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India's Number 1 Education App

## PHYSICS

## BOOKS - JEE MAINS PREVIOUS YEAR

## JEE MAIN 2021

## question

1. A body cools down from $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 20 minutes. It will cool down from $110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in $\qquad$

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2. A cube is given and it has -q charge in one corner and +q charges in all the remaining 7 corners. Find the electric field at the center of the cube
3. What is the sign of focal lenght of convex mirror ?
A. $+v e$
B. -ve
C. can be $+v e$ can be -ve
D. none of these

## Answer: A

4. Find the field at the center of cube of side $a$

A. $\frac{4 K Q}{3 a^{2}}$
B. $\frac{8 K Q}{3 a^{2}}$
c. $\frac{16 K Q}{3 a^{2}}$
D. none of these

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5. In a double star system .Find w.

A. $w=\sqrt{\frac{G\left(m_{1}+m_{2}\right)}{r^{3}}}$
B. $w=\sqrt{\frac{G m_{1} m_{2}}{\left(m_{1}+m_{2}\right) r^{3}}}$
C. $w=\sqrt{\frac{G m_{1}}{r^{3}}}$
D. $w=\sqrt{\frac{G m_{2}}{r^{3}}}$

Answer: A

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6. Two equal capacitors are as shown in the two figure I and 2.The ratio of the equvalent capacitance in the two diagrams is.

A. $\frac{C_{1}}{C_{2}}=\frac{1}{2}$
$C_{1}$
B. $\overline{C_{2}}=1$
C. $\frac{C_{1}}{C_{2}}=\frac{1}{4}$
D. None of these

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7. Compare the magnitude of moment of inertis of masses and radius
are equal (a) Ring about Diameter (I_a)
(b) Disc about perpendicular axis passing through centre (I_b)
(c) Solid cylinder about axis (I_c)
(d) Solid sphere about axis passing through centre (I_d)
A. $I_{a}=I_{b}=I_{c}>I_{d}$
B. $I_{a}=I_{b}>I_{c}>I_{d}$
C. $I_{a}<I_{b}<I_{c}<I_{d}$
D. None of these
8. Find the minimum force $F_{0}$ that should be applied to the block of mass $\mathrm{m}=0.5 \mathrm{~kg}$ so that the block stays in equilibrium with the rough vertical wall having friction coefficient $\mu=0.2$ (Take $g=10 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}}$ )
A. 25 N
B. 20 N
C. 50 N
D. None of these

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9. A horizontal spring block system ( mass m_2 spring constant $k$ ) is oscillating on a smooth surface with amplitude A. If at the mean
position an identical block is kept on it so that they move together after what is the new amplitude?
A. A
B. $\frac{A}{2}$
C. $\frac{A}{\sqrt{2}}$
D. $\frac{A}{2} \sqrt{2}$

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10. In the shown circuit the following battery is of emf 4 V and internal resistance $8 \Omega$. Find the potential difference between points x and y as shown in the circuit.
A. $V_{x}-V_{y}=2.4 V$
B. $V_{y}-V_{x}=-2 V$
C. $V_{x}-V_{y}=4 V$
D. $V_{y}-V_{x}=-4 V$

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11. How does the energy of photon change of the corresponding wavelength increases?
A. $\in$ creases
B. decreases
C. may $\in$ crease or decrease
D. doesntdependonwave $\leq n>h$
12. Match the following for the value of 'a' for following process
represented
a) constant pressure by $P V^{\alpha}=$ constant ?
p) $a=0$
b) constant volume
q) $a=1$
c) constant temperature
r) $a \rightarrow \infty$
d) No heat exchange
A. $a \rightarrow q, b \rightarrow s, c \rightarrow p, d \rightarrow r$
B. $a \rightarrow p, b \rightarrow r, c \rightarrow q, d \rightarrow s$
C. $a \rightarrow s, b \rightarrow p, c \rightarrow r, d \rightarrow q$
D. $a \rightarrow p, b \rightarrow r, c \rightarrow q, d \rightarrow s$

## Answer: B

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13. An object of mass $M$ oscillating with amplitude 'A' mass ' $m$ ' is added at mean position. Find new amplitude of oscillation.
14. current in a wire is $20 t^{3}+15 t^{2}$ calculate the charge passing through it in 15 seconds

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15. Four particles each of mass $M$ move along a circle of radius $R$ under the action of their mutula gravitational attraction the speed of each paritcles is
A. $G \frac{M}{R}$
B. $\sqrt{2 \sqrt{2} G \frac{M}{R}}$
C. $\sqrt{G \frac{M}{R}(2 \operatorname{SQRT}(2)+1)}$
D. $\sqrt{G \frac{M}{R} \frac{2 S Q R T(2)+1}{4}}$
16. If $\mu_{r} \& \varepsilon_{r}$ represents relative permeability of medium \& relative permittivity of medium \& speed of light in medium is $\frac{c}{\mu}$,where $\mu$ is refractive index will be
A. $\varepsilon_{r} \mu_{r}$
B. $\sqrt{\varepsilon_{r} \mu_{r}}$
C. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{\varepsilon_{r} \mu_{r}}}$
D. none of these

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17. An object is moving with speed $v$ and collides with an identical mass at rest. After collision they both move at angle $30^{\circ}$ with original direction. Find ratio of final speed of the mass to initial speed.
A. $\frac{1}{2}$
B. 2
C. $\sqrt{3}$
D. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

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18. Energy of proton on increasing the wavelength
A. decrease
B. increase
C. remain constant
D. none of these
19. A proton $\& L i l^{3+}$ are accelerated through same potential difference.

If $M_{L} i^{3+}=8.3 M_{p}$ then find ratio of de broglie wavelength of $\frac{\lambda_{L i^{3+}}}{\lambda_{p}}$
A. 0.1
B. 0.2
C. 0.3
D. 0.4

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20. Statement 1: Two particle have same linear momentum, wavelength of both particle will be same

Statement 2: If wavelength of particle increase then energy and linear momentum also increases
A. both are correct
B. only 1 is correct
C. only 2 is correct
D. both are wrong
21. For a transistor emitter current is 40 mA and collector current is 35 mA find the $\beta$ of transistor
A. 44385
B. 44378
C. 44203
D. 44409
22. If $\mathrm{W}=$ work done, $\mathrm{T}=$ Temperature, $k_{B}=$ boltzmann constant $\mathrm{X}=$ displacement $\& W=\alpha\left(\beta^{2}\right) e^{-\frac{x^{2}}{\alpha T k_{B}}}$ then find the dimension of $\beta$
A. $\left[M^{1} L^{2} T^{-2}\right]$
B. $\left[M^{-1} L^{2} T^{-2}\right]$
C. $\left[M^{\wedge} 1 L^{\wedge} 1 T^{\wedge}-2\right]^{`}$
D. none
23. Choose the correct a vs t graph

## $V(\mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}) \uparrow$

T
t(s)
A.

B.

C.

D.


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24. In a cyclic process ABCA then process $B C$ is isothermal. Find work done by gas in cycle ABCA (Given $P_{1}=P$ )

A. $2 \ln (2 P V)$
B. $(2 L N 2-1) P V$
C. PVLN2
D. none of these
25. Choose the correct option(s) regarding hydrogen spectrum

A. $A$ is the series limit of lyman
B. $B$ is the third line of balmer
C. $C$ is the second line of paschen
D. all of the above are correct
26. Two planets $S_{1}$ and $S_{2}$ rotates about own axis $S_{1}$ completes one rev in 1 hr and $S_{2}$ completes one rev in 8 hr then find ratio of angular velocity of $S_{1}$ and $S_{2}\left(\frac{\omega_{1}}{\omega_{2}}\right)$
A. 8
B. $\frac{1}{8}$
C. 4
D. $\frac{1}{4}$

## Answer: A

27. Radius of curvature of a equi convex lens is R. Find focal length ( $n=\frac{3}{2}$ )
A. $\frac{R}{2}$
B. $-\frac{R}{2}$
C. R
D. $-R$

## Answer: C

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28. A rod of length I and coefficient of linear expansion $\alpha$. Find increase in length when temperature changes from $T$ to $T+\Delta T$
A. $l \alpha \Delta T$
B. $l(1+\alpha \Delta T)$
C. $l(1+2 \alpha \Delta T)$
D. none of these

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29. Find the relation below young's modulus ( Y ), bulk modulus ( K ) and shear modulus (G)?
A. $Y=6 K \frac{G}{G+3 K}$
B. $Y=4 K \frac{G}{G+3 K}$
C. $Y=9 K \frac{G}{G+3 K}$
D. $Y=12 K \frac{G}{G+3 K}$

## Answer: C

30. In communication system message signal is modulated with carrier signal given below
$V_{\in}=20 \sin [2 \pi(1500 t)]$
$V_{c}=80 \sin [2 \pi(100000 t)]$ Find percentage modulation
A. 0.15
B. 0.2
C. 0.25
D. 0.35

## Answer: C

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31. Two planets $S_{1}$ and $S_{2}$ rotates about own axis $S_{1}$ completes one rev in 1 hr and $S_{2}$ completes one rev in 8 hr then find ratio of angular
velocity of $S_{1}$ and $S_{2}\left(\frac{\omega_{1}}{\omega_{2}}\right)$
A. 8
B. $\frac{1}{8}$
C. 4
D. $\frac{1}{4}$

## Answer: A

32. Radius of curvature of a equi convex lens is R. Find focal length ( $\left.n=\frac{3}{2}\right)$
A. $\frac{R}{2}$
B. $-\frac{R}{2}$
C. R
D. $-R$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

33. A rod of length I and coefficient of linear expansion $\alpha$. Find increase in length when temperature changes from T to $\mathrm{T}+\Delta T$
A. $l \alpha \Delta T$
B. $l(1+\alpha \Delta T)$
C. $l(1+2 \alpha \Delta T)$
D. none of these

## Answer: A

34. Find the relation below young's modulus ( Y ), bulk modulus ( K ) and shear modulus ( G )?
A. $Y=6 K \frac{G}{G+3 K}$
B. $Y=4 K \frac{G}{G+3 K}$
C. $Y=9 K \frac{G}{G+3 K}$
D. $Y=12 K \frac{G}{G+3 K}$

## Answer: C

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35. In communication system message signal is modulated with carrier signal given below
$V_{\in}=20 \sin [2 \pi(1500 t)]$
$V_{c}=80 \sin [2 \pi(100000 t)]$ Find percentage modulation
A. 0.15
B. 0.2
C. 0.25
D. 0.35

## Answer: C

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36. Two electrons are fixed at a seperation of 2 d from each other.A proton is placed at the mid point and displaced slightly in a direction perpendicular to line joining the two electrons. Find frequency of oscillation of proton
A. $f=\frac{1}{2} \pi\left(\sqrt{2 k \frac{e^{2}}{m} d^{3}}\right)$
B. $f=\frac{1}{2} \pi\left(\sqrt{k \frac{e^{2}}{m} d^{3}}\right)$
C. $f=\frac{1}{2} \pi\left(\sqrt{k \frac{e^{2}}{2} m d^{3}}\right)$
D. none

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37. The weight of a person on pole is 48 N then the weight on equator is? $(R=6400 \mathrm{~km})$
A. 48
B. 48.83
C. 47.84
D. 47
38. Two bodies A \& B have masses 1 kg and 2 kg resp. have equal momentum. Find ratio of kinetic energy

## A. 0.042361111111111

B. 0.084027777777778
C. 0.044444444444444
D. 0.043055555555556

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39. Which transition in hydrogen spectrum the maxima frequency
A. $3 \rightarrow 2$
B. $5 \rightarrow 4$
C. $9 \rightarrow 5$
D. $2 \rightarrow 1$

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40. A rod of mass $M$, length $L$ is bent in the form of hexagon. Then MOI about axis passing through geometric centre and perpendicular to plane of body will be
A. $6 M L^{2}$
B. $\frac{M L^{2}}{6}$
C. $\frac{M L^{2}}{2}$
D. $5 M L^{2}$
41. Find the time period of SHM of the block of mass $M$

A. $T=2 \pi \sqrt{\frac{M}{2 K}}$
B. $T=2 \pi \sqrt{\frac{M}{K}}$
C. $T=2 \pi \sqrt{\frac{2 M}{K}}$
D. $T=2 \pi \sqrt{\frac{M}{4 K}}$

Answer: A
42. A particle is projected on x axis with velocity V . A force is acting on it in opposite direction, which is proportional to square of its position.

At what distance from origin the particle will stop ( m is mass, $\mathrm{k}=$ proportionality constant)
A. $\sqrt[3]{m \frac{V_{0}^{2}}{k}}$
B. $\sqrt[3]{3 m \frac{V_{0}^{2}}{k}}$
c. $\sqrt[3]{3 m \frac{V_{0}^{2}}{2} k}$
D. $\sqrt[3]{m \frac{V_{0}^{2}}{2} k}$
43. Two cars are approaching eachother each moving with a speed
v.Find beat frequency as heard by driver of one carboth are emitting sound of frequency $f_{0}$
A. beatequency $=2 v \frac{f_{0}}{c}-v$
B. beatequency $=2 v \frac{f_{0}}{c}+v$
C. beatequency $=v \frac{f_{0}}{c}-v$
D. none
44. Find the flux of point charge $q$ through the square surface $A B C D$ as
shown

A. $\frac{q}{6 \varepsilon_{0}}$
B. $\frac{q}{\varepsilon_{0}}$
C. $\frac{q}{4 \varepsilon_{0}}$
D. $\frac{q}{2 \varepsilon_{0}}$
45. If a solid cavity whose diameteris removed from a solid sphere of radius $R$ then the com of remaining part is at

A. $x=-\frac{R}{3}$
B. $x=-\frac{R}{7}$
C. $x=-\frac{R}{6}$
D. $x=-R / 14$

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46. What happens in domain of ferromagnetic material is placed in external magnetic field
A. increase in size
B. decrease in size
C. may increase or decrease in size
D. have no relation with the field

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47. A travelling wave is represented by
A. $155 \mathrm{~m} \sin w t \cos k x$
B. $155 \mathrm{~m} \sin (w t-k x)$
C. $15 \cos w t \sin k x$
D. 20 cos $k x$ coswt

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48. In x-ray tube experiment accelerating voltage is given by 1.24 MV .

Find cutoff wavelength.
A. $10^{\wedge}-3 \mathrm{~nm}$
B. $10^{\wedge}-2 \mathrm{~nm}$
C. $10^{\wedge}-4 \mathrm{~nm}$
D. $10^{\wedge}-5 n m$

## Answer: A

49. In young's double slit experiment, what will happen when red light is replaced by violet light

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50. Four string wave equations are given below, which one of these represent the traveling waves
A. $y=e^{-k x}(t)$
B. $y=\sin (15 t-8 x)$
C. $y=\sin (15 x) \cdot \cos (8 t)$
D. None of these
51. In Zener breakdown
(i) Depletion layer (large or small)
(ii)Dopping (heavily or lightly)
A. large,heavily
B. large,lightly
C. small , heavily
D. Small,lightly

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52. RMS speed of gas molecule at $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 1 atm pressure is $200 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
and rms speed at $127^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 2 atm pressure is $\left(\frac{200}{\sqrt{3}}\right) x$.Find value of $x$
A. 2
B. 4
C. 6
D. 8

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53. A wire has an elongation of 0.04 m when a force $F$ is applied on it .

Now its length \& diameter are double and same force $F$ is applied on it. Find new elongation in the wire
A. 0.06 m
B. 0.04 m
C. 0.02 m
D. 0.01 m
54. A ferromagnetic material is placed in an external magnetic field.

The magnetic domains
A. Its domain size increases
B. Its domain size decreases
C. Its domain size remain same
D. None of these

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55. Pressure inside a containers filled with gas generated because of
A. change in momentum of molecules
B. molecules stick to the wall
C. violation of molecular
D. volume occupied by molecule

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56. A proton and an $\alpha$-particle are accelerated through same potential difference. Find the ratio of their de-Brogile wavelength.
A. $1: 2 \sqrt{2}$
B. $2 \sqrt{2}: 1$
C. $4: 1$
D. 1:4

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57. In a YDSE experiment red light is replaces by violet light. Then
A. Fringe width increases
B. Intensity of minima increases
C. central maxima change to minima
D. Fringe will come closes

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58. A disc of radius $\frac{a}{2}$ is cut out from a uniform disc of radius a as shown in figure . Find the $X$ Coordinate of centre of mass of remaining
portion

A. $\frac{5 a}{6}$
B. $\frac{a}{6}$
C. $\frac{a}{5}$
D. $\frac{4 a}{5}$

Answer: A

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59. Find the value of $i$ (Current) at $\mathrm{t}=0$ switch is closed, if initially current through inductors is zero,

A. $\frac{9}{4}$
B. $\frac{9}{8}$
C. $\frac{27}{8}$
D. $\frac{9}{5}$

Answer: A

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60. A block is placed on inclined plane with two strings attached to it as shown in figure. Then calculate frequency of block for small displacement.

A. $\frac{1}{2 \pi} \sqrt{\frac{k}{2 m}}$
B. $\frac{1}{2 \pi} \sqrt{2 \frac{k}{m}}$
C. $\frac{1}{2 \pi} \sqrt{4 \frac{k}{m}}$
D. $\frac{1}{2 \pi} \sqrt{\frac{m}{2 k}}$
61. A square of side $a=12 \mathrm{~cm}$ placed in $X y$ plane centre at origin. A charge $\mathrm{q}=12 \mu \mathrm{C}$ place at $\mathrm{z}=6 \mathrm{~cm}$. If flux through square plate ix $X \times 10^{2}$, then find x : (\#\#JM_21_M2_20210224_PHY_27_Q01.png" width="80\%">

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62. Find work in the given cycle, If $A B$ is isothermal process and $C A$ is
adiabatic.

A. $n R T$ 。 $\left[\ln 2-\frac{1}{2(\gamma+1)}\right]$
B. $n R T$ 。 $\left[\ln 2+\frac{1}{2(\gamma-1)}\right]$
C. $n R T$ 。 $\left[\ln 2-\frac{1}{2(\gamma-1)}\right]$
D. $n R T$ 。 $\left[\ln 2-\frac{1}{(\gamma-1)}\right]$
63. The graph of $v$ versus $x$ in a SHM is ( $v$ : velocity, $x=$ displacement)
A.

B.

C.

D.
(4)


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64. A RLC Circuit is operating at resonant frequency $\omega_{。}=10^{5} \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{sec}$.

It genrate power 16 W when 120 V rms is applied. Find resistance R .
A. $300 \Omega$
B. $600 \Omega$
C. $900 \Omega$
D. $1200 \Omega$
65. The distance of two points from the centre of loop on the axis is 0.05 cm and 0.02 cm and the ratio of the magnetic fields at these points is $8: 1$ respectively. Find the radius of the loop
A. 1 mm
B. 0.1 mm
C. 10 mm
D. 0.01 mm

## Answer: A

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66. Proton, deuteron and alpha particle have same momentum. They are projected in the same magnetic field. Then choose the correct ratio of forces and their speeds.

$$
\text { A. } F_{p}: F_{d}: F_{a}=4: 2: 1, V_{p}: V_{d}: V_{a}=2: 1: 1
$$

B. $F_{p}: F_{d}: F_{a}=2: 1: 1, V_{p}: V_{d}: V_{a}=4: 2: 1$
C. $F_{p}: F_{d}: F_{a}=1: 2: 1, V_{p}: V_{d}: V_{a}=1: 2: 1$
D. $F_{p}: F_{d}: F_{a}=1: 1: 1, V_{p}: V_{d}: V_{a}=1: 1: 1$

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67. STATEMENT 1: A free rod when heated experiences no thermal stress.

STATEMENT 2: The rod when heated increases in length.
A. Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is the correct explanation of statement 1.
B. Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true
C. Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is false
D. statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is not the

## Answer: D

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68. STATEMENT 1: Two planets have same escape velocity \& their masses are not equal.

STATEMENT 2: Ratio of mass to radius must be equal.
A. Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is the correct explanation of statement 1 .
B. Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true
C. Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is false
D. Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is not the correct explanation of statement 1.
69. The time period of a $2 m$ long simple pendulum is 2 seconds. Find the value of ' $g$ ' at that place?
A. $2 \pi^{2}$
B. $\pi^{2}$
C. $4 \pi^{2}$
D. $\pi^{\prime} 2$

## Answer: A

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70. The pitch of a micrometer screw gauge is 1 mm and the circular scale has 100 divisions. When there is nothing between the jaws, the zero of the circular scale is 8 divisions below the main scale. When a wire is put between the jaws, the 1st division of main scale is visible
and 72 nd division of circular scale coincides with main scale. The radius of wire is?
A. 1.8 mm
B. 0.9 mm
C. 1.64 mm
D. 0.82 mm

## Answer: D

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71. If a train engine crosses a signal with a velocity $u$ \& has constant acceleration and the last bogey of train crosses the signal with velocity v , then middle point of train crosses the signal with velocity ?
A. $\frac{v+u}{2}$
B. $\sqrt{\frac{v^{2}+u^{2}}{2}}$
c. $\sqrt{\frac{v^{2}-u^{2}}{2}}$
D. $\frac{v-u}{2}$

## Answer: B

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72. Two satellites $A$ and $B$ revolve in around the earth in a circular orbits. Satellite A has mass 200 kg revolving at a distance of 600 km from the earth surface. Satellite B of mass 400 kg revolves at a distance of 1600 km from earth surface. What will be the ratio of their time period?
A. $\left(\frac{7}{8}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
B. $\left(\frac{7}{8}\right)$
C. $\left(\frac{7}{8}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$
D. $\left(\frac{7}{8}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$

## Answer: C

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73. Heat is supplied to a diatomic gas at constant pressure.

The ratio of $\Delta Q: \Delta U: \Delta W$ is
A. 5:7:1
B. 5:7:2
C. 2:7:5
D. 1:1:1

## Answer: B

74. Match the following physical quantities with the correct

|  | 1 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | h (planck's constant) | [ $\left.\mathrm{M}^{1} L^{2} \mathrm{~A}^{-1} \mathrm{~T}^{3}\right]$ |
|  | KE (kinetic energy) | [ $\left.\mathrm{M}^{1} \mathrm{~L}^{2} \mathrm{~T}^{1}{ }^{1}\right]$ |
|  | V (voltage) | [ $\mathrm{M}^{1} L^{1} \mathrm{~T}^{1}{ }^{1}{ }^{\text {d }}$ ] |
| dimensions? | P (momentum) | $\left[M^{\prime} L^{2} \mathrm{~T}^{2}\right]$ |

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75. A solid sphere of uniform density and radius $R$ applies a gravitational force of attraction equal to $F_{1}$ on a particle placed at a distance 3 R from the center of the sphere. The 1 sphere with the cavity now applies a gravitational force $F_{2}$, on the same particle. Then ratio


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76. If electric field is $3 \hat{i}+4 \hat{j}$ then find out ratio of flux when a rectangular plane is put on $x-z$ plane and when same plane is put on $y-z$ plane.
A. $\phi_{1}: \phi_{2}=4: 3$
B. $\phi_{1}: \phi_{2}=3: 4$
C. $\phi_{1}: \phi_{2}=2: 3$
D. $\phi_{1}: \phi_{2}=3: 2$

## Answer: A

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77. A gas follow $P=k V^{3}$.Find work done in raising temperature from $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

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78. An $\alpha$ particle and a proton are accelerated from rest by a potential difference of 100V. After this, their de-Broglie wavelengths are $\lambda_{a}$ and $\lambda_{p}$ respectively. The ratio $\frac{\lambda_{p}}{\lambda_{a}}$, to the nearest integer, is.

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79. A convex lens gives same height image when object is placed at 10 cm and 30 cm . What is focal lenth of lens

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80. Find the value of current in circuit


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81. Half-life of a radioactive substance $A$ is two times the half-life of another radioactive substance $B$. Initially, the number of $A$ and $B$ are
$N_{A}$ and $N_{B}$, respectively. After three half-lives of $A$, number of nuclei of both are equal. Then, the ratio $N_{A} / N_{B}$ is .

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82. A circular coil of wire consisting of 100 turns each of radius 8 cm carries a current of 0.4 A . What is the magnitude of magnetic field at the center of the coil

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83. A proton, deutron and $\alpha$ particle are moving with same momentum in uniform magnetic field. The ratio of magnetic forces acting on them is ___and their speed are in ratio $\qquad$

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84. A box filled with gas moving with constant velocity $30 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Having monoatomic gas of mass (4u). Now block is suddenly stopped. Then find the change in temperature of gas
A. 10K
B. 1 K
C. 3 K
D. 144 K

## Answer: D

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85. A drop is charged to 2 V Now 512 drop \& identical are combined to form a single drop there the voltage of bigger drop is?
B. 128 V
C. 125 V
D. 127 V

## Answer: B

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86. Resonance tube of diameter $d=6 \mathrm{~cm}$. Sounded with tuning fork of frequency $t=504 \mathrm{~Hz}$. t speed of sound is equal to 336 min . than find the height of air column.
A. 14.87 cm
B. 10.32 cm
C. 24.52 cm
D. 23.32 cm
87. A particle is moving in a vertical circle with radius 1 m . It the ratio of $T_{\text {max }}$
$\overline{T_{\text {min }}}=5$ find the velocity at highest point ?

A. $5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
B. $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
C. $15 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
D. $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

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88. Potential energy is region is given by $U=\frac{\alpha}{r^{10}}-\frac{\beta}{r^{5}}$ at equilibrium. Inter molecular distance between particle is given as $\mathrm{r}=\left(\frac{2 \alpha}{\beta}\right)^{\frac{a}{b}}$. Then a will be:

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89. Two sources of light whose ratio of intensities are $\frac{I_{1}}{I_{2}}=2 x$. Find the value of $\frac{I_{\text {max }}-I_{\text {min }}}{I_{\text {max }}+I_{\text {min }}}$
90. Find the current passing through battery at $t=0$ and $t=\infty$

A. $\left(\frac{5}{18}\right) E,\left(\frac{10}{33}\right) E$
B. $\left(\frac{10}{18}\right) E,\left(\frac{5}{33}\right) E$
C. $\left(\frac{5}{9}\right) E,\left(\frac{10}{13}\right) E$
D. $\left(\frac{5}{10}\right) E,\left(\frac{20}{33}\right) E$
91. A circuit contains an inductor of value 2 H as shown at $t=0$ no current was flowing through battery. Find the energy stored in inductor at $\mathrm{t}=4 \mathrm{sec}$.

A. 144 J
B. 150 J
C. 160 J
D. 180 J

## Answer: A

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92. Statement-1: A message signal of frequency 1 KHz modulate with carrier signal of frequency 1 MHz bandwidth of modulated signal is 2 KHz

Statement-2: Maximum and minimum frequency of the modulated signal are 1002 KHz and 998 KHz respectively
A. Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is the correct explanation of statement 1.
B. Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true
C. Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is false
D. Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is not the correct explanation of statement 1.

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93. In given potentiometer experiment key $K_{1}$, is closed first keeping $K_{2}$ open and then $K_{2}$ is closed keeping $K_{1}$ open the figure shows the output, find $\frac{E_{2}}{E_{1}}$


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94. A transmitter circuit used for transmission of EM waves having wavelength 960 m If capacitor used in circuit was of 2.56 microF, then the self inductance of the inductor coil used in the circuit such that resonance occurs, is $P \cdot 10^{-8}$ Find $P$
95. Find the flux through shaded region, due to charge $Q$ placed at vertex of a cube

96. An electron enters with kinetic energy $K E_{1}$, between the plates of a capacitor with a velocity making angle $\alpha$ as shown and leaves with $K E_{2}$ making angle $\beta$ ?. Find $\frac{K E_{1}}{K E_{2}}$ ?

A. $\frac{\cos ^{2}(\alpha)}{\cos ^{2}(\beta)}$
B. $\frac{\cos ^{2}(\beta)}{\cos ^{2}(\alpha)}$
C. $\frac{\sin (\alpha)}{\cos (\beta)}$
D. $\frac{\cos (\alpha)}{\sin (\beta)}$

## Answer: B

97. If $\vec{A} \times \vec{B}=\vec{B} \times \vec{A}$, then the angle between $A \rightarrow B$ is

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98. Find the time period


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99. Find the dimension of $\left.\frac{1}{(4 \pi) \varepsilon_{0}} \frac{e^{2}}{h c}\right)$

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100. A solid spherical ball is rolling without slipping towards a fixed inclined plane with speed V0. Find the maximum height, that the ball reached on the incline.


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101. Two small conducting spheres have charges $2.1 n C$ and $-0.1 n$ Care touched to each other and then separated by a distance of 0.5 m . Find the force between them
A. $18 n N$
B. $72 n N$
C. $9 n N$
D. $36 n N$

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102. Two masses $M_{1} \& M_{2}$ have same kinetic energy. If $V_{2}=2 V_{1}$, then find ratio of their momentum
A. $\sqrt[2]{ }$
B. ( root (2))
C. 2
D. $\frac{1}{2}$

## Answer: C

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103. Find the ratio of $\frac{i_{1}}{i_{2}}$

A. $\frac{1}{2}$
B. $\frac{2}{1}$
C. $\frac{4}{1}$
D. $\frac{1}{4}$

## Answer: A

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104. A stone is released from top of a building of height $h$. When it goes by $5 m$ from top then at this $25 m$ below the top of the building. Both the stones reached the ground simultaneously. Find height $h$ of the building.
A. $25 m$
B. 35 m
C. 40 m
D. 45 m
105. In an amplitude modulated wave, message wave frequency $f_{m}$ and carrier wave of frequency $f_{c}$ Find out wavelength of amplitude modulated wave
A. $\frac{c}{f_{c}}$
B. $\frac{c}{f_{m}}$
C. ${ }^{\text {'c/(f_c+f_m) }}$
D. $\frac{c}{f_{c}-f_{m}}$

## Answer: A

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106. A unit mass particle is moving in a circle of radius $R$ such that its projection on diameter executes SHM. In 0.1 sec interval, particle undergoes angular displacement of $30^{\circ}$. Find force acting on particle
at position B. If it starts from A. $(R=0.36 \mathrm{~m})$

A. 9.7
B. 0.1
C. 100
D. 53.2

Answer: A
107. Sun light is diffracted through a circular aperture of diameter $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. If diameter is slightly increased then
A. Size of circular fringe will increase intensity decrease
B. Size of circular fringe will increase intensity increase
C. Size of circular fringe will decrease intensity decrease
D. Size of circular fringe will decrease intensity increase

## Answer: D

## ( Watch Video Solution

108. Proton and electron are moving along circular path with same speed. Find out ratioof debroglie wavelength that is $\frac{\lambda_{e}}{\lambda_{p}} I f m_{-} \mathrm{p}=1836$ $\mathrm{m}_{-} \mathrm{e}^{`}$
B. 1837
C. $\frac{1}{1836}$
D. $\frac{1}{1837}$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

109. In a given $A C$ series circuit containing elements $R, L$ and $C$ \& source voltage $=220 \mathrm{v}$, and $\omega=300 \mathrm{ra} \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{S}}$ it is known that if L alone is removed or if $C$ alone is removed, phase difference between current \& voltage remains $45^{\circ}$ Find i_rms? $(R=110 \Omega)$
A. $2 A$
B. 2.5 A
C. $1 A$
D. 1.5 A

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110. Statement-1 : Rotational KE of a gas molecule follows Maxwell's speed distribution curve.

Statement-2: Rotational KE \& translational KE of a diatomic gas molecule is same,
A. 1-true 2-false
B. 1-false 2-true
C. 1-false 2-false
D. 1-true 2-false

## Answer: C

111. If an electron of a hydrogen atom jumps from $n=2$ to $n=1$ then find the wavelength of released photon
A. 121.5 nm
B. 123.15 nm
C. 125.15 nm
D. 128.15 nm

## Answer: A

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112. In a photoelectric effect experiment, the stopping potential is 0.71

V and corresponding wavelength of incident photon was 491 nm . Now the stopping potential of battery is increased to 1.4 V . Find new wavelength of incident photon?
A. 390 nm
B. 321 nm
C. 275 nm
D. 392 nm

## Answer: B

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113. Two particles having mass $M_{1}=4 \mathrm{gm}, M_{2}=16 \mathrm{gm}$. If kinetic energy of both particle are equal then ratio of their momentum is $n: 2$ then $n$ is
A. 2
B. $\frac{1}{2}$
C. 4
D. $\frac{1}{4}$
114. A gas follows $P V^{\frac{1}{2}}=$ constant as shown. If $V_{2}=2 V_{1}$, find $\frac{T_{2}}{T_{1}}$

115. For given logic gate circuit, which truth table is right.


| A | B | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
|  |  |  |

A.



## Answer: A::B::C::D

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116. Match the column I and column II.

## Column I

(A) Transformer
(B) Rectifier
(C) Filter
(D) Stabiliser

## Column II

(P) AC to DC
(Q) Step up - Step down
(R) Ripple is removed
(S) For any input, output would be same
117. A particle starts performing SHM on a smooth horizontal plane and it is released from $x=\frac{A}{2}$ and it is moving in -ve $x$-direction then $\phi=$ ?
A. $\frac{\pi}{6}$
B. $5 \frac{\pi}{6}$
C. $2 \frac{\pi}{3}$
D. $\frac{\pi}{3}$

## Answer: B

118. For an extrinsic semiconductor if doping concentration is incrase then
A. For N-type and P-type fermi level will increase if $T>T_{f}$
B. For N-type fermi level will increase and for P-type fermi level will decrease
C. For N -type fermi level will decrease and for P-type fermi level will increase
D. For N-type fermi level will decrease and for P-type fermi level will decrease

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119. If tension is increased by $4 \%$ in vibrating string find \% change in speed of wave?

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120. A satelite is projected from surface of earth so that it can attain 10R height from surface of earth. its speed is $V=V_{e}\left(\left(\operatorname{root}\left(\frac{x}{11}\right)\right)\right.$ find $x$

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121. For Carnot engine $\frac{W}{Q_{\in}}=\frac{1}{4}$. If sink temperature is decreased by
$52^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ then $\frac{W}{Q_{\in}}=\frac{1}{2}$. Find out source temperature in ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

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122. For a $x$-ray if it's wavelength is $10 A^{\circ}$ \& mass of a particle having same energy and same wavelength as x -ray is $\frac{x h}{3}$ where h is plank's constant then value of $x$ is
123. A particle is dropped from the top of a tower. When it has travelled a distance of 5 m , another particle is dropped from a distance of 25 m below the top of tower. If both of them reach the bottom of tower simultaneously, then find the height of tower.

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124. What is the orientation of ferromagnetic material below curie temprature
A. Magnetization is zero
B. Magnetic dipole are randomly distributed
C. Material is paramagnetic
D. Magnetic dipole are aligned parellel

## Answer: D

125. Four identical solid spheres each of mass $M$ and radius are fixed at four corners of a light square frame of side length $b$ such that centres of spheres coincide with corners of square. Find out the moment of inertia of system about one side of square frame

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126. Two slabs are placed adjacently having thermal resistance $R_{1} \& R_{2}$, their free ends maintained at temperature of $\theta_{1}, \&$ and $\theta_{2}$, respectively.

Find the temperature of junction.


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127. When two capacitors $C_{1}$ and $C_{2}$ are in parellel, the equivalent capacitance is $C_{I I}$. When the same two are in series the equivalent is
$C_{s}$. The ratio of $\frac{C_{I I}}{C_{s}}$ is 15:4. Find $\frac{C_{2}}{C_{1}}$
128. Find the equivalent resistance between $A \& B$ if all resistance are 'R' ?


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129. A wire of length $L$ carries charge $Q$ uniformly distributed along its length. Find the electric field at a distance $\frac{\sqrt{3} L}{2}$ from the wire at point
$A$ as shown.


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130. Find the significant figure in $50000.020 \times 10^{-3}$
A. 6
B. 7
C. 8
D. 9

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131. Find the force of attraction between a solid sphere of mass $M$ and a ring of mass $m$ as shown.


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132. For an amplitude modulated wave the max voltage is 16 volts and minimum voltage is 8 volts then if the modulation factor $n \cdot 10^{-2}$ then

## $n$ is ?

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133. A travelling wave is given by $y=-0.21 \sin (x+3 t)$ where x is in $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{t}$ is in seconds, y is in mm . (mass per unit length $0.135 \frac{g}{c} m$ ). Find the tension in the wire.
A. $0.1215 N$
B. 20 N
C. 15.35 N
D. 5 N

## Answer: A

134. An AC current is given byi $(t)=I_{1} \sin w t+I_{2} \cos w t$. Find the rms value of current.

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135. Some drops each of radius rcoalesce to form a large drop of radius $R$. The surface tension T. Find the change in surface energy per unit volume?
A. $T\left(\frac{1}{r}-\frac{1}{R}\right)$
B. $3 T\left(\frac{1}{r}-\frac{1}{R}\right)$
C. $3 T\left(\frac{1}{R}-\frac{1}{r}\right)$
D. $T\left(\frac{1}{R}-\frac{1}{r}\right)$
136. A block of mass, 2 kg is kept on a smooth surface as shown. It is being applied by a force $F=20 \hat{i}+10 \hat{j}$ Find the displacement of the block in 10 seconds.
A. 500 m
B. 10 m
C. 100 m
D. 50 m

## Answer: A

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137. If the force acting on the body moving in uniform circular motion is inversely proportional to $r^{3}$, then the time period of its revolution is proportional to ?
138. In YDSE experiment separation between plane of slits and screen is 1 m . Separation between slits is 2 mm . The wavelength of light is 500 nm . The fringe width is
A. 0.85 mm
B. 0.50 mm
C. 0.75 mm
D. 0.25 mm

## Answer: D

139. Find the current $I$ in circuit

A. 20 mA
B. 2 mA
C. 0.1 mA
D. 10 mA

Answer: A: B
140. Assume that a tunnel is dug along a cord of earth at a perpendicular distance $\frac{R}{2}$ from earth's centre where $R$ is the radius of earth. The wall of tunnel is frictionless. Find the time period of particle excuting SHM in tunnel

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141. Find the ratio of wavelength of 3 rd member of lyman to 1st member of paschen series

## D Watch Video Solution

142. A material has normal density $\rho$ and bulk modulus $K$. The increase in the density of the material when it is subjected to an external pressure $P$ from all sides is
A. $\frac{P}{\rho K}$
B. $K \frac{P}{\rho}$
C. $P \frac{\rho}{K}$
D. $K \frac{\rho}{P}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

143. If $\mathrm{W}=$ work done, $\mathrm{T}=$ Temperature, $k_{B}=$ boltzmann constant $\mathrm{X}=$ discplacement $\& W=\left(\alpha^{2}\right) \beta e^{\frac{-x^{2} \beta}{T k_{B}}}$ then find dimension of $\beta$

## - Watch Video Solution

144. Statement-1 Resolving power of electron microscope is greater than optical microscope : Statement-2 De-broglie wavelenth of electron is very less than visible light
A. $\mathrm{S}-1$ is true $\mathrm{S}-2$ is true but $\mathrm{S}-2$ is not correct explanation of $\mathrm{S}-1$
B. S-1 is true S-2 is true and S-2 is correct explanation of S-1
C. S-1 is correct S-2 is false
D. Both statements are false

## Answer: B

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145. In a spherical mirror height of an object is 100 cm and height an image is 25 cm and their orientations are same then
A. real image, convex mirror
B. real image concave mirror
C. virtual image , concave mirror
D. virtual image , convex mirror

## Answer: D

146. In a gas LED separation between valance band and conduction band is 1.9 eV . Then the light emitted is:
A. 1024 nm , Red
B. 1024 nm , Orange
C. 654 nm , Red
D. 654 nm , Orange

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147. A planet is revolving about sun in an elliptical orbit. Choose the correct option based on the statements given below, (i) Areal velocity is constant. (ii) Arval velocity is proportional to velocity (iii) When planet is nearest to sun it's speed is maximum, (iv) Planet will move
with constant speed. (v) Areal velocity is inversely proportional to velocity.
A. (i) is correct
B. (ii) is correct
C. (iv) is correct
D. (v) is correct

## Answer: A

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148. Object of mass $M$ ( $M \gg m$ ) moving with velocity $u$ collides with the object of mass m. at rest Consider following statements.

Statement (1): After collision maximum velocity of object of mass $m$ will be $2 u$.

Statement (2): In elastic collision kinetic energy and momentum both are conserved.
A. $\mathrm{S}-1$ is true $\mathrm{S}-2$ is true but $\mathrm{S}-2$ is not correct explanation of $\mathrm{S}-1$
B. S-1 is true S-2 is true and S-2 is correct explanation of S-1
C. S-1 is correct $\mathrm{S}-2$ is false
D. Both statements are false

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

149. If limiting value of force for block just to slide is $3 x$, then write the value of $x$


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150. In a series L-C-R circuit At resonance quality factor is 100 . Now value of self inductance doubled and resistance is decreased two fold then find new value of quality factor.
151. A 1000 W bulb has optical efficiency $1.2 \%$. Find the amplitude $(\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m})$ of electric field at distance 2 m from bulb?

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152. A non-conducting container is divided into two parts of volume 4.5

Litre and 5.5 Litre, pressure 2 atmosphere and 3 atmosphere, number of moles 3 and 4. If partition valve is opened then find out common pressure (in atmosphere). (In both parts ideal gases are identical)

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153. 20 coulomb charge flows through 15 volt battery in a certain interval. Find work done (in J) by the battery?

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154. When a man holding spring balance in stationary lift then it's reading is 60 kg . Now if lift starts descends with constant acceleration $1.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ then what is the new reading of spring balance in newton (take $\mathrm{g}=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ )

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155. If a wire of length I has a resistance of $R$, is stretched by $25 \%$. The percentage change in its resistance is ?
A. $25 \%$
B. 50 \%
C. $45.5 \%$
D. 56.25 \%

## Answer: D

156. Find the dimension of $\frac{C}{V}$ where $\mathrm{C}=$ Capacitance and V is potential difference

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157. A radioactive sample is undergoing $\alpha$-decay. At time $t_{1}$, its activity is $\mathrm{A} \&$ at A another time $t_{2}$, the activity is $\frac{A}{5}$. What is the average life time for the sample
A. $\frac{t_{1}-t_{2}}{\ln 2}$
B. $\left(t_{1}-t_{2}\right) \ln 5$
C. $\frac{t_{1}-t_{2}}{2}$
D. $\frac{t_{2}-t_{1}}{\ln 5}$

## Answer: D

158. STATEMENT 1: A seconds pendulum, has a time period of 1 second.

STATEMENT 2: It takes precisely 1 second to move between the two extreme positions.
A. Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is the correct explanation of statement 1.
B. Statement 1 is false, Statement 2 is true
C. Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is false
D. statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is not the correct explanation of statement 1.

