

#### **MATHS**

## NCERT - NCERT Mathematics(HINGLISH)

### **LINES AND ANGLES**

Exercise 5 2

**1.** In the given figures below, decide whether l is parallel to m.

**2.** Find the value of x in each of the following figures if  $l \mid m$ .





**3.** In the given figure, the arms of two angles are parallel.If?, then find(i) angle DGC(ii) angle

#### **DEF**

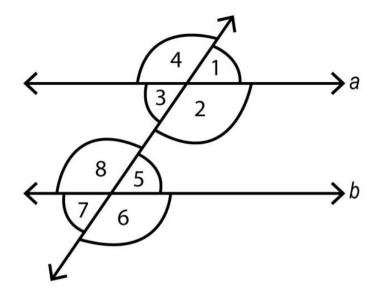




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**4.** In the adjoining figure, identify(i) the pairs of corresponding angles.(ii) the pairs of alternate interior angles.(iii) the pairs of interior angles on the sameside of the

transversal.(iv) the vertically opposite angles.





**5.** In the adjoining figure,  $p \mid q$ . Find the unknown angles.

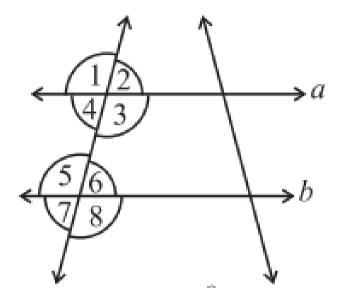


**6.** State the property that is used in each of the following statements?

(i) If a 
$$\parallel$$
 b, then  $\angle 1 = \angle 5$ .

(ii) If 
$$\angle 4 = \angle 6$$
, then a  $|| b$ .

(iii) If 
$$\angle 4 + \angle 5 = 180^{\circ}$$
, then a || b





**Exercise 51** 

**1.** Can two angles be supplementary if both of them are:

- (i) acute? (ii) obtuse? (iii)
- right?



2. In the given figure, ?1 and ?2 are supplementary angles. If ?1 is decreased, what changes should take place in ?2 so that both the angles still remainsupplementary.

3. Find the angle which is equal to its supplement.

A.  $90^{\circ}$ 

B.  $135^{\circ}$ 

 $\mathsf{C.\,}180^{\,\circ}$ 

D.  $120^{\circ}$ 

#### Answer: A



**4.** Find the angle which is equal to its complement



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**5.** Identify which of the following pairs of angles are complementary and which are supplementary

(i) 65 , 115

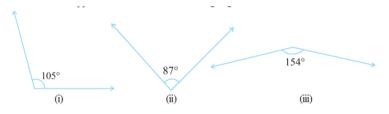
(ii) 63 , 27

(iii) 112 , 68

- (iv) 130 ,50
- (v) 45 , 45
- (vi) 80 , 10

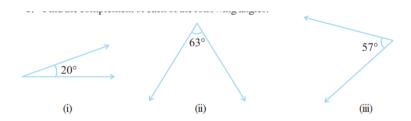


**6.** Find the supplement of each of the following angles:





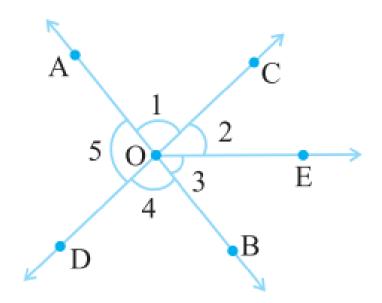
# **7.** Find the complement of each of the following angles:





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8. In the adjoining figure:



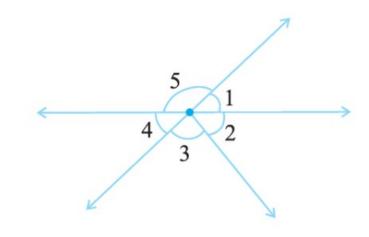
- (i) Is ∠1 adjacent to ∠2? (ii) Is ∠AOC adjacent to ∠AOE?
- (iii) Do ∠COE and ∠EOD form a linear pair?
- (iv) Are ∠BOD and ∠DOA supplementary?
- (v) Is  $\angle 1$  vertically opposite to  $\angle 4$ ?
- (vi) What is the vertically opposite angle of ∠5?

**9.** An angle is greater than  $45^{\circ}$ . Is its complementary angle greater than  $45^{\circ}$  or equal to  $45^{\circ}$  or less than  $45^{\circ}$ ?



- 10. Indicate which pairs of angles are:
- (i) Vertically opposite angles.

(ii) Linear pairs.





11. In the following figure, is 1 adjacent to 2?

Give reasons





**12.** Find the values of the angles x, y, and z in each of the following:





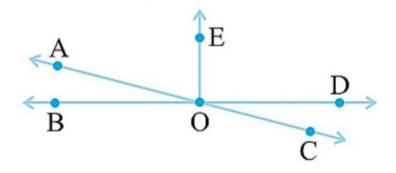
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**13.** Fill in the blanks:(i) If two angles are complementary, then the sum of their measures is \_\_\_\_\_.(ii) If two angles are supplementary, then the sum of their

measures is(iii) Two angles forming a
linear pair are(iv) If two adjacent
angles are supplementary, they form a
(v) If two lines intersect at a point,
then the vertically opposite angles are
always(vi) If two lines intersect at a
point, and if one pair of vertically opposite
angles areacute angles, then the other pair of
vertically opposite angles are



14. In the adjoining figure, name the following pairs of angles.(i) Obtuse vertically opposite angles(ii) Adjacent complementary angles(iii) Equal supplementary angles(iv) Unequal supplementary angles(v) Adjacent angles that do not form a linear pair





#### **Solved Examples**

- 1. In the given figure identify:
- (i) Five pairs of adjacent angles.
- (ii) Three linear pairs.
- (iii) Two pairs of vertically opposite angles

