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India's Number 1 Education App

## PHYSICS

## NCERT - NCERT PHYSICS(HINGLISH)

## ELECTROMAGNETIC INDUCTION

Solved Examples

1. Consider Experiment 2, Art. 4(a). 3,
(a) What would you do to obtain a large deflection of the galvanometer?
(b) How would you demonstrate the presence of an induced current in the absence of a galvanmeter ?

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2. A square loop of side 10 cm and resistance
$0.5 \Omega$ is placed vertically in the east-west plane. A uniform magnetic field of 0.10 T is set up across the plane in the north-east direction. The magnetic field is decreased to
zero in 0.70 s at a steady rate. Determine the
magnitudes of induced emf and current during this time-interval.

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3. A circular coil of radius $10 \mathrm{~cm}, 500$ turns and resistance 2 Omega is placed with its plane prependicular to the horizontal component of the earth's magnetic field. It is rotated about its vertical diameter through $180^{\circ}$ in 0.25 s .

Estimate the magnitude of the e.m.f and
current induced in the coil. Horizotal
component of earth's magnetic field at the place is $3 \times 10^{-5} T$.

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4. Fig. shows planer loops of different shapes moving out of or into a region of magnetic field which is directed normal to the plane of the loops away from the reader. Determine the direction of induced current in each loop using Lenz's law. Check if you would obtain the same answers by considering magnetic force
on the charge inside the moving loops.


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5. (a) A closed loop is held stationary in the magnetic field between the north and south poles of two permanent magnets held fixed.

Can we hope to generate current in the loop
by using very strong magnets?
(b) A closed loop moves normal to the constant electric field between the plates of a
large capacitor. Is a current induced in the
loop (i) when it is wholly inside the region between the capacitor plates (ii) when it is partially outside the plates of the capacitor?

The electric field is normal to the plane of the loop.
(c) A rectangular loop and a circular loop are moving out of a uniform magnetic field region
(Fig. 6.8) to a field-free region with a constant
velocity v. In which loop do you expect the induced emf to be constant during the passage out of the field region? The field is normal to the loops.

(d) Predict the polarity of the capacitor in the situation described by Fig. 6.9.

6. A metallic rod of 1 m length is rotated with a frequency of $50 \mathrm{rev} / \mathrm{s}$, with on end hinged at the centre and the other end at the circumference of a circular metallic ring of radius 1 m , about an axis passing through the centre and perpendicular at to the plane of the ring. A constant uniform magnetic field of 1 T parallel to the axis is persent eveywhere. what is the e.m.f. between the centre and the metallic ring?
7. A wheel with ten metallic spokes each 0.50 m
long is rotated with a speed of 120 rev / min in a plane normal to the earth's magnetic field at the place. If the magnitude of the field is 0.4 gauss, the induced e.m.f. between the axle and the rim of the wheel is equal to

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8. The arm $P Q$ of the rectangular conductor is
moved from $x=0$, outwards in the uniform
magnetic field which extends from $x=0$ to
$x=b$ and is zero for $x>b$ as shown. Only the $\operatorname{arm} P Q$ possess substantial resistance $r$.

Consider the situation when the $\operatorname{arm} P Q$ is pulled outwards from $x=0$ to $x=2 b$, and is
then moved back to $x=0$ with constant speed $v$. Obtain expression for the flux, the induced emf, the force necessary to pull the arm and the power dissipated as Joule heat.

Sketch the variation of these quantities with

## distance.



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9. Two circular coils, one of smaller radius $r_{1}$ and the other of very large radius $r_{2}$ are placed co-axially with centres coinciding.

Obtain the mutual inductance of the arrangement.

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10. (a) Obtain the expression for the magnetic energy stored in a solenoid in terms of magnetic field $B$, area $A$ and length $I$ of the solenoid. (b) How does this magnetic energy compare with the electrostatic energy stored in a capacitor?
11. Kamla peddles a stationary bicycle, the pedals of which are attached to a 100 turn coil of area $0.10 m^{2}$. The coil rotates at half a revolution in one second and it is placed in a uniform magnetic field of 0.01 T perpendicular to the axis of rotation of the coil. What is the maximum voltage generated in the coil ?

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1. चित्र में वर्णित स्थितियों के लिए प्रेरित धारा की दिशा की

## प्रागुक्ति (Predict) कीजिए।

Q(a)

(a)

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2. Use Lenz's law to determine the direction of induced current in the situation described by

Fig.
(a) a wire irregular shape turning into a circular shape (b) a circular loop being deformed into a narrow straight wire. The across indicate the magnetic field into the paper and the dots indicate magnetic field out of the paper.



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3. A long solenoid with 15 turns per cm has small loop of area $2.0 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ placed inside, normal to the axis of the soleniod. If current
carried by the solenoid changes steadily from
2 A to 4 A in 0.1 s , what is the induced voltage in the loop, while the current is changing ?

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4. A rectangular loop of sides 8 cm and 2 cm
with a small cut is moving out of a region of
uniform megnetic field of magnitude 0.3 tesla directed normal to the loop. What is the
voltage developed acorss the cut if velocity of the loop is $1 \mathrm{cms}^{-1}$ in a direction normal to
the (i) longer side (ii) shorter side of the loop?

For how long does the induced voltage last in each case?

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5. A 1 m long calculating rod rotates with an angular frequency of 400 rad $s^{-1}$ an axis normal to the rod passing through its one one end. The other end of the rod is contact with a circular metallic ring. A constant magnetic field of 0.5 T parallel to the axis everywhere.

Calculate the e.m.f. developed between the centre and the ring.

