \frac{\square - (-2)}{-3 - 6} = \frac{4 + 2}{-9}$$

$$= \frac{6}{-9}$$

$$= \square \quad \dots(2)$$

$\therefore$  from (1) and (2)

the slopes of lines PQ and QR are  $\square$  and point  $\square$  is the

$\therefore$  points P, Q and R are collinear .

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Section 3 Model Question Paper For Practice Solve Any Two Of The Following Subquestions

1. Find the height of an equilateral Delta whose side is  $2\sqrt{3}$  cm .



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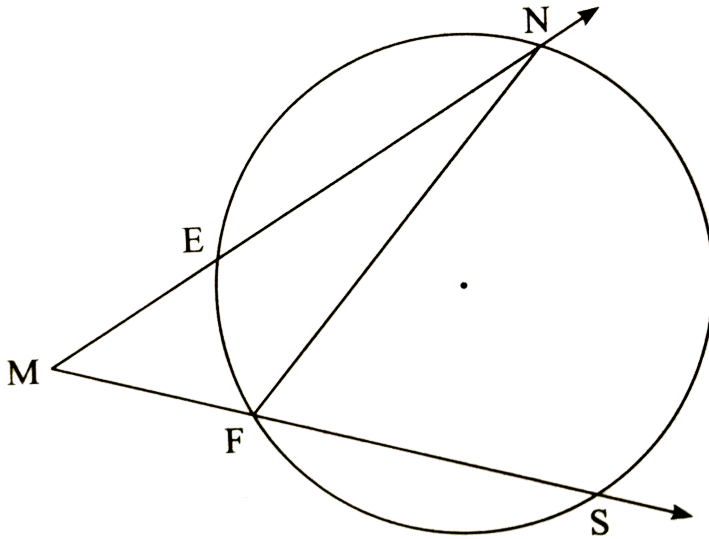
2. In the figure,  $m(\text{arc } NS) = 130^\circ$

$m(\text{arc } EF) = 60^\circ$ . Find

(i)  $\angle NMS$

(ii)  $\angle ENF$

(iii)  $\angle NFS$



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3. (B) Solve any two of the following subquestions :

$\triangle XYZ \sim \triangle DEF$  ,  $XY = 5.1$  cm ,  $YZ = 3.9$  cm,  $XZ = 6$  cm,  $XY : DE = 3 : 2$ ,

Construct  $\triangle XYZ$  and  $\triangle DEF$ .



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4. Solve any two of the following subquestions :

A peacock is sitting on the tree and observes its prey on the ground . It makes an angle of depression of  $22^\circ$  to catch the prey . The speed of the peacock was observed to be 10 km/hr and it catches its prey in 1 min 12 seconds . At what height was the peacock on the tree ?

( $\cos 22^\circ = 0.927$ ,  $\sin 22^\circ = 0.374$ ,  $\tan 22^\circ = 0.404$ )



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5. Solve any two of the following subquestions :

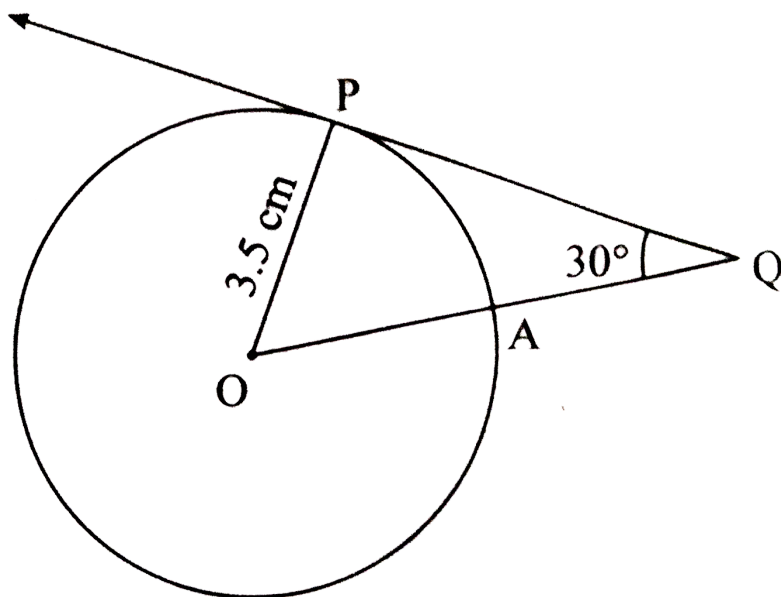
A tin maker bought a sheet of tin of the length 4.40 m and width 1.16 m . He made cylindrical tins closed on both the sides of height 20 cm and radius 7 cm. While making each tin  $88\text{cm}^2$  sheet is wasted , then how many tins can be made from that sheet ?



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Section 3 Model Question Paper For Practice Solve Any One Of The Following Subquestions

1. Solve any one of the following subquestions :



(Analytical figure)

Draw a circle with centre O and radius 3.5 cm . Locate a point Q in the plane of the circle such the tangent drawn from Q to the circle makes an angle of  $30^\circ$  with OQ with the help of following steps. Consider the analytical figure as shown . Let OQ intersect the circle at A as hown and tangent from Q to the circle touch the circle at P then,



(a) What will be the measure of  $\angle AOP$  ?

(b ) Thus by drawing the central  $\angle AOP$  , P is located Construct tangent at P and locate Q.

(c ) Measure OQ and relate it with OP



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