# ©゙" doubtnut 

India's Number 1 Education App

## MATHS

## BOOKS - CENGAGE MATHS (HINGLISH)

## LINEAR COMBINATION OF VECTORS,

## DEPENDENT AND INDEPENDENT VECTORS

## Dpp 12

1. The number of integral values of $p$ for which
$(p+1) \hat{i}-3 \hat{j}+p \hat{k}, p \hat{i}+(p+1) \hat{j}-3 \hat{k} \quad$ and
$-3 \hat{i}+p \hat{j}+(p+1) \hat{k}$ are linearly dependent vectors is
A. 0
B. 1
C. 2
D. 3

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

2. The base vectors $\vec{a}_{1}, \vec{a}_{2}$ and $\vec{a}_{3}$ are given in terms of base vectors $\vec{b}_{1}, \vec{b}_{2}$ and $\vec{b}_{3}$ as $\vec{a}_{1}=2 \vec{b}_{1}+3 \vec{b}_{2}-\vec{b}_{3}$,
$\vec{a}-(2)=\vec{b}_{1}-2 \vec{b}_{2}+2 \vec{b}_{3}$
and
$\vec{a}_{3}=-2 \vec{b}_{1}+\vec{b}_{2}-2 \vec{b}_{3}$,
$\vec{F}=3 \vec{b}_{1}-\vec{b}_{2}+2 \vec{b}_{3}$, then vector $\vec{F}$ in terms of $\vec{a}_{1}, \vec{a}_{2}$ and $\vec{a}_{3}$ is
A. $\vec{F}=3 \vec{a}_{1}+2 \vec{a}_{2}+5 \vec{a}_{3}$
B. $\vec{F}=3 \vec{a}_{1}-5 \vec{a}_{2}-2 \vec{a}_{3}$
C. $\vec{F}=3 \vec{a}_{1}+5 \vec{a}_{2}+3 \vec{a}_{3}$
D. none of these

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

3. The number of distinct real values of $\lambda$ for which the vectors

$$
\vec{a}=\lambda^{3} \hat{i}+\hat{k}, \vec{b}=\hat{i}-\lambda^{3} \hat{j}
$$

$\vec{c}=\hat{i}+(2 \lambda-\sin \lambda) \hat{i}-\lambda \hat{k}$ are coplanar is
A. 0
B. 1
C. 2
D. 3

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

4. The coplanar points $A, B, C, D$ are
$(2-x, 2,2),(2,2-y, 2),(2,2,2-z) \quad$ and $\quad(1,1,1)$
A. $\frac{1}{x}+\frac{1}{y}+\frac{1}{z}=1$
B. $x+y+z=1$
C. $\frac{1}{1-x}+\frac{1}{1-y}+\frac{1}{1-z}=1$
D. none of these

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

5. If $a_{1}$ and $a_{2}$ are two values of a for which the unit vector $a \vec{i}+b \vec{j}+\frac{1}{2} \vec{k}$ is linearly dependent with $\vec{i}+2 \vec{j}$ and $\vec{j}-2 \vec{k}$, then $\frac{1}{a_{1}}+\frac{1}{a_{2}}$ is equal to
A. 1
B. $\frac{1}{8}$
C. $-\frac{16}{11}$
D. $-\frac{11}{16}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

6. Let $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ and c be distinct non-negative numbers and the vectors $a \hat{i}+a \hat{j}+c \hat{k}, \hat{i}+\hat{k}, c \hat{i}+c \hat{j}+b \hat{k}$ lie in $a$ plane, then the quadratic equation $a x^{2}+2 c x+b=0$ has
A. real and equal roots
B. real unequal roots
C. unreal roots
D. both roots real and positive

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

7. In the $\triangle O A B, \mathrm{M}$ is the midpoint of $\mathrm{AB}, \mathrm{C}$ is a point on OM , such that $2 O C=C M . \mathrm{x}$ is a point on the side $O B$ such that $O X=2 X B$. The line $X C$ is produced to meet OA in Y . Then $\frac{O Y}{Y A}=$
A. $\frac{1}{3}$
B. $\frac{2}{7}$
C. $\frac{3}{2}$
D. $\frac{2}{5}$

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

8. Points $X$ and $Y$ are taken on the sides $Q R$ and $R S$, respectively of a parallelogram $P Q R S$, so that
$Q X=4 X R$ and $R Y=4 Y S$ The line XY cuts the line PR at $Z$ Find the ratio PZ: ZR

$$
\text { A. } \frac{21}{25} \overrightarrow{P R}
$$

B. $\frac{16}{25} \overrightarrow{P R}$
C. $\frac{17}{25} \overrightarrow{P R}$
D. None of these

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

9. On the xy plane where $O$ is the origin, given points,
$A(1,0), B(0,1)$ and $C(1,1)$. Let $P, Q$, and $R$ be moving points
on the line $O A, O B, O C$ respectively such that $\overrightarrow{O P}=45 t(\overrightarrow{O A}), \overrightarrow{O Q}=60 t(\overrightarrow{O B}), \overrightarrow{O R}=(1-t)(\overrightarrow{O C})$ with $t>0$. If the three points $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{Q}$ and R are collinear then the value of $t$ is equal to
A. $\frac{1}{106}$
B. $\frac{7}{187}$
C. $\frac{1}{100}$
D. none of these

## Answer: B

## - View Text Solution

10. Given three vectors $\vec{a}, \vec{b}$ and $\vec{c}$ are non-zero and non-coplanar vectors. Then which of the following are coplanar.
A. $\vec{a}+\vec{b}, \vec{b}+\vec{c}, \vec{c}+\vec{a}$
В. $\vec{a}-\vec{b}, \vec{b}+\vec{c}, \vec{c}+\vec{a}$
C. $\vec{a}+\vec{b}, \vec{b}-\vec{c}, \vec{c}-\vec{a}$
D. $\vec{a}+\vec{b}, \vec{b}+\vec{c}, \vec{c}-\vec{a}$

Answer: B::D

- Watch Video Solution