## Answer: B

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159. A chord is tied to a wheel of moment of inertia $I$ and radius $r$. The other end is attached to a mass $m$ as shown. If the mass $m$ falls by a height $h$ then the square of angular speed of the wheel is ?


## m

160. An aeroplane with its wings spread 10 m is flying with speed $180 \mathrm{k} \frac{\mathrm{m}}{\mathrm{h}}$ in horizontal direction. The total intensity of earth's field is $2.5 \times 10^{-4}$ Tesla and angle of dip is $60^{\circ}$. Then find emf induced between the tips of the plane wings.
A. $108.25 m \mathrm{~V}$
B. $54 m V$
C. 216 mV
D. 140 mV

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

161. Velocity $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{s}$ position graph of a body performing SHM is
A. elipse
B. circle
C. parabola
D. straight line

## Answer: A

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162. What is the recoil velocity of Hydrogen atom when a photon is emitted due to corresponding transition from $n=5$ to $n=1$. $\left(R_{H}=\right.$ Rydberg's constant, $m_{H}$, $=$ mass of hydrogen)

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163. A person walks parallel to a 50 cm wide plane mirror as shown. How much distance will he be able to see the image of a source placed 60 cm
person


## 1.2 m

A. 50 cm
B. 100 cm
C. 150 cm
D. 200 cm

Answer: C
164. If incident ray, refracted ray and normal ray are represented by unit vectors $\vec{a}, \vec{b}$, and $\vec{c}$ then relation between them is?
A. $\vec{a}-\vec{b}=\vec{c}$
B. $\vec{a} .(\vec{b} \times \vec{c})=0$
C. $\vec{a}+\vec{c}=2 \vec{b}$
D. $\vec{a} \times(\vec{b} \times \vec{c})=0$

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

165. A body starts from rest \& moves with constant acceleration $a_{1}$ for time $t_{1}$ then it retards uniformly with $a_{2}$, in time $t_{2}$ and finally comes at rest. Find $\frac{t_{1}}{t_{2}}$
166. For earth's gravitaion- given : $\left[g_{A}=g_{C}<g_{B}\right]$ Find $\frac{O A}{A B}$

A. 1:1
B. 2:3
C. 4:5
D. $4: 9$

Answer: C
167. Find the time taken by the block to reach the bottom of inclined plane. $E=200 \hat{i} \quad \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{C} \quad, \quad M=1 \mathrm{~kg} \quad, q=5 m C, g=10 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}} \quad \mu=0.2$

A. 1.31 sec
B. 1.65 sec
C. 1.9 sec
D. 2.3 sec

Answer: A

## (D) Watch Video Solution

168. If internal energy of gas is $U=3 P V+4$ then the gas can be
A. monoatomic
B. diatomic
C. polyatomic
D. either mono or diatomic

## Answer: C

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169. The length of a metal wire is $l_{1}$ when the tensionin it is $T_{1}$ and $i s l_{2}$ when the tension is $T_{2}$. The natural length of the wire is

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170.27 identical drops, each charged to potential 10 volts, combined to form a bigger drop. Find potential of this bigger drop?
A. 148 V
B. 90 V
C. 180 V
D. 127 V

## Answer: B

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171. Initially, energy of incident photon was double of the work function of metal in a photoelectric effect. Finally energy of incident photon made 10 times of the work function. The ratio of maximum possible speed of photo electrons in initial \& final case is $\frac{\alpha}{\beta}$. Then find minimum value of $\alpha$ :
A. 2
B. 1
C. 4
D. 3

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

172. A particle is performing SHM. At what distance from mean position, the velocity of the particle becomes half of the maximum velocity?
173. R-L-C series AC circuit shown in fig. Find ${ }^{i}$ _(max)


## - Watch Video Solution

174. The following inputs are given to following circuit

A.

B.

C.

D.


## Answer: A

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175. A zener diode of 30 V is connected as shown with 90 V battery as shown in figure. Calculate the current passing through the diode.

A. 7.5 mA
B. $12 m A$
C. 4.5 mA
D. 10 mA

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

176. Two point masses, each of mass ' $m$ ' are connected to the end of spring. If force F is applied on one of the mass, then find the
acceleration of this mass if the acceleration of other mass is $a$ ?


## - Watch Video Solution

177. Trajectory of a projectile is given by $y=\alpha x+\beta x^{2}$. Then find $(\alpha+\beta)$.

## - Watch Video Solution

178. Statement-1: In a simple microscope, angular height of image is same as angular height of object Statement-2 : Least distance of distinct vision for an eye is 25 cm . If object is placed at a distance less than 25 cm angular height increases.
A. Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is the correct explanation of statement 1 .
B. Statement 1 is false, Statement 2 is true
C. Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is false
D. statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is not the correct explanation of statement 1.

Answer: d

## - Watch Video Solution

179. For one mole of an ideal monoatomic gas, volume and temperature are related as $V=K T^{\frac{2}{3}}$. If change in temperature of gas is 90 K , then work done is given by $\mathrm{W}=\mathrm{xR}$. Find value of x
A. 60
B. 20
C. 90
D. 30

## Answer: A

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180. Two hollow spheres (1 and 2) each having charge $Q$ distributed uniformly. A dipole is placed inside a sphere-1.and nothing is placed inside sphere-2. Choose the correct statement regarding electric field $(E)$ inside the sphere and electric flux ( $\phi$ ) linked with the spheres
A. $\phi_{1}=0, E_{1}=0$ and $\phi_{2}=0, E_{2}=0$
B. $\phi_{1} \neq 0, E_{1}=0$ and $\phi_{2}=0, E_{2} \neq 0$
C. $\phi_{1} \neq 0, E_{1} \neq 0$ and $\phi_{2} \neq 0, E_{2}=0$
D. $\phi_{1} \neq 0, E_{1} \neq 0$ and $\phi_{2} \neq 0, E_{2} \neq 0$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

181. A particle is executing SHM with time period T Starting from mean position, time taken by it to complete $\frac{5}{8}$ oscillations is,

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182. Statement-1: Time period of a second pendulum is 1 sec .

Statement-2 : Time taken to complete half of oscillation is precisely 1 sec.
A. Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is the correct explanation of statement 1.
B. Statement 1 is false, Statement 2 is true
C. Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is false
D. statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is not the correct explanation of statement 1.
183. Two tuning forks, one of frequency 340 Hz and second of some unknown frequency produces 5 beats. When filling is done to second fork, then they produces 2 beats. Find initial frequency of second tuning fork.
A. 342 Hz
B. 338 Hz
C. 345 Hz
D. 335 Hz

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

184. Carrier frequency and band width of a signal is 5.4 MHz and 90 kHz respectively. How many channels are there ?

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185. Heat and Work are
A. extensive variables
B. intensive variables
C. path functions
D. point functions

## Answer: C

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186. The stopping potential $e V_{S}$ depends on
A. frequency
B. amplitude
C. phase
D. intensity

## - Watch Video Solution

187. $16 \mathrm{gm} \mathrm{O}_{2}, 28 \mathrm{gm} \mathrm{N}_{2}, 44 \mathrm{gm} \mathrm{CO}_{2}$ at V , T . Find P
A. $\frac{3}{2} R \frac{T}{V}$
B. $\frac{5}{2} R \frac{T}{V}$
C. $\frac{1}{2} R \frac{T}{V}$
D. $R \frac{T}{V}$
188. Height of Antenna $=25 \mathrm{~m}$, Height of building $=75 \mathrm{~m}$. Find wavelength
A. 100
B. 200
C. 300
D. 400
189. The magnetic moment of a magnetised steel wire is $M$. If wire is bent to form a semin-circular arc then magnetic moment becomes
A. $\frac{\pi}{2} m$
B. $\pi \frac{m}{2}$
C. $2 \frac{m}{\pi}$
D. $\frac{m}{4} \pi$

## Answer: C

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190. If the body is taken in a lift up with a $a=\frac{g}{2}$. Then new time period?
A. $2 \pi \sqrt{3 \frac{l}{2} g}$
B. $2 \pi \sqrt{3 \frac{l}{4} g}$
C. $2 \pi \sqrt{2 \frac{l}{3} g}$
D. $2 \pi \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}$
191. Velocity-displacement graph is given in figure below. Then draw acceleration-displacement


## - Watch Video Solution

192. Take a square $A B C D$ of side $I$ and $B D$ is diagnol. Find MOI along a line passing through corner parallel to $B D$
A. $3 m l^{2}$
B. $2 m l^{2}$
C. $m l^{2}$
D. $4 m l^{2}$

## - Watch Video Solution

193. A pendulum is located inside lift.If initially time period is pendulum
is T . Find its time period if lift accelerate upwards with acceleration $\mathrm{g} / 2$

## - Watch Video Solution

194. The angle of deviation is minimum at
195. i \&e are symmetric about prism
196. $\mathrm{i}=\mathrm{e}$
197. ray inside prism is parallel to prism
198. $e=2 i$
A. all 1,2,3
B. 1,3
C. 2,3
D. 3,4

## - Watch Video Solution

195. Inside a parallel plate capacitor of width 'd' a di-electric plate with dielectric constant k \& width $3 \mathrm{~d} / 4$ is inserted the new capacitance is $\mathrm{C}^{\prime}$. Before insertion of dielectric the capacitance was $C_{0}$. Find relation between $C_{0} \& C^{\prime}$

## - Watch Video Solution

196. Pressure due to water at distance $d=6 \times 10^{-3}$. Find $\%$ pressure change at d = 2d
A. 100
B. 33.33
C. 200/3
D. 50

## - Watch Video Solution

197. In em wave, energy densities in magnetic and electric fields are
A. greater
B. lesser
C. equal
D. not equal
198. In YDSE apparatus screen is placed at distance of 1 m , seperation between slit is 1 mm and fringe width is 6 mm . Find wavelength of light in nm .

## - Watch Video Solution

199. If $\phi=3 e V$ and $\lambda=248 n m$ then de-broglie wavelength is

## - Watch Video Solution

200. Find acceleration of block in $x$-direction

201. Length of a main scale division of vernier calliper is $a \mathrm{~cm} \&(\mathrm{n}-1)$ division of main scale are equal to $n$-division of vernier scale. Find least count

## - Watch Video Solution

202. Find I.


## - Watch Video Solution

203. Two wire A and B whose resistivity length area potential and current are $\rho, L, A, V, I$ and ${ }^{\text {rhho, }} 2 \mathrm{~L}, \mathrm{~A} / 2, \mathrm{~V}$ resp. Find current in wire B
204. Relation between energy density of electric field and magnetic field in em wave.
A. $U_{E}=U_{B}$
B. $U_{E}>U_{B}$
C. $U_{E}<U_{B}$
D. $U_{E} \neq U_{B}$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution


205. Find $v_{2}$.
206. If $\lambda_{1}, \lambda_{2}, \lambda_{3}$ are wavelengths of first 3 lines of balmer series. Find $\frac{\lambda_{1}}{\lambda_{3}}$
(D) Watch Video Solution

A. clockwise in both
B. anticlockwise in both
C. anticlockwise and clockwise
D. clockwise and anticlockwise

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

208. A body is moving in vertical circle with time period of 40 seconds.

If radius is 20 cm mass of body is 200 gm then find normal reaction along vertical side of the path is
A. $1 \times 10^{-3} N$
B. $2.5 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~N}$
C. $5 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~N}$
D. $7.5 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~N}$

## - Watch Video Solution

209. In the given following logic gates input of $A \& B$ may be $0 \& 1$ find

210. A planet is revolving around the Sun in an elliptical orbit. Its closest distance from the Sun is $r$ and farthest distance is $R$. If the orbital velocity of the planet closest to the Sun is $v$, then what is the velocity at the farthest point?
A. $v_{1} \frac{r_{2}}{r_{1}}$
B. $v_{1} \frac{r_{1}}{r_{2}}$
C. $v_{1} \frac{\left(r_{1}\right)^{2}}{\left(r_{2}\right)^{2}}$
D. $v_{-} 1\left(r_{-} 2\right)^{\wedge} 2 /\left(r_{-} 1\right)^{\wedge} 2$
211. Output (V_0) of thegiven RC circuit is

A.

B.

C.

D.

212. The voltage measured across resistance is $V=(50 \pm 0.1) V$ and current is $I=(10 \pm 0.2)$. Find error in resistance
A. $\pm 1.12 \mathrm{ohm}$
B. $\pm 0.11 \mathrm{ohm}$
C. $\pm 0.21$ ohm
D. $\pm 2.12 \mathrm{ohm}$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

213. An uniform circular pulley of 20 kg and radius 0.2 m is hinged at center. A force of 20 N is acting on it as shown. It takes ' $n$ ' turns to

A. 18
B. 19.9
C. 20.5
D. 7.2
214. A conductor of length I, area of cross section A and resistivity $\rho$ has resistance $=R$. It is connected across a cell of voltage $V$. What will be the current flowing resistor if its length is doubled and cross section area is halved.
A. V/IR
B. $\mathrm{V} / 4 \mathrm{R}$
C. $4 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{R}$
D. $\mathrm{V} / 2 \mathrm{R}$

## - Watch Video Solution

215. For a damped oscillator damping constant is $20 \mathrm{gm} / \mathrm{s}$, mass is 500 gm . Find time taken for the amplitude to become half the initial
A. 50
B. $\ln 2$
C. $50 \ln 2$
D. $25 / 2 \ln 2$
216. There are two species A \& B with half lives $54 \& 18$ minutes resp.

The time after which concentration of $A$ is 16 times that of $B$ will be
A. 27 min
B. 54 min
C. 81 min
D. 108 min
217. An electron and a proton are accelerated by same voltage difference. Find the ratio of the de broglie wavelength of electron and proton
A. $\frac{1860}{1}$
B. $\frac{41.4}{1}$
C. $\frac{43}{1}$
D. $\frac{4}{1}$

## Answer: C

## ( Watch Video Solution

218. The focal length of a lens whose refractive index is same as that of outside medium is
A. zero
B. unity
C. infinity
D. none

## - Watch Video Solution

219. A square loop of side $d$ is moved with velocity vîin an non-uniform magnetic field $\frac{B_{0}}{a} x \hat{k}$ then the emf induced shown is?

A. $B_{0} d \frac{v}{a}$
B. $B_{0} a^{2} \frac{v}{d}$
C. $2 B_{0} d^{2} \frac{v}{a}$
D. $B_{0} d^{2} \frac{v}{a}$
220. The half life of radioactive element is 20 min . The time interval between the stages of its $33 \%$ and $67 \%$ decay is
A. 10 mins
B. 20 mins
C. 40 mins
D. 80 mins

## - Watch Video Solution

221. A dielectric ( $\mathrm{k}=3.2$ ) is placed in a capacitor of distance 1 m and area $2 m^{2}$. The width of dielectric is 0.5 m . If net capacitance is $x \varepsilon_{0}$
222. A charge q moves by a distance ' dl ' under the presence of magnetic field B. Find work done by field
A. $q \vec{B} \overrightarrow{d l}$
B. $q^{2} \vec{B} \frac{\overrightarrow{d l}}{2}$
C. infinity
D. 0
223. Red and violet light have
A. same frequency different wavelength
B. different frequency same wavelength
C. different frequency different wavelength
D. same frequency same wavelength

## - Watch Video Solution

224. Heat dissipation across a resistance $R$ is 500 J, if 1.5 A is passed through resistance for 20 s what will be heat generation if 3 A current is passed across the same resistance for 20 sec

## - Watch Video Solution

225. The acceleration of a disc rolling (purely) down an inclined plane of inclination $\theta$ is given as $a=x \frac{g(\sin \theta)}{3}$.Find $\quad \mathrm{x}$

## $\theta$

## - Watch Video Solution

226. A block of mass $=5.99 \mathrm{~kg}$ hangs from string. A small $\mathrm{m}=10 \mathrm{~g}$ strikes it with velocity v . If the height to which system rises is 9.8 cm then find v. Assume perfectly inelastic collision and $g=9.8 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}}$
A. $800 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
B. $840 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
C. $900 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
D. $1000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

## - Watch Video Solution

227. For the diagram shown what is the type of transformer

A. step-up
B. step-down
C. auxillary
D. axial
228. Find the equivalent capacitance for given figure $A=0.2 m^{2} d=4 m k=$
3.2

A. $0.1 \varepsilon_{0}$
B. $0.2 \varepsilon_{0}$
C. $0.3 \varepsilon_{0}$
D. $0.4 \varepsilon_{0}$
229. Source temperature of a carnot engine is 127 celsius if efficiency of carnot engine is $60 \%$ then find sink temperature

## - Watch Video Solution

230. 

The
above
circuit
represents

A. AND GATE
B. NOT GATE
C. OR GATE
D. NAND GATE

## Answer: D

231. A bullet hits a wedge and stuck inside it as shown. The center of mass of system rises by height of 9.8 cm find the initial velocity of bullet (mass of bullet= 10 gm , mass of wedge $=5.99 \mathrm{~kg}$ )


## - Watch Video Solution

232. If the range of single transmission between sending and reciving antennas of equal heights is 45 km . find height of antennas
A. 30 m
B. 39.5 m
C. 45 m
D. 64 m

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

233. A bimetallic strip consists of metals $X$ and $Y$. It mounted rigidly at the base as shown. The metal X has a higher coefficient of expansion compared to that for metal Y . When the bimetallic strip is placed in a

A. combination will bend with $X$ on convex side
B. combination will bend on $Y$ side on convex side
C. no bending
D. cannot be predicted
234. Find resistance if it dissipates 10 mJ of energy per second when current of 1 mA passes through it
A. 1 Kohm
B. 100 k ohm
C. 10K ohm
D. 100 ohm

## - Watch Video Solution

235. A swimmer can swim with speed $12 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ in still water. Speed of river is $6 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Find angle at which he should swim with downstream so
that he reaches directly opposite point on other side

## 12 km /h

## $\theta$

## A. 90 DEGREES

B. 150 DEGREES
C. 60 DEGREES
D. 120 DEGREES
236. A disc having radius 'a' is rolling on an inclined plane as shown in figure. If acceleration of disc $\frac{2}{b} g \sin (\theta)$ then find $b$


## - Watch Video Solution

237. A closed organ pipe of length $L$ and an open organ pipe contain gases of densities $\rho_{1}$ and $\rho_{2}$ resp. The compressiblity of gases are equal in both pipes. Both pipes are vibrating in first overtones with same frequency. The length of open organ pipe is
A. $\frac{L}{3}$
B. $4 \frac{L}{3}$
C. $4 \frac{L}{3}\left(\sqrt{\rho_{1}+\rho_{2}}\right)$
D. $4 \frac{L}{3}\left(\sqrt{\frac{\rho_{1}}{\rho_{2}}}\right)$

## - Watch Video Solution

238. Amplitude of mass spring system which is executing SHM decreases with time. If mass $=500 \mathrm{~g}$ decay constant $=20 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{s}$ then how much time is required for the amplitude of the system to drop to half of its initial value.
A. 15.01s
B. 17.32s
C. 14.65s
D. 34.66 s
239. A convex lens, $\mu=1.4$ both sides $R_{1}, R_{2}$ to radius of curvature of both sides. Focal length = ?
A. 1
B. $R_{1} R_{2}$
C. infinity
D. -1

## - Watch Video Solution

240. In a vessel containing an ideal gas the pressure $1.1 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~Pa}$ temperature is 27 celsuis and diameter of molecules is 0.8 nm . Find mean freepath of molecules if boltzmann constant is $1.38 \times 10^{-23}$.
A. 13.2 nm
B. 132 nm
C. 32 nm
D. 1.32 nm

## - Watch Video Solution

241. For a heat engine the temperature of the source is $127^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. To have $60 \%$ efficiency the temperature of the sink is
A. 143
B. -105
C. - 113
D. 113
242. 1.5 milli gram of gold (molar mass $198 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mole}$ ) is undergoing radioactive decay having half life of 2.7 days. Find initial activity of substance
A. 366 curie
B. 466 curie
C. 536 curie
D. 636 curie

## (D) Watch Video Solution

243. A particle of mass 2 kg is placed at rest at origin. A force $\vec{F}=2 \hat{i}+3 \hat{j}+5 \hat{k}$ is acting on particle. At $\mathrm{t}=4 \mathrm{sec}$ the position vector of particle is found to be $8 \hat{i}+b \hat{j}+20 \hat{k}$. Find b
A. 12
B. -6
C. 2
D. 10

## D Watch Video Solution

244. Find the magnitude of torque produced by a force $\vec{F}=4 \hat{i}+3 \hat{j}+\hat{k}$ about point $(2,3,5)$

## - Watch Video Solution

245. Diameter of plano-convex lens is 6 cm and thickness at the centre is 3 mm . If speed of light in material of lens is $2 \times 10^{\wedge} 8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, the focal

A. 20 cm
B. 30 cm
C. 10 cm
D. 15 cm

Answer: B
246. A boy moves a ball of mass 0.5 kg in horizontal surface with 20 $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$. It collides and moves with $5 \%$ of its initial kinetic energy. Find final speed
A. $\sqrt{5} \frac{m}{\mathrm{~s}}$
B. $4 \sqrt{5} \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$
C. $2 \sqrt{5} \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$
D. $2 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

247. Find B. Given $\mathrm{n}=1000$ turns $/ \mathrm{m} \mu_{r}=500 \mu_{0}=4 \pi \times 10^{-7} T \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~A}} \mathrm{I}=10 \mathrm{~A}$
A. $2 \pi T e s l a$
B. $3 \pi T e s l a$
C. $5 \pi T e s l a$
D. $7 \pi T e s l a$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

248. A particle accelerates from rest with uniform acceleration $\alpha$ then decelerates to rest witha constant deceleration $\beta$. Find total displacement. Given time is T
A. $\frac{\alpha \beta T^{2}}{2}(\alpha+\beta)$
B. $\frac{\alpha \beta T^{2}}{\alpha+\beta}$
C. $\alpha T^{2}+\beta T^{2}$
D. $\frac{\alpha T^{2}+\beta T^{2}}{2}$

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

249. Two identical metallic wires are connected one after other. Find
their $K_{e} q$
A. $k_{1}+k_{2}$
B. $k_{1} \frac{k_{2}}{k_{1}+k_{2}}$
$k_{1}+k_{2}$
C. $\frac{}{2}$
D. $\frac{2 k_{1} k_{2}}{k_{1}+k_{2}}$

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

250. An electron (e,m) and photon have same energy E. Then the ratio $\lambda_{e}: \lambda_{p}$ is?
A. $\frac{1}{C}\left(\sqrt{\frac{E}{2 m}}\right)$
B. $\frac{1}{c}\left(\sqrt{\frac{E}{m}}\right)$
C. $\frac{2}{c}\left(\sqrt{\frac{E}{m}}\right)$
D. $\frac{1}{2} c\left(\sqrt{\frac{E}{m}}\right)$

## - Watch Video Solution

251. In a metal conductor 0.1 A current is following. The cross sectional area is $5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$. Drift velocity is given to be $2 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. Find free electron density
A. $625 \times 10^{23}$
B. $62.5 \times 10^{23}$
C. $500 \times 10^{23}$
D. $400 \times 10^{23}$

## D Watch Video Solution

252. For a polyatomic ideal gas, vibrational degree are 24. $\frac{C_{p}}{C_{v}}$ is
A. 1.01
B. 1.03
C. 1.05
D. 1.07
253. The r.m.s. value of $I=I_{1} \sin \omega t+I_{2} \cos \omega t$ is
A. $\sqrt{\frac{\left(I_{1}\right)^{2}+\left(I_{2}\right)^{2}}{2}}$
B. $\sqrt{\frac{I_{1} I_{2}}{I_{1}+I_{2}}}$
C. $\frac{I_{1}+I_{2}}{2}$
D. $\frac{\bmod \left(I_{1}-I_{2}\right)}{2}$

## - Watch Video Solution

254. $F_{\text {max }}$ such that block moves together $\left(g=9.8 \frac{m}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}}\right)$


## smooth

A. 21 N
B. 40 N
C. 38 N
D. 10 N
255. Given ratio of time period $\frac{T_{2}}{T_{2}}$. For the two systems shown here is

256. Find radius of curvature of common surface

A. $R=\frac{a b}{\bmod (a-b)}$
B. $R=a+b$
C. $R=\bmod (a-b)$
D. $R=\sqrt{a^{2}+b^{2}}$
257. If equivalent resistors in series is $S$ and parallel is $P$. ans $S=n P$ find minimum value of $n$ ?
A. 1
B. 2
C. 0
D. 4

## Answer: D

## (D) Watch Video Solution

258. Two polyatomic ideal gases are mixed together temperatures $T_{1}$ and $T_{2}$, number of molecules $N_{1}$ and $N_{2}$, mass of particles $m_{1}$ and $m_{2}$, degrees of freedom $f_{1}$ and $f_{2}$ find final temperatures of mixtures.
A. $\frac{N_{1} T_{1}+N_{2} T_{2}}{N_{1}+N_{2}}$
B. $\frac{N_{1} f_{1} T_{1}+N_{2} f_{2} T_{2}}{N_{1} f_{1}+N_{2} f_{2}}$
C. $\frac{f_{1} T_{1}+f_{2} T_{2}}{f_{1}+f_{2}}$
D. $\frac{T_{1}+T_{2}}{2}$

## Answer: B

## Watch Video Solution

259. In a SHM distance from mean position where kinetic energy equals potential energy is
A. A
B. $\frac{A}{2}$
C. $\frac{A}{\sqrt{2}}$
D. $\frac{A}{4}$
260. A carnot engine operating between $400 \mathrm{~K} \& 800 \mathrm{~K}$ does 1200 J of work in 1cycle. Find heat extracted from source
A. 2400 J
B. 3000 J
C. 200J
D. 1500 J

## - Watch Video Solution

261. If $V_{n}$ is speed of an electron in $n$th orbit of a hydrogen atom then correct proportionality is
A. $V_{n} \propto n^{2}$
B. $V_{n} \propto n$
C. $V_{n} \propto \frac{1}{n}$
D. $V_{n} \propto \frac{1}{n^{2}}$

## D Watch Video Solution

262. The radius of earth is R and escape speed is $v_{e}$. If the radius of earth needs to be changed to nR so that escape speed becomes $10 v_{e}$. Find $n$
A. 44470
B. 10
C. 1/100
D. 100

A. OR GATE
B. AND GATE
C. NAND GATE
D. NOR GATE

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

264. Particles is moving on circular track such that its angular velocity
A. $L_{a}$ and $L_{b}$ both constant in magnitude
B. $L_{a}$ is not conserved
C. $L_{b}$ is conserved
D. none

Answer: A
265. A radio antenna of 30 m . The acceptor is on the ground Rearth $=6400 \mathrm{~km}$. What is the area covered for signalling

## (D) Watch Video Solution

266. Which of the following will reach first on ground if objects are of same mass and radius are under pure rolling.

A. RING

## B. CYLINDER

C. DISC
D. SOLID SPHERE

## Answer: D

Watch Video Solution

## 267.

Torque
about
0
\&

268. In which orbit of carbon ion(hydrogen like ion) electron has equal energy to that of hydrogen atom in ground state
A. $n=3$
B. $n=4$
C. $n=5$
D. $n=6$

## - Watch Video Solution

269. A body is rotating with 900 rpm . The angular velocity mereates to 2460 rpm in 26secs due to a constant angular acceleration. Total number of revolutions during acceleration is
A. 728 rev
B. 364 rev
C. 1456 rev
D. 182 rev

## - Watch Video Solution

270. A car is moving with velocity v on circular turn of radius R. Mass of the car is m . Evaluate the negative lift $\left(F_{L}\right)$ acting on the car

A. $\frac{m v^{2}}{\mu R}-2 m g$
B. $\frac{m v^{2}}{2 \mu R}-2 m g$
C. $\frac{m v^{2}}{\mu R}-m g$
D. $\frac{m v^{2}}{3 \mu R}-m g$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

271. If vernier calliper has positive error of 0.2 mm . If zero of vernier scale lies between 8.5 cm and 8.6 cm . If 6 th division of vernier scale coincides with main scale. Then reading will be (LC $=0.1 \mathrm{MM}$ )
A. 8.56 CM
B. 8.54 CM
C. 8.58 CM
D. 8.60 CM

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

272. Find energy absorbed by the surface of area $30 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ in 40 minutes. If force applied by light is $2.5 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~N}$ normally?
A. $540 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{~J}$
B. $60 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{~J}$
C. $18 \times 10^{8}$ J
D. $180 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{~J}$

## - Watch Video Solution

273. Four parallel plates $A, B, C, D$ each of length $2 m$, wdth $3 / 2 m$, are placed parallel to eachother at distance d. If B\&D are now connected,
the equivalent capacitance between $\mathrm{A} \& \mathrm{C}$ is $x \frac{-}{d}$ Then value of x is


## - Watch Video Solution

274. A bob of mass $m$ attached to an inextensible string of length $I$, is suspended from a vertical support. Bob rotates in a horizontal circle with angular speed $\omega$ and string makes an angle of $\theta$ with the vertical.

Find the angular momentum of bob about axis of rotation

A. $m l^{2} \omega \sin ^{2}(\theta)$
B. $2 m l^{2} \omega \sin ^{2}(\theta)$
C. $m l^{2} \omega \cos ^{2}(\theta)$
D. $2 m l^{2} \omega \cos ^{2}(\theta)$

## - Watch Video Solution

275. Find out the ratio $\frac{C_{p}}{C_{v}}$ of polyatomic gas for 2 vibrational degree of freedom

## D Watch Video Solution

276. If $\vec{E}=\frac{3}{5} \hat{i}+\frac{4}{5} \hat{j}$ then find electric flux through an area of $0.4 \mathrm{~m}^{\wedge} 2$ parallel to $y$-z plane
A. $0.12 N \frac{\mathrm{~m}^{2}}{\mathrm{C}}$
B. $0.24 N \frac{\mathrm{~m}^{2}}{\mathrm{C}}$
C. $0.36 N \frac{\mathrm{~m}^{2}}{\mathrm{C}}$
D. $0.48 N \frac{\mathrm{~m}^{2}}{\mathrm{C}}$

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

277. 

Find
current
through
galvanometer

A. $\frac{57}{965}$
B. $\frac{79}{965}$
C. $\frac{22}{765}$
D. 0

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

278. A sphere of radius 1 cm moving with $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ starts going up the plane performing pure rolling on an inclined plane of inclination 30 degrees. Find total time taken by it to go up and come down the plane
A. $\frac{7}{25} \mathrm{sec}$
B. $\frac{14}{25} \mathrm{sec}$
C. $\frac{21}{25} \mathrm{sec}$
D. 1 sec

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

279. Internal resistance of battery of emf 2 E is $R_{1}$ and battery of emf E is $R_{2}$. If the potential difference across the cell of emf 2 E is zero, then value of $R$ is

A. $\frac{R_{1}+R_{2}}{2}$
B. $\left(R_{1}-R_{2}\right)$
C. $\frac{R_{1}-R_{2}}{2}$
D. $\frac{R_{1}-2 R_{2}}{2}$

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

280. If maximum velocities of both the SHMs is same then find the ratio
of amplitudes of the two cases

A. $\sqrt{\frac{k_{2}}{k_{1}}}$
B. $\sqrt{\frac{k_{1}}{k_{2}}}$
C. $\frac{k_{2}}{k_{1}}$
D. $\frac{k_{1}}{k_{2}}$

Answer: A
281. An object is taken to a depth of 2 km inside an ocean. Percentage change in volume is $1.39 \%$. Find bulk modulus
A. $1.47 \times 10^{9} \frac{\mathrm{~N}}{\mathrm{~m}^{2}}$
B. $1.08 \times 10^{9} \frac{\mathrm{~N}}{\mathrm{~m}^{2}}$
C. $1.75 \times 10^{9} \frac{\mathrm{~N}}{\mathrm{~m}^{2}}$
D. $2.34 \times 10^{9} \frac{\mathrm{~N}}{\mathrm{~m}^{2}}$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

282. If velocity of a moving particle in is $v=a+g t+f t^{2}$ (a,g,f are constants). At $\mathrm{t}=\mathrm{O}$ body is at origin. Find displacement after $\mathrm{t}=1 \mathrm{~s}$.

$$
\text { A. } a+g+f
$$

B. $g+2 f$
C. $a+\left(\frac{g}{2}\right)+\left(\frac{f}{3}\right)$
D. $\left(\frac{a}{2}\right)+\left(\frac{g}{3}\right)+\left(\frac{f}{4}\right)$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

283. If carrier wave is given by $y_{c}=A_{c} \sin \left(\omega_{c} t\right)$ and message signal is $y_{s}=A_{s} \sin \left(\omega_{s} t\right)$ find bandwidth of AM wave (in hz)
A. $\frac{\omega_{s}}{\pi}$
B. $\frac{\omega_{s}}{2 \pi}$
C. $\frac{\omega_{c}-\omega_{s}}{\pi}$
D. $2 \frac{\omega_{c}-\omega_{s}}{\pi}$
284. If $\omega$ is doubled in purely inductive circuit. find effect on $X_{L}$ and $i$ ?

A. no change
B. both doubled
C. $X_{L}$ is doubled, current is halved
D. $X_{L}$ is halved, current is doubled'
285. If initial amplitude during a damped oscillation of mass m is 12 cm and after 2 s it reduces to 6 cm then find damping constant(b)
A. $m \ln (2)$
B. $2 m$
C. $m^{2} \ln 2$
D. $\frac{2 m}{m^{2}}$

## Answer: A

## Watch Video Solution

286. Radius of planet is $R$ and time for rotation is 24 hrs . A geostationary satellite is at an altitude 11 R of parallel. Find time period of a satellite which is at an altitude of $2 R$ ?
A. 12 hrs
B. 8 hrs
C. 4hrs
D. 3hrs

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

287. Particles on a string vibrate with amplitude of 6 cm speed of wave is $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ and angular frequency of oscillations is 245 . Find wave equation of wave is travelling along positive $x$-direction.
A. $y=0.06 \sin \left(245 t-49 \frac{x}{60}\right)$
B. $y=0.06 \sin \left(245 t+49 \frac{x}{60}\right)$
C. $y=0.06 \sin (245 t-300 x)$
D. $y=0.06 \sin (245 t+300 x)$

## - Watch Video Solution

288. Match following for AC Column II

| Column 1 | the |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1) purely inductive | p) Voltage leads current <br> 2) Purely capacitive <br> 3) Purely resistive <br> 4) Series LCR |
| r) Current leads voltage in phase <br> s) Current may lead or lag or be in phase of voltage |  |

## ( Watch Video Solution

289. In figure shown U-shaped wire a current i is flowing as shown.

Section PQR is a semicircle of radius a.lf $O$ is origin then find magnetic

field at O
A. $\left(\frac{\mu_{0} i}{2 \pi a}+\frac{\mu_{0} i}{4 a}\right) \hat{k}$
B. $\frac{\mu_{0} i}{4 a} \hat{k}$
C. $-\left(\frac{\mu_{0} i}{2 \pi a}+\frac{\mu_{0} i}{4 a}\right) \hat{k}$
D. $-\frac{\mu_{0} i}{4 a} \hat{k}$
290. A ball falls from a height of 5 m and each time it rises by $81 / 100$ of its initial height and so on. ( $g=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ ) Find average speed for long time.
A. 3
B. 2.5
C. 2
D. 3.5

## Answer: B

291. Light of frequency $f_{1}$ and $f_{2}$ fall on same metal and the max speed of photo electron is $v_{1}$ and $v_{2}$ resp. and mass is m . Find relation between $v_{1}$ and $v_{2}$.
A. $v_{2}^{2}-v_{1}^{2}=\frac{h\left(\left(f_{2}-f_{1}\right)\right)}{2} m$
B. $v_{2}^{2}-v_{1}^{2}=\frac{h\left(f_{2}-f_{1}\right)}{m}$
C. $v_{2}^{2}-v_{1}^{2}=\frac{2 h\left(f_{2}-f_{1}\right)}{m}$
D. $v_{2}-v_{1}=\frac{2 h\left(f_{2}-f_{1}\right)}{m}$

## Answer: A

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292. visible line of hydrogen spectrum will be
A. Iyman
B. balmer
C. brackett
D. pfund

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

293. Find out $F_{\text {min }}$ so that block will move


- Watch Video Solution

294. A geostationary satellite is orbiting the earth at height 11 R above surface of the earth. $R$ being radius of earth. If the time period of this
satellite is 24 hr find out time period of another satellite which is revolving at $2 R$ from surface of earth
A. $6 \sqrt{2}$
B. 5
C. 3
D. 8

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution


A. NAND
B. XOR
C. NOR
D. XNOR

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

296. a solid sphere of mass 2 kg and radius 0.5 m is projected from point A on a rough inclined plane as shown in figure. If it rolls without sliding find time taken to reach again at $A$ is?
297. For a satellite at a distance 11 R from the surface of a planet $P$ of radius R. Its time period is 24 hrs . Evaluate time period of another satellite at a distance $2 R$ from surface of $P$

## Watch Video Solution

298. Sample of gases are taken through isothermal and adiabatic process. Choose which of the following diagram correctly represent isothermal and adiabatic process

C.

D.


## Answer: D

Watch Video Solution
299. The diagram shows a quarter disc having uniform mass distribution. If coordinate of center of mass is $\left(x \frac{a}{3 \pi}, x \frac{a}{3 \pi}\right)$ then $\mathrm{x}=$
$(0,0)$

## - Watch Video Solution

300. A $2 \mu F$ capacitor is charged with 10 volt cell. Now cell is removed and this capacitor is connected with uncharged $8 \mu F$ capacitor. Find out final charge on $8 \mu F$ capacitor.

A. $16 \mu F$
B. $8 \mu \mathrm{~F}$
C. $12 \mu F$
D. $2 \mu F$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

301. The potential energy of a particle moving in a circular path is given by $U=U_{0} r^{4}$ where $r$ is radius of circular path. Assume bohr model to be valid. The radius of $n$th orbit is $r \propto n \bar{\alpha}$ where $\alpha$ is

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302. Find the minimum value of force (in N ) man should apply so that


## O <br> Watch Video Solution

303. In a liquid whose $\rho=1000 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{\wedge} 3$ at a depth of 2 km the value of $\frac{\Delta V}{V}=1.36 \%$ is given then find the ratio of (hydraulic stress)/(hydraulic strain). $\left(g=9.8 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}}\right)$
A. $14.41 \times 10^{8} \frac{\mathrm{~N}}{\mathrm{~m}^{2}}$
B. $34.41 \times 10^{8} \frac{\mathrm{~N}}{\mathrm{~m}^{2}}$
C. $1.441 \times 10^{8} \frac{\mathrm{~N}}{\mathrm{~m}^{2}}$
D. $44.41 \times 10^{8} \frac{\mathrm{~N}}{\mathrm{~m}^{2}}$

## Answer: A

## (D) Watch Video Solution

304. An equi-convex lens in air forms real image at distance 10 cm from lens for real object. If image distance is $2 / 3$ rd of object distance. Wavelength of light in medium of lens is $2 / 3$ rd of wavelength in vacuum. Find radius of curvature of lens.
A. 6 cm
B. 15 cm
C. 9 cm
D. 10 cm

## Answer: A

## Watch Video Solution

305. An AC voltage rating $240 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$. Find the time to change current from max. value to rms value.
A. 2.55 ms
B. 2.5 ms
C. 0.25 ms
D. 25 ms

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

306. Angular velocity of a ring is $\omega$. If we put two masses each of mass m at the diametrically opposite points then the resultant angular velocity ( $m=$ mass of ring)

## - Watch Video Solution

307. A block is pulled with constant power what is the relation between displacement $(\mathrm{x})$ and time $(\mathrm{t})$ for this
A. $x \propto t^{\frac{3}{2}}$
B. $x \propto t^{\frac{2}{3}}$
C. $x \propto t^{\frac{1}{2}}$
D. $x \propto t^{2}$

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

308. A swimmer swims with a speed of $10 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$ at angle of $120^{\circ}$ from direction of river flow. Find velocity of river flow such that swimmer
reach exactly opposite point of bank.

309. Radius of orbit of a satellite is $R$ and $T$ is time period. Find $T$ when orbit radius increase to $9 R$

## - Watch Video Solution

310. A bullet of mass 0.1 Kg moves with velocity $10 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$ it strikes a block and comes to rest after travels 0.5 m inside block. Find retardation of bullet

## - Watch Video Solution

311. Find the distance between third and first maxima.

$$
\left(d=0.5 m m, D=0.5 m, \lambda=5890 A^{0}\right)
$$

## - Watch Video Solution

312. An oil drop of radiuss 2 mm with density $3\left(\frac{g}{\mathrm{~cm}^{3}}\right)$ is held stationary under a constant $\vec{E}=3.35 \times 10^{5} \frac{\mathrm{~V}}{\mathrm{~m}}$ in the milikan's drop experiment. What is number of excess electron that oil drop will possess $(g=9.81) \frac{\mathrm{m}}{\mathrm{s}^{2}}$

## - Watch Video Solution

313. A flexible wire loop is placed in a uniform external magnetic field if current is passed through wire assuming normal magnetic field. What will be the effect on wire.
A. shape will change
B. shape will not change
C. wire will get straight stretched
D. loop becomes circular parallel to field

## - Watch Video Solution

314. What will be average value of energy along one degree of freedom for an ideal gas in thermal equilibrium at temp. T

## - Watch Video Solution

315. In a SHM with time period 2 s . Time taken for displacement x to reach $\frac{A}{2}$ from mean position is $\frac{1}{a}$ find $a$ ?

