



MATHS

NCERT - NCERT MATHEMATICS(HINGLISH)

COORDINATE GEOMETRY

Exercise 7 4

1. ABCD is a rectangle formed by the points $A(1, 1)$, $B(1, 4)$, $C(5, 4)$ and $D(5, 1)$. P, Q, R and S are the midpoints of AB, BC, CD and DA respectively. Is the

quadrilateral PQRS a square? A rectangle? or a rhombus? Justify your answer.



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2. Determine the ratio in which the line $2x + y - 4 = 0$ divides the line segment joining the points $A(2, -2)$ and $B(3,7)$.



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3. Find a relation between x and y if the points (x, y) , $(1, 2)$ and $(7, 0)$ are collinear.



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4. Find the centre of a circle passing through the points $(6, -6)$, $(3, -7)$ and $(3, 3)$.

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5. The two opposite vertices of a square are $(-1, 2)$ and $(3, 2)$. Find the coordinates of the other two vertices.

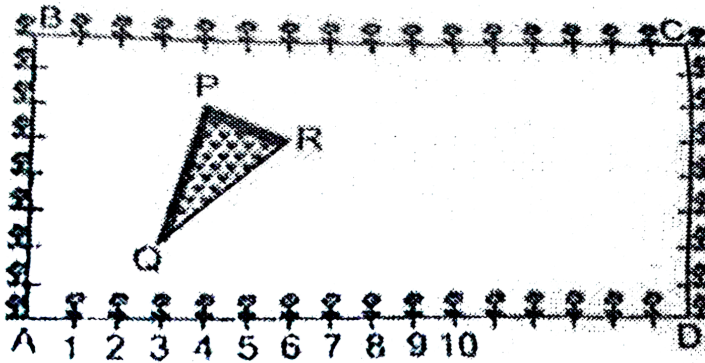
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6. The Class X students of a secondary school in Krishinagar have been allotted a rectangular plot of land for their gardening activity. Saplings of Gulmohar are planted on the boundary at a distance of 1 m from each other. There is a triangular grassy lawn in the plot as shown in the Figure. The students are to sow seeds of flowering plants on the remaining area of the plot.

(i) Taking A as origin, find the coordinates of the vertices of the triangle.

(ii) What will be the coordinates of the vertices of $\triangle PQR$ if C is the origin? Also calculate the areas of

the triangles in these cases. What do you observe?



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7. The vertices of a $\triangle ABC$ are $A(4, 6)$, $B(1, 5)$ and $C(7, 2)$. A line is drawn to intersect side AB and AC at D and E respectively, such that $\frac{AD}{AB} = \frac{AE}{AC} = \frac{1}{4}$. Calculate the area of $\triangle ADE$ and compare it with the area of $\triangle ABC$.



8. Let $A(4, 2)$, $B(6, 5)$ and $C(1, 4)$ be the vertices of $\triangle ABC$.

(i) The median from A meets BC at D . Find the coordinates of the point D .

(ii) Find the coordinates of the point P on AD such that $AP : PD = 2 : 1$

(iii) Find the coordinates of points Q and R on medians BE and CF respectively such that $BQ : QE = 2 : 1$ and $CR : RF = 2 : 1$.

(iv) What do you observe?

(v) If $A(x_1, y_1)$, $B(x_2, y_2)$ and $C(x_3, y_3)$ are the

vertices of ΔABC , find the coordinates of the centroid of the triangle.



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Exercise 7 1

1. Find the point on the x -axis which is equidistant from $(2, -5)$ and $(-2, 9)$

A. $(-7, 0)$

B. $(7, 0)$

C. $(-2, 0)$

D. $(-9, 0)$

Answer: A



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2. Name the type of quadrilateral formed, if any, by the following points, and give reasons for your answer:

(i) $(-1, -2)$, $(1, 0)$, $(-1, 2)$, $(-3, 0)$

(ii) $(-3, 5)$, $(3, 1)$, $(0, 3)$, $(-1, -4)$

(iii) $(4, 5)$, $(7, 6)$, $(4, 3)$, $(1, 2)$



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3. In a classroom, 4 friends are seated at the points A, B, C and D as shown in Fig. 7.8. Champa and Chameli walk into the class and after observing for a few minutes Champa asks Chameli, Don't you think ABCD is a square? Chameli disagrees. Using distance formula, find which of them is correct.



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4. Check whether $(5, -2)$, $(6, 4)$ and $(7, -2)$ are the vertices of an isosceles triangle.



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5. Determine if the points $(1, 5)$, $(2, 3)$ and $(-2, -11)$ are collinear.



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6. Find the distance between the points $(0, 0)$ and $(36, 15)$.



