

India's Number 1 Education App

# HISTORY

# **BOOKS - XII BOARDS PREVIOUS YEAR**

# **OUTSIDE DELHI 2019**

Outside Delhi 2019 Set I

1. "John Marshall's stint as Director General of

the Archaeological Survey of India marked a

major change in Indian Archaeology." Explain

the statement.



2. State the role played by women in agrarian

society during 16th and 17th centuries

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**3.** Why did Jaipal Singh plead for the protection of tribes in the Constituent



**5.** "The most unique feature of the Harappan civilization was the development of domestic architecture". Substantiate the statement



**6.** Examine any two evidences found by the archaeologist B.B. Lal after excavation at a village named Hastinapur in Meerut, Uttar Pradesh.

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7. Describe the main teachings of Baba Guru

Nanak.





8. Analyse the rituals associated with Mahanavami Dibba at the Royal Centre in Vijayanagara.

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**9.** Analyse the main features of Amara-Nayaka System which was introduced in Vijanayagara Empire. **10.** Why was the Colonial Government keen on carrying out regular surveys and mapping various parts of the country ? Explain.

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**11.** Why did Taluqdars and Sepoys of Awadh join the Revolt of 1857? Explain.

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12. "The India in which Gandhiji came back to in

1915 was rather different than the one he had

left in 1893." Substantiate the statement.



**13.** "Buddhism grew rapidly both during the lifetime of the Buddha and after his death."

Justify the statement with suitable arguments.

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**14.** Among the best preserved monuments of the 600 BCE to 600 CE is the Stupa at Sanchi. Justify the statement with suitable arguments in the context of its sculptural features and conservation policy taken up in the nineteenth century.

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**15.** Describe Bernier's description of land ownership in India and also describe its

influence on estern theorists from 18th

century onwards.



**16.** Explain the events that led to the communal politics and Partition of India.

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**17.** Explain the strengths and limitations of oral testimonies in the understanding of

Partition of India.



18. This is what Prabhavati Gupta states in her inscription: Prabhavati Gupta......commands the gramakutumbinas (householders/peasants living in the village), Brahmanas and others living in the village of Danguna...

"Be it known to you that on the twelfth (lunar day) of the bright (fortnight) of Karttika, we have, in order to increase our religious merit donated this village with the pouring out of water, to the Acharya (teacher) Chanalasvamin.... You should obey all (his) commands. We confer on (him) the following exemptions typical of an agrahara... (this village is) not to be entered by soldiers and policeman, (it is) exempt from (the obligation to provide) grass, (animal) hides as seats, and charcoal (to touring royal officers), exempt from (the royal prerogative of) purchasing fermentingliquor and digging (salt), exempt from (the right to

mines and khadira trees, exempt from (the obligation to supply) flowers and milk, (it is donated) together with (the right to) hidden treasures and deposits (and) together with major and minor taxes....

This charger has been written in the thirteenth (regnal) year. (It has been) engraved by Chakradasa.

How did Prabhavati Gupta show her authority

through the inscription?



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by Chakradasa.

Examine the importance of the charter issued

by Prabhavati Gupta.

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**21.** The Jesuit Priest Father Antonio Monserrate, resident at the court of Akbar, noticed:

In order to prevent the great nobles becoming insolent through the unchallenged enjoyment of power, the King summons them to court and gives them imperious commands, as though they were his slaves. The obedience to these commands ill suits their exalted rank and dignity.

Examine the relationship between Akbar and his nobles.



**22.** The Jesuit Priest Father Antonio Monserrate, resident at the court of Akbar, noticed:

In order to prevent the great nobles becoming insolent through the unchallenged enjoyment of power, the King summons them to court and gives them imperious commands, as though they were his slaves. The obedience to these commands ill suits their exalted rank and dignity. How do you think that the nobility was an

important pillar of the Mughal State?



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Explain the observation of the Jesuit Priest

Father Antonio Monserrate regarding this

relationship.



24. Buchanan on the santhals

Buchanan wrote :

They are very clever in clearing new lands, but live meanly. Their huts have no fence, and the walls are made of small sticks pląced upright, close together and plastered within with clay. They are small and slovenly, and too flatroofed, with very little arch.

Examine the role of Buchanan as an agent of

the East India Company?

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Analyse the economic activities of Santhals.

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### 27. How debts mounted

In a petition to the Deccan Riots Commission a ryot explained how the system of loans worked: A sowkar lends his debtor 100 on bond at 3-2 annas per cent per mensem. The latter agrees to pay the amount within eight days from the passing of the bond. Three years after the stipulated time for repaying the amount, the sowkar takes from his debtor another bond for the principal and interest together at the same rate of interest, and allows him 125 days' time to liquidate the debt. After the lapse of 3 years and 15 days a third bond is passed by the debtor ... (this process is repeated) at end of 12 years .... his interest on 1,000 amounts to 2,028-10 annas-3 paise. For what purpose did ryots get loans from money lenders?



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How do you think that the way of borrowing

money by the ryots brought misery to them?



**30.** On the given political outline map of India,

locate and label the following appropriately:

(a) Dandi-a centre of national movement.

OR

Masulipatnam-a city under British control in 1807.

(b) Panipat-a territory under Mughals.

OR

## Delhi



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**31.** On the same polictical outline map of India, three places have been marked as A,B, and C which are related to matured Harappan sites. Identify them and write their correct names on the lines drawn near them.







# Outside Delhi 2019 Set Ii

 "Over the decades, new issues have asstumed importance in the archaeology of Harappa." Give two evidences to justify the statement.



**2.** State any two features of Akbar Nama.



interpretation."Substantiate the statement.



4. Describe the beliefs of Virashaiva tradition

in Karnataka.



5. "The initiatives in Champaran, Ahmedabad and Kheda marked Gandhiji out as a nationalist with a deep sympathy for the poor". Substantiate the statement

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6. Describe the perspective of land Battuta and

Francois Bernier on the condition of women in

the Indian subcontinent.

7. Describe Bernier's views on the land-

ownership of Mughals.

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# Outside Delhi 2019 Set Iii

1. State the role of Jati Panchayats in the

Mughal agrarian society.

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### 2. Describe Ibn Battuta's account of Indian

cities.