## - Watch Video Solution

316. If resistance is increased gradually in LCR circuit.
A. quality factor increases
B. Resonance frequency gets increased
C. quality factor and resonance frequency remain same
D. band width increase

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

317. Initial charge on capacitor of $3 \mu \mathrm{C}$. Find initial current when switched is closed.
A. $1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$
B. $0.2 \mu \mathrm{~A}$
C. $3 \mu A$
D. $4 \mu \mathrm{~A}$

## - Watch Video Solution

318. A disc of mass $M$ and radius $R$ is rotating about its axis with initial angular velocity of $\omega_{0}$ as shown. Now two small masses of $m$ each one kept on the circumference diametrically opposite to eachother. Find

$M \omega_{0}$
A. $\overline{M+2 m}$
$M \omega_{0}$
B. $\frac{}{M+m}$
C. $\frac{M \omega_{0}}{M+4 m}$
D. none
319. A girl cant see window mesh properly. She saw window mesh distorted and non-uniform. She went to doctor. Doctor says she is suffering from-
A. myopia and hypermetropia
B. astigmatism
C. hypermetropia and astigmatism
D. myopia and astigmatism

## - Watch Video Solution

320. A constant power delivering machine towed a box. The box travels in a straight line. The distance covered in time $t$ is proportional to
A. $2 / 3$
B. $3 / 2$
C. 1
D. none

## D Watch Video Solution

321. An electromagnetic wave of 100 MHz is travelling in $+X$ direction and magnetic field at origin at an instant is $2 \times 10^{-8} T \hat{k}$. Find $\vec{E}$ at origin at same at same instant
A. $0.6 \hat{j}$
B. $6 \hat{j}$
C. $0.6 \hat{k}$
D. $6 \hat{k}$
322. Velocity of particle $=4 v_{e}$, if $\frac{\lambda_{p}}{\lambda_{e}}=\frac{2}{1}$. Find $\frac{m_{p}}{m_{e}}$ ?
A. $1 / 8$
B. 44409
C. 4
D. 44287

## - Watch Video Solution

323. A radioactive material $X$ decays via two processes to produce $Y \& Z$ parallely with half live 1 hr and 2 hr resp. Find effective half life
A. 3 hrs
B. $3 / 2 \mathrm{hrs}$
C. $2 / 3 \mathrm{hrs}$
D. 1 hrs

## - Watch Video Solution

324. Match following layers of our atmosphere with approximate maximum height from earth's surface.

| Column I | Column li |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1) Troposphere | a) 700 km |
| 2) Stratosphere | b) 80 km |
| 3) Mesosphere | c) 50 km |
| 4) Thermosphere | d) 11 km |
| 5) Exosphere | e) 1000 km |

## - <br> Watch Video Solution

325. In a hydrogen atom if electron is replaced by a muon then find the ionisation energy of atom. (Given mass of $\mu=207 \mathrm{~m}_{-} \mathrm{e}$ )
A. 13.6 eV
B. 27.2 eV
C. 2815.2 eV
D. 2720 eV
326. In the given circuit find potential difference across 10 ohm

resistance
A. 100 V
B. 10 V
C. 70V
D. NONE
327. A body of mass 10 kg is at height of 10 m at point A as shown on a
smooth track. Find at Beed B.
A. $5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
B. $\sqrt{20} \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$
C. $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
D. $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
328. A current carrying loop of random shape is placed perpendicular to magnetic field. Then shape of the loop will be:

A. ellipse
B. circle
C. straight line
D. rectangle

## Answer: B

329.4 sets of graphs one given. Each set consists of a displacement-time(s-t), velocity-time(v-t) \& acceleration time (a-t) graph. Which set correctly illustrates all 3 graphs.
A.

B.

C.

D.


## - Watch Video Solution

330. Initially a body of mass 10 kg is moving along $x$-axis with velocity $10 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. It collides with another body of mass 20 kg and comes to rest. The 20kg mass object disintegrates in 2 parts each of mass 10kg. One part moves along $y$-axis with velocity $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ and another at 30
degrees with $x$-axis. Evaluate velocity of object which moves at angle 30 degrees with $x$-axis

## - Watch Video Solution

331. Two wires $A$ \& $B$ of same material having elongation 2 mm and 4 mm resp. on applying 2 N take. If radius of $B$ is 4 times the radius of $A$ and ratio of length of $A$ is to $B$ in the form of $1 / x$ then the value of $x$ is.

## - Watch Video Solution

332. In a wire $\mathrm{V}=5.0 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}=2.00 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~L}=10.0 \mathrm{~cm}$ and diameter $\mathrm{d}=5.00 \mathrm{~mm}$.

Evaluate $\frac{\Delta(\rho) \times 100}{\rho}$
A. 3.9
B. 0.019
C. 0.029
D. 0.03

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

333. Four identical solenoids are connected as shown.


If magnetic
field in $A$ is $3 T$, evaluate magnetic field in C
A. $1 T$
B. 9 T
C. 12T
D. $6 T$

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

334. In given PV graph process CA is adiabatic. Find work done in
A. -400 J
B. -500 J
C. 200J
D. 400J

## Answer: B

## Watch Video Solution

335. The relation between $\alpha$ and $\beta$ of a transistor is
A. $\beta=\frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha}$
B. $\beta=\frac{1+\alpha}{\alpha}$
C. $\beta=\frac{\alpha}{1+\alpha}$
D. $\beta=\frac{1-\alpha}{\alpha}$
336. The areal velocity of a planet of mass $m$ moving in elliptical orbit around the sun with an angular momentum of $L$ units is equal to
A. $\frac{d A}{d t}=\frac{L}{m}$
B. $\frac{d A}{d t}=\frac{2 m}{L}$
C. $\frac{d A}{d t}=\frac{L}{2 m}$
D. $\frac{d A}{d t}=\frac{m}{L}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

337. An ideal gas follows a process $P V^{\gamma}=$ constant where $\gamma=$ adiabatic exponent.The slope of $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{V}$ graph will be represented by
A. $-\frac{\gamma V}{P}$
B. $-\frac{\gamma P}{V}$
C. $-\frac{P}{V}$
D. $-\frac{V}{P}$

## - Watch Video Solution

338. In nuclear decay process if $\frac{n}{p}$ ratio increases then which decay process may have ocurred
A. $\beta$ - decay
B. $\gamma$ decay
C. $\beta^{+}$decay
D. none
339. What is the ratio of RMS and average speed of oxygen molecule?
A. $\sqrt{\frac{3 \pi}{8}}$
B. $\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}$
C. $\sqrt{\frac{4 \pi}{3}}$
D. $\sqrt{\frac{8}{3 \pi}}$

## - Watch Video Solution

340. In a series LCR circuit $X_{L}=10 \mathrm{ohm}, X_{C}=4$ ohm and $\mathrm{R}=4 \mathrm{ohm}$. Find power factor.
A. 2
B. $\frac{2}{\sqrt{13}}$
C. $\sqrt{2}$
D. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

## D Watch Video Solution

341. A particle of mass 5 gm thrown from ground with speed of $5 \sqrt{2}$ $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$ at an angle $45^{\circ}$ from ground. Find change in momentum from throwing instant upto time instant when fell on to ground.
A. 0.5 N
B. 0.025 N
C. 0.05 N
D. 0.25 N
342. Which of the following colors pass through prism? $\left(\mu_{B}=1.49, \mu_{G}=\right.$
$\left.1.41, \mu_{R}=1.27\right)$
A. all three
B. blue
C. red
D. none
343. A rod of mass $M$ and length $L$ is bent to form a semicircle. The MOI about an axis perpendicular to plane of semicircle about its center is
A. $\frac{M L^{2}}{12}$
B. $\frac{M L^{2}}{\pi^{2}}$
C. $\frac{M L^{2}}{4 \pi^{2}}$
D. $\frac{M L^{2}}{2}$

## - Watch Video Solution

344. A comet is approaching earth with speed of $286 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{s}$. It is observed that the light coming from comet is shifted by $X \times 10^{-10} \mathrm{~m}$ wavelength of 630 nm , Find $X$
A. 1
B. 30
C. 6
D. 100

## D Watch Video Solution

345. An isolated proton cannot split into a neutron
A. because proton is heavier than neutron
B. a proton can convert into neutron inside nucleus
C. it is not possible to convert proton to neutron in any condition
D. none
346. A piston (smooth and free) is placed on free surface of fluid as shown. Find speed of efflux

## 24 kg

## 40 cm

## $0.4 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$

## - Watch Video Solution

347. Which of following in an equation of SHM with time period $\frac{\pi}{\omega}$ ?
A. $\sin ^{2}(\omega t)$
B. $\cos (\omega t)+\cos (2 \omega t)+\cos (3 \omega t)$
C. $3 \cos \left(\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)-2 \omega t\right)$
D. none

- Watch Video Solution

348. From given v-t graph identify correct a-t graph

A.
B.

D.


## - Watch Video Solution

349. In given setup if there is no deflection in galvanometer then find
value of $x$. Total length of wire $A B$ is 78 cm

A. 46.8 cm
B. 31.2 cm
C. 39 cm
D. 50 cm

## - Watch Video Solution

350. If we take 2 cases as:
351. antenna is at height 20 m
352. antenna is at 25 m above ground level then the difference in range between two cases in percentage in $n \%$. Find $n$
A. 0.12
B. 0.25
C. 0.35
D. 0.4

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

351. A proton and alpha particle with kinetic energies $K_{p}$ and $K_{\alpha}$ resp. enters a region of uniform magnetic field perpendicularly. The ratio of radii $R_{p}: R_{\alpha}=2: 1$ then find $K_{p}: K_{\alpha}$
A. 0.16
B. 4.00
C. 0.3
D. 0.04

## D Watch Video Solution

352. For given circuit determine equivalent resistivity between point $A$
\& B. $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$ have identical geometrical dimensions and resistivity 3
\& 6resp.

A. 1
B. 3
C. 2
D. 4
353. a particle moving in a circle track is given potential energy $U=-\frac{k}{r}$ where $U$ is potential energy and $r$ is radius. The correct graph between speed and radius of particles will be

A.

B.

C.

D.

## D Watch Video Solution

354. A solid cylinder of mass $m$ is resting on fixed rough inclined plane with help of a thread. Find friction force between cylinder and inclined

## fixed

## - Watch Video Solution

355. Two resistance of identical shape but of different resistivity of values 3 and 6 are connected in parallel combination .The effective resistivity of the combination is
A. 18
B. 9
C. 4
D. $\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$

## - Watch Video Solution

356. In adiabatic expansion the change in fractional part of pressure is
A. $-\frac{1}{Y}\left(\frac{d V}{V}\right)$
B. $-\gamma\left(\frac{d V}{V}\right)$
c. $\frac{d V}{V}$
D. $-\gamma\left(\frac{V}{d V}\right)$
357. With what time period earth should rotate so that objects at equator will be weightless :
A. 84 min
B. 112 min
C. 600 min
D. none
358. A charge of magnitude 1C is placed at origin. Infinite number of charges placed on $y$-axis at coordinates of $1 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{~m}, 8 \mathrm{~m}$,...... of magnitude $1 \mu C$. Then find force exerted by these charge on the charge placed at origin
A. $4 \times 10^{3} N$
B. $8 \times 10^{3} N$
C. $12 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~N}$
D. $16 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~N}$

## - Watch Video Solution

359. An inductor of inductance $L$ and resistance $R$ has energy stored $E$ in it in the discharging LR circuit the time after which energy stored will be $25 \%$ of initial energy is
A. $\frac{L}{R}$
B. $\frac{L \ln 2}{R}$
C. $\frac{L}{2 R}$
D. $\frac{L \ln (2)}{2 R}$
360. If EM wave is travelling in $y$-direction then pairs of electric and magnetic field are
A. $E_{X}, B_{z}$
B. $E_{x}, B_{y}$
C. $E_{z}, B_{y}$
D. $E_{y}, B_{z}$

## (D) Watch Video Solution

361. Radius $=7.5 \pm 0.85$ find error in volume
362. $m_{1}$ mass is incident on $m_{2}$. which is in rest After collision they
move with same speed in opposite direction. Find $\frac{m_{2}}{m_{1}}$
A. 0.08
B. 0.04
C. 0.33
D. 0.04

## D Watch Video Solution

363. Proton can decay into neutron
A. not possible since mass of proton is less than neutron
B. possible only in nucleus
C. always possible because decay is always with $\beta^{+}$particle
D. not possible because decay is always with $\beta^{+}$particle

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

364. 365. Electric monopoles doesnt exist wheras magnetic monopoles exist
1. magnetic lines of solenoid at its ends and outside are not perfectly straight
2. magnetic field lines of toroid are confined in it
3. magnetic lines are not parallel inside bar magnet
4. perfect diamagnetic $\rightarrow x=-1$
which of the following statements are correct?
A. 1,2
B. 1,3,5
C. 2,3,5
D. 2 only

## D Watch Video Solution

365. consider the P-V diagram given below for a cyclic process.Find the net heat supplied to the system during the process
$P(k P a)$

A. $0.625 \pi J$
B. $0.25 \pi J$
C. $0.1 \pi J$
D. $0.2 \pi J$

## - Watch Video Solution

366. A spring of force constant $k=100 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}$ is compressed to $\mathrm{x}=0.05 \mathrm{~m}$ by a block of mass 1 kg and released. Find the distance d where it falls

A. $\frac{5}{\sqrt{10}} m$
B. $5 \sqrt{10} \mathrm{~m}$
C. $10 \sqrt{10} \mathrm{~m}$
D. $1 \sqrt{10} \mathrm{~m}$

## - <br> Watch Video Solution

367. In the given circuit,find the current through $6 \Omega$ resistance

A. 18 A
B. 7A
C. 25A
D. 30A
368. Four moles of a diatomic gas is heated from $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Find the heat supplied to the gas if work done by it is zero.
A. 780 R
B. 500 R
C. 100 R
D. 650 R

## D Watch Video Solution

369. For the spherical interface shown in the figure, the two different media with refractive indices $n_{1}=1.4$ and $n_{2}=1.25$ are present as
shown. The image will be formed at

A. $-\frac{125}{3} \mathrm{~cm}$
B. $-\frac{50}{6} \mathrm{~cm}$
C. $-\frac{25}{2} \mathrm{~cm}$
D. -20 cm
370. A disc of mass $m$ and radius $R$ is released from rest.If it takes $t_{1} \mathrm{sec}$ to slide down the smooth plane and $t_{2} \mathrm{sec}$ is the time taken to roll down the rough plane, such that $\frac{t_{2}}{t_{1}}=\frac{\sqrt{3}}{x}$. Find x


## - Watch Video Solution

371. An AC circuit consists of a series combination of an inductance $L=$ 1 mH . a resistance $R=1 \Omega$ and a capacitance C . It is observed that the current leads the voltage by $45^{\circ}$. Finf the value of capacitance ' C ' if
angular frequency of applied AC is $200 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{S}$.

A. 5.6 mF
B. 3.92 mF
C. 2.56 mF
D. 5.2 mF

## - Watch Video Solution

372. An electron is projected into a magnetic field of $B=5 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~T}$ and rotates in a circle of radius of $\mathrm{R}=3 \mathrm{~mm}$. Find the work done by the force due to magnetic field.
A. 0 J
B. 15 mJ
C. 14 mJ
D. 20 mJ

## - Watch Video Solution

373. A charge Q is divided into q and Q - q . If $\frac{Q}{q}=x$, such that repulsion between them is maximum, find x .

## - Watch Video Solution

374. Bird is flying in north-east direction with $v=4 \sqrt{2} \frac{m}{s}$ with respect to the wind and the wind is blowing from north to south with speed 1
$\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$. Find the magnitude of the displacement of bird in 3 sec .

A. 5 m
B. 15 m
C. 12 m
D. 20 m
375. Deutron and alpha particle having same K.E. in magnetic field. If the ratio of radius of Deutron and alpha particle is $x \sqrt{2}$. Then $x=$ ?

## D Watch Video Solution

376. In the circuit shown,find the current through the Zener diode.

A. 5 mA
B. 10 mA
C. 15 mA
D. 25 mA
377. If $\vec{A} . \vec{B}=\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}$, find $|\vec{A}-\vec{B}|$
A. $\sqrt{A^{2}+B^{2}+\sqrt{2} A B}$
B. $\sqrt{A^{2}+B^{2}-\sqrt{2 A B}}$
C. $\sqrt{A^{2}+B^{2}+\sqrt{2 A B}}$
D. $\sqrt{A^{2}+B^{2}-\sqrt{2} A B}$

## - Watch Video Solution

378. For an element decaying through simultaneous reaction,the half life for respective decaying path is 1400 s and 700 s . Find the time taken when the number of atoms $\frac{N_{0}}{3}$ in the element sample. ( $N_{0}$ is initial number of atoms in sample)
A. $\frac{1400}{5} \ln 3$
B. $\frac{1400}{3} \ln 3$
C. $\frac{1400}{3} \ln 2$
D. $\frac{700}{3} \ln 2$

## D Watch Video Solution

379. A spring with natural length $l_{0}$ has a tension $T_{1}$ when its length is $l_{1}$ and the tension is $T_{2}$ when its length is $l_{2}$. The natural length of
spring will be:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { thundimmano } \\
& l_{0} \\
& \text { tuluhWmorno - } \\
& T_{1} l_{1} \\
& T_{2} \quad l_{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

A. $T_{1} l_{2}-T_{2} \frac{l_{1}}{l_{1}}-l_{2}$
B. $T_{2} l_{1}-T_{1} \frac{l_{2}}{T_{2}}-T_{1}$
C. $T_{2} l_{2}-T_{1} \frac{l_{1}}{T_{1}}-T_{2}$
D. $T_{2} l_{1}-T_{1} \frac{l_{2}}{T_{2}}+T_{1}$

## - Watch Video Solution

380. Consider a body of 800 kg moving with a maximum speed v on a road banked at $\theta=30^{\circ}$, given $\cos 30^{\circ}=0.87$. Find the normal reaction on the body. Coefficient of friction $\mu_{s}=0.2$. [Take radius, $r=10 \mathrm{~m}$ ]

A. 10.4 kN
B. 12.6 kN
C. 11.6 kN
D. 8.3 kN
381. A conducting rod of length $I$ is moving perpendicular to magnetic field.The rod moves from 0 to $2 b$ while field exists only from 0 to $b$.

Find the graph for emf and power dissipated w.r.t x.


## - Watch Video Solution

382. A travelling wave is found to have the displacement by $y=\frac{1}{1+x^{2}}$ at $\mathrm{t}=0$, after 3 sec the wave pulse is represented by equation $y=\frac{1}{1+(1+x)^{2}}$.The velocity of wave is:
A. $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
B. $\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
C. $\frac{2}{3} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
D. $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

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383. A person is standing on weighing machine and is slowly taken from the surface of earth to the surface of mars. Given that the value of g on earth is $10 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}$ and that on Mars is $4 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}$. Draw graph of weight vs distance from earth's surface
A.

B.

D.


## D Watch Video Solution

384. A block of mass 20 kg is placed on a horizontal platform and three blocks each with mass 10 kg are arranged as given in figure below. If platform accelerates downward with acceleration $2 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}}$, the the normal
force between 10 kg and 20 kg block is:

A. 100 N
B. 150 N
C. 120 N
D. 140 N
385. A car is moving towards a stationary wall making Horn of frequency 400 Hz . The reflected frequency heard by a driver of car is 500 Hz .Find the speed of car. [ $\mathrm{v}=$ speed of sound]
A. $\frac{V}{3}$
B. $\frac{V}{4}$
C. $\frac{V}{9}$
D. $\frac{V}{12}$

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386. A current of 5 A is flowing through magnesium wire.The current density is making an angle of $60^{\circ}$ with Area vector.Find the electric field.(Given : Area $=2 m^{2}, \rho=$ Resistivity of Magnesium $=11 \times 10^{-4}$ SI units)
A. $55 \times 10^{-4} \frac{\mathrm{~V}}{\mathrm{~m}}$
B. $\frac{5}{11} \times 10^{-4} \frac{\mathrm{~V}}{\mathrm{~m}}$
C. $\frac{11}{5} \times 10^{-4} \frac{\mathrm{~V}}{\mathrm{~m}}$
D. $\frac{55}{2} \times 10^{-4} \frac{\mathrm{~V}}{\mathrm{~m}}$

## - Watch Video Solution

387. A ball having charge to mass ratio $8 \mu c / \mathrm{g}$ is placed at a distance of 10 cm from a wall.Suddenly an electric field $100 \mathrm{Nm}^{-1}$ is switched on.

Assuming collisions to be elastic.Find Time period of oscillations.
A. 0.5 sec
B. 1 sec
C. $\sqrt{2} \mathrm{sec}$
D. $\sqrt{3} \mathrm{sec}$
388. Light emitted by hydrogen gas corresponding to transition from $n=3$ to $n=2$ incident on a metal plate.The electron emitted from metal plate with maximum kinetic energy enters a magnetic field $5 \times 10^{-4} T$ perpendicularly. If the radius of path of electron is 7 mm then find the work function of metal.
A. 0.91 eV
B. 0.81 eV
C. 1.01 eV
D. 0.5 eV

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389. A particle of mass $m$ and speed $u$ collides elastically with the end of a uniform rod of mass $M$ and length $L$ as shown. If the particle
comes to rest after collision, find $\frac{m}{M}$

A. 44228
B. $\frac{1}{3}$
C. 44256
D. 44287

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390. A body of mass $m$ emits a photon of frequency ' $v$ ',the loss in its internal energy is
A. hy
B. $h v\left(1-\frac{h v}{2 m c^{2}}\right)$
C. $h v\left(1+\frac{h v}{2 m c^{2}}\right)$
D. zero

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391. A radioactive material is undergoing simultaneous disintegration into two different products with half lives 1400 years and 700 years
respectively.Find the time taken by the sample to decay to one third of its initial value.
A. $\left(\frac{\ln 2}{\ln 3} \cdot \frac{1400}{3}\right)$ years
B. $\frac{\ln 3}{\ln 2}(1400)$ years
c. $\frac{\ln 3}{\ln 2} \frac{1400}{3}$ years
D. $\frac{\ln 3}{\ln 2}(700)$ years

## - Watch Video Solution

392. In a series $L C R$ circuit $R=5 \Omega, L=0.5 \mathrm{mH}, \mathrm{C}=2.5 \mu \mathrm{~F}$.THE RMS value of external voltage is 250 V.Find the power dissipated if circuit is in Resonance

## - Watch Video Solution

393. A particle has 4 times its initial kinetic energy.Find the percentage change in momentum?
A. $100 \%$
B. $200 \%$
C. 300 \%
D. $400 \%$

## - Watch Video Solution

394. A particle is performing SHM aong $x$-axis,such that its velocity is $v_{1}$ when its displacement from mean position is $x_{1}$ and $v_{2}$ when its displacement from mean position is $x_{2}$. Time period of oscillation is
A. $\frac{1}{2} \pi \sqrt{\frac{x_{2}-x_{1}}{\left(v_{1}-v_{2}\right)}}$
B. $2 \pi \sqrt{ } \frac{\left(x_{1}^{2}+x_{2}^{2}\right)}{(2)}$
$\underline{\left(v_{2}^{2}+v_{1}^{2}\right)}$
C. $2 \pi \sqrt{ } \frac{\left(x_{1}^{2}-x_{2}^{2}\right)}{\left(v_{2}^{2}-v_{1}^{2}\right)}$
$\left(v_{2}^{2}-v_{1}^{2}\right)$
D. $2 \pi \sqrt{ } \frac{\left(x_{1} x_{2}-x_{1}^{2}\right)}{\left(v_{1} v_{2}-v_{1}^{2}\right)}$
395. Find work done in the process $A \rightarrow B$ (isothermal) by gas?

A. $100 \ln 2$
B. $-100 \ln 2$
C. $200 \ln 2$
D. $-200 \ln 2$
396. The wavelength of sodium lamp is observed to be $2886 A^{\circ}$ from earth and original wavelength was $2880 A^{\circ}$. Find speed of galaxy
A. $3 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
B. $4 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
C. $6.25 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
D. none

## ( Watch Video Solution

397. Electrons with de-Broglie wavelength $\lambda$ fall on the target in an $X$ ray tube. The cut-off wavelength of the emitted X-ray is
A. $\frac{2 m c \lambda^{2}}{h}$
B. $2 \frac{h}{m} c$
C. $\frac{h}{m} c$
D. none

## - Watch Video Solution

398. An electron $\left(9 \times 10^{-31} \mathrm{~kg}, 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \mathrm{C}\right)$ is accelerated by a voltage of 40 kv .What is the wavelength? $\mathrm{h}=6.6 \times 10^{-34} \mathrm{SI}$ units.

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399. A body rotating have an angular velocity of 300 rpm and its
angular acceleration is $\frac{\pi}{20}\left(\frac{R a d}{s^{2}}\right)$.Revolutions done by this particle in
10 sec is
A. $\frac{205}{4}(r e v)$
B. $\frac{307}{3}(\mathrm{rev})$
C. 75 (rev)
D. $\frac{189}{2}(r e v)$

## D Watch Video Solution

400. A body is under the influence of a force such that it delivers a constant power $p$. The variation of position with time of body as
A. $t^{\frac{1}{2}}$
B. $t^{\frac{3}{2}}$
C. $t^{\frac{5}{2}}$
D. none
401. The angle of dip in a plane at an angle of $30^{\circ}$ with magnetic meridian is $45^{\circ}$.The value of true Dip is
A. $\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$
B. $\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$
C. $30^{\circ}$
D. $60^{\circ}$

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402. A boy at the airport takes time $t_{1}$ to walk on escalator if the escalator is at rest and takes time $t_{2}$ if boy is at rest on moving escalator.Then find the time taken to walk on the escalator for same path?
A. $\left|t_{1}-t_{2}\right|$
B. $\frac{t_{1}+t_{2}}{2}$
C. $\frac{2 t_{1} t_{2}}{t_{1}+t_{2}}$
D. $\frac{t_{1} t_{2}}{t_{1}+t_{2}}$

## - Watch Video Solution

403. When a metal is illuminated by light of wavelength $\lambda$, the stopping potential is $V_{\circ}$ and for wavelength $2 \lambda$, it is $3 V_{\circ}$. Then the threshold wavelength is ?
A. $\frac{2 \lambda}{3}$
B. $\frac{4 \lambda}{5}$
C. $\frac{\lambda}{5}$
D. $\frac{5 \lambda}{2}$
404. A solid cylinder and ring are released from rest in top of inclined plane. Find ratio of their velocities when they reach bottom,assuming pure rolling
A. $\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}}$
B. $\sqrt{\frac{5}{3}}$
C. $\sqrt{\frac{7}{5}}$
D. $\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}}$

## - Watch Video Solution

405. A gas is taken through an isothermal process as shown.Find the work done by the gas

A. 240 J
B. 360 J
C. 560 J
D. none
406. For a medium, the magnetic susceptibility is 499.The permeability of free space is $4 \pi \times 10^{-7} \mathrm{SI}$ units. Then the permeability of the medium is?
A. $2 \pi \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{SI}$ units
B. $2 \pi \times 10^{-7}$ SI units
C. $\frac{5 \pi}{4} \times 10^{-4}$ SI units
D. $\frac{4 \pi}{5} \times 10^{-4}$ SI units

## - Watch Video Solution

407. Two stars of masses $m_{1}$ and $m_{2}$ form a binary system,revolving around each other in circular orbits of radii $r_{1}$ and $r_{2}$ respectively.Time
period of revolution for this system is

B. $2 \pi \sqrt{\frac{\left(r_{1}+r_{2}\right) r_{2}^{2}}{G\left(m_{1}+m_{2}\right)}}$
$2 \pi\left(r_{1}+r_{2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$
C. $\overline{\sqrt{G\left(m_{1}+m_{2}\right)}}$

$$
2 \pi\left(r_{1}+r_{2}\right)^{2} r_{1}
$$

D.

$$
G\left(m_{1}+m_{2}\right)
$$

408. An element has $\frac{1^{\text {th }}}{16}$ of initial activity in 20 sec. Half life of the nuclei is
A. 5 ( sec )

4
B. $\frac{-(\mathrm{sec})}{3}$
C. $2.5(\mathrm{sec})$
D. 7.5 ( sec )

## D Watch Video Solution

409. Rotational kinetic energy is $50 \%$ of translational kinetic energy.What is the object?
A. Disc
B. ring
C. sphere
D. hollow cylinder

## - Watch Video Solution

410. Direction of $\mathrm{E} . \mathrm{M}$ wave velocity is $\mathrm{E}=E_{\circ}(i)$ and $\mathrm{B}=B_{\circ}\left(k^{\wedge}\right)$
A. $\hat{J}$
B. $-\hat{J}$
C. $\hat{K}$
D. $-\hat{K}$
411. $|\vec{P}|=|\vec{Q}|,|\vec{P}+\vec{Q}|=|\vec{P}-\vec{Q}|$. Find the angle between P and $Q$
A. $45^{\circ}$
B. $90^{\circ}$
C. $135^{\circ}$
D. $150^{\circ}$

## - Watch Video Solution

412. A body is moved from rest along straight line by a machine delievering constant power.Time taken by body to travel a distance 'S' is proportional to
A. $S^{\frac{1}{3}}$.
B. $S^{\frac{2}{3}}$.
C. $S^{\frac{1}{2}}$.
D. $S^{\frac{1}{4}}$.

## - Watch Video Solution

413. A uniform rod of young's modulus $Y$ is tretched by two tension $T_{1}$ and $T_{2}$ such that rods gets expanded to length $L_{1}$ and $L_{2}$ respectively.Find initial length of rod?
A. $\frac{L_{1} T_{1}-L_{2} T_{2}}{T_{1}-T_{2}}$
B. $\frac{L_{2} T_{1}-L_{1} T_{2}}{T_{2}-T_{1}}$
C. $\frac{L_{1} T_{2}-L_{2} T_{1}}{T_{2}-T_{1}}$
D. $\frac{L_{1}}{T_{1}} \cdot \frac{T_{2}}{T_{2}}$
414. Time ( $T$ ), Velocity (C) and angular momentum (h) are chosen as fundamental quantities instead of mass,length and time. In term of these,dimension of mass would be:
A. $[M]=\left[T^{-1} C^{-2} h\right]$
B. $[M]=\left[T^{-1} C^{2} h\right]$
C. $[M]=\left[T^{-1} C^{-2} h^{-1}\right]$
D. $[M]=\left[T^{1} C^{-2} h\right]$

## - Watch Video Solution

415. Find the relation between $\gamma$ (adiabatic constant) and degree of freedom (f)
A. $\mathrm{f}=\frac{2}{\gamma-1}$
B. $\mathrm{f}=\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}$
C. $\mathrm{f}=\frac{\gamma-1}{2}$
D. $\mathrm{f}=\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}$

## - Watch Video Solution

416. Two identical drops of Hg coalesce to form a bigger drop.Find ratio of surface energy of bigger drop to smaller drop.
A. $2^{\frac{3}{2}}$
B. $3^{\frac{2}{5}}$
C. $2^{\frac{2}{3}}$
D. $5^{\frac{2}{3}}$
417. Identify correct graph between PV and T for an ideal gas of given number of moles:
A.

B.

C.

D.

418. Two satellites of mass $M_{A}$ and $M_{B}$ are revolving around a planet of mass M in radius $R_{A}$ and $R_{B}$ respectively. Then?
A. $T_{A}>T_{B}$ if $R_{A}>R_{B}$
B. $T_{A}>T_{B}$ if $M_{A}>M_{B}$
C. $T_{A}=T_{B}$ if $M_{A}>M_{B}$
D. $T_{A}>T_{B}$ if $R_{A}<R_{B}$
419. If $N_{\circ}$ active nuclei becomes $\frac{N_{\circ}}{16}$ in 80 days.Find half life of nuclei?
A. 40 days
B. 20 days
C. 60 days
D. 30 days

## - Watch Video Solution

420. A satellite is revolving around a planet in an orbit of radius $R$. Suddenly radius of orbit becomes 1.02 R then what will be the percentage change in its time period of revolution?

## - Watch Video Solution

421. A body takes 5 minutes to cool from $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Find the temperature in the next 5 minutes, if the room temperature is $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
A. $57^{0} \mathrm{C}$
B. $67^{0} \mathrm{C}$
C. $77^{0} \mathrm{C}$
D. $87^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## - Watch Video Solution

422. The centre of the wheel rolling on a plane surface moves with velocity $v_{0}$. A particle on the rim of the wheel at same level as the

A. $\sqrt{2}$
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4

## - Watch Video Solution

423. A simple pendulum of length $l_{0}$ can perform simple harmonic oscillations with a time period $T_{0}$. If the length of the pendulum is decreased to $\frac{l_{0}}{16}$ then the time time period of oscillation will become.

A. $\frac{T_{0}}{2}$
B. $\frac{T_{0}}{4}$
C. $\frac{T_{0}}{6}$
D. $\frac{T_{0}}{8}$

## - Watch Video Solution

424. A gun of mass 4 kg initially at rest fires a bullet of mass 4 g with a speed of $50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ as seen by an observer on ground. Find the impulse on bullet and

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { recoil }{ }^{\text {speed }} \text { of } \\
m=4 \mathrm{gm}
\end{gathered}
$$

$$
M=4 \mathrm{~kg} \quad v=50 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}
$$

A. $0.2 \mathrm{~kg} \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{sec}}, 0.05 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$
B. $0.2 \mathrm{~kg} \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{sec}}, 0.01 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$
C. $0.1 \mathrm{~kg} \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{sec}}, 0.01 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$
D. $0.1 \mathrm{~kg} \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{sec}}, 0.05 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$

## - Watch Video Solution

425. A line charge having a linear charge density of $3 \times 10^{-6} \frac{\mathrm{C}}{\mathrm{m}}$ is placed as shown in figure. A dipole is placed on $x$-axis as shown. Find
the charge q if it is subjected to a force of 4 N .

## $y$



## 12 mm

A. $\frac{40}{3} \mu C$
B. $\frac{20}{3} \mu C$
C. $\frac{40}{9} \mu C$
D. $\frac{80}{3} \mu C$
426. A radioactive element of mass number 108 undergoes alpha-decay. If the Q -value of the reaction is known to be 5.5 MeV then find the kinetic energy of alpha-particle
A. 3.6 MeV
B. 4.5 MeV
C. 5 MeV
D. 5.3 MeV

## - Watch Video Solution

427. What should be height of transmission antenna if the television telecast is to cover a radius of 1500 km ? The average population

A. $1.76 \times 10^{\wedge} 5 \mathrm{~m}^{`}$
B. $2.24 \times 10^{\wedge} 6 \mathrm{~m}$
C. $3.5 \times 10^{\wedge} 4 \mathrm{~m}$
D. $5 \times 10^{\wedge} 3 \mathrm{~m}$
428. The current through diode is 90 mA . Find the maximum value of $R$.

A. $100 \Omega$
B. $500 \Omega$
C. $250 \Omega$
D. none of these

## - Watch Video Solution

429. A proton of mass $m_{p}$ and electron of mass $m_{e}$ are accelerated through the same potential the ratio of debroglie wavelength of electron to that of proton is
A. $\sqrt{\frac{m_{p}}{m_{e}}}$
B. 1
C. $\frac{m_{e}}{m_{p}}$
D. $\frac{m_{p}}{m_{e}}$

## - Watch Video Solution

430. A ring, a solid cylinder and sphere are rolled down on an inclined
plane without slipping. Velocity of centre of mass is
A. maximum for sphere, minimum for ring` B. maximum for ring, minimum for cylinder C. all have same velocity`
D. cannot be determined`
431. A porter carries 80 kg mass on his head. As he reaches the destination, he keeps the load down by moving a distance 80 cm from his head to ground. The work done by partner is(assume the load to be moved slowly)
A. 734 J
B. -6272 J
C. 672.2 J
D. -627.2 J

## (D) Watch Video Solution

432. For an LCR circuit connected to the AC source match the following
(D) $\omega L>\frac{1}{\omega C}$
(1) Current Lags Voltage
(q) $\omega L=\frac{1}{\omega C}$
(2) Current is same as
Voltage
(r) $\omega L<\frac{1}{\omega C}$
(3) Current Leads Voltage
(S) Resonant
(4) Maximum Current flows Frequency

## - Watch Video Solution

433. Three blocks are placed as shown. The coefficient of friction between any two surfaces is also as given in the diagram. Find the acceleration of the 1 kg block at the instant when a force of 50 N is

A. $0 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}}$
B. $1 \frac{m}{s^{2}}$
C. $2 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}}$
D. $3 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}}$

## O <br> Watch Video Solution

434. What is the projection of $\vec{A}=\hat{i}+\hat{j}+\hat{k}$ on $\vec{B}=(\hat{i}+\hat{k})$
A. $\sqrt{2}$
B. 1
C. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
D. $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$

## - Watch Video Solution

435. Find the time period of oscillation of $m$ if $M \gg m$ and $r=4 c m$ and

A. 0.7 sec
B. 0.8 sec
C. 0.9 sec
D. 0.10 sec
436. Which of the following is correct?
A. true dip is same as apparent dip
B. true dip is not mathematically related to apparent dip
C. true dip is greater than equal to apparent dip
D. apparent dip is greater than equal to true dip
437. Intensity of sunlight is observed as $0.092 \frac{W}{m^{2}}$ at a point in free space. What will be the peak value of magnetic field at point

## - Watch Video Solution

438. In a condition of minimum deviation $\mu=\sqrt{3}$. Angle of incidence $=2$ $x$ angle of refraction then find angle of prism.

## - Watch Video Solution

439. The nucleus with atomic number 184 initially at rest an alphaparticle, if Q value of reaction is 5.5 MeV . Calculate KE of alpha-particle
A. 5.5
B. 5.3
C. 5
D. none

## - Watch Video Solution

440. Average kinetic energy of a monoatomic gas in thermal equilibrium
A. $3 / 2 \mathrm{kT}$
B. $2 / 3 \mathrm{KT}$
C. $1 / 3 \mathrm{KT}$
D. none
441. Distance of center of mass from point O by $\lambda \frac{R}{\pi}$ for uniform semi ring. Find value of $\lambda$

A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 44228
442. A cell first connected across $5 \Omega$ resistance develops a potential difference of 1.25 V across it. Same cell again connected across $2 \Omega$ resistance develops 1 V potential difference across it find emf of cell
A. 5 V
B. 15 V
C. 7 V
D. 4 V

## (D) Watch Video Solution

443. A ray incident from denser medium to rarer medium. If angle between reflected ray and refracted ray is $90^{\circ}$ then angle angle of
reflection $r$ and angle of refraction $r^{\prime}$ will be respectively.

444. In given ac circuit correct phase diagram will be

A.

B.

C. $\mathrm{i}_{0}$

445. For an iron track temperature is increased by $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Given $/ \alpha=\frac{10^{-5}}{C}, Y=10^{11} \frac{\mathrm{~N}}{\mathrm{~m}^{2}}$ area of crosssection $\mathrm{A}=10^{-2} \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. Find energy stored per unit length
A. $5 \frac{\mathrm{~J}}{\mathrm{~m}}$
B. $10 \frac{\mathrm{~J}}{\mathrm{~m}}$
C. $15 \frac{\mathrm{~J}}{\mathrm{~m}}$
D. $20 \frac{\mathrm{~J}}{\mathrm{~m}}$

## - Watch Video Solution

446. Statement 1: On increase in temperature ferromagnetic material converts into paramagnetic material.

Statement 2: At high temperature, randomness of domains ferromagnetic material increases
A. statement 1 \& 2 both are true
B. statement $1 \& 2$ both are true statement 2 is correct explanation of statement 1
C. statement 1 is false and statement 2 is true
D. statement 2 is false and statement 1 is true

## - Watch Video Solution

447. A photodiode activeness when photon of wavelength 612 nm incident on it. Then the depletion layer voltage of photodiode will be (given: hc = 1224 ev-nm)
A. 2 V
B. 1 V
C. 4 V
D. 3 V

## - Watch Video Solution

448. A block is doing SHM its displacement from mean position is given by $x(t)=A \sin (w t)+B \cos (w t)$ if at $\mathrm{t}=0 \mathrm{x}=0$ displacement $x(t)=C \cos (w t-\phi)$ then find value of $C$ and $\phi$

A. $\sqrt{A^{2}+b^{2}}, \frac{\pi}{2}$
B. $\sqrt{A^{2}+b^{2}}, 0$
C. $A^{2}+b^{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}$
D. $A^{2}+b \cdot 0$
449. Two rods of length 0.25 and area $3 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ are connected as shown in figure and their resistivities are $1.7 \times 10^{-8} \Omega m$ Find equivalent resistance

A. $0.85 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$
B. $0.95 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$
C. $0.80 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$
D. $0.75 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$
450. Bulb rated 200W, 100V. Find R connected in series to bulb in a circuit with 200V so that bulb delivers same power.

## - Watch Video Solution

451. Compare debroglie wavelengths of $e, p$, alpha particles if all have same kinetic energy.
A. $\lambda_{e}=\lambda_{p}<\lambda_{\alpha}$
B. $\lambda_{e}=\lambda_{p}>\lambda_{\alpha}$
C. $\lambda_{e}>\lambda_{p}>\lambda_{\alpha}$
D. $\lambda_{e}=\lambda_{p}=\lambda_{\alpha}$
452. 

Find

A. AND
B. $O R$
C. NAND
D. $X O R$

## - Watch Video Solution

453. A particle of mass ' $4 m$ ' breaks into ' $3 m$ ' and 'm'. Find $\frac{\lambda_{m}}{\lambda_{3} m}$
454. A rubber ball is released from 5 m height and bounces to $81 / 100$ of its height every time. Find its average speed.

## D Watch Video Solution

455. $C_{p}-C_{v}=R$ for P
$C_{p}-C_{v}=1.10 R$ for Q
Find relation between $T_{p}$ and $T_{Q}$
A. $T_{P}<T_{Q}$
B. $T_{P}>T_{Q}$
C. $T_{P}=T_{Q}$
D. no $\neq$
456. Difference between $t_{\frac{3}{4}}$ and $t_{\frac{1}{2}}$ - Radioactivity
A. $t\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)=2 t \frac{1}{2}$
B. $t\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)=t \frac{1}{2}$
C. $t\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)=3 t \frac{1}{2}$
D. $n o \neq$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

457. If the minimum and maximum distance to revolve around the sun is $x_{1}$ and $x_{2}$ respectively. Calculate velocity to revolve is $v_{0}$ then the maximum velocity is
A. $v_{0} \frac{\left(x_{1}\right)^{2}}{\left(x_{2}\right)^{2}}$
B. $v_{0} \frac{\left(x_{2}\right)^{2}}{}$
$\left(x_{1}\right)^{2}$
C. $v_{0} \frac{x_{2}}{x_{1}}$
D. $v_{0} \frac{x_{1}}{x_{2}}$

## - Watch Video Solution

458. Two wires of equal dimensions and young's modulus $Y_{1}$ and $Y_{2}$ are connected end to end. What is the equivalent young's modulus for the combination?
A. $\frac{Y_{1}+Y_{2}}{2}$
B. $\sqrt{Y_{1}+Y_{2}}$
C. $\frac{2 Y_{1} Y_{2}}{Y_{1}+Y_{2}}$
D. $\sqrt{\frac{Y_{1}^{2} y_{2}^{2}}{2}}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

459. In a YDSE setup, the distance between the slits varies as $d=d_{0}+A \sin (w t)$ What is the difference between maximum and minimum fringe width?
A. $\frac{2 \lambda A D}{\left(d_{0}\right)^{2}}$
B. $\frac{2 \lambda A D}{\left(d_{0}\right)^{2}-A^{2}}$
c. $2 \lambda A D$
$\left(d_{0}\right)^{2}+A^{2}$
D. $\frac{2 \lambda A d_{0}}{\left(d_{0}\right)^{2}-A^{2}}$

## Answer: B

460. In an amplitude modulator circuit the carrier wave is given by $C(t)=4 \sin \left(2 \pi \times 10^{7} t\right)$ while modulating signal is given by $m(t)=2 \sin \left(2 \pi \times 10^{5} t\right)$. Then the bandwidth of the broadcast signal will be
A. 0.2 MHZ
B. 2 MHZ
C. 20 MHZ
D. 40 MHZ

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

461. Temperature vs. time graphs are given below for 2 substances.

A
B

A. $S_{A}>S_{B}$
B. $S_{B}>S_{A}$
C. $S_{A}=S_{B}$
D. Can't be determined

## (D) Watch Video Solution

462. Find the ratio of the impulse transferred to the wall by a ball incident normally and then at $45^{\circ}$ with normal?
A. $1: 2$
B. $\sqrt{2}: 1$
C. $1: \sqrt{2}$
D. $2: 1$

## - Watch Video Solution

463. $K=20 N / m$, if elongation is same then frequency ?