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7. Find the distance between the following pairs of points :

(i) $(2, 3)$, $(4, 1)$

(ii) $(-5, 7), (-1, 3)$

(iii) $(a, b), (-a, -b)$



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8. If $Q(0, 1)$ is equidistant from $P(5, 3)$ and $R(x, 6)$, find the values of x . Also find the distances QR and PR .



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9. Find the values of y for which the distance between the points $P(2, 3)$ and $Q(10, y)$ is 10 units.

A. $y = 9$

B. $y = -5$

C. $y = -3$

D. Both A and C

Answer: D



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10. Find a relation between x and y such that the point (x, y) is equidistant from the point $(3, 6)$ and $(-3, 4)$.

A. $3x - y - 5 = 0$

B. $3x + y + 5 = 0$

C. $3x + y - 5 = 0$

D. None

Answer: C



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Exercise 7 2

1. Find the coordinates of the point which divides the join of $(1, 7)$ and $(4, 3)$ in the ratio $2:3$.



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2. Find the coordinates of the points of trisection of the line segment joining $(4, 1)$ and $(2, 3)$.



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3. If A and B are $(2, 2)$ and $(2, 4)$, respectively, find the coordinates of P such that $AP = \frac{3}{7}AB$ and P lies on the line segment AB.



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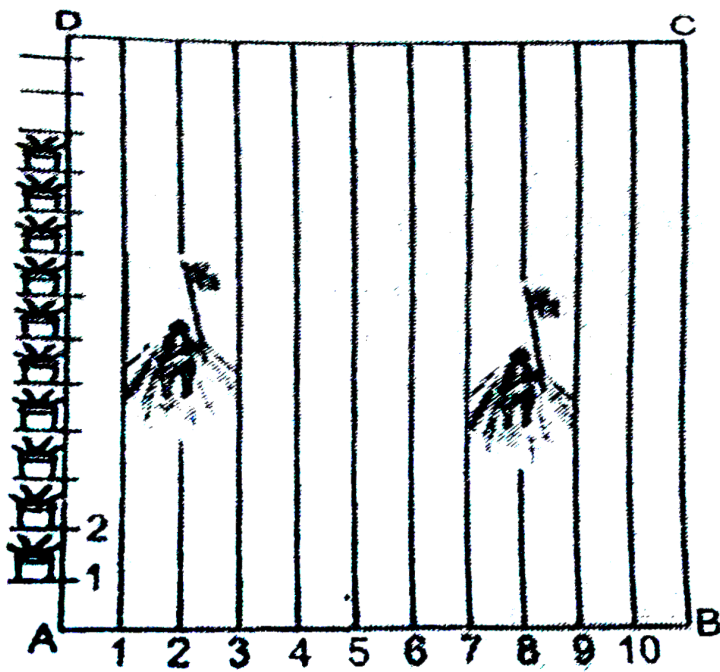
4. Find the coordinates of the points which divide the line segment joining $A(2, 2)$ and $B(2, 8)$ into four

equal parts.



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5. To conduct Sports Day activities, in your rectangular shaped school ground ABCD, lines have been drawn with chalk powder at a distance of 1m each. 100 flower pots have been placed at a distance of 1m from each other along AD, as shown in Figure



. Niharika runs $\frac{1}{4}$ th the distance AD on the 2nd line and posts a green flag. Preet runs $\frac{1}{5}$ th the distance AD on the eighth line and posts a red flag. What is the distance between both the flags? If Rashmi has to post a blue flag exactly halfway between the line segment joining the two flags, where should she post her flag?



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6. If $(1, 2)$, $(4, y)$, $(x, 6)$ and $(3, 5)$ are the vertices of a parallelogram taken in order, find x and y .



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7. Find the coordinates of a point A , where AB is the diameter of a circle whose centre is $(2, 3)$ and B is $(1, 4)$.



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8. Find the ratio in which the line segment joining the points $(-3, 10)$ and $(6, -8)$ is divided by $(-1, 6)$.



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9. Find the ratio in which the line segment joining $A(1, -5)$ and $B(-4, 5)$ is divided by the x-axis. Also find the coordinates of the point of division.



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10. Find the area of a rhombus if its vertices are $(3, 0)$, $(4, 5)$, $(-1, 4)$ and $(-2, -1)$ taken in

order.



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Solved Examples

1. Find the area of the triangle formed by the points $P(-1.5, 3)$, $Q(6, -2)$ and $R(3, 4)$.



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2. Find the area of a triangle formed by the points $A(5, 2)$, $B(4, 7)$ and $C(7, 4)$.





