



MATHS

FOR IIT JEE ASPIRANTS OF CLASS 12 FOR MATHS

LOGARITHM

All Questions

1. Find the value of : $(\log)_{81} 27$



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2. Find the value of : $(\log)_{10} 100$



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3. Find the value of : $(\log)_{1/3} 9\sqrt{3}$

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4. $(\log)_{\sin 30^\circ} \cos 60^\circ = 1$

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5. $\log_{3/4} 1.\bar{3} = -1$

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6. $\log_{2-\sqrt{3}} (2 + \sqrt{3}) = -1$

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7. $(\log)_5 \sqrt{5\sqrt{5\sqrt{5\sqrt{5..}}}} = 1$



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8. Find the value of $\log \tan 1^\circ \log \tan 2^\circ \dots \dots \dots \log \tan 89^\circ$



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9. $7^{(\log)_7 x} + 2x + 9 = 0$



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10. $2^{(\log)_2(x-3)} + 2(x-3) - 12 = 0$



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11. $(\log)_2(x-3) = 4$



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12. Find the logarithms of the following numbers to the base 2: (a) $\sqrt[3]{3}$ (b) $\sqrt[2]{2}$ (c) $\frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{2}}$ (d) $\frac{1}{\sqrt[7]{8}}$

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13. Find the logarithms of the following numbers to the base $\frac{1}{3}$. (a) 81 (b) $\sqrt[3]{3}$ (c) $\frac{1}{\sqrt[7]{3}}$ (d) $\frac{1}{9\sqrt[4]{3}}$

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14. Find all number a for which each of the following equalities hold true?
(a) $(\log)_1 a = 2$ (b) $(\log)_{10}(a(a + 3)) = 1$ (c) $\log_{1/3}(a^2 - 1) = -1$ (d) $(\log)_2(a^2 - 5) = 2$

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15. Find all values of x for which the following equalities hold true? (a)

$(\log)_2 x^2 = 1$ (b) $(\log)_3 x = (\log)_3(2 - x)$ (c) $(\log)_4 x^2 = (\log)_4 x$ (d)

$(\log)_{1/2}(2x + 1) = (\log)_{1/2}(x + 1)$ (e) $(\log)_{1/3}(x^2 + 8) = -2$

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16. If $2\left(\sqrt{3 + \sqrt{5 - \sqrt{13 + \sqrt{48}}}}\right) = \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}$ where a and b are natural number find $(a + b)$.

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17. $2^{-\log_{1/7} 7} = 2$

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18. $8^{-\frac{1}{\log_3 2}} = \frac{1}{27}$

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19. $((\log)_2 3)(\log)_3 4(\log)_4 5(\log)_n (n + 1) = 10$. Find $n = ?$

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20. prove that $\log 2 + 16 \log\left(\frac{16}{15}\right) + 12 \log\left(\frac{25}{24}\right) + 7 \log\left(\frac{81}{80}\right) = 1$

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21. $\frac{1}{\log_3 2} + \frac{2}{\log_9 4} - \frac{3}{\log_{27} 8} = 0$

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22. Let $a > 1$ be a real number . If S is the set of real number x that are solutions to the equation $a^{2 \log_2 x} = 5 + 4x^{\log_2 a}$, then

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23. Simplify (i) $3^{\sqrt{\log_3(2)}} \cdot 2^{\sqrt{\log_2(3)}}$



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24. Solve for x : $x^2 + 7^{\log_7 x} - 2 = 0$



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25. $(x + 1)^{\log(x+1)} = 100(x + 1)$ (*base 'is' 10*)



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26. If $\log_5(5^{\frac{1}{x}} + 125) = \log_5 6 + 1 + \frac{1}{2x}$, then $x =$



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27. Prove that number $(\log)_2 7$ is an irrational number.



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28. Find the number of digits $(2.5)^{200}$



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29. Find the number of digits 6^{50} .



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30. Find the number of digits 5^{25} .



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31. Find the number of zeros after decimal before a significant figure star

in $\left(\frac{9}{8}\right)^{-100}$.



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32. Find the number of zeros after decimal before a significant figure start in 3^{-50} .

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33. Find the number of zeros after decimal before a significant figure start in $(0.35)^{12}$.

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34. Solve for x : $|3x - 2| + x = 11$

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35. Solve for x : $|x| - |x - 2| = 2$

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36. Solve: $|x - 3|^3 x^{2-10x+3} = 1$

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37. Solve for x : $(\log)_4(x^2 - 1) - (\log)_4(x - 1)^2 = (\log)_4\sqrt{(4 - x)^2}$

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38. Solve for x : $2(\log)_3(x - 2) + (\log)_3(x - 4)^2 = 0$

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39. Find the value of x satisfying $(\log)_{10}(2^x + x - 41) = x(1 - \log_{10} 5)$.