A. $2 \pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{k}}$
B. $2 \pi \sqrt{\frac{2 m}{k}}$
C. $2 \pi \sqrt{\frac{4 m}{5 k}}$
D. none

## - Watch Video Solution

464. $x$ and $y$ are the axes along the diameter of a disk of mass $m$ and radius R. z-axis is perpendicular to plane of the disk.

Assertion: radius of gyration is same about all the axis
Reason: all axes are symmetry axes.

A. Assertion and Reason both are correct and Reason is correct
explanation for assertion.
B. Assertion and reason both are correct but reason doesnt explain assertion
C. assertion is right and reason is wrong
D. assertion is wrong and reason is right

## - Watch Video Solution

465. Half lifetime of gold is 3 days. Find the activity of a sample of 2 mg of gold
A. 85 curie
B. 594 curie
C. 441 curie
D. 121 curie
466. A ball of mass 2 kg moving with $4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ collides elastically with a stationary ball. If it continues to move in original direction with $1 / 4$ th of its original velocity. Find velocity of centre of mass of system
A. $3 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
B. $2 / 5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
C. $5 / 2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
D. $2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

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467. A particle tied to string of length 0.5 m is given a velocity $3 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ at its bottom point while undergoing vertical circular motion. What will be its speed when it makes an angle of $60^{\circ}$ with lower vertical
A. $1.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
B. $2.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
C. $2 \sqrt{2}$
D. $2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

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468. If postion vector of a particle is given by $\vec{r}=10 \alpha t^{2} \hat{i}+[5 \beta t-5] \hat{j}$.

Find time when its angular momentum about origin is 0 .
A. $\beta$
B. $\frac{1}{\beta}$
C. $\frac{2}{\beta}$
D. $\frac{\beta}{2}$
469. Photon of wavelength 400 nm strikes on a material with energy 1000 j in 10secs. What will be no. of electron leaving the material in one second?
A. $5 \times 10^{9}$
B. $5 \times 10^{16}$
C. $5 \times 10^{13}$
D. $5 \times 10^{10}$

## Answer: B

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470. Battery is connected to a resistor and a inductor for a long time as shown in figure then battery is removed and short circuited. Find
the current in the circuit after 1 ms after battery get removed.

A. 1.32 A
B. 0.44 A
C. 0.65 A
D. 0.74 A
471. A simple pendulum of length $1 / 2 \mathrm{~m}$ has initial speed $3 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ when pendulum mass is at lowermost point. What will be the speed pf
pendulum mass, when the string of pendulum makes an angle of $60^{\circ}$
$\qquad$
with vertical.

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472. Two similar charge of magnitude $q$ are fixed at distance of 2 m . And another opposite charge of same magnitude is brought at center point between two charges and given a slight displacement along
equatorial direction and released then angular frequency of oscillationd of opposite charge will be (value of $q^{2}=10 C^{2}$ ) (mass of opposite charge


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473. Water drops are falling from a tap in regular interval of time. A drop falls from the tap and after 4secs of falling the drop is 34.3 m away from next drop. Then drops are falling at rate of $\left(g=9.8 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}}\right)$
(I)

(a) $\overrightarrow{\mathrm{C}}-\overrightarrow{\mathrm{A}}-\overrightarrow{\mathrm{B}}=0$

(b) $\vec{A}-\vec{C}-\vec{B}=0$
(III)

(c) $\vec{B}-\vec{A}-\vec{C}=0$

(d) $\vec{A}+\vec{B}+\vec{C}=0$

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475. In a parallel plate capacitor distance between the plate is 'd'. If dielectric of variable permeability is filled as
$\varepsilon(x)=\varepsilon_{0}+k x, 0<x \leq \frac{d}{2}$
$\varepsilon(x)=\varepsilon_{0}+k(d-x), \frac{d}{2}<x \leq d$


## - Watch Video Solution

476. The temperature vs time graph for two different gases $A$ and $B$ having same number of moles is as shown in figure. If heat is supplied
by same rate to both the gases. Find ratio of specific heat capacity of


## (D) Watch Video Solution

477. For a magnetic material, relative change in magnetic susceptiblity is equal to $2.2 \times 10^{-4}$. Find the percentage change in magnetic field.

## - Watch Video Solution

478. A ray incident at angle 30 degrees on the interface of diamond and vacuum from the diamond side then which of following is correct (
$\left.\mu_{\diamond}=2.42\right)$
A. The incident ray will not get reflected.
B. The ray will not get reflected if incident at $53^{\circ}$
C. The ray will get reflected if incident at $22^{\circ}$
D. There is always TIR for angle greater than $30^{\circ}$

## - Watch Video Solution

479. A radioactive material of mass number 198 decays with half life of 3 days. If initial amount of radioactive material is 2 mg then its initial activity will be?

## - Watch Video Solution

480. Two particles having identical masses and charges $2 Q$ and $Q$ are moving with velocities $v$ and $2 v$ resp. In uniform magnetic field $B$. Find ratio of radius of circle described by them
A. 44228
B. 0.084027777777778
C. 44287
D. 0.16736111111111

## D Watch Video Solution

481. A radioactive nucleus decays so that after 30 years only $1 / 8$ th of intial sample is active. What is half life of sample
A. 20 years
B. 10 years
C. 40 years
D. 5 years

## - Watch Video Solution

482. A balloon is ringing up with constant velocity of $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. At a height of 75 m a small mass is dropped from it. At what height from the ground would the balloon be when the mass reaches the ground?

## - Watch Video Solution

483. Two soap bubbles of radius $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$ combine isothermally to form a new soap bubble. Find radius of new soap bubble
A. $\frac{R_{1}+R_{2}}{2}$
B. $\sqrt{R_{1} R_{2}}$
C. $\frac{R_{1} R_{2}}{R_{1}+R_{2}}$
D. $\sqrt{R_{1}^{2}+R_{2}^{2}}$

## - Watch Video Solution

484. The efficiency of heat engine is $1 / 6$ when the temperature of sink is reduced by $62^{\circ}$ Cthe efficiency doubles. What is the temperature of source?

## - Watch Video Solution

485. If $\delta_{\text {min }}$ is the minimum deviation through a prism and $\mu$ is refractive index and $A$ is angle of prism

## - Watch Video Solution

486. A force $(5 y+20) \hat{j}$ displaces a particle from $y=0$ to $y=10$. Find work done by force
A. 250 J
B. 350J
C. 450J
D. 550J
487. For an amplitude modulated wave message signal peak voltage = 20 V carrier signal peak voltage $=20 \mathrm{~V}$. What is modulated index.
A. $50 \%$
B. $200 \%$
C. $0 \%$
D. $100 \%$

## Watch Video Solution

488. For force equation $F=A \cos (B x)+C \sin (D t)$. Find dimension of $\frac{A D}{B}$
A. $M^{1} T^{-1}$
B. $M^{1} L^{2} T^{-3}$
C. $M^{1} T^{3}$
D. $M^{1} T^{-3}$

## - Watch Video Solution

489. Two charges of equal magnitude are thrown with speeds ratio
(3:2) perpendicular to magnetic field. If their masses are in ratio of 1:2.

Find ratio of their radii.
A. 44259
B. 44289
C. 44256
D. 3

## - Watch Video Solution

490. A particle starts from rest with acceleration $a=\alpha t+\beta t^{2}$ where $\alpha$ and $\beta$ are constants. Find its displacement between $\mathrm{t}=1$ and $\mathrm{t}=2$ second.
A. $7 \frac{\alpha}{3}+5 \frac{\beta}{4}$
B. $7 \frac{\alpha}{6}+5 \frac{\beta}{4}$
C. $7 \alpha+5 \beta$
D. none

## - Watch Video Solution

491. If $\vec{X}$ and $\vec{Y}$ are two vectors such that $I \vec{X} I=I \vec{Y} I$ and $I \vec{X}-\vec{Y} I=10$
$I(\vec{X}+\vec{Y}) I$ then find angle between $\vec{X}$ and $\vec{Y}$

## - Watch Video Solution

492. In an AC circuit having resistance of $10 \Omega$. Find the time taken by current to reach RMS value from maximum value. Frequency and RMS voltage of source is 50 hz and 220 V
A. 2.5 msec
B. 5 msec
C. 10 msec
D. 1 m sec

## - Watch Video Solution

493. If velocity of photon is $C$ and that on an electron is $V$ then find ratio of KE of electron to photon if their de broglie wavelength is same
A. C/V
B. $2 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{V}$
C. $\mathrm{V} / 2 \mathrm{C}$
D. $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{C}$
494. A disc of radius $2 m$ and mass $M$ is rotating with 200 rpm. Find torque required to stop disc in 10 secs.
A. $\frac{4 \pi M}{3}$ SI UNITS
B. $\frac{2 \pi M}{3}$ SI UNITS
C. $\frac{\pi M}{3}$ SI UNITS
D. $\frac{8 \pi M}{3}$ SI UNITS
495. There is a planet $P$ mass $2 M$ and mass of earth $M$ density of earth to density of planet. Body weight in earth is W . Then the weight of object on planet P is
A. $W$
B. $\frac{W}{(2)} 1 / 3^{`}$
C. $2^{\wedge} \frac{1}{3} W$
D. none

## - Watch Video Solution

496. A particle performing SHM with amplitude A. Find the ratio of kinetic energy and total energy when particle is at $\mathrm{A} / 2$.

## - Watch Video Solution

497. In photoelectric effect stopping is $3 V_{0}$ for incident wavelength $\lambda_{0}$ and stopping potential $V_{0}$ for incident wavelength $2 \lambda_{0}$. Find threshold wavelength.

## - Watch Video Solution

498. A square loop of total resistance 16 ohm. If a battery of 2 V and 1ohm internal resistance is connected across one of its side then find potential difference across its diagnol


## - Watch Video Solution

499. $\vec{A}$ and $\vec{B}$ are two vectors such that $I \vec{A} I=2$ and $I \operatorname{vec}(B) I=5$. If $I \vec{A} \times \vec{B} I=8$ then $I \vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} I$
A. 2
B. 6
C. 7
D. 9
500. Find significant figure for the value 0.00346
A. 5
B. 4
C. 3
D. 2
501. A photon of wavelength 500 nm falls on metal surface of work function 1.3 eV . An electron releases from metal moved in a perpendicular magnetic field. In a circular path of radius 30 cm . Then the magnitude of magnetic field be?

## - Watch Video Solution

502. Two electric dipole $\overrightarrow{P_{1}}$ and $\overrightarrow{P_{2}}$ are kept as shown in figure. Net electric field at point S is E makes an angle $37^{0}$ with $P_{1}$ then find ratio

A. 44230
B. 44228
C. 44257
D. 44289

## (D) Watch Video Solution


A. 200
B. 300
C. 400
D. 500

## - Watch Video Solution

504. For given circuit find the potential drop across 2 ohm resistance?.

The wire $A B$ is of length 10 cm and its resistance is $1 \mathrm{ohm} / \mathrm{cm}$. Point $D$ is mid point of wire $A B$


- Watch Video Solution

505. An AC source with $V_{\max }=200 \mathrm{~V}$ and $f=50 \mathrm{hz}$ aconnected across

10 ohm resistance. Find the source voltage changes from maximum to

rms value.

## - Watch Video Solution

506. Find energy required to break an aluminium nucleus into its constituent nucleons ( $m_{n}=1.00867 u, m_{p}=1.00783 u, m_{A} l=26.98154 u$ )

## - Watch Video Solution

507. A cell of voltage $V_{0}$ is connected across a capacitor of capacitance C. Now the space between the plates is filled with a material of
dielectric constant K. Find ratio of charge appear on the plates of capacitor before and after filling.

## - Watch Video Solution

508. Pure Si at room temperature has equal electron and hole concentation of $1.5 \times 10^{16} \mathrm{~m}^{-3}$. Doping by indium increases $n_{h}$ to $3 \times 10^{22} \mathrm{~m}^{-3}$. Calculate $n_{e}$ in the doped Si

## - Watch Video Solution

509. A ray is incident on a slab of refractive index $5 / 4$ at an angle $/ \theta$ as shown. Find maximum angle $/ \theta$ so that TIR occur at surface AD.


## (D) Watch Video Solution

510. The switch is closed at $\mathrm{t}=0$. Find time after which voltage across capacitor becomes 50 V . (take $\ln 2=0.6$ )

A. $100 \mu C$
B. $60 \mu \mathrm{C}$
C. $80 \mu \mathrm{C}$
D. $70 \mu \mathrm{C}$

## - Watch Video Solution

511. Energy of an oscillating system is E and amplitude. At a particular instant KE of system is $3 \frac{E}{4}$. Find displacement of oscillating particle from its mean position.
A. $\frac{A}{2}$
B. $\frac{A}{3}$
C. $\frac{A}{4}$
D. $\frac{A}{6}$
512. $A$ and $B--\rightarrow$ Elastic collision
$B$ and $C \rightarrow$ inelastic collision. Find final speed of $C$

A. 9
B. 4
C. 3
D. 6
513. Match the moment of inertia of the rods with given mass and length in column $A$ about the given axis

A. $A(i v), B(i i i), C(i i), D(i)$
B. $A(i i), B(i i i), C(i v), D(i)$
C. $A(i i i), B(i i), C(i v), D(i)$
D. $A(i i), B(i v), C(i), D(i i i)$
514. A body cools from $61^{0} \mathrm{C}$ to $59^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in $T_{0}$. How much time it would take to cool from $51^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $49^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. If room temperature is $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## - Watch Video Solution

515. Two discs having same surface mass density having radii $r$ and $R$.
$I_{1}--\rightarrow$ moment of intertia of first disc about an axis perpendicular to the plane and passing through centre
$I_{2}--->$ Moment of inertias of second disc about one of its
diameter. Find $\quad \frac{I_{1}}{I_{2}}$

A. $\frac{r^{4}}{R^{4}}$
B. $2 \frac{r^{4}}{R^{4}}$
C. $\frac{r^{4}}{2} R^{4}$
D. $2 \frac{r^{2}}{R^{4}}$

## - Watch Video Solution

516. Two point charges are suspended from a given point as shown in figure. Find the equilibrium seperation between them

A. $q \sqrt{\frac{4 \pi \varepsilon_{0}}{m}} g \tan (/ \theta)$
B. $q \sqrt{\frac{\cot (/ \theta)}{4} \pi \varepsilon_{0} m g}$
C. $q \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sin (/ \theta)}{m} g 4 \pi \varepsilon_{0}\right.}$
D. $q \sqrt{\frac{\cos (/ \theta)}{4} \pi \varepsilon_{0} m g}$

## - Watch Video Solution

517. In a YDSE setup, orange light is replaced by blue light. Then,
A. frindge width will increase
B. frindge width will decrease
C. at center, instead of maxima there would be a minima
D. intensity of central maxima will decrease
518. The relative permittivity of distilled water is 81 . The velocity of light in it will be
A. $3.3 \times 10^{7}$
B. $4.3 \times 10^{7}$
C. $3.3 \times 10^{6}$
D. none

## - Watch Video Solution

519. Two prisms $P_{1}$ and $P_{2}$ with refractive index are a function of wavelength $\lambda$ are $\mu_{1}$ and $\mu_{2}$ resp. where $\mu_{1}=1.2+\frac{10.8 \times 10^{-14}}{\lambda^{2}}$ and $\mu_{2}=1.45+\frac{1.8 \times 10^{-14}}{\lambda^{2}}$. Find $\lambda$ for which when $P_{1}$ and $P_{2}$ are put
together no deviation of light happened in the contact surface

A. 900 nm
B. 600 nm
C. 800 nm
D. 700 nm

## D Watch Video Solution

520. A cylindrical massless container of cross sectional area A have a fluid filled up to height $h$ and have a small orifice of area a in wall near
its bottom. Find minimum coefficient between container and ground so that container does not move
A. $\frac{2 a}{A}$
B. $\frac{a}{2 A}$
C. $\frac{A}{a}$
D. none

## - Watch Video Solution

521. Two capacitor $C_{1}$ with capacitance 2 C and $C_{2}$ with capacitance C are connected in parallel. They are changed and then the batter is removed. If a material of dielectric constant K is inserted in $C_{2}$. Find
A. $K V$
B. $\frac{3 V}{K+2}$
C. $\frac{V}{K}$
D. $\frac{3}{K V}$
522. Equivalent capacitance of following arrangement of identical parallel plates is


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523. Two identical tennis ball of mass $m$ and charge $q$ are hinged by a common support with help of a string of length 'I'. If system is in equilibrium then find distance between balls? ignore gravitational interactions between balls. ( $\theta$ is very small)
A. $\left(\frac{k q^{2} l}{m g}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$
B. $\left(\frac{3 k q^{2} l}{m g}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$
C. $\left(\frac{2 k q^{2} l}{m g}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$
D. $\left(\frac{3 k q^{2} l}{2 m g}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

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524. A capacitor of capacitance $100 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ discharges through a resistor R . At the same time a radioactive substances decays with mean life 30 ms . If ratio of charge on capacitor and activity of substance does not

A. $300 \Omega$
B. $100 \Omega$
C. $200 \Omega$
D. $400 \Omega$
525. Young's modulus of a string is $0.5 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{~Pa}$, length of wire without any force applied is 0.1 m and area is $0.04 \times 10-4 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. If this wire is stretched by a length of 0.001 m . The energy stored in this string is transfered to a particle of mass 20 g . Find speed of this particle
A. $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
B. $0.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
C. $2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
D. $0.25 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

## - Watch Video Solution

526. Pressure of monoatomic gas in a container is 2 atm. Average KE per molecule is $2 \times 10-9$. Volume of gas is litre. Find number of molecules of gas present in the container
A. $\frac{3}{2} \times 10^{11}$
B. $\frac{3}{2} \times 10^{10}$
C. $\frac{5}{2} \times 10^{12}$
D. $\frac{5}{2} \times 10^{11}$

## - Watch Video Solution

527. A particle of mass $9.1 \times 10^{-31} \mathrm{~kg}$ is moving with $10^{6} \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$ has debroglie wavelength $\lambda_{1}$. A photon of momentum $10^{-27} \mathrm{~kg} \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$ has wavelength $\lambda_{2}$ then $\frac{\lambda_{1}}{\lambda_{2}}$ is
A. 910
B. 667
C. $1 / 310$
D. 1
528. For a cyclic process ABCD , AB has temperature $T_{1}$ and BC has $T_{2}$

$$
\left(T_{1}>T_{2}\right)
$$ then,


A. $W_{A B}=W_{C D}$
B. $W_{A D}=W_{B C}$
C. $W_{A B}+W_{C D}>0$
D. NONE

## - Watch Video Solution

529. An electron is with velocity $2.2 \times 10^{-6}$ and radius 0.5 Angstroms in circular orbit. Find current

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530. A particle is thrown upward at $t=0$. It attains maximum height of $h$.

It is found at height $\mathrm{h} / 3$ at $t=t_{1}$ and $t=t_{2}$. Find $\frac{t_{1}}{t_{2}}$

$\sqrt{3}-1$
A. $\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{3}}$
B. $\frac{1}{3}$
c. $\left(\sqrt{6}-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{5}}\right.$
D. $\frac{1}{2}$

## Answer: C

531. In a circuit $S_{1}$ remains closed for a long time and $S_{2}$ remain open.

Now $S_{2}$ is closed and $S_{1}$ is opened. Find out the $d i / d t$ in the right loop just after the moment.

A. $-4 \frac{\varepsilon}{L}$
B. $-6 \frac{\varepsilon}{L}$
C. $-2 \frac{\varepsilon}{L}$
D. $\frac{\varepsilon}{L}$

Answer: B
532. For the given semicircle with centre O . Choose the correct relation? If $A, B, C \& D$ are points on the semicircle such that $\overrightarrow{I A B I}=I B C I=\overrightarrow{I C D I}$


## (D) Watch Video Solution

533. A monoatomic gas is kept in a 1 litre container at pressure 1 atm. If average energy per molecule is $2 \times 10^{-9} \mathrm{~J}$. Find number of molecules in the container.
A. $0.75 \times 10^{-6}$
B. $0.75 \times 10^{9}$
C. $0.5 \times 10^{-11}$
D. $0.75 \times 10^{11}$

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

534. For the given circuit find current 'I' and phase difference between


- Watch Video Solution

535. Circular scale divisions of a screw gauge is 50 . Five full rotations advances circular scale by 5 mm .

Statement 1- Least count of screw gauge is 0.001 cm
least count = pitch/(total number of divisions)
A. statement $1 \& 2$ both are true
B. statement $1 \& 2$ are true and statement- 2 is correct explanation
of statement 1
C. statement-1 is false and statement-2 is true
D. statement-2 is true and statement -1 is false

## Answer: C

## (D) Watch Video Solution

536. Figure shows a conductor of tapered cone shape. As one goes from left to right on conductor choose correct option.

A. current decreases
B. drift velocity of electron increases
C. electric field inside conductor decreases
D. all of the above

## Answer: B

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537. A bar magnet of magnetic moment $9.85 A-m^{2}$ and moment of inertia $I=10^{-6} \mathrm{~kg}-\mathrm{m}^{2}$ makes 10 oscillation in 5 secs inuniform
magnetic field. Find intensity of magnetic field (take $\pi^{2}=9.85$ )
A. $20 \mu T$
B. $25 \mu \mathrm{~T}$
C. $16 \mu T$
D. $10 \mu \mathrm{~T}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

538. Two masses on 1 kg each are rotating in a circle of radius R under their gravitational force. Find their angular speed in terms of $G$ and $R$

## - Watch Video Solution

539. An electron is moving with 3 eV and is captured by proton to form

H in second excited state. The resulting photon is radiated on a metal
of threshold wavelength 4000 angstrom. Find kinetic energy of photoelectrons

## - Watch Video Solution

540. Match dimensional formula of $\varepsilon_{0}, \mu_{0}$ capacitance $C$ and electric
A $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}_{0}$
i $\quad\left[\left.M^{1} L^{1} T^{-2}\right|^{-2}\right]$

B $\mu_{0}$
ii
$\left[M^{1} L^{-3} T^{4} A^{2}\right]$

C capacitance C
iii
$\left[M^{1} L^{\prime} I^{-1} T^{-3}\right]$

D Electric Field
iv
$M^{-1} L^{-2} T^{4} I^{2}$
field
A. $A(i i), B(i), C(i v), D(i i i)$
B. $A(i i), B(i v), C(i i i), D(i)$
C. $A(i), B(i i), C(i i i), D(i v)$
D. $A(i i), B(i i i), C(i), D(i v)$

## - Watch Video Solution

541. A beaker filled to height of 12 cm was given find the location where a hole should be made for max range.


## - Watch Video Solution

542. Length of each arm is 'I' find $\vec{E}$ at $O$


## - Watch Video Solution

543. Find the truth table of the following diagram

544. Force is given by $F=F_{0}\left(1-\left(\frac{T-t}{T}\right)^{2}\right)$ mass $=m$, velocity after time $2 T$

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545. Constant power $p$ is supplied by engine to mass $m$ displacement of mass after time $t$ will be

## - Watch Video Solution

546. Same current I flows in both wires. I is uniformly distributed over
area. Graph of magnetic field

|  | $Q$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |

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547. Frequency $f=60 \mathrm{hzC}=0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ find value of L at which circuit will be in resonance

## - Watch Video Solution

548. Magnetic flux $\phi=10 t^{2}+20 t \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{wb}, R=2 \Omega$. Current in circuit at $t=5 \mathrm{~s}($ in A$)$ is

## Watch Video Solution

549. Resistance is $16 \Omega$ at $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $20 \Omega$ at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ find coefficient of resistivity

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550. Velocity of man w.r.t river is equal to velocity at river value of $\theta$ for which man reaches directly at
551. $\mathrm{m}=0.5 \mathrm{~kg}, \mathrm{~T}=0.2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{~A}=5 \mathrm{~cm}$ potential energy at $\mathrm{t}=\mathrm{T} / 4=$ ?

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552. There are two canot engines $A$ and $B$. Engine $A$ absorbs energy from a source at temperature $T_{1}$ and releases energy to sink at temperature $T$. If engine $B$ absorbs half of the energy released by $A$ and B release energy to a sink at temperature $T_{3}$. If work done by 2 engines is same. What is T in terms of $T_{1}$ and $T_{3}$

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553. Modulation voltage and carrier voltage of a wave is 12 and 4 . Find modulation index
A. 2
B. 3
C. 4
D. 5
554.1 mole of an ideal gas undergo adiabatic process which increases temperature from $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \rightarrow 37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Gas is polyatomic has 4 vibrational mode of freedom. Find net work
A. work done on gas 582J
B. work done by gas 582J
C. work done on gas 382J
D. work done by gas 582J

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555. A conducting wire has resistance $16 \Omega$ at $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $20 \Omega$ at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ find temperature of coeffecient of resistance
A. $\left(\frac{1}{340}\right)^{0} C^{-1}$
B. $\left(\frac{1}{200}\right)^{0} C^{-1}$
C. $\left(\frac{1}{470}\right)^{0} C^{-1}$
D. $\left(\frac{1}{300}\right)^{0} C^{-1}$

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556. A block of mass as shown is released from rest from top of a fixed smooth hemisphere. Find angle made by this particle with vertical at the instant when it looses contact with hemisphere.

A. $\cos ^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$
B. $\cos ^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$
C. $\cos ^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$
D. $\cos ^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$

## - Watch Video Solution

557. Figure shows variation of potential energy veses displacement
graph. find correct statement

A. $x<x_{1}$ KE is least and body has constant speed
B. $x=x_{2} \mathrm{KE}$ is minimum
C. $x>x_{2} \mathrm{KE}$ is maximum and velocity is maximum
D. $x>x_{2}$ KE is minimum and velocity is minimum

## - Watch Video Solution

558. Write approx. value of plank's constant and permittivity constant

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559. Two long wires having same current having radius $a$ and $b$ what will be the correct representationof magnetic field intensity $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{s}$. r .
B.

C.

D.


## - Watch Video Solution

560. If thomson model is considered and $\alpha$ rays are bombarded on this model then $\alpha$ rays will be
A. deflected at wide angle
B. reflected all at
C. will pass undeviated
D. all deflected at same angle

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561. A body of mass $m$ at rest starts moving along straight line by a machine delivering a constant power distance travelled by body in time $t$ is
A. $\left(4 \frac{\sqrt{2 \frac{p}{m}}}{3} x(t)^{\frac{3}{2}}\right.$
B. $\left(2 \frac{\sqrt{2 \frac{p}{m}}}{3} x(t)^{\frac{3}{2}}\right.$
C. $\left(\frac{\sqrt{2 \frac{p}{m}}}{3} x(t)^{\frac{3}{2}}\right.$
D. $\left(2 \frac{\sqrt{6 \frac{p}{m}}}{3} x(t)^{\frac{3}{2}}\right.$

## (D) Watch Video Solution

562. 

Find
output.

A. NOR
B. NAND
C. XOR
D. NONE
563. Heat supplied is $6000 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{min}$. Power $=90 \mathrm{~W}$. Find time taken to increase the internal energy by $2.5 \times 10^{\wedge} 3 \mathrm{~J}$
A. 150 sec
B. 250 sec
C. 510 sec
D. NONE
564. At same temperature rms of hydrogen, oxygen and carbon dioxide be $V_{H}, V_{O}, V_{\mathrm{CO}_{2}}$
A. $V_{\mathrm{H}_{2}}>V_{\mathrm{O}_{2}}>V_{\mathrm{CO}_{2}}$
B. $V_{\mathrm{H}_{2}}<V_{\mathrm{O}_{2}}<V_{\mathrm{CO}_{2}}$
C. $V_{\mathrm{H}_{2}}<V_{\mathrm{O}_{2}}>V_{\mathrm{CO}_{2}}$
D. NONE

## - Watch Video Solution

565.3m long chain on a table. Mass of chain 3 kg . 2 m on the table... if it slips then find kinetic energy

## D Watch Video Solution

566. Find dimensions of p in the formula $p=E L M^{-5} G^{-2}, \mathrm{E}=$ energy, $\mathrm{L}=$ angular momentum, $\mathrm{M}=$ mass, $\mathrm{G}=$ gravitational constant

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567. Find power in entire circuit where internal resistance is 0.6 ohm.

## $4 \Omega$


A. 44505
B. 44327
C. 115
D. NONE
568. Wavelength changed from 280 to 400 nm , work function $=2.5 \mathrm{eV}$ then find change in stopping potential.

## - Watch Video Solution

569. Find moment of inertia of badminton such that circular part is parallel to axis of rotation.

570. Car A overtakes car B with relative velocity of $40 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ with what velocity car A appearing in the mirror ( $\mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) of car B 1.9 m far from
it.
A. $2 \frac{m}{s}$
B. $40 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$
C. $4 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$
D. $0.1 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$

## - Watch Video Solution

571. For hydrogen like atom, transition from $n=3$ to $n=1$ frequency is $192 \times 10^{\wedge} 15$ then find frequency when transition takes place from $\mathrm{n}=2$ to $\mathrm{n}=1$
A. $162 \times 10^{\wedge} 15^{`}$
B. $126 \times 10^{\wedge} 15^{`}$
C. $162 \times 10^{\wedge} 18$
D. NONE

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572. In the absence of air source and observer moves away $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. The frequency observed by the observer is 1800 Hz and velocity of sound in air is $340 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ then find original frequency of source

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573. Two spheres, each of radius $r=5 \mathrm{~cm}$ are thrown upwards at an interval of 3 s . At what height they will collides? Initial speed is $30 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
A. 45 m
B. 30 m
C. 33.7 m
D. 43.3 m

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574. In LR circuit at steady state energy stored in inductor is 64J and power consumed by circuit is 640 W . Find time constant for this LR

A. 0.2
B. 0.1
C. 0.8
D. 0.25

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575. Initial fuel of rocket $=1000 \mathrm{~kg}$ if it was given acceleration $=20$ $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{\wedge} 2$ then find rate of consumption of fuel if velocity of fuel w.r.t rocket $=500 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
A. 40
B. 60
C. 80
D. NONE
576. $\rho_{C u}=12(\mu \Omega)(\mathrm{cm}), \rho_{N i}=51(\mu \Omega)(\mathrm{cm})$. If both conductors have equal length diameter 2 mm each and have equivalent resistance of $3 \Omega$. Find $l$


## - Watch Video Solution

577. Three vectors of equal magnitude are shown in figure. Find angle $\theta$ formed by $\vec{a}+\vec{b}-\vec{c}$ with x -axis, $\tan (\theta) \quad=$ ?

A. $\frac{\sqrt{6}+1}{\sqrt{2}-1}$
$\sqrt{6}-1$
B.
$\frac{\sqrt{2}+1}{}$
C. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
D. $\frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{\sqrt{6}+1}$
578. In a standard YDSE, distance between slits is $d$ and distance between screen and slit plane is D. The location of 1st maxima for red light is at $y_{1}$ distance from central maxima and for violet is at $y_{2}$ distance from central maxima. Find difference between wavelengths of red and violet lights.
A. $\frac{d\left(y_{1}+y_{2}\right)}{D}$
B. $\frac{d\left(y_{1}-y_{2}\right)}{2} D$
C. $\frac{d\left(y_{1}-y_{2}\right)}{D}$
D. $\frac{d\left(y_{1}+y_{2}\right)}{2} D$
579. Find the dimensions of $(A X(B+C) D)$ where $A$ is mass, dimension of $B$ is unknown, $C$ is energy and $D$ is dimension less constant:
A. $M^{2} L^{2} T^{-1}$
B. $M^{2} L^{2} T^{-2}$
C. $M^{2} L^{1} T^{-2}$
D. $M^{1} L^{2} T^{-2}$
580. Two balls are projected vertically upward with same speed $35 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ in 3 s interval. Find height at which both balls collide.
A. 50
B. 30
C. 80
D. 100

## - Watch Video Solution

581. Given statements are based on bohr's atomic model for hydrogen
like atom:
Statement 1- As principal quantum number increases, speed of electron also increases.

Statement 2-Speed of electron increases as energy increases
A. Both statements are true
B. Only statement 1 is true
C. Only statement 2 is true
D. Both statements are false
582. A spherical shell of mass $m$ and radius $R$ is given then which of the following is incorrect for inside the sheel
A. Gravitational field is zero
B. Gravitational potential is zero
C. Gravitational field is same everywhere
D. Graviational potential is same everywhere

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583. Charge $Q$ is given to a spherical conductor of radius $R$. It is surrounded by a concentric conducting shell of inner radius a and outer radius $b$. Corresponding electric field diagram will be:

B.

D.


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584. Find the graph between electric field intensity and distance ' $r$ ' from the center. For the given arrangement of concentric spheres.

Charge in inner solid sphere is uniformly distributed in volume.

A.

B.

D.


## Watch Video Solution

585. An observer and a source both are moving away with velocity 20 $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$ each in opposite direction. If frequency of sound observed is 1800 Hz then what is actual frequency (velocity of sound= $340 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ )
A. 1906
B. 1903
C. 1912
D. 1947
586. Find capacitance in a series LCR circuit in order to get maximum power. $\left(X_{L}=250 \Omega\right.$ and $\left.f=50 \mathrm{~Hz}\right)$
A. $10.7 \mu \mathrm{~F}$
B. $12.7 \mu \mathrm{~F}$
C. $14.7 \mu F$
D. $14.9 \mu \mathrm{~F}$

## - Watch Video Solution

587. Two travelling waves produce a standing wave represented by equation $y=1.0 \mathrm{~mm} \cos \left(1.57 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} x\right) \sin \left(78.5 \mathrm{~s}^{-1}\right.$ the node closest to origin in the region $\mathrm{x}>0$ will be at $\mathrm{x}=$ ......cm
588. An amplitude modulated wave is represented by $C_{m}=10(1+0.2 \sin 12560 t) \sin \left(1.11 \times 10^{4} t\right) V$. The modulating frequency in KHz will be

## - Watch Video Solution

589. A cube made up of wire each of resistance $R$. The find equivalent resistance across its diagnol

A. $5 \frac{R}{6}$
B. $3 \frac{R}{4}$
C. $7 \frac{R}{12}$
D. R

## - Watch Video Solution

590. A carnot engine working between -10 deg $C$ and 25 deg $C$ temperature limit if produce a power of 35 W then what is heat input rate in engine.
A. 190J
B. 290J
C. 298J
D. 250 J

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591. The two oppositely charged rings of radii a are seprated by s. Find the potential difference between center of the ring ?

## D Watch Video Solution

592. If $B$ is the angle between $\vec{A}$ and $\vec{A}-\vec{B}$. Then $\tan B$ is
A. $\frac{2 B \sqrt{3}}{2 A-B}$
B. $\frac{2 B}{\sqrt{3} A-B}$
$B \sqrt{3}$
C. $\overline{2 A+B}$
D. $\frac{2 B}{\sqrt{3} A+B}$
593. $x_{1}=\frac{5}{2}[\sin (2 \pi t)+\cos (2 \pi t)], x_{2}=5\left[\sin \left(2 \pi l+\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right]$

Find the ratio of amplitude of the given motion ?
A. $\sqrt{2}: 1$
B. 2:1
C. $1: \sqrt{2}$
D. 1:2

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594. A cylinder of height $L$, mass $M$, radius $\frac{L}{\sqrt{2}}$ has MOI $1.2 \mathrm{kgm}^{2}$ about an axis at a distance of $\mathrm{L} / 2$ parallel to axis of cylinder. If length of cylinder is 80 cm . Find the density of cylinder.
A. $5.3 \mathrm{k} \frac{\mathrm{g}}{\mathrm{m}^{-3}}$
B. $15.3 \mathrm{k} \frac{\mathrm{g}}{\mathrm{m}^{-3}}$
C. $10.23 \mathrm{k} \frac{\mathrm{g}}{\mathrm{m}^{-3}}$
D. none

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595. Find equivalent capaciatnce of the given setup. (plate area $=A$,
plate seperation
d)

## A/2

A. $\left(\frac{k_{1} k_{2}}{k_{1}+k_{2}}+\frac{1}{2}\right)$
B. $\left(\frac{k_{1} k_{2}}{k_{1}+k_{2}}+2\right)$
C. $\left(\frac{2 k_{1} k_{2}}{k_{1}+k_{2}}\right) A \frac{\varepsilon_{0}}{d}$
D. $\left(\frac{k_{1} k_{2}}{2}\left(k_{1}+k_{2}\right)\right) A \frac{\varepsilon_{0}}{d}$
596. A wire is supporting two masses on a pulley as shown. If breaking stress of wire is $\left(\frac{2400}{\pi}\right) \frac{N}{m^{-2}}$. Find minimum radius of wire, so that it does not break.

A. 6.25 cm
B. 11 cm
C. 9.5 cm
D. 12.5 cm

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597. A ball of mass $M$ is rotating in a conical pendulum by a string of length $L$. If radius of circular path is $\frac{L}{\sqrt{2}}$, find the velocity of mass
A. $\sqrt{g L}$
B. $\sqrt{\frac{g L}{2}}$
C. $\sqrt{2 g L}$
D. $\sqrt{\frac{g L}{\sqrt{2}}}$

## Answer: D

598. An Unpolarised light of Intensity $I_{0}$ is incident on two polaroids placed co-axially such that $\frac{I_{0}}{2}$ intensity is received on screen. By what angle the polaroid placed close to screen should be rotated so that intensity on screen becomes $\frac{3}{8} I_{0}$
A. $30^{\circ}$
B. $60^{\circ}$
C. $45^{\circ}$
D. $90^{\circ}$

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

599. Match the dimensions of the physical quantities.

| Magnetic flux | $\rightarrow$ | $\mathrm{M}^{1} \mathrm{~L}^{2} \mathrm{~T}^{-2} \mathrm{~A}^{-1}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Magnetic intensity | $\rightarrow$ | $\mathrm{L}^{-1} \mathrm{~A}^{1}$ |
| Intensity of magnetization | $\rightarrow$ | $\mathrm{L}^{-1} \mathrm{~A}^{1}$ |
| Magnetic induction | $\rightarrow$ | $\mathrm{M}^{1} \mathrm{~T}^{-2} \mathrm{~A}^{-1}$ |

## - Watch Video Solution

600. The debroglie wavelength of an electron is $\lambda$ and has energy E . If the debroglie wavelength is reduced by $25 \%$ then how much extra kinetic energy will the electron have now?
A. $16 / 9 \mathrm{E}$
B. $7 / 9 \mathrm{E}$
C. 9/7 E
D. 9/16 E
601. A bulb with rating $100 \mathrm{~V}, 500 \mathrm{~W}$ is to be connected in series with an unknown resistance and a battery of 200 volts. What must be the value of this unknown resistance such that the bulb still dissipates


500W.
A. 25 OHM
B. 50 OHM
C. 20 OHM
D. 10 OHM
602. The image is formed on the object itself on the given arrangement. If mirror is removed. What is the distance between the object and the image?


## - Watch Video Solution

603. An EM wave is propagating along $x$-axis such that $\vec{E}=800 \sin (k x-w t) \hat{j}$. If an electron is projected with velocity $3 \times 10^{7} \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$.

Along $y$-axis then the maximum magnetic force experienced by electron is
604. A container has 1 mole of some gas and 2 mole of other gas has volume $1 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ at $27^{0} \mathrm{C}$. Find the pressure of the gas in kPa .

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605. Find the amplitude of the resultant wave formed by the two waves
given as $y_{1}=5 \sin (w t-k x), y_{2}=12 \sin \left(w t-k x+2 \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$

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606. How will the truth table look like?

607. Transmitter antenna height $=50 \mathrm{~m}$, receiver antenna height $=80 \mathrm{~m}$.

Radius of earth $=6400 \mathrm{~km}$. Find maximum distance between for LOS communication.

## - Watch Video Solution

608. Find the maximum induced emf.

## - Watch Video Solution

609. Equation of SHM for two particles is $x_{1}=5 \sin \left(w t+\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ and $x_{2}=5 \sqrt{2}[\sin (2 \pi t)+\cos (2 \pi t)]$. Then how many times amplitude of second particle greater than first.
610. Electric field of an em wave is $E=200 \sin \left(w\left(t-\frac{x}{c}\right)\right) \frac{V}{m}$. An electron is moving with speed $3 \times 10^{7} \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}}$. Find magnetic force on an electron.
A. $2.2 \times 10^{-18} N$
B. $3.2 \times 10^{-18} N$
C. $1.2 \times 10^{-18} N$
D. $4.2 \times 10^{-18} N$

## - Watch Video Solution

611. In an atwood machine the maximum stress that a string can tolerate without break is $\frac{24}{\pi} \times 10^{-2}$ find the radius of string.

