



India's Number 1 Education App

MATHS

BOOKS - JEE MAINS PREVIOUS YEAR

INTEGRALS

Others

1. If $g(x) = \int_0^x \cos 4t dt$, then $g(x + \pi)$
equals: (1) $\left(\frac{g(x)}{g(\pi)}\right)$ (2) $g(x) + g(\pi)$ (3)
 $g(x) - g(\pi)$ (4) $\dot{g(x)g(\pi)}$



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2. If the integral

$$\int \frac{5 \tan x}{\tan x - 2} dx = x + a \ln |\sin x - 2 \cos x| + k$$

then a is equal to (1) 1 (2) 2 (3) 1 (4) 2



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3. If $\int f(x) dx = \psi(x)$, then $\int x^5 f(x^3) dx$ is equal to

A. $\frac{1}{3} x^3 \psi(x^3) - 3 \int x^3 \psi(x^3) dx + C$

B. $\frac{1}{3}x^3\psi(x^3) - \int x^2\psi(x^3)dx + C$

C. $\frac{1}{3}x^3\psi(x^3) - \int x^3\psi(x^3)dx + C$

D. $\frac{1}{3}\left[x^3\psi(x^3) - \int x^2\psi(x^3)dx\right] + C$

Answer: B



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4. The integral $\int \left(1 + x - \frac{1}{x}\right) e^{x+\frac{1}{x}} dx$ is equal to (1) $(x - 1)e^{x+\frac{1}{x}} + C$ (2) $xe^{x+\frac{1}{x}} + C$ (3) $(x + 1)e^{x+\frac{1}{x}} + C$ (4) $-xe^{x+\frac{1}{x}} + C$



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5. The integral

$$\int_0^\pi \sqrt{1 + 4 \sin^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - 4 \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)} dx \quad \text{equal}$$

(1) $\pi - 4$ (2) $\frac{2\pi}{3} - 4 - 4\sqrt{3}$ (3) $4\sqrt{3} - 4$ (4)

$$4\sqrt{3} - 4 - \frac{\pi}{3}$$



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6. Let $I_n = \int \tan^n x dx, (n > 1)$ If

$I_4 + I_6 = a \tan^5 x + b x^5 + C$, Where C is a constant of integration, then the ordered pair

(a, b) is equal to : (1) $\left(\frac{5}{1}, -1\right)$ (2)
 $\left(-\frac{1}{5}, 0\right)$ (3) $\left(-\frac{1}{5}, 1\right)$ (4) $\left(\frac{1}{5}, 0\right)$

A. $\left(-\frac{1}{5}, 0\right)$

B. $\left(-\frac{1}{5}, 1\right)$

C. $\left(\frac{1}{5}, 0\right)$

D. $\left(\frac{1}{5}, -1\right)$

Answer: null



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7. The Integral $\int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} \frac{dx}{1 + \cos x}$ is equal to:

A. -1

B. -2

C. 2

D. 4

Answer: null



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