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40. If the product of the roots of the equation, $x^{\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)} (\log_2 x)^2 + \log_2 x - \frac{5}{4} = \sqrt{2}$ is $\frac{1}{(a)^{\frac{1}{b}}}$ (where $a, b \in \mathcal{N}$) then the value of $(a + b)$.

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41. For `0

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42. Find the real solutions to the system of equations $\log_{10}(2000xy) - \log_{10} x \cdot \log_{10} y = 4$, $\log_{10}(2yz) - \log_{10} y \log_{10} z = 1$ and $\log_{10} zx - \log_{10} z \log_{10} x = 0$

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43. A circle has a radius of $\log_{10}(a^2)$ and a circumference of $\log_{10}(b^4)$.
 The value of $\log_a b$ is equal to (a) $\frac{1}{4\pi}$ (b) $\frac{1}{\pi}$ (c) π (d) 2π

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44. If $\log_{10} \sin x + \log_{10} \cos x = -1$ and $\log_{10}(\sin x + \cos x) = \frac{\log_{10} n - 1}{2}$ then the value of n is (a) 24 (b) 36 (c) 20 (d) 12

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45. The ratio $\frac{2^{\log_{\frac{1}{2}} a} - 3^{\log_{27} (a^2+1)^3} - 2a}{7^{4 \log_{49} a - a - 1}}$ simplifies to

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46. The number of $N = 6 - (6(\log)_{10}2 + (\log)_{10}31)$ lies between two successive integers whose sum is equal to (a) 5 (b) 7 (c) 9 (c) 10



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47. If $2^a = 7^b$ then number of ordered pairs (a, b) of real numbers is



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48. The number $2^{2\log_2(3^{\log_3 4})}$ simplified as : 12 (b) 16 (c) 24 (d) 72



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49. If $\log_2 \log_3 \log_4 \log_5 A = x$, then the value of A is (a) 120^x (b) 2^{60x} (c) $2^{3^{4^{5^x}}}$ (d) $5^{4^{3^{2^x}}}$



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50. Suppose $(\log)_a 2 = m$, $(\log)_a 3 = r$, $(\log)_a 5 = s$ and $(\log)_a 11 = t$.
The value of $(\log)_a 990$, is $2mrst$ (b) $m + 2r + s + t$

$$m + r + s + t \text{ (d) } m + 2r + 5 + t$$

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51. If $x = 3$, then $\log_4(2\log_3(1 + \log_2(1 + 3\log_3 x)))$ is equal to

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52. $3^{\log_3 \log \sqrt{x}} - \log x + \log^2 x - 3 = 0$

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53. Solve following log equation $x^{\frac{\log x + 5}{3}} = 10^{5 + \log x}$

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54. Solve following log equation $x^{\frac{\log x + 7}{4}} = 10^{\log x + 1}$

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55. Solve following log equation $\log^2 x - 3\log x = \log(x^2) - 4$

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56. Solve following log equation $(\log)_{1/3}x - 3\sqrt{(\log)_{1/3}x} + 2 = 0$

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57. Solve the value of $x : 2(\log_x \sqrt{5})^2 - 3\log_x \sqrt{5} + 1 = 0$

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58. $\log^2(100x) + \log^2(10x) = 14 + \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$

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59. The sum $\sqrt{\frac{5}{4} + \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}} + \sqrt{\frac{5}{4} - \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}}$ is equal to

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60. For $N > 1$, then product $\frac{1}{\log_2 N} \cdot \frac{1}{\log_N 8} \cdot \frac{1}{\log_{32} N} \cdot \frac{1}{\log_N 128}$ simplifies to (a) $\frac{3}{7}$ (b) $\frac{3}{7 \ln 2}$ (c) $\frac{3}{5 \ln 2}$ (d) $\frac{5}{21}$

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61. If p is the smallest value of x satisfying the equation $2^x + \frac{15}{2^x} = 8$ then the value of 4^p is equal to (a) 9 (b) 16 (c) 25 (d) 1

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62. The sum of two numbers a and b is $\sqrt{18}$ and their difference is $\sqrt{14}$. The value of $\log_b a$ is equal to (a) -1 (b) 2 (c) 1 (d) $\frac{1}{2}$

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63. The value of $(\log_{10} 2)^3 + \log_{10} 8 \log_{10} 5 + (\log_{10} 5)^3$ is

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64. Let $N = 10^{\log 2 - 2 \log (\log 10^3) + \log (\log 10^6)^2}$ where base of the logarithm is 10. The characteristic of the logarithm of N to the base 3, is equal to (a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5