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6. A circular coil of radius 8.0 cm and 20 turns
rotates about its vertical diameter with an
angular speed of $50 \mathrm{rads}^{-1}$ in a uniform
horizontal magnetic field of magnitude
$3 \times 10^{-2} T$. Obtain the maximum and average
e.m.f. induced in the coil. If the coil forms a
closed loop of resistance $10 \Omega$, calculate the
maximum value of current in the coil. Calculate the average power loss due to Joule heating. Where does this power come from?

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7. A horizontal straight wire 10 m long extending from east to west falling with a speed of $0.5 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$ at right angles to the horizontal component of the earth's magnetic field $0.30 \times 10^{-4} W_{b m}^{-2}$
(a) What is the instantaneous value of the
e.m.f. induced in the wire?
(b) What is the direction of the e.m.f.
(c) Which end of the wire is at higher electric potential ?

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8. Current in a circuit falls form 0.5 A to 0.0 A
in 0.1 s . If an average e.m.f. of 200 V is induced, give an estimate of the self inductance of the circuit?
9. A pair of adjacent coils has a mutual inductance of 1.5 . H . If the current in one coil changes from 0 to 20 A in 0.5 s , what is the change in flux linkage with the other coil?

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10. A jet plane is travelling west at the speed of $1800 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. What is the voltage difference developed between the ends of the wing 25 m long, if the earth's magnetic field at the
location has a magnitude of $5.0 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~T}$ and the dip angle is $30^{\circ}$

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11. Suppose the loop in above question is stationary, but the current feeding the electromagnet produces the magnetic field is gradually reduced so that the field decreases
form its initial value of 0.03 T at the rate of $0.02 \mathrm{~T} / \mathrm{sec}$. If the cut is joined and loop has a resistance of $1.6 \Omega$, how much power is
dissipated by the loop as heat? What is the source of this power?

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12. A square loop of side 12 cm with its sides parallel to $X$ and $Y$ axes is moved with a velocity of $8 \mathrm{~cm} s^{-1}$ in the positive $x$-direction in an environment containing a magnetic field in the positive z-direction. The field is neither uniform in space nor constant in time. It has a gradient of $10^{-3} \mathrm{Tcm}^{-1}$ along the negative x -
direction (that is it increases by $10^{-3} \mathrm{Tcm}^{-1}$
as one moves in the negative $x$-direction), and
it is decreasing in time at the rate of $10^{-3} \mathrm{Ts}^{-1}$. Determine the direction and magnitude of the induced current in the loop if its resistance is $4.50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$.

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13. It is desired to measure the magnitude of
field between the poles of a powerful loud speaker magnet. A small flat search coil of area
$2 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ with 25 closely wound turns is positioned normal to the field direction and then quickly snatched out of the field region
(Equivalently, one can give it a quick $90^{\circ}$ turn to bring its plane parallel to the field direction). The total charge flowing in the coil (mesured by a ballistic galbanometer connected to the coil) is 7.5 mC . The resistance of the coil and galvanometer is $0.5 \Omega$. Estimate the field strength of the magnet.
14. Fig. shows a metal rod $P Q$ resting on the rails $A, B$ and positoned between the poles of
a permanent magnet. The rails, the rod and
the magnetic field are in three mutually perperdicular directions. A galvanometer connects the rails through a switch K. Length of the $\operatorname{rod}=15 \mathrm{~cm}, \mathrm{~B}=0.50 \mathrm{~T}$, resistance of closed loop containing the rod $=9.0 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$

Answer the following questions.
(a) Suppose $K$ is open and the rod moves with
a speed of $12 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$ in the direction shown,

Give the polarity and magnitude of induced e.m.f
(b) Is there on excess charge built up at the ends of rods when $K$ is open ? What if $K$ is closed?
(c) With K open and the rod moving uniformly,
there is no net force on the electron in the rod

PQ even though they do experience magnetic froce due to the motion of the rod Explain.
(d) What is the retarding force on the rod when K is closed?
(e) How much powe s required (by an external agent) to keep the rod moving at the same speed ( $=12 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$ ) when K is closed. (f) How much power is dissipated as heat in the closed
circuit ? What is the source of this power?
(g) What is the induced e.m.f. in the following in the moving rod when the permanent magnet is rotated to a vertical position so
that the field is parallel to the rails instead of being perpendicular?


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15. An air cored solenoid with length 30 cm , area of cross-section $25 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ and number of turns 500 carries a current of $2.5 A$. The current is suddenly switched off in a brief time of $10^{-3} \mathrm{~s}$. How much is the average back e.m.f. induced across the ends of the open switch in the cuicuit ? Ignore the variation in magnetic field near the ends of the solenoid.
16. (a) Obtain an expression for the mutual inductance between a long straight wire and a square loop of side a as shown in Fig.
(b) Evaluate the induced emf in loop if the wire carries a current of 50 A and the loop has an instantaneous velocity $v=10 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$ at the location $\mathrm{x}=0.2 \mathrm{~m}$, as shown. Take $\mathrm{a}=0.1 \mathrm{~m}$ and
assume that the loop has a large resistance.


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17. A line charge $\lambda$ per unit length is lodged uniformly onto the rim of a wheel of mass $M$
and radius $R$. The wheel has light nonconducting spokes and is free to rotate without friction about its axis (Fig.). A uniform magnetic field extends over a circular region within the rim. It is given by,
$B=-B_{0} k \quad(r \leq a, a<R)$
$=0 \quad$ (otherwise)

What is the angular velocity of the wheel after
the field is suddenly switched off?


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