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## MATHS

## NCERT - NCERT

## MATHEMATICS(HINGLISH)

## CIRCLES

Exercise 106

1. In any triangle $A B C$, if the angle bisector of
$\angle A$ and perpendicular bisector of $B$ Cintersect,
prove that they intersect on the circumcircle of the triangle $A B C$

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2. $A B C D$ is a parallelogram. The circle through
$A, B$ and $C$ intersect CD (produced ifnecessary)
at E. Prove that $A E=A D$.

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3. $A C$ and $B D$ are chords of a circle which bisect each other. Prove that (i) $A C$ and $B D$ arediameters, (ii) ABCD is a rectangle

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4. Let the vertex of an angle ABC be located outside a circle and let the sides of the angle intersect equal chords $A D$ and $C E$ with the circle. Prove that $\angle A B C$ is equal to half the
difference of the angles subtended by the chords AC and DE at the centre

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5. Prove that the circle drawn with any side of
a rhombus as a diameter, posses through the point of intersection of its diagonals.

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6. Two chords $A B$ and $C D$ of lengths 5 cm and

11 cm respectively of a circle are parallel to each other and are on opposite sides of its centre. If the distance between $A B$ and $C D$ is 6 cm , find the radius of the circle.

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7. The lengths of two parallel chords of a circle are 6 cm and 8 cm . If the smaller chord is at

## distance of the other chord from the centre?

A. 5 cm
B. 3 cm
C. 2 cm
D. 4 cm

Answer: B
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8. Prove that the line of centres of two intersecting circles subtends equal angles at the two points of intersection

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9. Bisectors of angles $A, B$ and $C$ of a triangle
$A B C$ intersect its circumcircle at $D, E$ and $F$ respectively. Prove that the angles of the triangle DEF are $90^{\circ}-\frac{1}{2} A, 90^{\circ}-\frac{1}{2} B$ and $90^{\circ}-\frac{1}{2} C$
10. Two congruent circles intersect each other at points $A$ and $B$. Through $A$ any linesegment PAQ is drawn so that $P, Q$ lie on the two circles.

Prove that $B P=B Q$.
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Exercise 101

1. Write True or False: Give reasons for your answers.(i) Line segment joining the centre to any point on the circle is a radius of the circle.
(ii) A circle has only finite number of equal chords.(iii) If a circle is divided into three equal arcs, each is a major arc.(iv) A chord of a circle, which is twice as long as its radius, is a diameter of the circle.(v) Sector is the region between the chord and its corresponding arc. (vi) A circle is a plane figure.
2. Fill in the blanks:(i) The centre of a circle lies
in of the circle. (exterior/ interior)(ii) A point,
whose distance from the centre of a circle is
greater than its radius lies inof the circle.
(exterior/ interior)(iii) The longest chord of a
circle is a__o_ of the circle.(iv) An arc is a
_______ when its ends are the ends of a
diameter.(v) Segment of a circle is the region between an arc and __or of the circle.(vi) A
circle divides the plane, on which it lies, in $\square$

## Solved Examples

1. In Fig 10.33, $A B C D$ is a cyclic quadrilateral in which $A C$ and $B D$ are its diagonals. If
$\angle D B C=55 o$ and $\angle B A C=45 o$, find $B C D$

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2. Two circles intersect at two points $A$ and $B$.
$A D$ and $A C$ are diameters to the two circles
(see Fig.10.34). Prove that $B$ lies on the line segment DC.

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3. Prove that the quadrilateral formed (if possible) by the internal angle bisectors of any quadrilateral is cyclic

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4. If two intersecting chords of a circle make equal angles with the diameterpassing through their point of intersection, prove that the chords are equal

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5. In Fig. 10.32, $A B$ is a diameter of the circle,
$C D$ is a chord equal to theradius of the circle.
$A C$ and BD when extended intersect at a point
E. Prove that $\angle A E B=60^{\circ}$
6. Given an arc of a circle, complete the circle.

