

MATHS

NCERT - NCERT MATHEMATICS(HINGLISH)

CIRCLES

Exercise 10 2

1. Prove that the angle between the two tangents drawn from an external point to a

circle is supplementary to the angle subtended by the line-segment joining the points of contact at the centre.



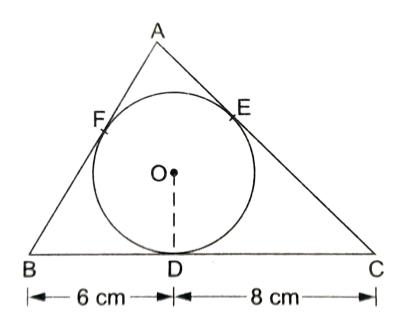
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2. Prove that the parallelogram circumscribing a circle is a rhombus.



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3. A triangle ABC is drawn to circumscribe a circle of radius 4cm such that the segments BD and DC into which BC is divided by the point of contact D are of lengths 6cm and 8cm respectively. Find the lengths of the sides AB and AC.



4. A quadrilateral ABCD is drawn to circumscribe a circle. Prove that AB+CD=AD+BC



5. XY and X'Y' are two parallel tangents to a circle with centre O and another tangent AB with point of contact C intersecting XY at A and X'Y' at B. Prove that $\angle AOB = 90^o$

6. Prove that the perpendicular at the point of contact to the tangent to a circle passes through the centre.



7. If TP and TQ are the two tangents to a circle with centre O so that $\angle POQ = 110^{\circ}$, then $\angle PTQ$ is equal to



8. If tangents PA and PB from a point P to a circle with centre O are inclined to each other at angle of 80° , then $\angle POA$ is equal to



9. The length of a tangent from a point A at distance 5 cm from the centre of the circle is 4 cm. Find the radius of the circle.



10. Two concentric circles are of radii 5 cm and 3 cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle.



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11. From a point Q, the length of the tangent to a circle is 24 cm and the distance of Q from the centre is 25 cm. The radius of the circle is (A) 7 cm (B) 12 cm (C) 15 cm (D) 24.5 cm

12. Prove that the tangents drawn at the ends of a diameter of a circle are parallel.



13. Prove that opposite sides of a quadrilateral circumscribing a circle subtend supplementary angles at the centre of the circle.



Exercise 10 1

1. A tangent PQ at a point P of a circle of radius 5 cm meets a line through the centre O at a point Q so that OQ=12~cm. Length PQ is : (A) 12 cm (B) 13 cm (C) 8.5 cm (D) $\sqrt{119}$ cm.



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2. Draw a circle and two lines parallel to a given line such that one is a tangent and the

other, a secant to the circle.



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Solved Examples

1. Prove that in two concentric circles, the chord of the larger circle, which touches the smaller circle, is bisected at the point of contact.



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2. Two tangents TP and TQ are drawn to a circle with centre O from an external point T . Prove that $\angle PTQ = 2\angle OPQ$.



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 ${f 3.}\,PQ$ is a chord of length 8 cm, of a circle with centre O and of radius 5 cm. The tangents at P and Q intersect at a point T. The length of TP is



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