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3. Find the area of a triangle whose vertices are $(1, -1)$, $(-4, 6)$ and $(-3, 5)$.



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4. If the points $A(6, 1)$, $B(8, 2)$, $C(9, 4)$ and $D(p, 3)$ are the vertices of a parallelogram, taken in order, find the value of p .



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5. If

$A(-5, 7)$, $B(-4, -5)$, $C(-1, -6)$ and $D(4, 5)$

are the vertices of a quadrilateral, find the area of the quadrilateral ABCD.



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6. Find the value of k if the points

$A(2, 3)$, $B(4, k)$ and $C(6, -3)$ are collinear.



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7. Find the coordinates of the points of trisection (i.e., points dividing in three equal parts) of the line segment joining the points $A(2, 2)$ and $B(7, 4)$.



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8. Find the ratio in which the y -axis divides the line segment joining the points $(5, -6)$ and $(-1, -4)$.



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9. Do the points $(3, 2)$, $(-2, -3)$ and $(2, 3)$ form a triangle? If so, name the type of triangle formed.



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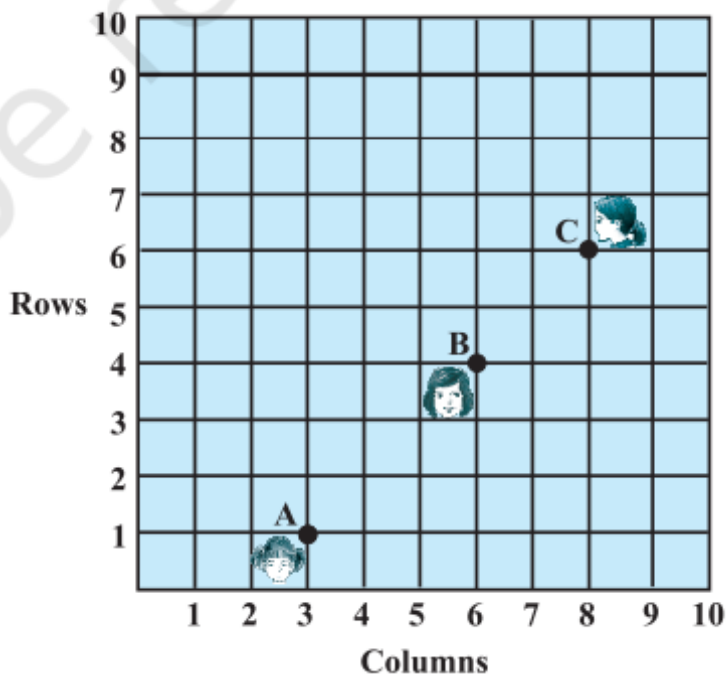
10. Show that the points $(1, 7)$, $(4, 2)$, $(-1, -1)$ and $(-4, 4)$ are the vertices of a square.



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11. Figure shows the arrangement of desks in a classroom Ashima, Bharti and Camella are seated at

A(3, 1), B(6, 4) and C(8, 6) respectively. Do you think they are seated in a line? Give reasons for your answer.



(ii) Which mathematical concept is used in the above problem ?

(iii) What is its value ?



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12. Find a relation between x and y such that the point (x, y) is equidistant from the points $(7, 1)$ and $(3, 5)$.



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13. Find a point on the y -axis which is equidistant from the points $A(6, 5)$ and $B(4, 3)$.



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14. Find the coordinates of the point which divides the line segment joining the points $(4, 3)$ and $(8, 5)$ in the ratio $3 : 1$ internally.



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15. In what ratio does the point $(-4, 6)$ divide the line segment joining the points $A(-6, 10)$ and $B(3, -8)$?



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1. You have studied in Class IX, (Chapter 9. Example 3), that a median of a triangle divides it into two triangles of equal areas. Verify this result for ΔABC whose vertices $A(4, -6)$, $B(3, -2)$ and $C(5, 2)$.



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2. Find the area of the quadrilateral whose vertices, taken in order, are $(-4, -2)$, $(-3, -5)$, $(3, -2)$ and $(2, 3)$.



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3. Find the area of the triangle whose vertices are

(i) $(2, 3)$, $(-1, 0)$, $(2, -4)$

(ii) $(-5, -1)$, $(3, -5)$, $(5, 2)$



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4. Find the area of the triangle formed by joining the mid-points of the sides of the triangle whose vertices are $(0, -1)$, $(2, 1)$ and $(0, 3)$. Find the ratio of this area to the area of the given triangle.



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5. In each of the following find the value of k for which the points are collinear.

(i) $(7, -2), (5, 1), (3, k)$

(ii) $(8, 1), (k, -4), (2, -5)$



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