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Exercise 103

1. Draw different pairs of circles. How many points does each pair have in common?What is the maximum number of common points?
2. If two circles intersect at two points, prove that their centres lie on the perpendicularbisector of the common chord.

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3. Suppose you are given a circle. Give a construction to find its centre.

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1. If a line intersects two concentric circles
(circles with the same centre) with centre O at
$A, B, C$ and $D$. then.

A. $A B=B D$
B. $C D=A C$
C. $A B=C D$
D. None

## Answer: C

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2. Two circles of radii 5 cm and 3 cm intersect
at two points and the distance between their centers is 4 cm :

Find the length of the common chord.
A. 5 cm
B. 4 cm
C. 3 cm
D. 6 cm

## Answer: D

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3. If two equal chords of a circle intersect within the circle, prove that the segments
ofone chord are equal to corresponding segments of the other chord.

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4. If two equal chords of a circle intersect
within the circle, prove that the line joining
the point of intersection to the center makes equal angles with the chords.

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5. Three girls Reshma, Salma and Mandip are
playing a game by standing on a circle of
radius 5 m drawn in a park. Reshma throws a ball to Salma, Salma to Mandip, Mandip to

Reshma. If the distance between Reshma and
Salma and between Salma and Mandip is 6 m each, what is the distance between Reshma and Mandip?

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6. A circular park of radius 20 m is situated in a colony. Three boys Ankur, Syed andDavid are sitting at equal distance on its boundary each having a toy telephone inhis hands to talk each other. Find the length of the string of each phone.

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## Exercise 105

1. If diagonals of a cyclic quadrilateral are diameters of the circle through the vertices ofthe quadrilateral, prove that it is a rectangle

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2. $A B C D$ is a cyclic quadrilateral whose diagonals intersect at a point E. If
$\angle D B C=70^{\circ}, \angle B A C$ is $30^{\circ}$, find $\angle B C D$.

Further, if $A B=B C$, find $\angle E C D$.
3. In Fig. 10.39, A, B, C and D are four points on
a circle. AC and BD intersect at a point E such
that $\angle B E C=130 o$ and $\angle E C D=20 \odot$

Find $\angle B A C$.

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4. In Fig. 10.38, $\angle A B C=69^{\circ}$,
$\angle A C B=31^{\circ}$, find $\angle B D C$


Fig. 10.38

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5. In Fig. 10.37, $\angle P Q R=100^{\circ}$, where $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{Q}$ and $R$ are points on a circle with centre 0 . Find
$\angle O P R$.


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6. A chord of a circle is equal to the radius of
the circle. Find the angle subtended by the chord at a point on the minor arc and also at a point on the major arc
A. $150^{\circ}$
B. $180^{\circ}$
C. $160^{\circ}$
D. $170^{\circ}$

Answer: A

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7. In Fig. 10.36, A,B and C are three points on a circle with centre O such that $\angle B O C=30^{\circ}$ and $\angle A O B=60^{\circ}$. If D is a point on the
circle other than the arc ABC , find $\angle A D C$.


Fig. 10.36

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8. ABC and ADC are two right triangles with common hypotenuse AC. Prove that
$\angle C A D=\angle C B D$.

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9. If circles are drawn taking two sides of a triangle as diameters, prove that the point ofintersection of these circles lie on the third side

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10. Two circles intersect at two points $B$ and $C$.

Through $B$, two line segments $A B D$ and $P B Q$ are drawn to intersect the circles at $A, D$ and $P$,

Q respectively (see Fig. 10.40). Prove that
$\angle A C P=\angle Q C D$.

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11. If the non-parallel sides of a trapezium are equal, prove that it is cyclic.

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Exercise 102

1. Recall that two circles are congruent if they
have the same radii. Prove that equalchords of congruent circles subtend equal angles at their centres.

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2. Prove that if chords of congruent circles
subtend equal angles at their centres, then
the chords are equal.