A. 12.5
B. 16.5
C. 20.5
D. 24.5

## (D) Watch Video Solution

612. A fighter jet plane is flying horizontally drops a bomb find the nature of path of bomb as seen by pilot.
A. hyperbola
B. straight line
C. parabola
D. none

A. 0.24 W
B. 0.20 W
C. 0.12 W
D. 0.8 W
613. Find potential difference between centres of rings


## - Watch Video Solution

615. Error in length of pendulum is $0.1 \%$ then the error of seconds in a day is
A. 20.12 s
B. 25.13 s
C. 30.21 s
D. 43.2 s

## - Watch Video Solution

616. Three liquids $A, B, C$ have initial temperature $10 \operatorname{deg} C, 20 \operatorname{deg} C$ and $30 \operatorname{deg} C$ resp. $A$ and $B$ are mixed then temperature of mixture is 16 deg
C. If $B$ and $C$ are mixed then temperature of mixed is $26 \operatorname{deg} C$. If $A$ and

C are mixed the temperature of mixture is
A. 150/11
B. 160/11
C. 170/11
D. 120/11
617. Object, convex lens and convex mirror are arranged as shown. The R.O.C of mirror is 15 cm . Focal length of lens is unknown. It is given that image and object coincide. Find distance between image and object when mirror is removed.

A. 50
B. 35
C. 60
D. 27.5
618. Two blocks of mass 2 kg and 1 kg are at rest on a smooth surface as shown. There is friction between 2 kg and 1 kg block with $\mu=0.5$. Find maximum force to be applied on 1 kg for the two blocks to move
 together.

## - Watch Video Solution

619. Match list 1 and list 2 and select correct answers.

## List-I

P. Magnetic permeability
Q. Magnetic flux
R. Magnetization
S. Magnetic induction

List-II

1. $\left[M^{0} L^{-1} T^{0} I^{1}\right]$
2. $\left[M^{1} \mathrm{~T}^{2} \mathrm{I}^{-1}\right]$
3. $\left[M^{1} L^{1} \mathrm{~T}^{-2} \mathrm{I}^{-2}\right]$
4. $\left[\left.M^{1} L^{2}\right|^{-1} T^{-2}\right]$
5. Calculate moment of inertia of a square of each side of mass $m$, length I about a corner and perpendicular to plane.
A. $\frac{2}{3} m l^{2}$
B. $\frac{m l^{2}}{3}$
C. $\frac{5}{6} m l^{2}$
D. none
6. Which one of the following is not dimensionless?
A. relative permeability
B. quality factor
C. power factor
D. permeability of free space $\left(\mu_{0}\right)$
7. If $P T^{3}=$ Constant then find the coefficient of volume expansion.
A. $\frac{1}{T}$

2
B. $\frac{}{T}$
C. $\frac{3}{T}$
D. $\frac{4}{T}$
623. If $v=\sqrt{5000+24 x} \frac{m}{\mathrm{~s}}$ then calculate acceleration.
624. $E / B$. Find the unit. $(E=$ electric field intensity, $B=$ magnetic field intensity)

## - Watch Video Solution

625. Car $X$ and Car $Y$ approaching each other. Frequency heard by car $Y$ is 1320 Hz Then, find actual frequency.


- Watch Video Solution

626. First n resistor $\mathrm{R}=10 \mathrm{ohm}$ are ceonnected in series and this n resistor are connected to battery of $\mathrm{V}=20 \mathrm{~V}, R_{i}=10 \Omega$. When this n
resistor are conected to parallel to same battery then current increases 20times. Find n
A. 2
B. 3
C. 4
D. 5

## - Watch Video Solution

627. $E=A \sin (500 x-w t)$ where $A=50$ and $w=10^{11}, \mathrm{c}=$ speed of light then velocity of EM wave.
A. $\frac{3}{2} c$
B. $\frac{2}{3} c$
C. $c$
D. $\frac{c}{2}$

## - Watch Video Solution

628. Concave mirror object at $d_{1}$ from curvature of radius R and image at $d_{2}$ from $C$. Then,
A. $R=2 \frac{d_{1} d_{2}}{d_{1}-d_{2}}$
B. $R=\frac{d_{1} d_{2}}{d_{1}-d_{2}}$
C. $R=\frac{d_{1} d_{2}}{d_{1}+d_{2}}$
D. $R=2 \frac{d_{1} d_{2}}{d_{1}+d_{2}}$
629. 

Image
distance
from
0


## - Watch Video Solution

630. Potential energy vs. time given $U=\frac{k X^{2}}{2}$.Plot graph of $U$ vs. t.
A.

B.

C
C.

D. none

## - Watch Video Solution

631. A disc is kept on xy plane with centre at origin. Find electric field at a point with distance $Z$ from origin on $z$-axis.
A. $\left(\sigma \frac{1-\left(\frac{Z}{\sqrt{Z^{2}+r^{2}}}\right)}{\varepsilon_{0}}\right)$
B. $\left(\sigma \frac{1-\left(\frac{Z}{\sqrt{Z^{2}+r^{2}}}\right)}{2} \varepsilon_{0}\right)$
C. $\left(\sigma \frac{1+\left(\frac{Z}{\sqrt{Z^{2}+r^{2}}}\right)}{\varepsilon_{0}}\right)$
D. $\left(\sigma \frac{1-\left(\frac{Z}{\sqrt{Z^{2}-r^{2}}}\right)}{\varepsilon_{0}}\right)$

## - Watch Video Solution

632. The concentration of $10^{10}$ given. Half life $=1 \mathrm{~min}$. What is the concentration left at 30secs?
A. $7 \times 10^{\wedge} 9^{\prime}$
B. $7 \times 10^{\wedge} 10^{`}$
C. $8 \times 10^{\wedge} 9^{\prime}$
D. none
633. Height of transmission tower is 320 m and receiving tower is 2000m. Find range.

## - Watch Video Solution

634. If the intensity of light is increased for the same colour?
A. frequency will increase
B. no. of photons will increase
C. KE of photoelectrons will increase
D. momentum will increase
635. Find charge of $4 \mu F$ capacitor in steady state.

A. $4 \mu \mathrm{C}$
B. $6 \mu \mathrm{C}$
C. $8 \mu \mathrm{C}$
D. $10 \mu \mathrm{C}$
636. If $i=\sqrt{42} \sin \left(\frac{4 t}{T}\right)+10$. Find $i_{r m s}$
A. $\sqrt{42}+10$
B. $\sqrt{21}+10$
C. 11
D. 31

## - Watch Video Solution

637. A uniform wire is of length 24a. It is first bent to form an equilateral triangle of side length a and connected to a battery. The magnetic moment was $M_{1}$. Now, the wire is bent to form a square of side length a and connected to same battery. The magnetic moment was $M_{2}$. Find ratio of $M_{1}$ and $M_{2}$. (Assume same current).
A. 1
B. $\sqrt{3}$
C. $\frac{1}{3}$
D. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$

## - Watch Video Solution

638. From the given diagram. Find the resultant of forces.

A. $-10.56 \hat{i}-2.624 \hat{j}$
B. $10.56 \hat{i}+2.624 \hat{j}$
C. $10.56 \hat{i}-2.624 \hat{j}$
D. $-10.56 \hat{i}+4.624 \hat{j}$

## - Watch Video Solution

639. If block displaces right and work done by both forces is equal find

A. $\sqrt{2}$
B. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
C. 1
D. none

## - Watch Video Solution

640. 5 same cells ( $5 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \mathrm{hm}$ ) connected in series and then in parallel with an external resistance R respectively. If current in both circuits is equal then find $R$.
A. 4 ohm
B. 3 ohm
C. 2 ohm
D. 1 ohm
641. A huge circular arc of length 4.4 ly subtends an angle ' 4 S ' at the centre of the circle. How long it would take for a body to complete 4 revolution if its speed is 8 Au per second?

## - Watch Video Solution

642. Common emitter transistor is used in which region as an amplifier.
A. active region
B. saturation region
C. cut off region
D. cut and saturation
643. A particle of mass $2 M$ is divided in four particles of mass $m, m$, M, M-m. All particles are arrange on vertex of square of side a. Find ration of $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{m}$ for which potential energy of this system is maximum/minimum
A. 2
B. 44228
C. 3
D. 44256
644. Two identical rods are arranged as shown. $D$ is the midpoint of rod $B C$. Find the heat transfer rate through rods $A D$ (given- $L / K A=10$

## B D C $200^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \square 100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> A $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

k/W)

## - Watch Video Solution

645. In millikan's oil drop experiment what will be the terminal velocity of an uncharged drop of radius $2.0 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~m}$ and density of oil is $1.2 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{k} \frac{\mathrm{g}}{\mathrm{m}^{3}}$. Take viscosity of liquid $=1.8 \times 10^{-5} \frac{\mathrm{~N}}{\mathrm{~m}}$ (Neglect buoyancy force due to air)

## - Watch Video Solution

646. A balloon carries a total load of 185 kg at normal pressure and temperature at 27 dec C . What load with the balloon carry on rising to a height at which the barometer pressure is 45 cm of Hg and the temperature is $\begin{array}{llllll} & -7 & \text { deg } & \text { C. Assuming } & \text { volume constant. }\end{array}$

647. A bar magnet moving with velocity v towards a fixed conducting circular loop find the graph of emf $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{s}$. t. Consider anticlockwise emf as positive emf where observer is right of south pole of magnet .


Fixed Loop
A.

B.

C.

D.


## D Watch Video Solution

648. A drop falling from a shower of height 9.8 m . When it reaches the ground the third drop falls from shower. What is height of second
649. If the system is left from rest find the time taken by the 8 kg block to reach the ground.

650. Two coaxial discs rotating in the same sense, stick to each other and spin with common angular speed. Find the loss in kinetic energy of the system?

## - Watch Video Solution

651. Determine the resistance of the given resistor with the given color sequence(violet, green, red,

Color Value Multiplier Tolerance


## BB ROY of Great Britain has a Very Good ife

A. $(2500 \pm 10 \%) \Omega$
B. $(2500 \pm 5 \%) \Omega$
C. $(7500 \pm 10 \%) \Omega$
D. $(7500 \pm 5 \%) \Omega$

## - Watch Video Solution

652. Find the electric field due to an uniformly charged arc, at the

center 'c'.
A. $\frac{K \lambda}{2} R$
B. $\frac{K \lambda}{\sqrt{3} R}$
$K \lambda 2 \sqrt{3}$
C. $\frac{R}{R}$
D. $\frac{K \lambda \sqrt{3}}{2} R$

## - Watch Video Solution

653. Two coherent sources of intensities $I_{0}$ each produce minimum intensity of zero then the maximum intensity they can produce by interference is?
A. $I_{0}$
B. $2 I_{0}$
C. $4 I_{0}$
D. $8 I_{0}$
654. Victoria falls is 68 m high wht is the change in temperature of a drop if it falls that height if specific heat capacity is $1 \mathrm{cal} / \mathrm{g} \mathrm{deg} \mathrm{C}$.
A. $0.16^{0} \mathrm{C}$
B. $0 \cdot 10^{0} \mathrm{C}$
C. $0.66^{0} \mathrm{C}$
D. $1^{0} \mathrm{C}$

## - Watch Video Solution

655. A shell has mass 100 kg and radius 50 m . A point mass 50 kg is placed at center of shell. Find potential at a pont 25 m from center of
shell.

## 25 cm

## - Watch Video Solution

656. If force $F$, time $T$ and length $L$ are used as fundamental quantities then dimensional formula for density will be
A. $F T^{2} L^{-4}$
B. $F^{2} T L^{-3}$
C. $F T^{2} L^{4}$
D. $F^{3} T^{6} L^{5}$

## D Watch Video Solution

657. The power factor of the circuit shown is $p$. Now a capacitor (
$\left.X_{c}=2 R\right)$ is also joined in series. Find $\frac{p_{1}}{p_{2}}$

## - Watch Video Solution

658. Ratio of radius of curvature to focal length.

A. $\left(\mu_{1}-\mu_{2}\right)$
B. $\left(\mu_{2}-\mu_{1}\right)$
C. $\frac{1}{\mu_{1}-\mu_{2}}$
D. $\frac{1}{\mu_{2}-\mu_{1}}$
659. 

Ratio
of
charges
is
what?

$$
C_{2}=6
$$



- Watch Video Solution

660. $v=0.48$ for $\lambda=6.424 n m$ then what is $v^{\prime}$ for $\lambda=4 n m$
A. 1.25
B. 0.96
C. 1.5
D. 0.29

## - Watch Video Solution

661. For range of 44 km . What should be the suitable wavelength if tower is at a height of 400 m .

## ( Watch Video Solution

662. 50 mV galvanometer potential $2 \mathrm{div} / \mathrm{mA}$ and 50 divisions. what is the resistance?
A. 2
B. 4
C. 5
D. none

## - Watch Video Solution

663. In a sample of H like atoms highest quantum state is $\mathrm{n}=6$. Find total number of spectral lines in emission spectrum
A. 6
B. 15
C. 20
D. 5

## - Watch Video Solution

664. In the given arrangement magnetic field is $B=1 T$ and radius of circular loop is 1 m . Find emf induced in 1 s .

## $\mathrm{V}=|\mathrm{m}| \mathrm{s}$

$x=0$

## 0 <br> Watch Video Solution

665. Find the relation between current gain $\alpha$ and $\beta$ of transistor.
A. $\beta=\frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha}$
B. $\beta=\frac{\alpha}{1+\alpha}$
C. $\beta=\frac{1+\alpha}{\alpha}$
D. $\beta=\frac{1}{\alpha}$
666. The ratio of equivalent resistance of the combined resistances when the switch is closed to switch is open is $8: x$. Find value of $x$

A. 9
B. 4
C. 5
D. 2

## - Watch Video Solution

667. Equation of two SHM and $y_{1}=10 \sin \left(3 \pi t+\frac{\pi}{3}\right)$,
$y_{2}=5[\sin (3 \pi t)+\sqrt{3} \cos (3 \pi t)]$. Find ratio of amplitude $\frac{A_{1}}{A_{2}}$
A. 3
B. 2
C. 4
D. 1

Watch Video Solution
668. Find time taken by 8kg block to reach ground if initial system is at

rest.
$\square$
A. 4 s
B. 3 s
C. 2 s
D. 6 s

## - Watch Video Solution

669. A bullet of mass 10 g travelling with velocity v collides with pendulum mass system of mass 1 kg and length 1 m and embedded in it as shown. Find minimum value of $v$ so that pendulum mass undergoes

$$
\ell=1 \mathrm{~m}
$$

## Bullet <br> 10 g

## - Watch Video Solution

672. What should be the length of smallest closed organ pipe which will resonate with tuning fork of frequency 250 Hz ?
A. 33 cm
B. 25 cm
C. 38 cm
D. 28 cm

## - Watch Video Solution

673. Find ratio of rms velocity of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ molecule to $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ at same temperature.
A. 44287
B. 44228
C. $\frac{1}{4}$
D. 2

## - Watch Video Solution

674. In photoelectric experiment when wavelength of light is 642.4 nm falls on metal surface stopping potential of photo electron is 0.48 eV . What will be the stoppingpotential when wavelength of light used is 474 nm ?
A. 1.12 eV
B. 1.18 eV
C. 1.16 eV
D. 1.10 eV

## - Watch Video Solution

675. In a region if electric field is $6 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$ then magnetic field will be?

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676. 

Match
the
following.
Match the following

Column (A)
(a) Gas constant (R)
(b) Plank constant (h)
(c) Coefficient of viscosity $(\eta)$
(d) Permeability of free space ( $\mu_{0}$ )
(1) $a-r, b-p, c-s, d-q$
(2) $a-p, b-r, c-s, d-q$
(3) $a-r, b-p, c-q, d-s$
(4) $a-r, b-q, c-s, d-p$

## - Watch Video Solution

677. In AC circuit, if $X_{L}=X_{C}=R$ then what is the impedance?
A. $R$
B. $R \sqrt{2}$
C. $R \sqrt{3}$
D. $2 R$

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678. If $2 \%$ current passes through galvanometer. Shunt resistance is 5 ohms then resistance of galvanometer is what?

## (D) Watch Video Solution

679. Mass $=10 \mathrm{~kg}$ hanging, area of cross section $100 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, length 20 cm , $y=2 \times 10^{11}$. Find total elongation.
680. An aeroplane flies horizontally at height $h$ with constant velocity v and drops a packet of food. The shortest distance between helicopter and person standing down when he catches the food packet?

## - Watch Video Solution

681. A particle ' $A$ ' disintegrates into other ' $B$ ' and then ' $B$ ' into ' $C$ '. Find the graph suitable for number of atoms of $B$ vs. time.

## - Watch Video Solution

682. Earth and moon centre distance is 'r'. From the mid point what should be the speed of the particle so that it can escape to infinity?

## - Watch Video Solution


A. 6 V
B. 12 V
C. 18 V
D. 3 V
684. The efficiency of carnot engine is $1 / 4$. If the temperature of $\operatorname{sink}$ reduces by 58 degrees celsuis the efficiency doubles. Calculate temperature of sink.

## - Watch Video Solution

685. A rod of height H having mass $\mu$ is hangingvertically from ceiling.

Find expansion at end of rod. Given young's modulus Y , cross section A .
A. $\frac{\mu g H}{A Y}$
B. $\frac{\mu g H}{2 A Y}$
C. $\frac{\mu g H}{4 A Y}$
D. $\frac{2 \mu g H}{A Y}$

## - Watch Video Solution

686. A square loop having resistance of each side as 3 ohm each is bent to form a circle. Then, the resistance across two diametric end points is?

- Watch Video Solution

687. Sum of height of transmission and carrier antenna is 160 m .

Calculate maximum range.
A. 320 km
B. 640 km
C. 64 km
D. none

## - Watch Video Solution

688. Concave lens focal distance $f$, object kept at f. Find magnification and image distance.
A. $-\frac{f}{2}$
B. $f$
C. 4
D. infinity`
689. A car is going with an acceleration of $10 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}}$ upwards on an inclined plane of inclination $30^{\circ}$. There is a bob suspended in it. The angle $\theta$ which it makes with the vertical w.r.t ground is.... Coses
A. 45 degrees
B. 60 degrees
C. 30 degrees
D. 20 degrees
690. A particles has velocity $40 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ is exploded into two equal parts one with $60 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ in same direction. The ratio of kinetic energy of individual particles after explosion is $\mathrm{K}: 4$, Then K is
A. 26
B. 36
C. 40
D. 15

## - Watch Video Solution

691. Volume decreases by $0.5 \%$ and bulk modulus is $9.8 \times 10^{11}$. Density is
$1000 k \frac{g}{m^{3}}, \mathrm{~g}=9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{\wedge} 2$. Find depth.
692. Two fixed charges are as shown. Where should the third charge be
placed so that its in equilibrium?

## 5 cm

A. 2.5 cm to left of $-5 \mu \mathrm{C}$
B. 10 cm to left of $+20 \mu \mathrm{C}$
C. 5 cm to right of $-5 \mu \mathrm{C}$
D. 10 cm to right of $-5 \mu \mathrm{C}$
693. For inputs of A \& B shown. What would be the truth table of the logic gates shown?


## - Watch Video Solution

694. A particle of mass ' $M$ ' is moving with a speed of ' $v$ '. It collides with another particle of mass ' $m$ '. After collision they are going at an angle of $(\theta)_{1} \&(\theta)_{2}$ resp. For what value of $\frac{M}{m},(\theta)_{1} \&(\theta)_{2}$ will be equal (assume elastic collision)
A. $4(\sin )^{2}(\theta)-1$
B. $4(\cos )^{2}(\theta)-1$
C. $4(\operatorname{cosec})^{2}(\theta)-1$
D. $4(\mathrm{sec})^{2}(\theta)-1$

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695. Match the following column and select the correct option.

| Column I | Column II |
| :--- | :--- |
| (a) Torque | (P) $\mathrm{M}^{1} \mathrm{~L}^{2} \mathrm{~T}^{0}$ |
| (b) Tension | (Q) $\mathrm{M}^{1} \mathrm{~L}^{0} \mathrm{~T}^{-2}$ |
| (c) Moment of inertia | (R) $\mathrm{M}^{1} \mathrm{~L}^{1} \mathrm{~T}^{-2}$ |
| (d) Surface tension | (S) $\mathrm{M}^{1} \mathrm{~L}^{2} \mathrm{~T}^{-2}$ |

A. $a-S, b-P, c-R, d-Q$
B. $a-S, b-R, c-P, d-Q$
C. $a-R, b-Q, c-S, d-P$
D. $a-Q, b-P, c-R, d-S$

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696. Find the shortest distance between the images. $(\sqrt{5}=2.3)$

## $\mathrm{O}(\mathrm{a}, 2 \mathrm{a})$

A. $4.6 a$
B. $2.3 a$
C. $2 a$
D. $2 \sqrt{5} a$

## - Watch Video Solution

697. A particle is moving in a horizontal circular motion of radius $R$ with constant speed $v$, then the angular momentum of particle about the axis passing through centre is....
A. constant
B. magnitude is varying
C. direction is varying
D. both magnitude and direction are varying
698. A long insulated copper wire is closely wound as a spiral of $N$ turns. The spiral has inner radius $a$ and outer radius $b$. The spiral lies in the $x y$-plane and a steady current I flows through the wire. Thezcomponent of the magetic field at the centre of the spiral is


$$
\left(\mu_{0} N I\right) \ln \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)
$$

A.

$$
2(b-a)
$$

$$
\left(\mu_{0} N I\right) \ln \left(\frac{b+a}{b-a}\right)
$$

B.

$$
2(b-a)
$$

C. $\frac{2(b)}{}$
D. $\frac{\left(\mu_{0} N I\right) \ln \left(\frac{b+a}{b-a}\right)}{2(b)}$

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699. If $|2 \vec{a}+3 \vec{b}|=|3 \vec{a}+\vec{b}|$ and angle between $\vec{a}$ and $\vec{b}$ is 60 degrees. If $\frac{\vec{a}}{8}$ is a unit vector. Find $|\vec{b}|$.
A. 8
B. 5
C. 3
D. 2
700. If debroglie wavelength is same for an electron and proton, then which of the following relation is correct
A. $k_{p}>k_{e}, P_{p}>P_{e}$
B. $k_{p}>k_{e}, P_{p}=P_{e}$
C. $k_{p}<k_{e}, P_{p}<P_{e}$
D. $k_{p}<k_{e}, P_{p}=P_{e}$
701. A particle is performing SHM with time period T . The time after which KE and PE of particle will be equal is $\frac{T}{x}$ then value of x is:
(Consider $\mathrm{t}=0$ particle is at mean position and $\mathrm{U}=0$ )
A. 16
B. 8
C. 4
D. 2

## ( Watch Video Solution

702. A wire of mass density $9 \times 10^{-4}$ is stretched by tension 900 N is fixed at both ends. If it resonate at frequency 500 Hz and 550 Hz consecutively. Length of wire is ......m?

## - Watch Video Solution

703. If for a system, $\mathrm{dP} / \mathrm{dV}=-\mathrm{aP}$. If at pressure $P_{0}$, volume is zero, then find maximum possible temperature of system.
704. A car is moving on a Banked horizontal circular track of radius $R$ with constant spped v . A particle is tied with a string from ceiling of the car. Find the angle made by string with vertical.

## - Watch Video Solution

705. In given circuit, correct curve depicting voltage across resistance R, with time is?

A.

B.

C.

D.


## - Watch Video Solution

706. Find equivalent resistance across points $A$ and $B$.

A. 1 R
B. 3 R
C. 2 R
D. 4 R

## - Watch Video Solution

707. A loop when viewed from top carries on anti-clockwise current as shown. The direction of magnetic field is

A. Along $+z$-axis
B. Along -z-axis
C. Along $x$-axis
D. Along $y$-axis

## - Watch Video Solution

708. A pendulum having length L has time period $T_{0}$ in air. When it is dipped in water having density $\frac{1}{4}$ th of density of bob. Length of pendulum is increased to $\frac{3}{4}$ times initial length. Then new time period $T^{\prime}$ is
A. $T^{\prime}=T_{0}$
B. $T^{\prime}=\frac{4 T_{0}}{3}$
C. $T^{\prime}=\frac{3 T_{0}}{4}$

## D. NONE

## - Watch Video Solution

709. A resistor produces $192 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{s}$ heat when 4 A current is passed through it. Find heat produced when 8A current is passed for 5 secs
A. 3200 J
B. 4284 J
C. 3840J
D. NONE
710. An equilateral triangle of side 10 cm carries a current of 3 A . Find the magnetic field at centroid of triangle.
A. $1.2 \times 10^{-5} T$
B. $3.6 \times 10^{-5} T$
C. $2.4 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~T}$
D. $5.4 \times 10^{-5} T$

## - Watch Video Solution

711. An electron of energy 2.6 eV strikes an excited H -atom and gets absorbed. After that H -atom comes to ground state and a photon is released. Find the frequency of photon released.
A. $2.18 \times 10^{15} \mathrm{~Hz}$
B. $4.12 \times 10^{15} \mathrm{~Hz}$
C. $3.08 \times 10^{15} \mathrm{~Hz}$
D. NONE

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712. Two spheres are of same mass 20 kg and same radius 50 cm connected of two ends of a rod of negligible mass. Find moment of inertia which is perpendicular to rod and passing through the midpoint of rod. Distance between sphere is 5 m .

A. $367 \mathrm{k} \frac{\mathrm{g}}{\mathrm{m}^{2}}$
B. $728 \mathrm{k} \frac{\mathrm{g}}{\mathrm{m}^{2}}$
C. $364 k \frac{g}{m^{2}}$
D. $734 k \frac{g}{m^{2}}$

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713. A particle is moving along $x$-axis with velocity $40 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. It breaks into two parts in mass ratio 1:2. If speed of smaller part is $60 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ along x axis then find fractional changes in kinetic energy of system.
A. $\frac{1}{8}$
B. $\frac{3}{7}$
C. $\frac{1}{6}$
D. $\frac{2}{5}$
714. If a capacitor connected to a battery is fully charged, then a dielectric $(k)$ is inserted between plates then increase in the potential energy is
A. $k$ times
B. k -1 times
C. $\frac{1}{k}$ times
D. $k^{2}$ times
715. The ratio of gravitational field at depth $R$ from earth surface to height $R$ above surface is
A. $\sqrt{2}$
B. 0
C. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
D. NONE

## (D) Watch Video Solution

716. 

Identify
the

A. OR
B. NAND
C. NOR
D. AND

## - Watch Video Solution

717. In young's double slit experiment distance 4th bright on both side of center of screen is 2.4 cm . Find frequency of light if distance between slits is 0.3 m and distance of screen from slits is 1.5 m .

## - Watch Video Solution

718. V - velocity, T - time, F - force is taken as fundamental quantities.

Find dimension of mass [M].
A. $\left[F V^{-1} T^{-2}\right]$
B. $\left[F V^{2} T^{-1}\right]$
C. $\left[F V T^{-1}\right]$
D. $\left[F V^{-1} T\right]$

## - Watch Video Solution

719. Magnetic field at center of an equilateral triangle of side length
9 cm current $\quad$ having 2 A is
A. $4 X 10^{-4} T$
B. $4 \times 10^{-5} T$
C. $4 \times 10^{-3} T$
D. $4 \times 10^{-2} T$

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720. A table having four cylindrical legs of radius 50 cm and 100 cm (inner/outer). A mass of $50 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~kg}$ is kept on it at center of table $\left(y=2 \times 10^{11}\right)$. Find strain of each leg.
A. $2.65 \times 10^{7}$
B. $2.65 \times 10^{-7}$
C. $2.65 \times 10^{-4}$
D. $2.65 \times 10^{4}$

## - Watch Video Solution

721. A capacitor of capacitance $200 \mu F$ is connected to a 200 V battery.

Dielectric material of dielectric constant 2 is introduce in between the plates of the capacitor. Find change in energy stored in the process.

A. 6J
B. 4 J
C. 3J
D. 2 J
722. In a circuit when current of 4 A is flown in a resistance for 1 sec heat produced is 192J. If the current is doubled then heat produced in 5 s in same resistance is....

## O <br> Watch Video Solution

723. A particle is moving in a straight line its speed depends on $x$ as

A. $1 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}}$
B. $2 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}}$
C. $3 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}}$
D. $4 \frac{\mathrm{~m}}{\mathrm{~s}^{2}}$

## - Watch Video Solution

724. In an adiabatic process, volume of gas changes from $1200 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ to $300 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{~m}^{3}$. Initial pressure of gas is 200 KPa . For the process is $\gamma=1.5$. Find work done by gas in the process.
A. -480 J
B. -280 J
C. 480J
D. 280 J
725. Current is induced in a conducting loop placed in a magnetic field
as shown. Choose correct option.

A. Magnetic field outward and increasing
B. Magnetic field outward and decreasing
C. Magnetic field parallel to plane of ring and increasing
D. Magnetic field parallel to plane of ring and decreasing
726. The ratio of acceleration due to gravity at depth ' R ' from the surface of planet and at height ' $r$ ' from the surface of planet where $r$

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727. Choose incorrect option
A. In uniform electric field, closed surface contain zero flux
B. If q is at centre in cube then same flux will passes through all
faces
C. In gaussian surface if all the ield lines are entering then it mean
flux pass through surface is negative
D. If electric field parallel to gaussian surface then flux is finite and

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728. Statement 1: Three force $f_{1}, f_{2}$ and $f_{3}$ are acted at vertices of a triangular body such that $f_{1}+f_{2}=-f_{3}$ and these force are concurrent forces,

Statement 2: It explain translations equilibrium
A. Both Statements correct
B. Statement 1 incorrect and Statement 2 correct
C. Statement 2 incorrect and Statement 1 correct
D. Both Statements incorrect

## - Watch Video Solution

729. Choose correct alternative in SHM. ( At mean position $U_{i}=0$ )
730. PE and KE in a SHM is always equal
731. Average PE and average KE for any time interval is same
732. Total energy is always conserved
733. Average KE and average PE is same for a time period.
A. 3,4 correct
B. 3 correct
C. 1,4 correct
D. 1,2 correct

## - Watch Video Solution

730. In a container of volume $1000 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ there is a mixture of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ at pressure of 200 kPa and temperature of 300 K . Determine ratio of mass of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ to that of $\mathrm{H}_{2}$. If total mass of mixture is 0.76 g .
A. $\frac{3}{8}$
B. $\frac{16}{3}$
C. $\frac{8}{3}$
D. $\frac{3}{16}$

## - Watch Video Solution

731. A varying magnetic field exist in space as follows
$B=B_{0}\left(\frac{\hat{i}+\hat{j}}{\sqrt{2}}[\cos (k z-w t)]\right.$ two charge particles $q_{1}=4 \pi \mathrm{C}$ and $q_{2}=2 \pi \mathrm{C}$
placed at $\left(0,0, \frac{\pi}{k}\right)$ and $\left(0,0,3 \frac{\pi}{k}\right)$ and moving with equal velocities of
$0.5 c \hat{i}$ then find ratio of force on two charge at $\mathrm{t}=0 \mathrm{~s}$ is
A. 2
B. 4
C. 6
D. 8

## D Watch Video Solution

732. A vernier scale is used to measure diameter of spherical object. If 10 vernier scale division is equal to 9 main scale division and 1MSD is 1 mm . The reading is such that after 8 division of main scale, 7 th vernier scale division coincides with exact one division of main scale. Diameter of sphere is?
A. 4.8 mm
B. 8.7 mm
C. 5.7 mm
D. 6.7 mm
733. Statement 1- In full wave rectifier to get steady output we need to add a capacitor parallel to load resistance.

Statement 2- In full wave rectifier to get steady output we need to add an inductor in series to load resistance
A. Both statements are true
B. Statement 1 is true but 2 is false
C. Statement 1 is false but 2 is true
D. Both statements are false
734. Identify the gate for the two circuits shown below-

A. AND, NOR
B. OR,NOT
C. AND,NOT
D. NOR,NOT
735. Two resistances $4 \pm 0.4 \Omega$ and $4 \pm 0.8 \Omega$ are in parallel. Find the equivalent resistance?
A. $2 \pm 0.3 \Omega$
B. $2 \pm 0.4 \Omega$
C. $4 \pm 0.3 \Omega$
D. $4 \pm 0.4 \Omega$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

736. If half life of $x$ is equal to mean life of $y$. Which one will decay faster?
A. $x$
B. $y$
C. both at same time
D. not enough information

## (D) Watch Video Solution

737. The intensity of magnetization of the magnetic fields graph for a diamagnetic material is best represented by.
A.

B.

C.

D.


## - Watch Video Solution

738. The maximum voltages of carrier and signal are 250 mV and 150 mV resp. For amplitude modulated wave, the maximum and minimum amplitude ratio is...
A. 0.16736111111111
B. 0.044444444444444
C. 0.21041666666667
D. 0.12847222222222
739. A resistor of 36 ohm is connected to 240 V and then it is broken into 2 halves and connected to 240 V in parallel. Find ratio of power
dissipation
A. 0.084027777777778
B. 0.043055555555556
C. 0.044444444444444
D. 0.16736111111111

## D Watch Video Solution

740. Find relative error if $y=\frac{m g l^{3}}{4 b d^{3} \delta}$ and $\mathrm{I}=1 \mathrm{~m}, \delta(\mathrm{l})=1 \mathrm{~cm}, m=2 \mathrm{~kg}$ $\Delta(m)=1 g, \delta=5 \mathrm{~mm}, \Delta(\delta)=0.1 \mathrm{~mm}, \mathrm{~b}=4 \mathrm{~cm}, \Delta(\mathrm{~b})=1 \mathrm{~mm}, \mathrm{~d}=0.4 \mathrm{~cm}$, $\Delta(d)=0.1 \mathrm{~mm}$ and g is errorless
A. 0.15
B. 0.0155
C. 0.83
D. 0.2

## - Watch Video Solution

741. Two particles are thrown with same initial speed from the same point with angles of projection $42^{0}$ and $48^{0}$. Find relation between ranges and heights.
A. $R_{1}<R_{2}, H_{1}<H_{2}$
B. $R_{1}>R_{2}, H_{1}<H_{2}$
C. $R_{1}=R_{2}, H_{1}>H_{2}$
D. $R_{1}=R_{2}, H_{1}<H_{2}$

## 742. Find the current flowing through the battery in steady state?


A. 1A
B. $\frac{1}{3} A$
C. $3 A$
D. $\frac{9}{11} \mathrm{~A}$

## - Watch Video Solution

743. An electron has been provided an accelerating voltage of 0.1 V at what temperature will a nitrogen molecule have the same KE as above mention electron?
A. 2.64 K
B. 464 K
C. 864 K
D. 1664 K

## - Watch Video Solution

744. A particle is dropped from height $h$, just before striking the ground its velocity is $0.8 \sqrt{g h}$. Find work done by air resistance. (assume
mass to m)
A. 0.68 mgh
B. -0.68 mgh
C. 0.32 mgh
D. -0.32 mgh

## - Watch Video Solution

745. An ice slab of cross section area $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ and length 1 m is being heated by a heater with resistance $\mathrm{R}=1000 \mathrm{OHM}$ and current $=1 \mathrm{~A}$. How much time will it take to melt the slab. Given $S_{i c e}=2400 \frac{\mathrm{~J}}{(\mathrm{~kg}) \cdot \mathrm{K}}$ temperature of ice slab $=-10^{0} \mathrm{C}$, density of ice $=10^{3} \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}$, latent of ice $=330000 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{kg}$
A. 35.4 s
B. 45.4 s
C. 55.4 s
D. 65.4 s

## - Watch Video Solution

746. In the following circuit, find the capacitance of the capacitor if the
potential drop across it in $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ is $2 V$.

A. $9.5 \mu \mathrm{~F}$
B. $45 \mu \mathrm{~F}$
C. $195 \mu \mathrm{~F}$
D. $295 \mu \mathrm{~F}$

## - Watch Video Solution

747. A rod is released from the horizontal position as shown. It is free to rotate about hinge. Find angular velocity of rod when it become
A. $W=\sqrt{\frac{3 g}{2 l}}$
B. $W=\sqrt{\frac{3 g}{l}}$
C. $W=\sqrt{\frac{2 g}{3 l}}$
D. NONE
748. Find current through battery when switch is closed.


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749. In space electric field is given by $\vec{E}=150 y^{2} J \frac{N}{C}$. A cube of side 0.5 m is placed with one corner at origin along +y axis. Find charge enclosed inside cube:
A. $3.8 \times 10^{-11} C$
B. $16.6 \times 10^{-11} C$
C. $8.3 \times 10^{-10} \mathrm{C}$
D. $8.3 \times 10^{-11} \mathrm{C}$

## Answer: D

## Watch Video Solution

750. Which one is correct for diamagnetic material?

B.

D.


## - Watch Video Solution

751. De-broglie's wavelength of an electron gas at 300 K is $x A^{0}$ then x is...

## - Watch Video Solution

752. Electromagnetic wave in a medium of $\mu_{r}=1$ is given as $E=20 \sin \left(20 \times 10^{10}-20 \times 10^{2} x\right)$. Dielectric constant of medium is $\frac{1}{x}$ then find $x$

## - Watch Video Solution

753. In an amplitude modulation, amplitude of carrier wave is 250 mV and amplitude of message signal is 150 mV . If $\frac{A_{\text {MAX }}}{A_{\text {MIN }}}=\frac{X}{50}$ then find x ...

## - Watch Video Solution

754. Find magnetic induction at $P$ due to wire:

755. In a YDSE ratio of slit width is 1:9. If $\frac{I_{M A X}}{I_{\text {MIN }}}=\frac{X}{4}$ then find x ?

## - Watch Video Solution

756. An electron accelerated through a potential difference of 0.1 V from rest attains a KE $\left(K E_{e}\right)$ also there is a molecule of nitrogen gas
having temperature 300 K and $\operatorname{KE}\left(K E_{N_{2}}\right)$. Find $\frac{K E_{e}}{K E_{N_{2}}}$
A. 1.5
B. 2
C. 2.5
D. 1
757. Find height of liquid in container when observer in air observes that height of liquid is half of actual height of cylinder.

A. 12 cm
B. 11.7 cm
C. 22.8 cm
D. none
758. A capacitor is connected to a 20 V battery and 10 ohm resistance.

The potential difference across the capacitor rises from OV to 2 V in
$10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. Find capacitance of capacitor (given $\ln \left(\frac{10}{9}\right)=0.105$ )
A. $9.5 \mu \mathrm{~F}$
B. $12 \mu F$
C. $14.5 \mu \mathrm{~F}$
D. $15 \mu \mathrm{~F}$

## - Watch Video Solution

759. Half life of $A$ is same as that of mean life of $B$
A. A will decay faster than B
B. B will decay faster than A
C. Both will decay with same rate
D. Initial decay rate is same then both will decay with different rate

## - Watch Video Solution

760. Three moles of a monoatomic gas is subjected to a rise of temperature 400 K under isobaric process. If ratio of increase in internal energy and work done by gas is $\frac{x}{10}$ then find x ...
A. 10
B. 15
C. 25
D. 28

## (b) Watch Video Solution

## SECTION-A

1. $n$ mole a perfect gas undergoes a cyclic process $A B C A$ (see figure) consisting of the following processes.
$A \rightarrow B$ : Isothermal expansion at temperature T so that the volume is doubled from $V_{1}$ to $V_{2}=2 V_{1}$ and pressure changes from $P_{1}$ to $P_{2}$
$B \rightarrow C$ : Isobaric compression at pressure $P_{2}$ to initial volume $V_{1}$
$C \rightarrow A$ : Isochoric change leading to change of pressure from $P_{2}$ to $P_{1}$.

Total work done in the complete cycle ABCA is :

A. 0
B. $n R T\left(\ln 2+\frac{1}{2}\right)$
C. $n R T \ln 2$
D. $n R T\left(\ln 2-\frac{1}{2}\right)$

Answer: D
2. The focal length $f$ is related to the radius of curvature $r$ of the spherical convex mirror by
A. $f=+\frac{1}{2} r$
B. $f=-r$
C. $f=-\frac{1}{2} r$
D. $f=r$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

3. In a Young's double slit experiment, the width of the one of the slit is three times the other slit. The amplitude of the light coming from a slit is proportional to the slit-width. Find the ratio of the maximum to the minimum intensity in the interference pattern.
A. 1:4
B. $3: 1$
C. $4: 1$
D. 2:1

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

4. Two stars of masses m and 2 m at a distance d rotate about their common centre of mass in free space. The period of revolution is :
A. $\frac{1}{2 \pi} \sqrt{\frac{d^{3}}{3 G m}}$
B. $2 \pi \sqrt{\frac{d^{3}}{3 G m}}$
C. $\frac{1}{2 \pi} \sqrt{\frac{3 G m}{d^{3}}}$
D. $2 \pi \sqrt{\frac{3 G m}{d^{3}}}$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

5. A current through a wire depends on time as $i=\alpha_{0} t+\beta t^{2}$ where $\alpha_{0}=20 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{s}$ and $\beta=8 A s^{-2}$. Find the charge crossed through a section of the wire in 15 s .
A. 2250 C
B. 11250 C
C. 2100 C
D. 260 C

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

6. Moment of inertia (M.I.) of four bodies, having same mass and radius, are reported as,
$I_{1}=$ M.I. of thin circular ring about its diameter.
$I_{2}=$ M.I. of circular disc about an axis perpendicular to the disc and going through the centre,
$I_{3}=$ M.I. of solid cylinder about its axis and
$I_{4}=$ M.I. of solid sphere about its diameter. Then :
A. $I_{2}+I_{3}<I_{2}+I_{4}$
B. $I_{1}+I_{2}=I_{3}+\frac{5}{2} I_{4}$
C. $I_{1}=I_{2}=I_{3}>I_{4}$
D. $I_{1}=I_{2}=I_{3}<I_{4}$

## Answer: C

7. Given below are two statements :

Statement-I : Two photons having equal linear momentum have equal wavelengths.

Statement-II : If the wavelength of photon is decreased, then the momentum and energy of a photon will also decrease.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below.
A. Both Statement I and Statement II are true
B. Statement I is false but Statement II is true
C. Both Statement I and Statement II are false
D. Statement I is true but Statement II is false

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

8. In the given figure, a mass $M$ is attached to a horizontal spring which is fixed on one side to a rigid support. The spring constant of the spring is $k$. The mass oscillates on a frictionless surface with time period T and amplitude A . When the mass is in equilibrium position, as shown in the figure, another mass $m$ is gently fixed upon it. The new amplitude of oscillation will be :

A. $A \sqrt{\frac{M-m}{M}}$
B. $A \sqrt{\frac{M}{M+m}}$
C. $A \sqrt{\frac{M+m}{M}}$
D. $A \sqrt{\frac{M}{M-m}}$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

9. If $\mathrm{Y}, \mathrm{K}$ and $\eta$ are the values of Young's modulus, bulk modulus and modulus of rigidity of any material respectively. Choose the correct relation for these parameters.
A. $Y=\frac{9 K \eta}{3 K-\eta} N / m^{2}$
B. $\eta=\frac{3 Y K}{9 K+Y} N / m^{2}$
C. $Y=\frac{9 K \eta}{2 \eta+3 K} N / m^{2}$
D. $K=\frac{Y n}{9 \eta-3 Y} N / m^{2}$

## Answer: D

10. In the following figure the energy levels of hydroge atom have been shown along with some transitions marked $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{D}$ and E.The transitionsy $A, B$ and $C$ respectively represent:

A. The ionization potential of hydrogen, second member of Balmer series and third member of Paschen series.
B. The first member of the Lyman series, third member of Balmer series and second member of Paschen series.
C. The series limit of Lyman series, third member of Balmer series and second member of Paschen series.
D. The series limit of Lyman series, second member of Balmer series and second member of Paschen series.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

11. Four identical particles of equal masses 1 kg made to move along the circumference of a circle of radius 1 m under the action of their own mutual gravitational attraction. The speed of each particle will be :
A. $\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}(1+2 \sqrt{2})}$
B. $\sqrt{G(1+2 \sqrt{2})}$
C. $\sqrt{\frac{G}{2}(2 \sqrt{2}-1)}$
D. $\sqrt{\frac{(1+2 \sqrt{2}) G}{2}}$

## Answer: D

## (D) Watch Video Solution

12. If the velocity-time graph has the shape AMB, what would be the shape of the corresponding acceleration-time graph ?

A.

B.

C.

D.


## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

13. Two equal capacitors are first connected in series and then in parallel. The ratio of the equivalent capacities in the two cases will be:
A. $4: 1$
B. 2:1
C. 1:4
D. 1:2

## Answer: C

14. If an emitter current is changed by 4 mA , the collector current changes by 3.5 mA . The value of $\beta$ will be :
A. 7
B. 0.5
C. 0.875
D. 3.5

## Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

15. Match List-I with List-II:

## List-I

List-II
(i) Pressure constant
(b) Isochoric
(ii) Temperature constant
(iii) Volume constant
(d) Isobaric
(iv) Heat content is constant

## D Watch Video Solution

16. Each side of a box made of metal sheet in cubic shape is 'a' at room temperature ' T ', the coefficient of linear expansion of the metal sheet is ' $\alpha$ '. The metal sheet is heated uniformly, by a small temperature $\Delta T$, so that its new temperature is $T+\Delta T$. Calculate the increase in the volume of the metal box.
A. $3 a^{3} \alpha \Delta T$
B. $4 a^{2} \alpha \Delta T$
C. $4 \pi а \wedge 3 \alpha \Delta T$
D. $\frac{4}{3} \pi a^{3} \alpha \Delta T$

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

17. A cell $E_{1}$ of emf 6 V and internal resistance $2 \Omega$ is connected with another cell $E_{2}$ of emf 4 V and internal resistance $8 \Omega$ (as shown in the figure). The potential difference across points $X$ and $Y$ is:

A. 10.0 V
B. 3.6 V
C. 5.6 V
D. 2.0 V

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

18. A cube of side 'a' has point charges $+Q$ located at each of its vertices except at the origin where the charge is -Q . The electric field at the centre of cube is :

A. $\frac{-Q}{3 \sqrt{3} \pi \varepsilon_{0} a^{2}}(\hat{x}+\hat{y}+\hat{z})$
B. $\frac{-2 Q}{3 \sqrt{3} \pi \varepsilon_{0} a^{2}}(\hat{x}+\hat{y}+\hat{z})$
C. $\frac{2 Q}{3 \sqrt{3} \pi \varepsilon_{0} a^{2}}(\hat{x}+\hat{y}+\hat{z})$
D. $\frac{Q}{3 \sqrt{3} \pi \varepsilon_{0} a^{2}}(\hat{x}+\hat{y}+\hat{z})$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

19. Consider two satellites $S_{1}$ and $S_{2}$ with periods of revolution 1 hr . and 8 hr . respectively revolving around a planet in circular orbits. The ratio of angular velocity of satellite $S_{1}$ to the angular velocity of satellites $S_{2}$ is:
A. 8:1
B. 1:4
C. 2:1
D. 1:8

## Answer: A::C

## - Watch Video Solution

20. The workdone by a gas molecule in an isolated system is given by, $W=\alpha \beta^{2} e^{-\frac{x^{2}}{\alpha k T}}$, where x is the displacement, k is the Boltzmann constant and T is the temperature, $\alpha$ and $\beta$ are constants. Then the dimension of B will be :
A. $\left[M L^{2} T^{-2}\right]$
B. $\left[M L T^{-2}\right]$
C. $\left.M^{2} L T^{2}\right]$
D. $\left[M^{0} L T^{0}\right]$

## Answer: B

21. Find the gravitational force of attraction between the ring and sphere as shown in the diagram, where the plane of the ring is perpendicular to the line joining the centres. If $\sqrt{8} R$ is the distance between the centres of a ring (of mass ' $m$ ') and a sphere (mass " $M$ ") where both have equal radius " R '

A. $\frac{\sqrt{8}}{9} \cdot \frac{G m M}{R}$
B. $\frac{2 \sqrt{2}}{3} \cdot \frac{G M m}{R^{2}}$
C. $\frac{1}{3 \sqrt{8}} \cdot \frac{G M m}{R^{2}}$
D. $\frac{\sqrt{8}}{27} \cdot \frac{G m M}{R^{2}}$

Answer: D
22. Consider the combination of 2 capacitors $C_{1}$ and $C_{2}$ with $C_{2}>C_{1}$, when connected in parallel, the equivalent capacitance is $\frac{15}{4}$ time the equivalent capacitance of the same connected in series. Calculate the
ratio of capacitors, $\frac{C_{2}}{C_{1}}$
A. $\frac{15}{11}$
B. $\frac{111}{80}$
C. $\frac{29}{15}$
D. $\frac{15}{4}$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

23. In a typical combustion engine the work done by a gas molecule is given $W=\alpha^{2} \beta e^{\frac{-\beta x^{2}}{k T}}$ where x is the displacement, k is the Boltzmann constant and T is the temperature. If $\alpha$ and $\beta$ are constants, dimensions of $\alpha$ will be:
A. $\left[M L T^{-2}\right]$
B. $\left[M^{0} L T^{0}\right]$
C. $\left[M^{2} L T^{-2}\right]$
D. $\left[M L T^{-1}\right]$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

24. If $\lambda_{1}$ and $\lambda_{2}$, are the wavelengths of the third member of Lyman and first member of the Paschen series respectively, then the value of $\lambda_{1}: \lambda_{2}$ is:
A. $1: 9$
B. 7:108
C. 7:135
D. $1: 3$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

25. A short straight object of height 100 cm lies before the central axis of a spherical mirror whose focal length has absolute value $|\mathrm{f}|=40 \mathrm{~cm}$. The image of object produced by the mirror is of height 25 cm and has the same orientation of the object. One may conclude from the information:
A. Image is real, same side of concave mirror.
B. Image is virtual, opposite side of concave mirror.
C. Image is real, same side of convex mirror.
D. Image is virtual, opposite side of convex mirror.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

26. Assume that a tunnel is dug along a chord of the earth, at a perpendicular distance ( $R / 2$ ) from the earth's centre, where ' R ' is the radius of the Earth. The wall of the tunnel is frictionless. If a particle is released in this tunnel, it will execute a simple harmonic motion with a time period:
A. $\frac{2 \pi R}{g}$
B. $\frac{g}{2 \pi r}$
C. $\frac{1}{2 \pi} \sqrt{\frac{g}{r}}$
D. $2 \pi \sqrt{\frac{R}{g}}$

## - Watch Video Solution

27. An alternating current is given by the equation $i=i_{1} \sin \omega t+i_{2} \cos \omega t$.

The rms current will be
A. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(i_{1}^{2}+i_{2}^{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
B. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(i_{1}+i_{2}\right)^{2}$
C. $\frac{1}{2}\left(i_{1}^{2}+i_{2}^{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
D. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(i_{1}+i_{2}\right)$

## Answer: A

28. A material has normal density $\rho$ and bulk modulus $K$. The increase in the density of the material when it is subjected to an external pressure $P$ from all sides is
A. $\frac{\rho K}{P}$
B. $\frac{\rho P}{K}$
C. $\frac{K}{\rho P}$
D. $\frac{P K}{\rho}$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

29. A particle is moving with uniform speed along the circumference of a circle of radius $R$ under the action of a central fictitious force $F$ which is inversely proportional to $R^{3}$. its time period of revolution will be given by :
A. $T \propto R^{2}$
B. $T \propto R^{\frac{3}{2}}$
C. $T \propto R^{\frac{5}{2}}$
D. $T \propto R^{\frac{4}{3}}$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

30. A planet revolving in elliptical orbit has:
(A) a constant velocity of revolution.
(B) has the least velocity when it is nearest to the sun
(C) its areal velocity is directly proportional to its velocity
(D) areal velocity is inversely proportional to its velocity (E) to follow a trajectory such that the areal velocity is constant

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:
A. A only
B. D only
C. C only
D. E only

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

31. Given below are two statements : one is labelled as Assertion $A$ and the other is labelled as Reason R.

Assertion A : Body "P" having mass M moving with speed 'u" has headon collision elastically with another body ' $Q$ ' having mass ' $m$ ' initially at rest. If $M \gg m$, body Q will have a maximum speed equal to " 2 u ' after collision

Reason R : During elastic collision, the momentum and kinetic energy are both conserved.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:
A. A is not correct but $R$ is correct.
B. Both A and R are correct but R is NOT the correct explanation of
A.
C. Both $A$ and $R$ are correct and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
D. A is correct but R is not correct.

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

32. Four identical solid spheres each of mass ' $m$ ' and radius 'a' are placed with their centres on the four corners of a square of side ' b '. The moment of inertia of the system about one side of square where the axis of rotation is parallel to the plane of the square is :
A. $\frac{4}{5} m a^{2}+2 m b^{2}$
B. $\frac{8}{5} m a^{2}+m b^{2}$
C. $\frac{8}{5} m a^{2}+2 m b^{2}$
D. $\frac{4}{5} m a^{2}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

33. In a Young's double slit experiment two slits are separated by 2 mm and the screen is placed one meter away. When a light of wavelength 500 nm is used, the fringe separation will be:
A. 0.25 mm
B. 0.50 mm
C. 0.75 mm
D. 1 mm

## Answer: A

34. Find the electric field at point $P$ (as shown in figure) on the perpendicular bisector of a uniformly charged thin wire of length $L$ carrying a charge $Q$. The distance of the point $P$ from the centre of the $\operatorname{rod}$ is $\mathrm{a}=\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} L$.

A. $\frac{\sqrt{3} Q}{4 \pi \varepsilon_{0} L^{2}}$
B. $\frac{Q}{3 \pi \varepsilon_{0} L^{2}}$
C. $\frac{Q}{2 \sqrt{3} \pi \varepsilon_{0} L^{2}}$
D. $\frac{Q}{4 \pi \varepsilon_{0} L^{2}}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

35. If two similar springs each of spring constant $K_{1}$ are joined in series, the new spring constant and time period would be changed by a factor:
A. $\frac{1}{2}, \sqrt{2}$
B. $\frac{1}{4}, \sqrt{2}$
C. $\frac{1}{4}, 2 \sqrt{2}$
D. $\frac{1}{2}, \sqrt{2}$

## Answer: A

36. Consider the two insulating sheets with thermal resistance $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$ as shown in figure. The temperature $\theta$ is

A. $\frac{\theta_{2} R_{2}-\theta_{1} R_{1}}{R_{2}-R_{1}}$
B. $\frac{\theta_{1} R_{2}-\theta_{2} R_{1}}{R_{2}-R_{1}}$
C. $\frac{\theta_{1} R_{2}+\theta_{2} R_{1}}{R_{1}+R_{2}}$
D. $\frac{\theta_{1} R_{1}+\theta_{2} R_{2}}{R_{1}+R_{2}}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

37. Given below are two statements : one is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as

Assertion A: An electron microscope can achieve better resolving power than an optical microscope.

Reason R : The de Broglie's wavelength of the electrons emitted from an electron gun is much less than wavelength of visible light. In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:
A. $A$ is true but $R$ is false.
B. Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$.
C. Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is NOT the correct explanation of $A$.
D. A is false but Ris true.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

38. An LED is constructed from a p-n junction based on a certain semiconducting material whose energy gap is 1.9 eV . Then, the wavelength of the emitted light is
A. 1046 nm and red colour
B. 654 nm and orange colour
C. 1046 nm and blue colour
D. 654 nm and red colour

## Answer: D

39. If a number of little droplets of water, each of radius $r$, coalesce to form a single drop of radius $R$, show that the rise in temperature will
be given by $\frac{3 T}{J}\left(\frac{1}{r}-\frac{1}{R}\right)$ where $T$ is the surface tension of water and $J$ is the mechanical equivalent of heat.
A. $\frac{2 T}{J}\left(\frac{1}{r}-\frac{1}{R}\right)$
B. $\frac{2 T}{r J}$
C. $\frac{3 T}{r J}$
D. $\frac{3 T}{J}\left(\frac{1}{r}-\frac{1}{R}\right)$

## Answer: D

40. Five equal resistances are connected in a network as shown in figure. The net resistance between the points $A$ and $B$ is :

A. $2 R$
B. $\frac{R}{2}$
C. $\frac{3 R}{2}$
D. R

## Answer: D

41. For extrinsic semiconductors, when doping level is increased,
A. Fermi-level of p-type semiconductor will go upward and Fermilevel of $n$-type semiconductors will go downward.
B. Fermi-level of p-type semiconductors will go downward and Fermi-level of $n$-type semiconductor will go upward.
C. Fermi-level of both p-type and $n$-type semiconductros will go
upward for $T>T_{F} \mathrm{~K}$ and downward for $T<T_{F} \mathrm{~K}$, where $T_{F}$ is Fermi temperature.
D. Fermi-level of $p$ and $n$-type semiconductors will not be affected.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

42. In a ferromagnetic material, below the curie temperature, a domain is defined as :
A. a macroscopic region with zero magnetization region with zero magnetization.
B.a macroscopic region with consecutive magnetic dipoles oriented on opposite direction.
C. a macroscopic region with randomly oriented magnetic dipoles.
D. a macroscopic region with saturation magnetization.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

43. 1 mole of an ideal gas in a cylindrical container have the $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{V}$ diagram as shown in figure.If $V_{2}=4 V_{1}$ then the ratio of temperatures
$T_{1}$
$\frac{1}{T_{2}}$ will be
PA
$A\left(P_{1}, V_{1}, T_{1}\right)$
$P V^{1 / 2}=\mathrm{constant}$ $P^{B\left(P_{2}, V_{2}, T_{2}\right)}$
A. $\frac{1}{2}$
B. 2
C. $\sqrt{2}$
D. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

Answer: C
44. A stone is dropped from the top of a tower. When it crosses a point 5 m below the top, another stone is let fall from a point 25 m below the top. Both stones reach the bottom of the tower simultaneously. Find the height of the tower. Take $g=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$.
A. 35 m
B. 45 m
C. 50 m
D. 25 m

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

45. Given below are two statements :

Statement I: In a diatomic molecule, the rotational energy at a given temperature obeys Maxwell's distribution.

Statement II : In a diatomic molecule, the rotational energy at a given temperature equals the translational kinetic energy for each molecule. In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:
A. Statement I is false but Statement II is true.
B. Both Statement I and Statement II are false.
C. Both Statement I and Statement II are true.
D. Statement I is true but Statement II is false.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

46. Two identical springs of spring constant ' 2 k ' are attached to a block of mass $m$ and to fixed support (see figure).When the mass is displaced from equilibrium position on either side, it executes simple harmonic
motion. The time period of oscillations of this sytem is :

A. $2 \pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{k}}$
B. $\pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{2 k}}$
C. $\pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{2 k}}$
D. $\pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{k}}$

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

47. If a message signal of frequency ' $f_{m}$ ' is amplitude modulated with a carrier signal of frequency ' $f_{c}$ ' and radiated through an antenna, the wavelength of the corresponding signal in air is :
A. $\frac{c}{f_{c}-f_{m}}$
B. $\frac{c}{f_{m}}$
C. $\frac{c}{f_{c}+f_{m}}$
D. $\frac{c}{f_{c}}$

## Answer: D

## (D) Watch Video Solution

48. A charge ' $q$ ' is placed at one corner of a cube as shown in figure.The
flux of electrostatic field $\vec{E}$ through the shaded area is :

A. $\frac{q}{4 \varepsilon_{0}}$
B. $\frac{q}{24 \varepsilon_{0}}$
C. $\frac{q}{48 \varepsilon_{0}}$
D. $\frac{q}{8 \varepsilon_{0}}$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

49. The wavelength of the photon emitted by a hydrogen atom when an electron makes a transition from $\mathrm{n}=2$ to $\mathrm{n}=1$ state is :
A. 194.8 nm
B. 913.3 nm
C. 490.7 nm
D. 121.8 nm

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

50. An LCR circuit contains resistance of $110 \Omega$ and a supply of 220 V at $300 \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}$ angular frequency. If only capacitance is removed from the circuit, current lags behind the voltage by $45^{\circ}$. If on the other hand, only inductor is removed the current leads by $45^{\circ}$ with the applied voltage. The rms current flowing in the circuit will be :
A. 1A
B. 2.5 A
C. 1.5A
D. 2A

## Answer: D

51. A sphere of radius 'a' and mass ' $m$ ' rolls along a horizontal plane with constant speed $v_{0}$. It encounters an inclined plane at angle $\theta$ and climbs upward. Assuming that it rolls without slipping, how far up the sphere will travel ?

A. $\frac{10 v_{0}^{2}}{7 g \sin \theta}$
B. $\frac{v_{0}^{2}}{5 g \sin \theta}$
C. $\frac{2}{5} \frac{v_{0}^{2}}{g \sin \theta}$
D. $\frac{v_{0}^{2}}{2 g \sin \theta}$

## Answer: A

52. An electron of mass $m_{e}$ and a proton of mass $m_{p}=1836 m_{e}$ are moving with the same speed. The ratio of their de Broglie wavelength $\frac{\lambda_{\text {electron }}}{\lambda_{\text {proton }}}$ will be :
A. 1836
B. 1
C. 918
D. $\frac{1}{1836}$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

53. The displecement-time equation of a particle executing SHM is $x=A \sin (\omega t+\phi)$ At time $t=0$ position of the position is $x=A / 2$ and it is moving along negative $x$-direction .Then the angle $\phi$ can be
A. $\frac{\pi}{6}$
B. $\frac{\pi}{3}$
C. $\frac{5 \pi}{6}$
D. $\frac{2 \pi}{3}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

54. If $e$ is the electronic charge, $c$ is the speed of light in free space and h is Planck's constant, the quantity $\frac{1}{4 \pi \varepsilon_{0}} \frac{|e|^{2}}{h c}$ has dimensions of:
A. $\left[M^{0} L^{0} T^{0}\right]$
B. $\left[L C^{-1}\right]$
C. $\left[M L T^{-1}\right]$
D. $\left[M L T^{0}\right]$

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

55. An electron enters with kinetic energy $K E_{1}$, between the plates of a capacitor with a velocity making angle $\alpha$ as shown and leaves with $K E_{2}$ making angle $\beta$ ?. Find $\frac{K E_{1}}{K E_{2}}$ ?
 $a$ $\beta$
A. $\frac{\sin ^{2} \beta}{\cos ^{2} \alpha}$
B. $\frac{\cos ^{2} \beta}{\cos ^{2} \alpha}$
c. $\frac{\cos \beta}{\cos \alpha}$
D. $\frac{\cos \beta}{\sin \alpha}$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

56. The point A moves with a uniform speed along the circumference of a circle of radius 0.36 m and covers $30^{\circ}$ in 0.1 s . The perpendicular projection ' P ' from ' A ' on the diameter MN represents the simple harmonic motion of ' $P$ '. The restoration force per unit mass when $P$ touches $M$ will be :

A. 100 N
B. 0.49 N
C. 50 N
D. 9.87 N

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

57. The truth table for the followng logic circuit is:


| A | B | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 |

A.

| A | B | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |


| A | B | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 |

C.

| A | B | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |

D.

Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

58. The stopping potential for electrons emitted from a photosensitive surface illuminated by light of wavelength 491 nm is 0.710 V . When the incident wavelength is changed to a new value, the stopping potential is 1.43 V . The new wavelength is:
A. 329 nm
B. 309 nm
C. 382 nm
D. 400 nm

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

59. Match List I with List II.

## List I

(a) Rectifier
(b) Stabillzer
(c) Transformer
(d) Filter

## List II

(i) Ufsed either for stepping up of stepping down the a.c. voltage
(ii) Used to convert a.c.
voltage into d.c.
voltage
(iii) Used to remove any ripple in the rectified output voltage
(iv) Uised for constant output voltage even when the input voltage of load current change

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :
A. (a)-(ii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(i), (d)-(iii)
B. (a)-(iii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(i), (d)-(ii)
C. (a)-(ii), (b)-(i), (c)-(iv), (d)-(iii)
D. (a)-(ii), (b)-(i), (c)-(iii), (d)-(iv)

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

60. Consider the diffraction pattern obtained from the sunlight incident on a pinhole of diameter $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. If the diameter of the pinhole is slightly increased, it will affect the diffraction pattern such thtat :
A. its size decreases, and intensity decreases
B. its size increases, and intensity increases
C. its size increases, but intensity decreases
D. its size decreases, but intensity increases

## Answer: D

## (D) Watch Video Solution

61. If ' $C$ ' and ' $V$ ' represent capacity and voltage respectively then what are the dimensions of $\lambda$, where $\frac{C}{V}=\lambda$ ?
A. $\left[M^{-2} L^{-3} I^{2} T^{6}\right]$
B. $\left[M^{-3} L^{-4} L^{-4} I^{3} T^{7}\right]$
C. $\left[M^{-1} L^{-3} I^{-2} T^{-7}\right]$
D. $\left[M^{-2} L^{-4} I^{3} T^{7}\right]$

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

62. The length of a metal wire is $l_{1}$ when the tension in it is $T_{1}$ and is $l_{2}$ when the tension is $T_{2}$. Then natural length of the wire is
A. $\frac{l_{1}+l_{2}}{2}$
B. $\frac{T_{2} l_{1}+T_{1} l_{2}}{T_{1}+T_{2}}$
$T_{2} l_{1}-T_{1} l_{2}$
C. $\frac{}{T_{2}-T_{1}}$
D. $\frac{T_{1} l_{1}-T_{2} l_{2}}{T_{2}-T_{1}}$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

63. An aeroplane with its wings spread 10 m is flying with speed $180 \mathrm{k} \frac{\mathrm{m}}{\mathrm{h}}$ in horizontal direction. The total intensity of earth's field is $2.5 \times 10^{-4}$ Tesla and angle of dip is $60^{\circ}$. Then find emf induced between the tips of the plane wings.
A. 108.25 mV
B. 54.125 mV
C. 88.37 mV
D. 62.50 mV

## - Watch Video Solution

64. A tuning fork A of unknown frequency produces 5 beats $/ \mathrm{s}$ with a fork of known frequency 340 Hz . When fork A is filed, the beat frequency decreases to 2 beats/s. What is the frequency of fork A ?
A. 342 Hz
B. 345 Hz
C. 335 Hz
D. 338 Hz

## Answer: C

65. A particle executes SHM. Then the graph of velocity as a function of displacement is
A. A circle
B. A parabola
C. An ellipse
D. A helix

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

66. The trajectory of a projectile in a vertical plane is $y=a x-b x^{2}$, where $a$ and $b$ are constantsn and $x$ and $y$ are respectively horizontal and vertical distances of the projectile from the point of projection. The maximum height height attained by the particle and the angle of projection form the horizontal are:
A. $\tan ^{-1} \alpha, \frac{\alpha^{2}}{4 \beta}$
B. $\tan ^{-1} \beta, \frac{\alpha^{2}}{2 \beta}$
C. $\tan ^{-1} \alpha l, \frac{4 \alpha^{2}}{\beta}$
D. $\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{\beta}{\alpha}\right), \frac{\alpha^{2}}{\beta}$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

67. A cord is wound round the circumference of wheel of radius $r$. The axis of the wheel is horizontal and the moment of inertia about it is I. A weight mg is attached to the cord at the end. The weight falls from rest. After falling through a distance ' $h$ ', the square of angular velocity of wheel will be :-
A. $\frac{2 m g h}{I+2 m r^{2}}$
B. $\frac{2 m g h}{I+m r^{2}}$
C. 2gh
D. $\frac{2 g h}{I+m r^{2}}$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

68. The internal energy ( U ), pressure $(\mathrm{P}$ ) and volume $(\mathrm{V}$ ) of an ideal gas are related as $U=3 P V+4$. The gas is :-
A. Diatomic only
B. Polyatomic only
C. Either monoatomic or diatomic
D. Either monoatomic or diatomic

## Answer: B

69. Given below are two statements : one is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason $R$.

Assertion A : For a simple microscope, the angular size of the object equals the angular size of the image.

Reason R : Magnification is achieved as the small object can be kept much closer to the eye than 25 cm and hence it subtends a large angle. In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below :
A. $A$ is true but $R$ is false
B. Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is NOT the correct explanation of $A$.
C. Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$
D. $A$ is false but $R$ is true

## Answer: B::C

## - Watch Video Solution

70. Given below are two statements :

Statement I : An electric dipole is placed at the centre of a hollow sphere. The flux of electric field through the sphere is zero but the electric field is not zero anywhere in the sphere.

Statement II : If $R$ is the radius of a solid metallic sphere and $Q$ be the total charge on it. The electric field at any point on the spherical surface of radius $r(<R)$ is zero but the electric flux passing through this closed spherical surface of radius $r$ is not zero.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below :
A. Both Statement I and Statement II are true
B. Statement I is true but Statement II is false
C. Both Statement I and Statement II are false
D. Statement I is false but Statement II is true.

## Answer: B

71. The recoil speed of a hydrogen atom after it emits a photon in going from $n=5$, state to $n=1$ state is (in $\mathrm{ms}^{-1}$ )
A. $4.17 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
B. $2.19 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
C. $3.25 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
D. $4.34 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

72. Find the peak current and resonant frequency of the following circuit (as shown in figure).

A. 0.2 A and 50 Hz
B. O.2 A and 100 Hz
C. 2 A and 100 Hz
D. 2 A and 50 Hz

Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

73. An inclined plane making an angle of $30^{\circ}$ with the horizontal is placed in a uniform horizontal electric field $200 \frac{N}{C}$ as shown in the figure. A body of mass 1 kg and charge 5 mC is allowed to slide down from rest at a height of 1 m . If the coefficient of friction is 0.2 , find the time taken by the body to reach the bottom. $\left[g=9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, \sin 30^{\circ}=\frac{1}{2}, \cos 30^{\circ}=\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right]$

A. 0.92 s
B. 0.46 s
C. 2.3 s
D. 1.3 s

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

74. Two masses $A$ and $B$, each of mass $M$ are fixed together by a massless spring. $A$ force acts on the mass $B$ as shown in figure. If the mass A starts moving away from mass B with acceleration 'a', then the acceleration of mass B wil be :-

A. $\frac{M a-F}{M}$
B. $\frac{M F}{F+M a}$
C. $\frac{F+M a}{M}$
D. $\frac{F-M a}{M}$

Answer: D
75. Draw the output signal $Y$ in the given combination of gates :-

A.

B.


C.

D.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

76. A radioactive sample is undergoing $\alpha$ - decay. At time $t_{1}$, its activity is $\mathrm{A} \&$ at A another time $t_{2}$, the activity is $\frac{A}{5}$. What is the average life time for the sample
A. $\frac{\ln 5}{t_{2}-t_{1}}$
B. $\frac{t_{1}-t_{2}}{\ln 5}$
C. $\frac{t_{2}-t_{1}}{\ln 5}$
D. $\frac{\ln \left(t_{2}+t_{1}\right)}{2}$

## Answer: C

77. A scooter accelerates from rest for time $t_{1}$ at constant rate $a_{1}$ and then retards at constant rate $a_{2}$ for time $t_{2}$ and comes to rest. The correct value of $\frac{t_{1}}{t_{2}}$ will be :-
A. $\frac{a_{1}+a_{2}}{a_{2}}$
B. $\frac{a_{2}}{a_{1}}$
C. $\frac{a_{1}}{a_{2}}$
D. $\frac{a_{1}+a_{2}}{a_{1}}$

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

78. Given below are two statements :

Statement I : A second's pendulum has a time period of 1 second.

Statement II : It takes precisely one second to move between the two extreme positions.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:
A. Both Statement I and Statement II are false.
B. Statement I is false but Statement II is true
C. Statement I is true but Statement II is false
D. Both Statement I and Statement II are true.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

79. A wire of $1 \Omega$ has a length of 1 m . It is stretched till its length increases by $25 \%$. The percentage change in resistance to the neartest integer is:-
A. $56 \%$
B. $25 \%$
C. $12.5 \%$
D. $76 \%$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

80. If incident ray, refracted ray and normal ray are represented by unit vectors $\vec{a}, \vec{b}$, and $\vec{c}$ then relation between them is ?
A. $\vec{b}=\vec{a}+2 \vec{c}$
B. $\vec{b}=2 \vec{a}+\vec{c}$
C. $\vec{b}=\vec{a}-2(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c}) \vec{c}$
D. $\vec{b}=\vec{a}-\vec{c}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

## SECTION-B

1. The coefficient of static friction between a wooden block of mass 0.5 kg and a vertical rough wall is 0.2 . The magnitude of horizontal force that should be applied on the block to keep it adhere to the wall will be $\qquad$ N.

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2. A resonance circuit having inductance and resistance $2 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{H}$ and $6.28 \Omega$ respectively oscillates at 10 MHz frequency. The value of quality factor of this resonator is $\qquad$ .
3. A hydraulic press can lift 100 kg when a mass ' m ' is placed on the smaller piston. It can lift $\qquad$ kg when the diameter of the larger piston is increased by 4 times and that of the smaller piston is decreased by 4 times keeping the same mass ' $m$ ' on the smaller piston.

## - Watch Video Solution

4. An inclined plane is bent in such a way that the vertical cross-section is given by $\mathrm{y}=\frac{x^{2}}{4}$ where y is in vertical and x in horizontal direction. If the upper surface of this curved plane is rough with coefficient of friction $\mu=0.5$, the maximum height in cm at which a stationary block will not slip downward is $\qquad$ cm.

## - Watch Video Solution

5. An electromagnetic wave of frequency 5 GHz , is travelling in a medium whose relative electric permittivity and relative magnetic permeability both are 2 . Its velocity in this medium is ___ $\times 10^{7} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

## - Watch Video Solution

6. In connection with the circuit drawn below, the value of current flowing through $2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistor is $\ldots \quad \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~A}$

7. An audio signal $v_{m}=20 \sin 2 \pi(1500 t)$ amplitude modulates a carrier $v_{C}=80 \sin 2 \pi(100,000 t)$. The value of percent modulation is $\qquad$

## - Watch Video Solution

8. A ball moving with a speed of $9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ strikes an identical ball at rest, such that after the collision, the direction of each ball makes an angle of $30^{\circ}$ with the original line of motion. Find the speeds of the two balls after collision.

## - Watch Video Solution

9. A common transistor radio set requires 12 V (D.C.) for its operation.

The D.C. source is constructed by using a transformer and a rectifier circuit, which are operated at 220 V (A.C.) on standard domestic A.C. supply. The number of turns of secondary coil are 24 , then the number of turns of primary are $\qquad$ .

## - Watch Video Solution

10. An unpolarized light beam is incident on the polarizer of a polarization experiment and the intensity of light beam emerging from the analyzer is measured as 100 Lumens. Now, if the analyzer is rotated around the horizontal axis (direction of light) by $30^{\circ}$ in clockwise direction, the intensity of emerging light will be $\qquad$ Lumens.

## D Watch Video Solution

11. A person standing on a spring balance inside a stationary lift measures 60 kg . The weight of that person if the lift descends with uniform downward acceleration of $1.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ will be_N.
$\left[g=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right]$

## - Watch Video Solution

12. 20 coulomb charge flows through 15 volt battery in a certain interval. Find work done (in J) by the battery?

## - Watch Video Solution

13. The circuit contains two diodes each with a forward resistance of $50 \Omega$ and with infinite reverse resistance. If the battery voltage is 6 V , the current through the $120 \Omega$ resistance is_mA

14. A radiation is emitted by 1000 W bulb and it generates an electric field and magnetic field at P, placed at a distance of 2 m . The efficiency of the bulb is $1.25 \%$. The value of peak electric field at Pis $\mathrm{x} \times 10^{-1} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$.

Value of $x$ is
(Rounded-off to the nearest integer)
[Take $\varepsilon_{0}=8.85 \times 10^{-12} C^{2} N^{-1} \mathrm{~m}^{-2}, c=3 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$

## - Watch Video Solution

15. A boy pushes a box of mass 2 kg with a force $\vec{F}=(20 \hat{i}+10 \hat{j})$ Non a frictionless surface. If the box was initially at rest, then $\qquad$ m is displacement along the x -axis after 10 s .

## - Watch Video Solution

16. As shown in the figure, a block of mass $\sqrt{3} \mathrm{~kg}$ is kept on a horizontal rough surface of coefficient of friction $\frac{1}{3 \sqrt{3}}$ The critical force to be
applied on the vertical surface as shown at an angle $60^{\circ}$ with horizontal such that it does not move, will be $3 x$. The value of $x$ will be

$$
\left[g=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}, \sin 60^{\circ}=\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \cos 60^{\circ}=\frac{1}{2}\right]
$$

$$
\mu=\frac{1}{3 \sqrt{3}} \mathrm{~m}=\sqrt{3} \mathrm{~kg}
$$

## D Watch Video Solution

17. A container is divided into two chambers by a partition. The volume of first chamber is 4.5 litre and second chamber is 5.5 litre. The first chamber contain 3.0 moles of gas at pressure 2.0 atm and second chamber contain 4.0 moles of gas at pressure 3.0 atm. After the partition is removed and the mixture attains equilibrium, then, the common equilibrium pressure existing in the mixture is $\mathrm{x} \times 10^{-1} \mathrm{~atm}$.
$\qquad$ .
18. A travelling wave is given by $y=-0.21 \sin (x+3 t)$ where x is in $\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{t}$ is in seconds, y is in mm . (mass per unit length $0.135 \frac{g}{c} m$ ). Find the tension in the wire.

## - Watch Video Solution

19. In a series L-C-R circuit At resonance quality factor is 100 . Now value of self inductance doubled and resistance is decreased two fold then find new value of quality factor.

## - Watch Video Solution

20. The maximum and minimum amplitude of an amplitude modulated wave is 16 V and 8 V respectively. The modulation index for this amplitude modulated wave is $\mathrm{x} \times 10^{-2}$. The value of x is $\qquad$

## - Watch Video Solution

21. The peak electric field produced by the radiation coming from the 80 W bulb at a distance of 10 m is $\frac{x}{10} \sqrt{\frac{\mu_{0} c}{\pi}} \frac{V}{m}$. The efficiency of the bulb is $10 \%$ and it is a point source. The value of $x$ is $\qquad$ .

## - Watch Video Solution

22. Two small spheres each of mass 10 mg are suspended from a point by threads 0.5 m long. They are equally charged and repel each other to a distance of 0.20 m . The charge on each of the sphere is $\frac{a}{21} \times 10^{-8} \mathrm{C}$. The value of 'a' will be $\qquad$ .
[Given $g=10 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}$ ]

## - Watch Video Solution

23. The initial velocity $v_{i}$ required to project a body vertically upward from the surface of the earth to reach a height of 10R, where $R$ is the radius of the earth, may be described in terms of escape velocity $v_{e}$ such that $v_{i}=\sqrt{\frac{x}{y}} \times v_{e}$. The value of x will be $\qquad$ .

## - Watch Video Solution

24. For a x-ray if it's wavelength is $10 A^{\circ}$ \& mass of a particle having same energy and same wavelength as x -ray is $\frac{x h}{3}$ where h is plank's constant then value of $x$ is

## - Watch Video Solution

25. A reversible heat engine converts one-fourth of the heat input into work. When the temperature of the sink is reduced by 52 K , its
efficiency is doubled. The temperature in Kelvin of the source will be

## - Watch Video Solution

26. The percentage increase in the speed of transverse waves produced in a stretched string if the tension is increased by $4 \%$, will be _-_-_-_-_-_-_

## D Watch Video Solution

27. If $\vec{P} \times \vec{Q}=\vec{Q} \times \vec{P}$, the angle between $\vec{P}$ and $\vec{Q}$ is $\theta\left(0^{\circ}<\theta<360^{\circ}\right)$. The value of ' $\theta$ ' will be $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ}$.

## - Watch Video Solution

28. Two small conducting spheres have charges $2.1 n C$ and $-0.1 n$ Care touched to each other and then separated by a distance of 0.5 m . Find the force between them

## - Watch Video Solution

29. A current of 6 A enters one corner $P$ of an equilateral triangle $P Q R$ having 3 wires of resistances 2 Q each and leaves by the corner R. Then
the currents $I_{1}$ and $I_{2}$ are


## - Watch Video Solution

30. Two particles having masses 4 g and 16 g respectively are moving with equal kinetic energies. The ratio of the magnitudes of their linear momentum is $n: 2$. The value of $n$ will be $\qquad$ .
31. The volume V of a given mass of monoatomic gas changes with temperature T according to the relation $V=K T^{2 / 3}$. The workdone when temperature changes by 90 K will be xR . The value of x is $[\mathrm{R}=$ universal gas constant]

## - Watch Video Solution

32. If the highest frequency modulating a carrier is 5 kHz , then the number of AM broadcast stations accommodated in a 90 kHz bandwidth are $\qquad$

## - Watch Video Solution

33. Two stream of photons, possessing energies equal to twice and ten times the work function of metal are incident on the metal surface successively. The value of ratio of maximum velocities of the
photoelectrons emitted in the two respective cases is $x: y$. The value of $x$ is $\qquad$

## - Watch Video Solution

34. A point source of light S , placed at a distance 60 cm infront of the centre of a plane mirror of width 50 cm , hangs vertically on a wall. A man walks infront of the mirror along a line parallel to the mirror at a distance 1.2 m from it (see in the figure). The distance between the extreme points where he can see the image of the light source in the mirror is $\qquad$ cm.

35. A particle executes S.H.M. with amplitude 'a' and time period T. The displacement of the particle when its speed is half of maximum speed $\sqrt{x} a$
is $\frac{}{2}$. The value of $x$ is $\qquad$

## - Watch Video Solution

36. 27 similar drops of mercury are maintained at 10 V each. All these spherical drops combine into a single big drop. The potential energy of the bigger drop is $\qquad$ times that of a smaller drop.

## - Watch Video Solution

37. Time period of a simple pendulum is $T$. The time taken to complete $5 / 8$ oscillations starting from mean position is $\frac{\alpha}{\beta} T$. The value of $\alpha$ is
38. In the reported figure of earth, the value of acceleration due to gravity is same at point $A$ and $C$ but it is smaller than that of its value at point $B$ (surface of the earth). The value of $O A$ : $A B$ will be $x: y$. The value of $x$ is $\qquad$

39.1 mole of rigid diatomic gas performs a work of $Q / 5$ when heat $Q$ is supplied to it. The molar heat capacity of the gas during this transformation is $\frac{x R}{8}$, The value of x is $\ldots . . . . . . .[\mathrm{K}=$ universal gas constant]

## D Watch Video Solution

40. The zener diode has a $V_{z}=30 \mathrm{~V}$. The current passing through the diode for the following circuit is $\qquad$ mA .

41. STATEMENT - 1 : When a rod lying freely is heated, no thermal stress is developed in it.
and
STATEMENT - 2 : On heating, the length of the rod increase.
A. Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is NOT the correct explanation of $A$
B. A is false but $R$ is true
C. A is true but Ris false
D. Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation of $A$

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

2. A student is performing the experiment of resonance column. The diameter of the column tube is 6 cm . The frequency of the tuning fork
is 504 Hz . Speed of the sound at the given temperature is $336 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. The zero of the meter scale coincides with the top end of the resonance column tube. The reading of the water level in the column when the first resonance occurs is:
A. 13 cm
B. 16.6 cm
C. 18.4 cm
D. 14.8 cm

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

3. Two satellites $A$ and $B$ of masses 200 kg and 400 kg are revolving round the earth at height of 600 km and 1600 km respectively. If $T_{A}$ and $T_{B}$ are the time periods of A and B respectively then the value of $T_{B}-T_{A}$ :

[Given : radius of earth $=6400 \mathrm{~km}$, mass of earth $=6 \times 10^{24} \mathrm{~kg}$ ]
A. $1.33 \times 10^{3} s$
B. $3.33 \times 10^{2} s$
C. $4.24 \times 10^{2}$ S
D. $4.24 \times 10^{2}$ s

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

4. The angular frequency of alternating current in a L-C-R circuit is 100 $\mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}$. The components connected are shown in the figure. Find the value of inductance of the coil and capacity of condenser.

## $\mathrm{R}=60 \Omega$


A. $0.8 H$ and $150 \mu F$
B. $0.8 H$ and $250 \mu F$
C. $1.33 H$ and $250 \mu F$
D. $1.33 H$ and $150 \mu F$

Answer: B
5. A proton, deutron and $\alpha$ particle are moving with same momentum in uniform magnetic field. The ratio of magnetic forces acting on them is $\qquad$ and their speed are in ratio $\qquad$
A. $1: 2: 4$ and $2: 1: 1$
B. 2:1:1 and $4: 2: 1$
C. $4: 2: 1$ and $2: 1: 1$
D. 1:2:4 and 1:1:2

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

6. Given below are two statement :

Statement-I: A speech signal of 2 kHz is used to modulate a carrier signal of 1 MHz . The band width requirement for the signal is 4 kHz .

Statement-II : The side band frequencies are 1002 kHz . and 998 kHz . In
the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:
A. Statement I is true but Statement II is false
B. Statement I is false but Statement II is true
C. Both Statement I and Statement II are true
D. Both Statement I and Statement II are false

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

7. If the time period of a two meter long simple pendulum is 2 s , the acceleration due to gravity at the place where pendulum is executing S.H.M. is:
A. $\pi^{2} m s^{-2}$
B. $9.8 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}$
C. $2 \pi^{2} m s^{-2}$
D. $16 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{-2}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

8. The pitch of the screw gauge is 1 mm and there are 100 divisions on the circular scale. When nothing is put in between the jaws, the zero of the circular scale lies 8 divisions below the reference line. When a wire is placed between the jaws, the first linear scale division is clearly visible while $72^{\text {nd }}$ division on circular scale coincides with the reference line. The radius of the wire is
A. 1.64 mm
B. 0.82 mm
C. 1.80 mm
D. 0.90 mm

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

9. A 5V battery is connected across the points $X$ and $Y$. Assume $D$, and D2 to be normal silicon diodes. Find the current supplied by the battery if the + ve terminal of the battery is connected to point $X$

A. $\sim 0.5 A$
B. $\sim 1.5 \mathrm{~A}$
C. $\sim 0.86 \mathrm{~A}$
D. $\sim 0.43 \mathrm{~A}$

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

10. An alpha particle and a proton are accelerated from rest by a potential difference of 200 V. After this, their de Broglie wavelengths are $\lambda_{\alpha}$ and $\lambda_{p}$ respectively. The ratio $\frac{\lambda_{p}}{\lambda_{\alpha}}$ is :
A. 3.8
B. 8
C. 7.8
D. 2.8

Answer: D
11. A diatomic gas, having $C_{p}=\frac{7}{2} R$ and $C_{v}=\frac{5}{2} R$ is heated at constant pressure. The ratio $d U: d Q: d W$
A. 5:7:3
B. 5:7:2
C. 3:7:2
D. 3:5:2

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

12. Engine of a train that is moving with unifrom acceleration passes a pole with speed $u$ while the last compartment passes the pole with speed ' $v$ '. The middle point of the train passes the given pole with speed:
A. $\sqrt{\frac{v^{2}+u^{2}}{2}}$
B. $\frac{v-u}{2}$
C. $\frac{u+v}{2}$
D. $\sqrt{\frac{v^{2}-u^{2}}{2}}$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

13. Match List-I with List-II : List-I:

List-I
(a) h (Plank's constant)
(i) $\left[M L T^{-1}\right]$
(b) E (Kinetic energy)
(ii) $\left[M L^{2} T^{-1}\right]$
(c) V(elecic potential)
(iii) $\left[M L^{2} T^{-2}\right]$
(d) P (linear momentum) (iv) $\left[M L^{2} I^{-1} T^{-3}\right]$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :
A. $(a) \rightarrow(i i i),(b) \rightarrow(i v),(c) \rightarrow(i i),(d) \rightarrow(i)$
B. $(a) \rightarrow($ ii $),(b) \rightarrow(i i i),(c) \rightarrow(i v),(d) \rightarrow(i)$
C. $(a) \rightarrow(i),(b) \rightarrow(i i),(c) \rightarrow(i v),(d) \rightarrow(i i i)$
D. $(a) \rightarrow($ iii), $(b) \rightarrow(i i),(c) \rightarrow(i v),(d) \rightarrow(i i i)$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

14. Magnetic fields at two points on the axis of a circular coil at a distance of $0.05 m$ and 0.2 m from the centre are in the ratio $8: 1$. The radius of the coil is
A. $0.2 m$
B. 0.1 m
C. 0.15
D. 1.0 M

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

15. A solid sphere of radius $R$ gravitationally attracts a particle placed at 3 R form its centre with a force $F_{1}$. Now a spherical cavity of radius $\left(\frac{R}{2}\right)$ is made in the sphere (as shown in figure) and the force becomes $F_{2}$ The value of $F_{1}: F_{2}$ is:

A. $25: 36$
B. $36: 25$
C. $50: 41$
D. $41: 50$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

16. Two radioactive substances X and Y originally have $N_{1}$ and $N_{2}$ nuclei respectively. Half life of $X$ is half of the half life of $Y$. After three half lives of Y , number of nuclei of both are equal. $\frac{N_{1}}{N_{2}}$ The ratio N will be equal to :
A. $\frac{1}{8}$
B. $\frac{3}{1}$
C. $\frac{8}{1}$
D. $\frac{1}{3}$

## Answer: C

17. In an octagon $A B C D E F G H$ of equal side, what is the sum of

$$
A B+A C+A D+A E+A F+A G+A H \text { if } A O=2 \hat{i}+3 \hat{j}-4 \hat{k}
$$


A. $-16 \hat{i}-24 \hat{j}+32 \hat{k}$
B. $16 \hat{i}+24 \hat{j}-32 \hat{k}$
C. $16 \hat{i}+24 \hat{j}+32 \hat{k}$
D. $16 \hat{i}-24 \hat{j}+32 \hat{k}$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

18. Given below are two statements : one is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason $R$.

Assertion A: The escape velocities of planet A and B are same. But A and B are of unequal mass.

Reason R: The product of their mass and radius must be same,
$M_{1} R_{1}=M_{2} R_{2}$
In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below :
A. Both $A$ and $R$ are true but $R$ is NOT the correct explanation of $A$
B. A is true but $R$ is false
C. Both Statement I and Statement II are true
D. A is not correct but R is correct

Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

19. The current (i) at time $\mathrm{t}=0$ and $t=\infty$ respectively for the given circuit is :

A. $\frac{18 E}{55}, \frac{5 E}{18}$
B. $\frac{10 E}{33}, \frac{5 E}{18}$
C. $\frac{5 E}{18}, \frac{18 E}{55}$
D. $\frac{5 E}{18}, \frac{10 E}{33}$

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

20. Two coherent light sources having intensity in the ratio $2 x$ produce
an interference pattern. The ratio $\frac{I_{\max }-I_{\text {min }}}{I_{\max }+I_{\min }}$ will be :
A. $\frac{2 \sqrt{2 x}}{x+1}$
B. $\frac{\sqrt{2 x}}{2 x+1}$
C. $\frac{\sqrt{2 x}}{x+1}$
D. $\frac{2 \sqrt{2 x}}{2 x+1}$

## Answer: D

## PHYSICS (SECTION-B)

1. A transmitter circuit used for transmission of EM waves having wavelength 960 m If capacitor used in circuit was of 2.56 microF, then the self inductance of the inductor coil used in the circuit such that resonance occurs, is $P \cdot 10^{-8}$ Find $P$

## - Watch Video Solution

2. The electric field in a region is given $\vec{E}=\left(\frac{3}{5} E_{0} \hat{i}+\frac{4}{5} E_{0} \hat{j}\right) \frac{N}{C}$. The ratio of flux of reported field through the rectangular surface of area $0.2 m^{2}$ (parallel to $\mathrm{y}-\mathrm{z}$ plane) to that of the surface of area $0.3 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ (parallel to $x-z$ plane) is a:b where $a=$ $\qquad$ [ Here $\hat{i}, \hat{j}$ and $\hat{k}$ are unit vectors along $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$ and z -axes respectively ]

## - Watch Video Solution

3. In a certain thermodynamical process, the pressure of a gas depends on its volume as $k V^{3}$. The work done when the temperature changes from $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ will be x times nR , where n denotes number of moles of a gas. Find x .

## - Watch Video Solution

4. A small bob tied at one end of a thin string of length 1 m is describing a vertical circle so that the maximum and minimum tension in the string are in the ratio $5: 1$. The velocity of the bob at the height position is __m/s. (Take $g=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ )

## - Watch Video Solution

5. In the given circuit of potentiometer, the potential difference $E$ across $A B$ ( 10 m length) is larger than $E_{1}$ and $E_{2}$ as well. For $k e y K_{1}$ (closed), the jockey is adjusted to touch the wire at point $J_{1}$ so that
there is no deflection in the galvanometer. Now the first battery $\left(E_{1}\right)$ is replaced by second battery $\left(E_{2}\right)$ for working by making $K_{1}$ open and $K_{2}$ closed. The galvanometer gives then null deflection at $J_{2}$ The value of $\frac{E_{1}}{E_{2}}$ is $\frac{a}{b}$ where a=

6. The same size images are formed by a convex lens when the object is placed at 20 cm or at 10 cm from the lens. The focal length of convex lens is $\qquad$ cm

## - Watch Video Solution

7.512 identical drops of mercury are charged to a potential of 2 V each.

The drops are joined to form a single drop. The potential of this drop is $\qquad$

## - Watch Video Solution

8. A coil of inductance 2 H having negligible resistance is connected to a source of supply whose voltage is given by $\mathrm{V}=3 \mathrm{t}$ volt. (where t is in second). If the voltage is applied when $t=0$, then the energy stored in the coil after 4 s is J.
9. A monoatomic gas of mass 4.0 u is kept in an insulated container.

Container is moving with velocity $30 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. if container is suddenly stopped then change in temperature of the gas ( $\mathrm{R}=$ gas contant ) is $\frac{X}{3 R}$ Value of $x$ is $\qquad$

## - Watch Video Solution

10. The potential energy (U) of diatomic molecule is a function dependent on r (interatomic distance ) as $U=\frac{\alpha}{r^{10}}-\frac{\beta}{r^{5}}-3$

Where $\alpha$ and $\beta$ are positive constants. The equilrium distance between
two atoms will be $\left(\frac{2 \alpha}{\beta}\right)^{\frac{a}{b}}$ where $\mathrm{a}=$

## - Watch Video Solution

## (SECTION - A)

1. A particle executes SHM. Then the graph of velocity as a function of displacement is
A. circular
B. elliptical
C. parabolic
D. straight line

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

2. Two electrons each are fixed at a distance '2d'. A third charge proton placed at the midpoint is displaced slightly by a distance $x(x \ll d)$ perpendicular to the line joining the two fixed charges. Proton will execute simple harmonic motion having angular frequency : ( $m$ = mass of charged particle)
A. $\left(\frac{2 q^{2}}{\pi \varepsilon_{0} m d^{3}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
B. $\left(\frac{\pi \varepsilon_{0} m d^{3}}{2 q^{2}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
C. $\left(\frac{q^{2}}{2 \pi \varepsilon_{0} m d^{3}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
D. $\left(\frac{2 \pi \varepsilon_{0} m d^{3}}{q^{2}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

3. Gases excert pressure on the walls of the container, because the gas molecules
A. continuously lose their energy till it reaches wall.
B. are attracted by the walls of container.
C. continuously stick to the walls of container.
D. suffer change in momentum when impinge on the walls of container.

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

4. A ferromagnetic material is placed in an external magnetic field. The magnetic domains
A. increase in size but no change in orientation.
B. have no relation with external magnetic field.
C. decrease in size and changes orientation.
D. may increase or decrease in size and change its orientation.

## Answer: D


5.

The logic circuit shown above is equivalent to :
A.

B.

C.

D.


## Answer: D

6. The period of oscillation of a simple pendulum is $T=2 \pi \sqrt{\frac{L}{g}}$.

Measured value of ' L ' is 1.0 m from meter scale having a minimum division of 1 mm and time of one complete oscillation is 1.95 s measured from stopwatch of 0.01 s resolution. The percentage error in the determination of ' $g$ ' will be :
A. $1.13 \%$
B. $1.03 \%$
C. $1.33 \%$
D. 1.30 \%

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

7. Given below are two statements :

Statement I: PN junction diodes can be used to function as transistor,
simply by connecting two diodes, back to back, which acts as the base terminal.

Statement II: In the study of transistor, the amplification factor B indicates ratio of the collector current to the base current.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:
A. Statement I is false but Statement II is true
B. Both Statement I and Statement II are true
C. Both Statement I and Statement II are false
D. Statement I is true but Statement II is false

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

8. On a smooth inclined plane, a body of mass $M$ is attached between two springs. The other ends of the springs are fixed to firm supports. If
each spring has force constant K , the period of oscillation of the body
(assuming the springs as massless) is

A. $\frac{1}{2 \pi} \sqrt{\frac{k}{2 M}}$
B. $\frac{1}{2 \pi} \sqrt{\frac{2 k}{M g \sin \alpha}}$
C. $\frac{1}{2 k} \sqrt{\frac{k 2}{M}}$
D. $\frac{1}{2 \pi} \sqrt{\frac{k}{M g \sin \alpha}}$

## Answer: C

9. Figure shows a circuit that contains four identical resistors with resistance $R=2.0 \Omega$, two identical inductors with inductance $L=2.0 \mathrm{mH}$ and an ideal battery with emf $\mathrm{E}=9 \mathrm{~V}$. The current 'i' just after the switch 'S' is closed will be :

A. 2.25 A
B. 3.0 A
C. 3.37 A
D. 9 A

Answer: A
10. If the de - Broglie wavelengths for a proton and for an $\alpha$ - particle is equal, then what is the ratio of velocities for proton and alpha particle?
A. $4: 3$
B. $4: 1$
C. $4: 2$
D. 1:4

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

11. If one mole of an ideal gas at $\left(P_{1}, V_{1}\right)$ is allowed to expand reversibly and isothermally ( $A$ to $B$ ) its pressure is reduced to one-half of the original pressure (see figure). This is followed by a constant
volume cooling till its pressure is reduced to one-fourth of the initial value $(B \rightarrow C)$. Then it is restored to its initial state by a reversible adiabatic compression ( C to A ). The net workdone by the gas is equal to :

A. $R T\left(\ln 2-\frac{1}{2(\gamma-1)}\right)$
B. $-\frac{R T}{2(\gamma-1)}$
C. 0
D. $R T \ln 2$
12. An X-ray tube is operated at 1.24 million volt. The shortest wavelength of the produced photon will be :
A. $10^{-3} \mathrm{~nm}$
B. $10^{-1} \mathrm{~nm}$
C. $10^{-2} \mathrm{~nm}$
D. $10^{-4} \mathrm{~nm}$

## Answer: A

13. Which of the following equations represents a travelling wave?
A. $y=A \sin (15 x-2 t)$
B. $y=A e^{-x^{2}}(v t+\theta)$
C. $y=A e^{x} \cos (\omega t-\theta)$
D. $y=A \sin x \cos \omega t$

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

14. According to Bohr's model which of the following transition will be having maximum frequency?
A. $n=4$ to $n=3$
B. $\mathrm{n}=2$ to $\mathrm{n}=1$
C. $\mathrm{n}=5$ to $\mathrm{n}=4$
D. $n=3$ to $n=2$

## Answer: B

15. If the source of light used in a young's double slit experiment is changed from red to violet
A. consecutive fringe lines will come closer.
B. the central bright fringe will become a dark fringe.
C. the fringes will become brighter.
D. the intensity of mini ma will increase.

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

16. A disc of radius $\frac{a}{2}$ is cut out from a uniform disc of radius a as shown in figure. Find the $X$ Coordinate of centre of mass of remaining
portion

A. $\frac{1}{6} a$
B. $\frac{10}{11} a$
C. $\frac{5}{6} a$
D. $\frac{2}{3} a$

Answer: C

- Watch Video Solution

17. Zener breakdown occurs in a $\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{n}$ junction having p and n both :
A. lightly doped and have wide depletion layer.
B. heavily doped and have narrow depletion layer.
C. lightly doped and have narrow depletion layer.
D. heavily doped and have wide depletion layer.

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

18. Match List - I with List - II.

## List - I

(a) Source of
microwave
frequency
(b) Source of infrared
frequency
(c) Source of Gamma

Rays
(d) Source of X-rays
(ii) Magnetron

List - II
(i) Radioactive decay on mucleus
iii) Inner shell electrons
(iv) Vibration of atoms and molecules
(v) LASER
(vi) RC circuit

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:
A. (a) - (vi), (b) - (iv), (c) - (i), (d) - (v)
B. (a) - (vi), (b) - (v), (c) - (i), (d) - (iv)
C. (a) - (ii), (b) - (iv), (C) - (vi), (d) - (iii)
D. (a) - (ii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (i), (d) - (iii)
19. A particle is projected with velocity $V_{0}$ along axis x . The deceleration on the particle is proportional to the square of the distance from the origin i.e., $a=\omega x^{2}$. distance at which the particle stops is
A. $\left(\frac{3 v_{0}^{2}}{2 \alpha}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
B. $\left(\frac{2 v_{0}}{3 \alpha}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
C. $\left(\frac{2 v_{0}^{2}}{3 \alpha}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
D. $\left(\frac{3 v_{0}^{2}}{2 \alpha}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

## Answer: D

20. A body weighs 49 N on a spring balance at the north pole. What will be its weight recorded on the same weighing machine, if it is shifted to the equator?
(Use $g=\frac{G M}{R^{2}}=9.8 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}$ and radius of earth, $\mathrm{R}=6400 \mathrm{~km}$.]
A. 49 N
B. 49.83 N
C. 48.83 N
D. 49.17 N

## Answer: c

## - Watch Video Solution

## (SECTION - B)

1. A uniform metallic wire is elongated by 0.04 m when subjected to a linear force $F$. The elongation, if its length and diameter is doubled and subjected to the same force will be $\qquad$ cm .

## - Watch Video Solution

2. A cylindrical wire of radius 0.5 mm and conductivity $5 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{m}$ is subjected to an electric field of $10 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{m}$. The expected value of current in the wire will be $x^{3} \pi \mathrm{~mA}$. The value of x is $\qquad$ .

## - Watch Video Solution

3. A uniform thin bar of mass 6 kg and length 2.4 meter is bent to make an equilateral hexagon. The moment of inertia about an axis passing through the centre of mass and perpendicular to the plane of hexagon

$$
\text { is } \quad \times 10^{-1} \mathrm{kgm}^{2}
$$

4. Two solids $A$ and $B$ of mass 1 kg and 2 kg respectively are moving with equal linear momentum. The ratio of their kinetic energies (K. E. $)_{A}:(\text { K. E. })_{B}$ will be $\frac{A}{1}$, so the value of A will be $\qquad$ .

## - Watch Video Solution

5. The molecules of a given mass of gas have root mean square speeds of $100 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1} \mathrm{at} 27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 1.00 atmospheric pressure. What will be the root mean square speeds of the molecules of the gas at $127^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 2.0 atmospheric pressure?

## - Watch Video Solution

6. A point charge of $+12 \mu C$ is at a distance 6 cm vertically above the centre of a square of side 12 cm as shown in figure. The magnitude of
the electric flux through the square will be $\qquad$ $\times 10^{3} \mathrm{Nm}^{2} / \mathrm{C}$.


- Watch Video Solution

7. A signal of 0.1 kW is transmitted in a cable. The attenuation of cable is -5 dB per km and cable length is 20 km . The power received at
receiver is $10^{-x} \mathrm{~W}$. The value of x is ___ [Gain in $10 \log _{10}\left(\frac{P_{0}}{P_{i}}\right)$ ]

## - Watch Video Solution

8. A series LCR circuit is designed to resonate at an angular frequency $\omega_{0}=10^{5} \mathrm{rad} / \mathrm{s}$. The circuit draws 16 W power from 120 V source at resonance. The value of resistance ' R ' in the circuit is $\qquad$ $\Omega$.

## (D) Watch Video Solution

9. Two cars are approaching each other at an equal speed of $7.2 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.

When they see each other, both blow horns having frequency of 676 Hz . The beat frequency heard by each driver will be $\qquad$ Hz. [Velocity of sound in air is $340 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$.]

## D Watch Video Solution

10. An electromagnetic wave of frequency 3 GHz enters a dielectric medium of relative electric permittivity 2.25 from vacuum. The wavelength of this wave in that medium will be $\qquad$ $\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~cm}$.

## - Watch Video Solution

## PHYSICS (SECTION A)

1. A conducting bar of length L is free to slide on two parallel conducting rails as shown in the figure


Two resistors $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$ are connected across the ends of the rails.
There is a uniform magnetic field $\vec{B}$ pointing into the page. An external agent pulls the bar to the left at a constant speed v .

The correct statement about the directions of induced currents $I_{1}$ and $I_{2}$ flowing through $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$ respectively is:
A. Both $I_{1}$ and $I_{2}$ are in anticlockwise direction
B. $I_{1}$ is in anticlockwise direction and $I_{2}$ is in clockwise direction
C. Both $I_{1}$ and $I_{2}$ are in clockwise direction
D. $I_{1}$ is in clockwise direction and $I_{2}$ is in anticlockwise direction

## - Watch Video Solution

2. One main scale division of a vernier callipers is 'a cm and $n^{\text {th }}$ division of the vemier scale coincide with $(n-1)^{\text {th }}$ division of the main scale.

The least count of the callipers in mm is :
A. $\left(\frac{n-1}{10 n}\right) a$
B. $\frac{10 n a}{(n-1)}$
C. $\frac{10 a}{n}$
D. $\frac{10 a}{(n-1)}$

## - Watch Video Solution

3. For changing the capacitance of a given parallel plate capacitor, a dielectric material of dielectric constant $K$ is used, which has the same area is the plates of the capacitor. The thick of the directrie slab is $\frac{3}{4} d$, where ' $d$ ' is the separation between the plates of parallel plate capacite. The new capacitance $\left(\mathrm{C}^{\prime}\right)$ in terms of original capacitance $\left(C_{0}\right)$ is given by the following relation:
A. $C=\frac{4 K}{K+3} C_{0}$
B. $C^{\prime}=\frac{3+K}{4 K} C_{0}$
C. $C^{\prime}=\frac{4+K}{3} C_{0}$
D. $C^{\prime}=\frac{4}{3+K} C_{0}$

## - Watch Video Solution

4. An RC circuit as shown in the figure is driven by a $A C$ source generating a quare wave. The output wave pattern monitored by CRO would look close to :

A.

B.

C.

D.

5. The pressure acting on a submarine is $3 \times 10^{5}$ at a certain depth. If the depth is doubled the percentage increase in the pressure acting on the submarine would be :
(Assume that atmospheric pressure is $1 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~Pa}$ density of water is $\left.10^{3} \mathrm{kgm}^{-3}, g-10 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}\right)$
A. $\frac{3}{200} \%$
B. $\frac{200}{3} \%$
C. $\frac{200}{5} \%$
D. $\frac{5}{200} \%$
6. A 25 m long antenna is mounted on an antenna towe. The height of the ancora towels 75 m The wavelength (in meter) of the signal transmitted by this antenna would be
A. 100
B. 300
C. 400
D. 200

## - Watch Video Solution

7. Time period of a simple pendulum is $T$ inside a lift when the lift is stationary. If the lift moves upwards with an acceleration $\mathrm{g} / 2$, the time period of pendulum will be:
A. $\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} T$
B. $\frac{T}{\sqrt{3}}$
C. $\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} T$
D. $\sqrt{3} T$

## - Watch Video Solution

8. A bar magnet of length 14 cm is placed in the magnetic meridian with its north pole pointing towards the geographic north pole. A neutral point is obtained at a distance of 18 cm from the center of the magnet. If $B_{H}=0.4 G$, the magnetic moment of the magnet is $\left(1 G=10^{-4} T\right)$
A. $2.880 \mathrm{JT}^{-1}$
B. $2.880 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{JT}^{-1}$
C. $28.80 \mathrm{JT}^{-1}$
D. $2.880 \times 10^{2} J^{-1}$

## - Watch Video Solution

9. A block of mass m slides along a floor while a force of magnitude F is applied to it at angle $\theta$ as shown in figure. The coefficient of kinetic friction is $\mu r$. Then, the block's acceleration 'a' is given by:
( g is acceleration due to gravity)

A. $\frac{F}{m} \cos \theta-\mu K\left(g-\frac{F}{m} \sin \theta\right)$
B. $\frac{F}{m} \cos \theta+\mu K\left(g-\frac{F}{m} \sin \theta\right)$
C. $-\frac{F}{m} \cos \theta-\mu K\left(g-\frac{F}{m} \sin \theta\right)$
D. $\frac{F}{m} \cos \theta-\mu K\left(g+\frac{F}{m} \sin \theta\right)$

## - Watch Video Solution

10. A conducting wire of length 'I', area of cross-section A and electric resistivity $\rho$ is connected between the terminals of a battery. A potential difference V is developed between its ends, causing an electric current.

If the length of the wire of the same material is doubled and the area of cross-section is halved, the resultant current would be:
A. $\frac{1}{4} \frac{\rho l}{V A}$
B. $\frac{3}{4} \frac{V A}{\rho l}$
C. $\frac{1}{4} \frac{V A}{\rho l}$
D. $4 \frac{\mathrm{VA}}{\rho l}$

## - Watch Video Solution

11. The velocity-displacement graph describing the motion of a bicycle is shown in the figure.


The acceleration-displacement graph of the bicycle's motion is best

## described by:



D.

## - Watch Video Solution

12. The stopping potential in the context of photoelectric effect depends on the following property of incident electromagnetic radiation :
A. Phase
B. Intensity
C. Frequency
D. Amplitude
13. A plane electromagnetic wave of frequency 500 MHz is travelling in vacuum along y-direction At a particular point in space and time, $\vec{B}=8.0 \times 10^{-8} \hat{z} T$. The value of electric field at this point is: (speed of light $=3 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$ )
$\hat{x}, \hat{y}, \hat{z}$ are unit vectors along $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$ and a directions.
A. $24 \hat{x} V / m$
B. $-2.6 \hat{y} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$
C. $-24 \hat{x} V / m$
D. $2.6 \hat{x} V / m$

## - Watch Video Solution

14. In thermodynamics, heat and work are :
A. Point functions
B. Path functions
C. Extensive thermodynamic state variables
D. Intensive thermodynamic state variables

## - Watch Video Solution

15. The angle of deviation through a prism is minimum when

(A) Incident ray and emergent ray are symmetric to the prism
(B) The refracted ray inside the prism becomes parallel to its base
(C) Angle of incidence is equal to that of the angle of emergence
(D) When angle of emergence is double the angle of incidence Choose the correct answer from the options given below :
A. Only statements (A) and (B) are true
B. Statement (A), (B) and (C) are treu
C. Statement (B) and (C ) are treu
D. Only statement (D) is true

## (D) Watch Video Solution

16. The maximum and minimum distances of a comet from the Sun are $1.6 \times 10^{12} \mathrm{~m}$ and $8.0 \times 10^{10}$ mrespectively. If the speed of the comet at the nearest point is $6 \times 10^{4} \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$, the speed at the farthest point is:
A. $4.5 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
B. $3.0 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
C. $6.0 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
D. $1.5 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

## - Watch Video Solution

17. A block of 200 g mass moves with a uniform speed in a horizontal circular groove, with vertical side walls of radius 20 cm . If the block takes 40 s to complete one round, the normal force by the side walls of the groove is:
A. $0.0314 N$
B. $6.28 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~N}$
C. $9.859 \times 10^{-2} N$
D. $9.859 \times 10^{-4} N$
18. Four equal masses, $m$ each are placed at the corners of a square of length $(I)$ as shown in the figure. The moment of inertia of the system about an axis passing through A and parallel to DB would be:

A. $\sqrt{3} m l^{2}$
B. $2 m l^{2}$
C. $3 m l^{2}$
D. $m l^{2}$
19. The volume V of an enclosure contains a mixture of three gases, 16 g of oxygen, 28 g of nitrogen and 44 g of carbon dioxide at absolute temperature T. Consider Ras universal gas constant. The pressure of the mixture of gases is:
A. $\frac{88 R T}{V}$
B. $\frac{3 R T}{V}$
C. $\frac{4 R T}{V}$
D. $\frac{5}{2} \frac{R T}{V}$

## - Watch Video Solution

20. For an electromagnetic wave travelling in free space, the relation between average energy densities due to electric $\left(\mu_{e}\right)$ and magnetic

## $\left(\mu_{m}\right)$ fields is:

A. $U_{e} \neq U_{m}$
B. $U_{e}=U_{m}$
C. $U_{e}<U_{m}$
D. $U_{e}>U_{m}$

## - Watch Video Solution

21. A mass $M$ hangs on a massless rod of length I which rotates at a constant angular frequency. The mass $M$ moves with steady speed in a circuilar path of constant radius. Assume that the system is in steady circular motion with constant angular velocity $\omega$. The angular momentum of $M$ about point $A$ is $L_{A}$, which lies in the positive $z$ direction and the angular momentum of M about point B is $L_{B}$. The
correct statement for this system is :

A. $L_{B}$ is constant in direction with varying magnitude
B. $L_{A}$ and $L_{B}$ are both constant in magnitude and direction
C. $L_{A}$ is constant, both in magnitude and direction
D. $L_{B}$ is constant, both in magnitude and direction

## - Watch Video Solution

22. If an electron is moving in the $n^{\text {th }}$ orbit of the hydrogen atom, then its velocity $\left(v_{n}\right)$ for the $n^{\text {th }}$ orbit is given as:
A. $v_{n} \propto \frac{1}{n^{2}}$
B. $v_{n} \propto n^{2}$
C. $v_{n} \propto n$
D. $v_{n} \propto \frac{1}{n}$
23. Two identical metal wires of thermal conductivities $K_{1}$ and $K_{2}$ respectively are connected in series. The effective thermal conductivity of the combination is:
A. $\frac{K_{1}+K_{2}}{K_{1} K_{2}}$
B. $\frac{K_{1} K_{2}}{K_{1}+K_{2}}$
C. $\frac{2 K_{1} K_{2}}{K_{1}+K_{2}}$
D. $\frac{K_{1}+K_{2}}{2 K_{1} K_{2}}$
24. A polyatomic ideal gas has 24 vibrational modes. What is the value of $\gamma$
A. 1.37
B. 1.06
C. 1.30
D. 10.3

## D Watch Video Solution

25. A car accelerates from rest at a constant rate $\alpha$ for some time, after which it decelerates at a constant rate $\beta$, to come to rest. If the total time elapsed is t seconds. Then evalute (a) the maximum velocity reached and (b) the total distance travelled.
A. $\frac{2 \alpha \beta}{(\alpha+\beta)} t^{2}$
B. $\frac{\alpha \beta}{2(\alpha+\beta)} t^{2}$
C. $\frac{\alpha \beta}{4(\alpha+\beta)} t^{2}$
D. $\frac{4 \alpha \beta}{(\alpha+\beta)} t^{2}$
26. A particle excutes SHM, at what value of displacement are the kinetic and potential energies equal?
A. $x=\frac{A}{2}$
B. $x= \pm \frac{A}{\sqrt{2}}$
C. $x=0$
D. $x= \pm A$

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27. A Carnot's engine working between 400 K and 800 K has a work output of 1200J per cycle. The amount of heat energy supplied to the engine from the source in each cycle is :
A. 1800 J
B. 2400J
C. 1600J
D. 3200J

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28. The vernier scale used for measurement has a positive zero error of 0.2 mm . If while taking a measurement it was noted that ' 0 ' on the vernier scale lies between 8.5 cm and 8.6 cm , vernier coincidence is 6 , then the correct value of measurement is $\qquad$ cm. ( least count $=0.01 \mathrm{~cm}$ )
A. 8.54 cm
B. 8.56 cm
C. 8.36 cm
D. 8.58 cm
29. An AC current is given by $I=I_{1} \sin \omega t+I_{2} \cos \omega t$ A hot wire ammeter will give a reading :
A. $\frac{I_{1}+I_{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$
B. $\sqrt{\frac{I_{1}^{2}-I_{2}^{2}}{2}}$
C. $\sqrt{\frac{I_{1}^{2}+I_{2}^{2}}{2}}$
D. $\frac{I_{1}+I_{2}}{2 \sqrt{2}}$
30. Two ideal polyatomic gases at temperature $T_{1}$ and $T_{2}$ are mixed so that there is no loss of energy. If $F_{1}$ and $F_{2}, m_{1}$ and $m_{2}, n_{1}$ and $n_{2}$ be the degrees of freedom, masses, number of molecules of the firest and second gas respectively, the temperature of mixture of these two gases is :
A. $\frac{n_{1} F_{1} T_{1}+n_{2} F_{2} T_{2}}{n_{1}+n_{2}}$
B. $\frac{n_{1} F_{1} T_{1}+n_{2} F_{2} T_{2}}{F_{1}+F_{2}}$
C. $\frac{n_{1} F_{1} T_{1}+n_{2} F_{2} T_{2}}{n_{1} F_{1}+n_{2} F_{2}}$
D. $\frac{n_{1} T_{1}+n_{2} T_{2}}{n_{1}+n_{2}}$

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31. A modern gran -prix racing car of masses $m$ is travelling on a flat track in a circular arc of radius R with a speed $v$. If the coefficient of
static friction between the tyres and the track is $\mu_{s}$, then the magnitude of negative lift $F_{L}$ acting downwards on the car is : ( Assume forces on the four tyres are identical and $g=$ acceleration due to gravity )

A. $m\left(\frac{v^{2}}{\mu_{S} R}-g\right)$
B. $m\left(\frac{v^{2}}{\mu_{S} R}+g\right)$
C. $m\left(g-\frac{v^{2}}{\mu_{S} R}\right)$
D. $-m\left(g+\frac{v^{2}}{\mu_{S} R}\right)$

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32. The output of the given combination gates represents:

A. NOR Gate

## B. XOR Gate

C. AND Gate
D. NAND Gate

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33. The diameter of a plano convex lens is 6 cm and thickness at the centre is 3 mm . If the speed of light in the material of the lens is $2 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, what is the focal length of the lens?
A. .15 cm
B. 30 cm
C. 0.30 cm
D. 1.5 cm
34. An electron of mass $m$ and a photon have same energy $E$. The ratio of wavelength of electron to that of photon is: ( c being the velocity of light )
A. $\frac{1}{c}\left(\frac{2 m}{E}\right)^{1 / 2}$
B. $\left(\frac{E}{2 m}\right)^{1 / 2}$
C. $\frac{1}{c}\left(\frac{E}{2 m}\right)^{1 / 2}$
D. $c(2 m E)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

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35. A current of 10 A exists in a wire of crossectional area of $5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ with a drift velocity of $2 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$. The number of free electrons in each cubic meter of the wire is $\qquad$
A. $1 \times 10^{23}$
B. $625 \times 10^{25}$
C. $2 \times 10^{25}$
D. $2 \times 10^{6}$

## - Watch Video Solution

36. When two soap bubbles of radii a and $\mathrm{b}(b>a)$ coalesce, the radius of curvature of common surface is :
A. $\frac{a+b}{a b}$
B. $\frac{a b}{a+b}$
C. $\frac{b-a}{a b}$
D. $\frac{a b}{b-a}$
37. A solenoid of 1000 turns per metre has a core with relative permeability 500. Insulated windings of the solenoid carry an electric current jof 5A. The magnetic flux density produced by the solenoid is : ( permeability of free space $=4 \pi \times 10^{-7} \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{m}$ )
A. $\frac{\pi}{5} T$
B. $10^{-4} \pi T$
C. $\pi T$
D. $2 \times 10^{-3} \pi T$

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38. A triangular plate is shown. A force $\vec{F}=4 \hat{i}-3 \hat{j}$ is applied at point $P$.

The torque at point $P$ with respect to point ' $O$ ' and ' $Q$ ' are :

A. $-15+20 \sqrt{3}, 15+20 \sqrt{3}$
B. $-15-20 \sqrt{3}, 15-20 \sqrt{3}$
C. $15+20 \sqrt{3}, 15-20 \sqrt{3}$
D. $15-20 \sqrt{3}, 15+20 \sqrt{3}$
39. Which level of the single ionized carbon has the same energy as the ground state energy of hydrogen atom ?
A. 8
B. 1
C. 6
D. 4

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40. A boy is rolling a 0.5 kg ball on the frictionless floor with the speed of $20 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$. The ball gets deflected by an obstacle on the way. After deflection it moves with $5 \%$ of its initial kinetic eneryg. What is the speed of the ball now?
A. $1.00 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
B. $4.47 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
C. $14.41 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
D. $19.0 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$

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41. In a seris LCR circuit, the inductive reactance $\left(X_{L}\right)$ is $10 \Omega$ and the capacitive reactance $\left(X_{C}\right)$ is $4 \Omega$. The resistance (R) in the circuit is $6 \Omega$. The power factor of the circuit is :
A. $\frac{1}{2}$
B. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
C. $\frac{1}{2 \sqrt{2}}$
D. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
42. For an adiabatic expansion of an ideal gas, the fractional change in its pressure is equal to (where $\gamma$ is the ratio of specific heats):
A. $-\gamma \frac{d V}{V}$
B. $-\gamma \frac{V}{d V}$
C. $-\frac{1}{Y} \frac{d V}{V}$
D. $\frac{d V}{V}$
43. If the angular velocity of earth's spin is increased such that the bodies at the equator start floating, the duration of the day would be approximately:
[Take $g=10 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}$, the radius of the earth $R=6400 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~m}$, Take $\pi=3.14$ ]
A. does not change
B. 1200 minutes
C. 60 minutes
D. 84 minutes

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44. An object of mass $m_{1}$ collides with another object of mass $m_{2}$, which is at rest. After the collision the objects move with equal speed in opposite direction. The ratio of the masses $m_{2}: m_{1}$ is
A. $3: 1$
B. 2:1
C. 1:1
D. 1:2
45. A plane electromagnetic wave propagating along $y$-direction can have the following pair of electric field $(\vec{E})$ and magnetic field $(\vec{B})$ components.
A. $E_{y}, B_{x}$ or $E_{x}, B_{y}$
B. $E_{X}, B_{Z}$ or $E_{Z}, B_{X}$
C. $E_{y}, B_{y}$ or $E_{z}, B_{z}$
D. $E_{z}, B_{y}$ or $E_{y}, B_{x}$

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46. Which of the following statements are correct?
(A) Electric monopoles do not exist whereas magnetic monopoles exist.
(B) Magnetic field lines due to solenoid at its ends and outside cannot
be completely straight and confined.
(C) Magnetic field lines are completely confined within a toroid.
(D) Magnetic field lines inside a bar magnet are not paralle.
(E) $x=-1$ is the condition for a perfect diamagnetic material, where x is its magnetic susceptiblity.

Choose the correct answer from the option given below:
A. A and B only
B. C and E only
C. B and D only
D. B and C only

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47. A solid cylinder of mass $m$ is wrapped with an inextensible light string and, is placed on a rough inclined plane as shown in the figure.

The frictional force acting between the cylinder and the inclined plane

is :
[The
coefficient of static friction, $\mu_{s}$ is 0.4 ]
A. $\frac{m g}{5}$
B. 5 mg

7
C. $\frac{-}{2} m g$
D. 0

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48. The correct relation between $\alpha$ (ratio of collector current to emitter current) and $\beta$ (ratio of collector current to base current) of a transistor is:
A. $\alpha=\frac{\beta}{1+\beta}$
B. $\alpha=\frac{\beta}{1-\alpha}$
C. $\beta=\frac{1}{1-\alpha}$
D. $\beta=\frac{\alpha}{1+\alpha}$
49. The velocity -displacement graph of a particle is shown in the

figure.
The acceleration- displacement graph of the same particle is represented by :
A.

B.

C.

D.

50. A particle of mass moves in a circular orbit under the central potential field, $U(r)=-\frac{C}{r}$, where C is a positive constant. The correct radius -velocity graph of the particle's motion is.

B.

C.

D.

51. The funtion of time representing a simple harmonic motion with a period of $\frac{\pi}{\omega}$ is :
A. $\sin ^{2}(\omega t)$
B. $\cos (\omega t)+\cos (2 \omega t)+\cos (3 \omega t)$
C. $3 \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{4}-2 \omega t\right)$
D. $\sin (\omega t)+\cos (\omega t)$

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52. Consider a sample of oxygen behaving like an ideal gas, At 300K, the ratio of root mean sqaure (rms) velocity of gas molecule to average velocity would be : (Molecular weight of oxygen is $32 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$, $R=8.3 \mathrm{JK}^{-1} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ )
A. $\sqrt{\frac{8 \pi}{3}}$
B. $\sqrt{\frac{3}{3}}$
C. $\sqrt{\frac{3 \pi}{8}}$
D. $\sqrt{\frac{8}{3}}$

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53. The decay of a proton to neutron is :
A. always possible as it is associated only with $\beta^{+}$decay
B. not possible but neutron to proton conversion is possible
C. possible only inside the necleus
D. not possible as proton mass is less than neutron mass

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54. The speed of electron in a scanning electron microscope is $1 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$. If the protons having the same speed are used instead of electrons, then resolving power of scanning proton microscope will be changed by a factor of:
A. 1837
B. $\frac{1}{1837}$
C. $\sqrt{1837}$
D. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1837}}$

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55. Three rays of light, namely red (R), green (G) and blue (B) are incident on the face $P Q$ of a right angled prism $P Q R$ as showns in the
figure.


The refractive indices of the material of the prism for red green and blue wavelength are $1.27,1.42$ and 1.49 respectively. The colour of the ray(s) emerging out of the face PR is:
A. red
B. green
C. blue and green
D. blue

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56. A proton and an $\alpha$ - particle, having kinetic energies $K_{P}$ and $K_{a}$ respectively enter into a magnetic field at right angles. The ratio of the radii of trajectory of proton to that of $\alpha$ - particle is $2: 1$. The ratio of $K_{p}: K_{a}$ is :
A. 1:8
B. $8: 1$
C. 1:4
D. $4: 1$

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57. The time taken for the magnetic energy to reach $25 \%$ of its maximum value, when a solenoid of resistance $R$, inductance $L$ is connected to a battery, is :
A. $\frac{L}{R} \ln 10$
B. $\frac{L}{R} \ln 5$
C. $\frac{L}{R} \ln 2$
D. infinite
58. The angular momentum of a planet of mass $M$ moving around the sun in an elliptical orbitis $\vec{L}$. The magnitude of the areal velocity of the planet is :
A. $\frac{2 L}{M}$
B. $\frac{4 L}{M}$
C. $\frac{L}{M}$
D. $\frac{L}{2 M}$

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59. An ideal gas in a cylinder is separated by a piston in such a way the entropy of one part is $S_{1}$ and that of the other part is $S_{2}$. Given that $S_{1}>S_{2}$. If the piston is removed then the total entropy of the system will be:
A. $S_{1}+S_{2}$
B. $S_{1} \times S_{2}$
C. $S_{1}-S_{2}$
D. $\frac{S_{1}}{S_{2}}$

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60. Consider a uniform rod of mas $M$ and length $L$. It is bent into a semicircle. Its moment of inertia about a line perpendicular to the plane wire passing through the centre is
A. $\frac{1}{4} \frac{M L^{2}}{\pi^{2}}$
B. $\frac{2}{5} \frac{M L^{2}}{\pi^{2}}$
C. $\frac{M L^{2}}{\pi^{2}}$
D. $\frac{1}{2} \frac{M L^{2}}{\pi^{2}}$

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## PHYSICS (SECTION B)

1. In the logic circuit shown in the figure, if input $A$ and $B$ are 0 to 1 respectively, the output at Y would be ' x '

The value of $x$ is $\qquad$


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2. The resistance $R=\frac{V}{i}$, where $V=(50 \pm 2.0) V$ and $I=(20 \pm 0.2) A$. The percentage error in R is ' $x$ ' \%

The value of ' $x$ ' to the nearest integer is
3. Consider a 20 kg uniform circular disk of radius 0.2 m . It is pin supported at its center and is at rest initially. The disk is acted upon by a constant force $\mathrm{F}=20 \mathrm{~N}$ through a massless string wrapped around its periphery as shown in the figure


Suppose the disk makes $n$ number of revolutions to attain an angular speed of $50 \mathrm{rad} \mathrm{s}^{-1}$. The value of n , to the nearest integer, is
[Given : In one complete revolution, the disk rotates by 6.28 rad ]

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4. A sinusoidal voltage of peak value 250 V is applied to a series LCR circuit, in which $R=8 o h m L=24 m H$ and $C=60 \mu F$. The value of power dissipated at resonant condition is ' $x$ ' $k W$. The value of $x$ to the nearest integer is $\qquad$

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5. The first three spectral lines of H -atom in the Balmer series are given $\lambda_{1}, \lambda_{2}, \lambda_{3}$ considering the

Bohr atomic model, the wave lengths of first and third spectral line
$\left(\frac{\lambda_{1}}{\lambda_{3}}\right)$ are related by a factor of approximately' $x^{\prime} \times 10^{-1}$
The value of $x$, to the nearest integer, is $\qquad$
6. A fringe width of 6 mm was produced for two slits separated by 1 mm apart. The screen is placed 10 m away. The wavelength of light used is ' $x$ ' nm.

The value of ' $x$ to the nearest integer is $\qquad$

## D Watch Video Solution

7. A ball of mass 10 kg moving with a velocity $10 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$ along $X$-axis, hits another ball of mass 20 kg which is at rest. After collision, the first ball comes to rest and the second one disintegrates into two equal pieces. One of the pieces starts moving along $Y$-axis at a speed of 10 $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$. The second piece starts moving at a speed of $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ at an angle $\theta$ (degree) with respect to the X -axis.

The configuration of pieces after collision is shown in the figure.

The value of $\theta$ to the nearest integer is $\qquad$ $\xrightarrow{\text { After Collision }}$ Xaxis

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8. Consider a frame that is made up of two thin massless rods $A B$ and

AC as shown in the figure. A vertical force $\vec{P}$ of magnitude 100 N is applied at point A of the frame.

Suppose the force is $\vec{P}$ resolved parallel to the arms $A B$ and $A C$ of the frame.


The magnitude of the resolved component along the arm $A C$ is xN .
The value of $x$, to the nearest integer, is
[Given : $\sin \left(35^{\circ}\right)=0.573, \cos \left(35^{\circ}\right)=0.819$
$\left.\sin \left(110^{\circ}\right)=0.939, \cos \left(110^{\circ}\right)=-0.342\right]$

## - <br> Watch Video Solution

9. In the figure given, the electric current flowing through the 5 kn resistor is ' x ' mA .


## $21 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$

The value of $x$ to the nearest integer is $\qquad$

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10. The value of power dissipated across the zener diode $\left(V_{z}=15 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ connected in the circuit as shown in the figure is $x \times 10^{-1}$ watt.


The value of $x$, to the nearest integer, is $\qquad$

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11. A parallel plate capacitor whose capacitance C is 14 pF is charged by a battery to a potential difference $\mathrm{V}=12 \mathrm{~V}$ between its plates. The charging battery is now disconnected and a porceline plate with $\mathrm{k}=7$ is inserted between the plates, then the plate would oscillate back and forth between the plates with a constant mechanical energy of pJ (Assume no friction )

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12. The angular speed of truck wheel is increased from 900rpm to 2460 rpm in 26 seconds. The number of revolutions by the truck engine during this time is $\qquad$ . ( Assuming the acceleration to be uniform )

## - Watch Video Solution

13. Two blocks ( $\mathrm{m}=0.5 \mathrm{~kg}$ and $\mathrm{M}=4.5 \mathrm{~kg}$ ) are arranged on a horizontal frictionless table as shown in figure. The coefficient of static friction between the two blocks is $\frac{3}{7}$. Then the maximum horizontal force that can be applied on the larger block move together is $\qquad$ N. (Round off to the Nearest Integer) [Take as $9.8 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}$ ]

14. The resistance of the series combination of two resistances is $S$. When they are joined in parallel the total resistance is P . If $\mathrm{S}=\mathrm{nP}$ then the minimum possible value of $n$ is

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15. The radius in kilometers, to which the present radius of the earth ( $R$ $=6400 \mathrm{~km})$ is to be compressed so that the escape velocity velocity is increased ten times is

## - Watch Video Solution

16. Four identical rectangular plates with length, $\mathrm{I}=2 \mathrm{~cm}$ and breadth,
$b=\frac{3}{2} \mathrm{~cm}$ are arranged as shown in figure. The equivalent capacitance between A and C is $\frac{x \varepsilon_{0}}{d}$. The value of x is _._ (Round off
to the Nearest Integer)


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17. Consider two identical springs each of spring cosntant $k$ and negligible mass compared to the mass $M$ as shown. Fig. 1 shows one of them and Fig. 2 shows their series combination. The ratios of time perios of oscialltion of the two SHM is $\frac{T_{b}}{T_{a}}=\sqrt{x}$, where value of x is
. (Round off to the Nearest Integer )


Fig 1


Fig 2

- Watch Video Solution

18. If $2.5 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{~N}$ average force is exerted by a light wave on a nonreflecting surface of $30 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ area during 40 minutes of time span, the
energy flux of light just before it falls on the surface is $W / \mathrm{cm}^{2}$. ( Round off to the Nearest Integer )
(Assume complete absorption and normal incidence conditions are there )

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19. For VHF signal broadcasting $\qquad$ $\mathrm{km}^{2}$ of maximum service area will be covered by an antenna tower of height 30m, if the receiving antenna is placed at ground. Let radius of the earth be 6400 km. (Round off to the Neareest Integer ) ( Take $\pi$ as 3.14 )

## - Watch Video Solution

20. The following bodies,
(1) a ring
(2) a disc
(3) a solid cylinder
(4) a solid sphere,
of same mass ' $m$ ' and radius ' R ' are allowed to roll down without sipping simultaneously from the top of the inclined plane. The body which will reach first at the bottom of the inclined plane is
$\qquad$ .
[ Mark the body as per their respectively numbering given in the question ]

21. Consider a water tank as shown in the figre. It's cross-sectional area is $0.4 m^{2}$. The tank has an opening $B$ near the bottom whose crosssection area is $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. A load of 24 kg is applied on the water at the top when the height of the water level is 40 cm above the bottom, the velocity of water combing out the opening $B$ is $v \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$. The value of v , to be nearest integer, is [Take value of $g$ to be $10 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}$ ]

22. A galaxy is moving away from the earth at a speed of $286 \mathrm{kms}^{-1}$. The shift in the wavelength of a red line at 630 nm is $x \times 10^{-10} \mathrm{~m}$. The value of $x$, to be the nearest integer, is $\qquad$ [Take the value of speed of light c, as $3 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$ ]

## - Watch Video Solution

23. The typical output characteristics curve for a transistor working in the common-emitter configuration is shown in the figure. (mA)
24. An infinte number of point charges, each caryying $1 \mu C$ charge, are placed along the $y$-axis at $y=1,2 m, 4 m 8 m \ldots . . . . . .$. . The total force on a 1 C point charge, placed at the origin is $x \times 10^{3} N$. The value of x , to the nearest integer, is ......... [Take $\left.\frac{1}{4 \pi \varepsilon_{0}}=9 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{Nm}^{2} / \mathrm{C}^{2}\right]$

## D Watch Video Solution

25. Consider a 72 cm long wire $A B$ as shown in the figure. The galvonometer jockey is placed at $P$ on $A B$ at a distance $x \mathrm{~cm}$ from $A$. The galvanometer shows zero deflectinN.


The value of $x$, to the nearest integer, is $\qquad$

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26. A ball of mass 4 kg , moving with a velocity of $10 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$, collides with a spring of length 8 m and force constant $100 \mathrm{Nm}^{-1}$. The length of the compressed spring is $\mathrm{x} m$. The value of x , to the nearest integer, is

## - Watch Video Solution

27. Two wires of same length and thickness having specific resistance $6 \Omega$ and $3 \Omega \mathrm{~cm}$ respectively are connected in parallel. The effective resistivity is $p \Omega c m$. The value of $p$, to the nearest integer, is

## - Watch Video Solution

28. A TV transmission tower antenna is at a height of 20 m . Suppose that the receiveing antenna is at.
(i) ground level
(ii) a height of 5 m

The increase in antenna range in case (ii) relative to case (i) is n\%.
The value of $n$, to the nearest integer, is $\qquad$

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29. The radius of a sphere is measured to be $(7.50+0.85) \mathrm{cm}$. Suppose the percentage error in its volume is x .

The value of $x$, to the nearest $x$ is.

## - Watch Video Solution

30. The projectile motion of a particle of mass 5 g is shown in the figure


## A

B

The initial velocity of the particle is $5 \sqrt{2} \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$ and the air resistance is assumed to be negligible. The magnitude of the change in momentum the points A and B is $x \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{kgms}^{-1}$. The value of x , to the nearest integer is..

## PHYSICS SECTION A

1. The position, velocity and acceleration of a particle moving with a constant acceleration can be represented by :
A.

B.

C.

D.


## D Watch Video Solution

2. A radiactive sample decays by two different processes .Half - life for the first process is $t_{1}$ and for the second process is $t_{2}$. The effective half-life is

$$
\text { A. } T_{1 / 2}=\frac{T_{1 / 2}^{(1)}+T_{1 / 2}^{(2)}}{T_{1 / 2}^{(1)}-T_{1 / 2}^{(2)}}
$$

B. $T_{1 / 2}=T_{1 / 2}^{(1)}+T_{1 / 2}^{(2)}$
C. $T_{1 / 2}=\frac{T_{1 / 2}^{(1)} T_{1 / 2}^{(2)}}{T_{1 / 2}^{(1)}-T_{1 / 2}^{(2)}}$
D. None of the above

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3. Imagine that the electron in a hydrogen atom is replaced by a muon $(\mu)$. The mass of Muon particle is 207 times that of an electon and charge is equal to the charge of an electron. The ionization potential of this hydrogen atom will be:
A. 27.2 Ev
B. 2815.2 ev
C. 331.2 Ev
D. 13.6 Ev
4. What will be the average value of energy along one degree of freedom for an ideal gas in thermal equilibrium at a temperature T ?
( $k_{B}$ is Boltzmann constant)
A. $\frac{3}{2} k_{B} T$
B. $\frac{1}{2} k_{B} T$
C. $\frac{2}{3} k_{B} T$
D. $k_{B} T$

## - Watch Video Solution

5. The time period of a satellite in a circular orbit of radius $R$ is $T$. The period of another satellite in a circular orbit of radius $9 R$ is :
A. 27 T
B. 9 T
C. 12 T
D. 3 T

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6. A loop of flexible wire of irregular shape carrying current is placed in an external magnetic field. Identify the effect of the field on the wire.
A. wire gets stretched to become straight
B. loop assumes circular shape with its plane parallel to the field
C. shape of the loop remains unchanged
D. loop assumes circular shape with its plane normal to the field
7. An oil drop of radius 2 mm with a density $3 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~cm}^{-3}$ is held stationary under a constant electric field $3.55 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{Vm}^{-1}$ in the Millikan's oil drop experiment. What is the number of excess electrons that the oil drop will possess ? Consider $g=9.81 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
A. $1.73 \times 10^{12}$
B. $17.3 \times 10^{10}$
C. $1.73 \times 10^{10}$
D. $48.8 \times 10^{11}$

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8. A thin circular ring of mass $M$ and radius $r$ is rotating about its ais with an angular speed $\omega$. Two particles having mas $m$ each are now
attached at diametrically opposite points. The angular speed of the ring will become
A. $\omega \frac{M}{M+2 m}$
B. $\omega \frac{M}{M+m}$
C. $\omega \frac{M+2 m}{M}$
D. $\omega \frac{M-2 m}{M+2 m}$

## - Watch Video Solution

9. In Young's double slit arrangement, slits are separated by a gap of 0.5 mm , and the screen is placed at a distance of 0.5 m from them. The distance between the first and the third bright fringe formed when the slits are illuminated by a monochromatic light of 5890 X is :
A. $1178 \times 10^{-9} m$
B. $1178 \times 10^{-12} \mathrm{~m}$
C. $1178 \times 10^{-6} m$
D. $5890 \times 10^{-7} \mathrm{~m}$

## - Watch Video Solution

10. Four identical long solenoids A, B, C and D are connected to each other as shown in the figure. If the magnetic field at the center of $A$ is 3 T, the field at the center of $C$ would be: (Assume that the magnetic field is confined with in the volume of respective solenoid).

A. 9 T
B. 6 T
C. 1 T

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11. The time period of a simple pendulum is given by $T=2 \pi \sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}$. The measured value of the length of pendulum is 10 cm known to a 1 mm accuracy. The time for 200 oscillations of the pendulum is found to be 100 second using a clock of 1 s resolution. The percentage accuracy in the determination of ' $g$ ' using this pendulum is ' $x$ '. The value of ' $x$ ' to the nearest integer is,
A. 0.03
B. 0.05
C. 0.04
D. 0.02
12. Your friend is having eye sight problem. She is not able to see clearly a distant uniform window mesh and it appears to her as nonuniform and distorted. The doctor diagnosed the problem as :
A. Astigmatism
B. Presbyopia with Astigmatism
C. Myopia and hypermetropia
D. Myopia with Astigmatism

## - Watch Video Solution

13. In the experiment of Ohm's law, a potential difference of 5.0 V is applied across the end of a conductor of length 10.0 cm and diameter of 5.00 mm . The measured current in the conductor is 2.00 A . The
maximum permissible percentage error in the resistivity of the conductor is :
A. 3.9
B. 7.5
C. 3.0
D. 8.4

## - Watch Video Solution

14. A plane electromagnetic wave of frequency 100 MHz is travelling in vacuum along the $x$-direction. At a particular point in space and time, $\vec{B}=2.0 \times 10^{-8} \hat{k} T$. (where, $\hat{k}$ is unit vector along z-direction) What is $\vec{E}$ at this point ? (speed of light $c=3 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ )
A. $6.0 \hat{k} V / m$
B. $6.0 \hat{j} \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}$
C. $0.6 \hat{k} V / m$
D. $0.6 \hat{j} V / m$

## - Watch Video Solution

15. Match List - I with List - II

## List - I

(a) 10 km height over earth's surface
(b) 70 km height over earth's surface
(c) 180 km height over earth's surface
(d) 270 km height over earth's surface

## List - II

(i) Thermosphere
(ii) Mesosphere
(iii) Stratosphere
(iv) Troposphere
A. (a)-(ii), (b)-(i), (c)-(iv), (d)-(iii)
B. (a)-(iv), (b)-(iii), (c)-(ii), (d)-(i)
C. (a)-(iii), (b)-(ii), (c)-(i), (d)-(iv)
D. (a)-(i), (b)-(iv), (C)-(iii), (d)-(ii)
16. An AC source rated $220 \mathrm{~V}, 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ is connected to a resistor. The time taken by the current to change from its maximum to the rms value is :
A. 2.5 s
B. 0.25 ms
C. 2.5 ms
D. 25 ms

## - Watch Video Solution

17. A constant power delivering machine has towed a box, which was initially at rest, along a horizontal straight line. The distance moved by the box in time't is proportional to :
A. $t^{1 / 2}$
B. $t^{2 / 3}$
C. t
D. $t^{3 / 2}$

## - Watch Video Solution

18. The P-V diagram of a diatomic ideal gas system going under cyclic process as shown in figure. The work done during an adiabatic process CD is (use $\gamma=1.4$ ):

A. 200 J
B. 400 J
C. -500 J
D. -400 J

## - Watch Video Solution

19. In a series LCR resonance circuit, if we change the resistance only, from a lower to higher value :
A. The resonance frequency will increase
B. The bandwidth of resonance circuit will increase
C. The quality factor and the resonance frequency will remain constant
D. The quality factor will increase

## - Watch Video Solution

20. A particle is travelling 4 times as fast as an electron. Assuming the ratio of de-Broglie wavelength of a particle to that of electron is $2: 1$, the mass of the particle is:
A. $\frac{1}{16}$ times the mass of $e^{-}$
B. 16 times the mass of $e^{-}$
C. 8 times the mass of $e^{-}$
D. $\frac{1}{8}$ times the mass of $e^{-}$
21. The magnetic field in a region is given by $\vec{B}=B_{0}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\hat{k}}$. A square loop of side $d$ is placed with its edges along the $x$ and $y$ axes. The loop is moved with a constant velocity $\vec{v}=v_{0} \hat{i}$ The emf induced in the loop is:

A. $\frac{B_{o} v_{o} d^{2}}{a}$
B. $\frac{B_{o} v_{o} d^{2}}{2 a}$
C. $\frac{B_{o} v_{o} d}{2 a}$
D. $\frac{B_{o} v_{o}^{2} d}{2 a}$

## - Watch Video Solution

22. What will be the nature of flow of water from a circular tap, when its flow rate increased from $0.18 \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{min}$ to $0.48 \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{min}$ ? The radius of the tap and viscosity of water are 0.5 cm and $10^{-3} \mathrm{~Pa} \mathrm{~s}$, respectively. (Density of water: $10^{3} \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ )
A. Remains steady flow
B. Unsteady to steady flow
C. Steady flow to unsteady flow
D. Remains turbulent flow

## - Watch Video Solution

23. The following logic gate is equivalent to :

A. NOR Gate
B. AND Gate
C. NAND Gate
D. OR Gate

## - Watch Video Solution

24. Two identical antennas mounted on identical towers are separated from each other by a distance of 45 km . What should nearly be the minimum height of receiving antenna to receive the signals in line of sight? (Assume radius of earth is 6400 km )
A. $19.77 m$
B. 39.55 m
C. $158.8 m$
D. 79.1 m

## - Watch Video Solution

25. In order to determine the Young's Modulus of a wire of radius 0.2 cm (measured using a scale of least count $=0.001 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) and length 1 m (measured using a scale of least count=1 mm ), a weight of mass 1 kg (measured using a scale of least count=1 g) was hanged to get the elongation of 0.5 cm (measured using a scale of least count 0.001 cm ). What will be the fractional error in the value of Young's Modulus determined by this experiment?
A. $0.9 \%$
B. 1.4 \%
C. $9 \%$
D. $0.14 \%$

## - Watch Video Solution

26. Statement I: A cyclist is moving on an unbanked road with a speed of $7 \mathrm{kmh}^{-1}$ and takes a sharp circular turn along a path of radius of 2 m without reducing the speed. The static friction coefficient is 0.2 . The cyclist will not slip and pass the curve. $\left(g=9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right)$.

Statement II: If the road is banked at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ cyclist can cross the curve of 2 m radius with the speed of $18.5 \mathrm{kmh}^{-1}$ without slipping. In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below.
A. Statement I is correct and statement II is incorrect
B. Both statement I and statement II are false
C. Both statement I and statement II are true
D. Statement I is incorrect and statement II is correct

## D Watch Video Solution

27. Red light differs from blue light as they have :
A. Different frequencies and same wavelengths
B. Same frequencies and same wavelengths
C. Different frequencies and different wavelengths
D. Same frequencies and different wavelengths
28. A bimetallic strip consists of metals $X$ and $Y$. It mounted rigidly at the base as shown. The metal X has a higher coefficient of expansion compared to that for metal Y . When the bimetallic strip is placed in a cold bath

A. Not bend but shrink
B. Bend towards the left
C. Neither bend nor shrink
D. Bend towards the right

## (D) Watch Video Solution

29. The half-life of $A u^{198}$ is 2.7 days. The activity of 1.50 mg of $A u^{198}$ if its atomic weight is $198 \mathrm{gmol}^{-1}$ is $\left(N_{A}=6 \times 10^{23} / \mathrm{mol}\right)$
A. 240 Ci
B. 357 Ci
C. 252 Ci
D. 235 Ci
30. For the given circuit, comment on the type of transformer used.

A. Auxilliary transformer
B. Step down transformer
C. Auto transformer
D. Step-up transformer

## - Watch Video Solution

31. Calculate the time interval between $33 \%$ decay and $67 \%$ decay if half-life of a substance is 20 minutes.
A. 60 minutes
B. 13 minutes
C. 40 minutes
D. 20 minutes

## - Watch Video Solution

32. A charge $Q$ is moving di distance in the magnetic field $\vec{B}$. Find the value of work done by $\vec{B}$
A. Zero
B. 1
C. Infinite
D. -1
33. A large block of wood of mass $M=5.99 \mathrm{~kg}$ is hanging from two long massless cords. A bullet of mass $\mathrm{m}=10 \mathrm{~g}$ is fired into the block and gets embedded in it. The (block + bullet) then swing upwards, their centre of mass rising a vertical distance -9.8 cm before the (block+bullet) pendulum comes momentarily to rest at the end of its arc. The speed of the bullet just before collision is: (take $g=9.8 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}$ )

A. $841.4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
B. $831.4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
C. $821.4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
D. $811.4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

## D Watch Video Solution

34. Calculate the value of mean free path ( $\lambda$ ) for oxygen molecules at temperature $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and pressure $1.01 \times 10^{5} \mathrm{~Pa}$. Assume the molecular diameter 0.3 nm and the gas is ideal. $\left(k=1.38 \times 10^{-23} \mathrm{JK}^{-1}\right)$
A. 86 nm
B. 102 nm
C. 58 nm
D. 32 nm
35. A resistor develops 500 J of thermal energy in 20 s when a current of 1.5 A is passed through it. If the current is increased from 1.5 A to 3 A , what will be the energy developed in 20 s .
A. 500 J
B. 2000 J
C. 1500 J
D. 1000 J

## - Watch Video Solution

36. The refractive index of a converging lens is 1.4 . What will be the focal length of this lens if it is placed in a medium of same refractive index? Assume the radii of curvature of the faces of lens are $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$ respectively.
A. Zero
B. 1
C. Infinite
D. $\left(\frac{R_{1} R_{2}}{R_{1}-R_{2}}\right)$

## - Watch Video Solution

37. A mosquito is moving with a velocity $\vec{v}=0.52 t^{2} \hat{i}+3 t \hat{j}+9 \hat{k} m / s$ and accelerating in uniform conditions. What will be the direction of mosquito after 2 s ?
A. $\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$ from $y$-axis
B. $\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)$ from $y$-axis
C. $\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)$ from $x$ - axis
D. $\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$ from $x$ - axis

## - Watch Video Solution

38. Find out the surface charge density at the intersection of point $x=3$ $m$ plane and $x$-axis, in the region of uniform line charge of $8 \mathrm{nC} / \mathrm{m}$ lying along the $z$-axis in free space.
A. $47.88 \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{m}$
B. $4.0 \mathrm{nCm}^{-2}$
C. $0.07 \mathrm{nCm}^{-2}$
D. $0.424 n \mathrm{Cm}^{-2}$
39. Amplitude of a mass-spring system, which is executing simple harmonic motion decreases with time. If mass=500g, Decay constant=20 g/s then how much time is required for the amplitude of the system to drop to half of its initial value? (In 2=0.693)
A. 17.32 s
B. $0.034 s$
C. 34.65 s
D. 15.01 s

## - Watch Video Solution

40. The de-Broglie wavelength associated with an electron and a proton were calculated by accelerating them through same potential of 100 V . What should nearly be the ratio of their wavelengths ? $\left(m_{p}=1.00727 u m_{e}=0.00055 u\right)$
A. $43: 1$
B. 41.4:1
C. $1860: 1$
D. $(1860)^{2}: 1$

## D Watch Video Solution

41. The velocity of a particle is $v=v_{0}+g t+F t^{2}$. Its position is $\mathrm{x}=0$ at $\mathrm{t}=0$, then its displacement after time $(\mathrm{t}=1)$ is :
A. $v_{0}+\frac{g}{2}+\frac{F}{3}$
B. $v_{0}+2 g+3 F$
C. $v_{0}+\frac{g}{2}+F$
D. $v_{0}+g+F$
42. A sound wave of frequency 245 Hz travels with the speed of 300 $\mathrm{ms}^{-1}$ along the positive x -axis. Each point of the wave moves to and fro through a total distance of 6 cm . What will be the mathematical expression of this travelling wave?
A. $Y(x, t)=0.03\left[\sin 5.1 x-\left(1.5 \times 10^{3}\right) t\right]$
B. $Y(x, t)=0.03\left[\sin 5.1 x-\left(0.2 \times 10^{3}\right) t\right]$
C. $Y(x, t)=0.06\left[\sin 0.8 x-\left(0.5 \times 10^{3}\right) t\right]$
D. $Y(x, t)=0.06\left[\sin 5.1 x-\left(1.5 \times 10^{3}\right) t\right]$

## - Watch Video Solution

43. Two cells of emf 2 E and E with internal resistance $r_{1}$ and $r_{2}$ respectively are connected in series to an external resistor R (see figure). The value of R , at which the potential difference across the
terminals of the first cell becomes zero is


## R

A. $\frac{r_{1}}{2}-r_{2}$
B. $r_{1}+r_{2}$
C. $\frac{r_{1}}{2}+r_{2}$
D. $r_{1}-r_{2}$
44. If one mole of the polyatomic gas is having two vibrational modes and $\beta$ is the ratio of molar specific heats for polyatomic gas $\left(\beta=\frac{C_{p}}{C_{V}}\right)$ then the value of $\beta$ is :
A. 1.2
B. 1.02
C. 1.25
D. 1.35

## - Watch Video Solution

45. An object is located at 2 km beneath the surface of the water. If the fractional compression $\frac{\Delta V}{V}$ is $1.36 \%$, the ratio of hydraulic stress to the corresponding hydraulic strain will be $\qquad$ .
[ Given : density of water is $1000 \mathrm{kgm}^{-3}$ and $g=9.8 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}$.]
A. $1.96 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{Nm}^{-2}$
B. $1.44 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{Nm}^{-2}$
C. $2.26 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{Nm}^{-2}$
D. $1.44 \times 10^{7} \mathrm{Nm}^{-2}$

## - Watch Video Solution

46. Which one of the following will be the output of the given circuit?

A. NOR Gate
B. XOR Gate
C. AND Gate
D. NAND Gate

## - Watch Video Solution

47. A rubber ball is released from a height of 5 m above the floor. It bounces hack repeatedly. always rising to $\frac{81}{100}$ of the height through which it falls. Find the average speed of the ball.
(Take $g=10 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}$ )
A. $2.50 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
B. $2.0 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
C. $3.50 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
D. $3.0 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
48. Two identical blocks $A$ and $B$ each of mass $m$ resting on the smooth horizontal floor are connected by a light spring of natural length $L$ and spring constant K. A third block Cof mass m moving with a speed $v$ along the line joining $A$ and $B$ collides with $A$. The maximum compression in the spring is

A. $\sqrt{\frac{m v}{K}}$
B. $v \sqrt{\frac{m}{2 K}}$
C. $\sqrt{\frac{m v}{2 K}}$
D. $\sqrt{\frac{m}{2 K}}$
49. Match List-I with List -II
(a) Phase difference between current and voltage (i) $\frac{\pi}{2}$; current leads vollage in a purely resistive $A C$ circuit
(b) Phase difference between curnent and voltage in (ii) zero a pure inductive $A C$ cincuit
(c) Phase difference between curnent and voltage in (iii) $\frac{\pi}{2}$; current lags voltage
a pure capacitive AC circuit
(d) Phase difference between current and voltage in (iv) $\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{x_{C}-x_{1}}{R}\right)$

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:
A. (a)-(ii), (b)-(iii), (c)-(i), (d)-(iv)
B. (a)-(ii), (b)-(iii), (C)-(iv), (d)-(i)
C. (a)-(ii), (b)-(iv), (c)-(iii), (d)-(i)
D. (a)-(i), (b)-(iii), (c)-(iv), (d)-(ii)
50. Two identical photocathodes receive the light of frequencies $f_{1}$ and $f_{2}$ respectively. If the velocities of the photo-electrons coming out are $v_{1}$ and $v_{2}$ respectively, then
A. $v_{1}^{2}-v_{2}^{2}=\frac{2 h}{m}\left[f_{1}-f_{2}\right]$
B. $v_{1}+v_{2}=\left[\frac{2 h}{m}\left(f_{1}+f_{2}\right)\right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$
C. $v_{0}-v_{2}=\left[\frac{2 h}{m}\left(f_{1}-f_{2}\right)\right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$
D. $v_{1}^{2}+v_{2}^{2}=\frac{2 h}{m}\left[f_{1}+f_{2}\right]$

## - Watch Video Solution

51. A carrier signal $C(t)=25 \sin \left(2.512 \times 10^{10} t\right)$ is amplitude modulated by a message signal $m(t)=5 \sin \left(1.57 \times 10^{8} t\right)$ and transmitted through an antenna. What will be the bandwidth of the modulated signal ?
B. 1987.5 MHz
C. 50 MHz
D. 2.01 GHz

## - Watch Video Solution

52. A block of mass 1 kg attached to a spring is made to oscillate with an initial amplitude of 12 cm . After 2 minutes the amplitude decreases to 6 cm . Determine the value of the damping constant for this motion.
(take $\ln 2=0.693$ )
A. $3.3 \times 10^{2} \mathrm{kgs}^{-1}$
B. $1.16 \times 10^{2} \mathrm{kgs}^{-1}$
C. $5.7 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{kgs}^{-1}$
D. $0.69 \times 10^{2} \mathrm{kgs}^{-1}$

## - Watch Video Solution

53. A geostationary satellite is orbiting around an arbitary planet ' $P$ at a height of $11 R$ above the surface of ' $P, R$ being the radius of ' $P$ '. The time period of another satellite in hours at a height of $2 R$ from the surface of ' $P$ ' is $\qquad$ . 'P' has the time period of 24 hours.
A. 5
B. $\frac{6}{\sqrt{2}}$
C. 3
D. $6 \sqrt{2}$

## - Watch Video Solution

54. Which one is the correct option for the two different thermodynamic process?



A. (b) and (c )
B. (a) only
C. (c ) and (a)
D. (c) and (d)
55. The atomic hydrogen emits a line spectrum consisting of various series. Which series of hydrogen atomic spectra is lying in the visible region?
A. Lyman series
B. Paschen series
C. Balmer series
D. Brackett series

## (D) Watch Video Solution

56. A sphere of mass 2 kg and radius 0.5 m is rolling with an initial speed of $1 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$ goes up an inclined plane which makes an angle of $30^{\circ}$ with the horizontal plane, without slipping, How long will the
sphere take to return to the starting point A ?

A. 0.52 s
B. 0.80 s
C. 0.60 s
D. 0.57 s

## - Watch Video Solution

57. Two particles $A$ and $B$ of equal masses are suspended from two massless springs of spring constants $K_{1}$ and $K_{2}$ respectively. If the
maximum velocities during oscillations are equal. the ratio of the amplitude of $A$ and $B$ is
A. $\sqrt{\frac{K_{2}}{K_{1}}}$
B. $\sqrt{\frac{K_{1}}{K_{2}}}$
C. $\frac{K_{1}}{K_{2}}$
$K_{2}$
D. $\overline{K_{1}}$

## - Watch Video Solution

58. The four arms of a Wheatstone bridge have resistances as shown in the figure. A galvanometer of $15 \Omega$ resistance is connected across BD.

Calculate the current through the galvanometer when a potential
difference of 10 V is maintained across AC .

A. 4.87 mA
B. $2.44 \mu A$
C. $4.87 \mu A$
D. $2.44 m A$
59. A hairpin like shape as shown in figure is made by bending a long current carrying wire. What is the magnitude of a magnetic field at point P which lies on the centre of the semicircle?

A. $\frac{\mu_{0} I}{2 \pi r}(2-\pi)$
B. $\frac{\mu_{0} I}{4 \pi r}(2+\pi)$
C. $\frac{\mu_{0} I}{4 \pi r}(2-\pi)$
D. $\frac{\mu_{0} I}{2 \pi r}(2+\pi)$
60. What happens to the inductive reactance and the current in a purely inductive circuit if the frequency is halved?
A. nductive reactance will be doubled and current will be halved.
B. Both, inductive reactance and current will be halved.
C. Inductive reactance will be halved and current will be doubled.
D. Both, inducting reactance and current will be doubled.

## - Watch Video Solution

## PHYSICS SECTION B

1. A ball of mass 10 kg moving with a velocity $10 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ along the x -axis, hits another ball of mass 20 kg which is at rest. After the collision, first ball comes to rest while the second ball disintegrates into two equal pieces. One piece starts moving along $y$-axis with a speed of $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$.

The second piece starts moving at an angle of 30 with respect to the $x$ axis. The velocity of the ball moving at $30^{\circ}$ with $X$-axis is $x \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. The configuration of pieces after collision is shown in the figure below. The value of $x$ to the nearest integer is $\qquad$


## - Watch Video Solution

2. 

As shown in the figure, a particle of mass 10 kg is placed at a point A .

When the particle is slightly displaced to its right, it starts moving and reaches the point $B$. The speed of the particle at $B$ is $\times \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$. (Take $g=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ ) The value of ' x to the nearest integer is

## - Watch Video Solution

3. A particle performs simple harmonic motion with a period of 2 second. The time taken by the particle to cover a displacement equal to half of its amplitude from the mean position is $\frac{1}{a}$ s. The value of ' $a$ ' to the nearest integer is $\qquad$ .

## - Watch Video Solution

4. The voltage across the 10 resistor in the given circuit is x volt.


The value of ' $x$ ' to the nearest integer is $\qquad$ .

## - Watch Video Solution

5. A bullet of mass 0.1 kg is fired on a wooden block to pierce through it, but it stops after moving a distance of 50 cm into it. If the velocity of bullet before hitting the wood is $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ and it slows down with uniform deceleration, then the magnitude of effective retarding force on the bullet is ' x N .

The value of ' $x$ to the nearest integer is

## - Watch Video Solution

6. Two separate wires $A$ and $B$ are stretched by 2 mm and 4 mm respectively, when they are subjected to a force of 2 N . Assume that both the wires are made up of same material and the radius of wire B is 4 times that of the radius of wire $A$. The length of the wires $A$ and $B$ are in the ratio of $\mathrm{a}: \mathrm{b}$. Then $\frac{a}{b}$ can be expressed as $\frac{1}{x}$ where x is

## - Watch Video Solution

7. A parallel plate capacitor has plate area $100 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ and plate separation of 10 m . The space between the plates is filled up to a thickness 5 m with a material of dielectric constant of 10 . The resultant capacitance of the system is 'x' $p^{F}$. The value of $\varepsilon=8.85 \times 10^{-12} F . m^{-1}$

The value of ' $x$ ' to the nearest integer is $\qquad$ .

8.

The circuit
shown in the figure consists of a charged capacitor of capacity $3 \mu F$ and a charge of $30 \mu \mathrm{C}$. At time $\mathrm{t}=0$, when the key is closed, the value of current flowing through the $5 M \Omega$ resistor is ' $r$ ' $\mu A$.

The value of ' $x$ ' to the nearest integer is $\qquad$ .

## - Watch Video Solution

9. An npn transistor operates as a common emitter amplifier with a power gain of $10^{6}$. The input circuit resistance is $100 \Omega$ and the output load resistance is $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$. The common emitter current gain ' $\beta$ ' will be (Round off to the Nearest Integer)

## - Watch Video Solution

10. A person is swimming with a speed of $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ at an angle of $120^{\circ}$ with the flow and reaches to a point directly opposite on the other side of the river. The speed of the flow is ' $\mathrm{x} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}$.

The value of ' $x$ to the nearest integer is $\qquad$ .

## - Watch Video Solution

11. A body of mass 2 kg moves under a force of $(2 \hat{i}+3 \hat{j}+5 \hat{k}) \mathrm{N}$. It starts from rest and was at the origin initially. After 4 s , its new coordinates are $(8, b, 20)$. The value of $b$ is (Round off to the Nearest Integer)

## - Watch Video Solution

12. A solid disc of radius 'a' and mass ' $m$ ' rolls down without slipping on an inclined plane making an angle with the horizontal. The acceleration of the dise will be $\frac{2}{b} g \sin \theta$ where b is....... (Round off to the Nearest Integer)
(g=acceleration due to gravity)
thta =angle as shown in figure)


## - Watch Video Solution

13. The energy dissipated by a resistor is 10 mj in 1 s when an electric
$\qquad$ $\Omega$ (Round off
to the Nearest Integer)

## - Watch Video Solution

14. For an ideal heat engine, the temperature of the source is $127^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. In order to have 60\% efficiency the temperature of the sink should be

## ${ }^{\circ}$ C. (Round off to the Nearest Integer)

## - Watch Video Solution

15. In a parallel plate capacitor set up, the plate area of capacitor is $2 m^{2}$ and the plates are separated by 1 m . If the space between the plates are filled with a dielectric material of thickness 0.5 m and area $2 m^{2}$ (see fig) the capacitance of the set-up will be $\ldots . . . . \varepsilon_{0}$ (Dielectric

16. A deviation of $2^{\circ}$ is produced in the yellow ray when prism of crown and flint glass are achromatically combined. Taking dispersive powers of crown and flint glass as 0.02 and 0.03 respectively and refractive index for yellow light for these glasses are 1.5 and 1.6 respectively. The refracting angles for crown glass prism will be $\qquad$。 (in degree). (Round off to the Nearest Integer)

## - Watch Video Solution

17. If one wants to remove all the mass of the earth to infinity in order to break it up completely. The amount of energy that needs to be supplied will be $\frac{x}{5} \frac{G M^{2}}{R}$ where x is ...... (Round off to the Nearest Integer)
( $M$ is the mass of earth, $R$ is the radius of earth, $G$ is the gravitational constant)

## D Watch Video Solution

18. A force $\vec{F}=4 \hat{i}+3 \hat{j}+4 \hat{k}$ is applied on an intersection point of $\mathrm{x}=2$ plane and $x$-axis. The magnitude of torque of this force about a point $(2,3,4)$ is...... (Round off to the Nearest Integer)

## - Watch Video Solution

19. A closed organ pipe of length $L$ and an open organ pipe contain gases of densities $\rho_{1}$ and $\rho_{2}$ respectively. The compressibility of gases are equal in both the pipes. Both the pipes are vibrating in their first overtone with same frequency. The length of the open pipe is $\frac{x}{3} L \sqrt{\frac{\rho_{1}}{\rho_{2}}}$ where x is ...... (Round off to the Nearest Integer)

## - Watch Video Solution

20. A swimmer can swim with velocity of $12 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ in still water. Water flowing in a river has velocity $6 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. The direction with respect to the
direction of flow of river water he should swim in order to reach the point on the other bank just opposite to his starting point is. (Round off to the Nearest Integer)
(Find the angle in degrees)

## - Watch Video Solution

21. The electric field intensity produced by the radiation coming from a 100 W bulb at a distance of 3 m is E . The electric field intensity produced by the radiation coming from 60 W at the same distance is $\sqrt{\frac{x}{5}} E$. Where the value of $\mathrm{x}=$ $\qquad$ .

## D Watch Video Solution

22. The disc of mass $M$ with uniform surface mass density $\sigma$ is shown in the figure. The centre of mass of the quarter disc (the shaded area) is at the position $\frac{x}{3} \frac{a}{\pi}, \frac{x}{3} \frac{a}{\pi}$ where x is $\qquad$ . (Round off to the Nearest

## Integer)

[a is an area as shown in the figure ]


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23. The electric field in a region is given by $\vec{E}=\frac{2}{5} E_{0} \hat{i}+\frac{3}{5} E_{0} \hat{j}$ with $E_{0}=4.0 \times 10^{3} \frac{\mathrm{~N}}{\mathrm{C}}$. The flux of this field through a rectangular surface area $0.4 m^{2}$ parallel to the $\mathrm{Y}-\mathrm{Z}$ plane is $\qquad$ $\mathrm{Nm}^{2} \mathrm{C}^{-1}$.
24. A particle of mass $m$ moves in a circular orbit in a central potential field $U(r)=U_{0} r^{4}$. If Bohr's quantization conditions are applied, radü of possible orbitals $r_{n}$ vary with $n^{\frac{1}{\alpha}}$, where $\alpha$ is $\qquad$ .

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25. The image of an object placed in air formed by a convex refracting surface is at a distance of 10 m behind the surface. The image is real and is at $\frac{2^{r d}}{3}$ of the distance of the object from the surface. The wavelength of light inside the surface is $\frac{2}{3}$ times the wavelength in air. The radius of the curved surface is $\frac{x}{13} m$. The value of ' $x$ ' is $\qquad$ .

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26. A boy of mass 4 kg is standing on a piece of wood having mass 5 kg . If the coefficient of friction between the wood and the floor is 0.5 , the maximum force that the boy can exert on the rope so that the piece of wood does not move from its place is $\qquad$ $N$. (Round off to the Nearest Integer)
[Take $g=10 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}$ ]


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27. Suppose you have taken a dilute solution of oleic acid in such a way that its concentration becomes $0.01 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of oleic acid per $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ of the solution. Then you make a thin film of this solution (monomolecular thickness) of area $4 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ by considering 100 spherical drops of radius $\left(\frac{3}{40 \pi}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~cm}$. Then the thickness of oleic acid layer will be $x \times 10^{-14} \mathrm{~m}$. Where x is $\qquad$ .

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28. A $2 \mu F$ capacitor $C_{1}$ is first charged to a potential difference of 10 V using a battery. Then the battery is removed and the capacitor is connected to an uncharged capacitor $C_{2}$ of $8 \mu F$. The charge in $C_{2}$ on
equilibrium condition is $\qquad$ $\mu C$. (Round off to the Nearest Integer)


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29. Sea water at a frequency $f=9 \times 10^{2} \mathrm{~Hz}$, has permittivity $\varepsilon=80 \varepsilon_{0}$, and resistivity $\rho=0.25 \Omega \mathrm{~m}$. Imagine a parallel plate capacitor is immersed in seawater and is driven by an alternating voltage source $V(t)=V_{0} \sin (2 \pi f t)$. Then the conduction current density becomes $10^{x}$ times the displacement current density after time $t=\frac{1}{800} \mathrm{~s}$. The value of $x$ is $\qquad$
(Given : $\frac{1}{4 \pi \varepsilon_{0}}=9 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{Nm}^{2} \mathrm{C}^{-2}$ )
30. A body of mass 1 kg rests on a horizontal floor with which it has a coefficient of static friction $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$. It is desired to make the body move by applying the minimum possible force $F N$. The value of $F$ will be $\qquad$ . (Round off to the Nearest Integer)
[Take $g=10 \mathrm{~ms}^{-2}$ ]