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65. If $x = \frac{\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{2}}{2}$ and $y = \frac{\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{2}}{2}$ then the value of $\log_2(x^2 + xy + y^2)$, is equal to 0 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4

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66. Suppose that $x < 0$. Which of the following is equal to $\left| 2x - \sqrt{(x-2)^2} \right|$ (a) $x - 2$ (b) $3x - 2$ (c) $3x + 2$ (d) $-3x + 2$



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67. If $N = \left(2^{\log_7 9800}\right) \left(5^{\log_7 140}\right) \left(7^{\log_7 2}\right)$ then N is equal to 20 (b) 60 (c) 18 (d) 40



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68. The expression $q \left(\sqrt{6 + \sqrt{6 + \sqrt{6 + \dots \infty}}} \right)^{\log_3 p \left[\frac{\log_q (\log_q r)}{\log_q p} \right]}$



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69. If a, b are co-prime numbers and satisfying

$$(2 + \sqrt{3})^{\frac{1}{\log_a (2 - \sqrt{3})}} + \frac{1}{\log_b \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} - 1}{\sqrt{3} + 1} \right)} = \frac{1}{12}$$

then $(a + b)$ can be is equal to : 13

(b) 5 (c) 7 (d) 8



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70. If $2^{(\log_2 3)^x} = 3^{(\log_3 2)^x}$ then the value of x is equal to

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71. A denotes the product xyz where x, y and z satisfy $\log_3 x = \log 5 - \log 7$ and $\log_5 y = \log 7 - \log 3$ and $\log_7 z = \log 3 - \log 5$

B denotes the sum of square of solution of the equation,

$\log_2(\log_2 x^6 - 3) - \log_2(\log_2 x^4 - 5) = \log_2 3$ C denotes characterstio

of logarithm

$\log_2(\log_2 3) - \log_2(\log_4 3) + \log_2(\log_4 5) - \log_2(\log_6 5) + \log_2(\log_6 7) - \log$

The value of $A + B + C$ is equal to

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72. A denotes the product xyz where x, y and z satisfy

$\log_3 x = \log 5 - \log 7$ and $\log_5 y = \log 7 - \log 3$ and $\log_7 z = \log 3 - \log 5$

B denotes the sum of square of solution of the equation,

$\log_2(\log_2 x^6 - 3) - \log_2(\log_2 x^4 - 5) = \log_2 3$ C denotes characterstio

of

logarithm

$$\log_2(\log_2 3) - \log_2(\log_4 3) + \log_2(\log_4 5) - \log_2(\log_6 5) + \log_2(\log_6 7) - \log_2(\log_8 7)$$

The value of $A + B + C$ is equal to



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73. A denotes the product xyz where x, y and z satisfy

$$\log_3 x = \log 5 - \log 7 \text{ and } \log_5 y = \log 7 - \log 3 \text{ and } \log_7 z = \log 3 - \log 5$$

B denotes the sum of square of solution of the equation,

$$\log_2(\log_2 x^6 - 3) - \log_2(\log_2 x^4 - 5) = \log_2 3$$

of

logarithm

$$\log_2(\log_2 3) - \log_2(\log_4 3) + \log_2(\log_4 5) - \log_2(\log_6 5) + \log_2(\log_6 7) - \log_2(\log_8 7)$$

The value of $A + B + C$ is equal to



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74. Let $N = \frac{(\log)_3 135}{(\log)_{15} 3} - \frac{(\log)_3 5}{(\log)_{405} 3}$. Then N is a. A natural number b. a

prime number c. an even integer d. an odd integer

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75. If $(a^{\log_b x})^2 - 5a^{\log_b x} + 6 = 0$, where $a > 0, b > 0$ & $ab \neq 1$, then the value of x can be equal to (a) $2^{\log_b a}$ (b) $3^{\log_a b}$ (c) $b^{\log_a 2}$ (d) $a^{\log_b 3}$

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76. Which of the following statement(s) is/are true? (a) $\log_{10} 2$ lies between $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$ (b) $\log_{\cos ec(\pi/6)} \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{3} \right) = -1$ (c) $e^{\ln(\ln 3)}$ is smaller than 1 (d) $\log_{10} 1 + \frac{1}{2} \log_{10} 3 + \log_{10} (2 + \sqrt{3}) = \log_{10} (1 + \sqrt{3} + (2 + \sqrt{3}))$

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77. The equation $\log_{x^2} 16 + \log_{2x} 64 = 3$ has (a) one irrational solution (b) no prime solution two real solutions (d) no integral solution

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78. Which of the following real numbers is (are) non-positive ?

(a) $(\log)_{1/2} \left(\frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{2 - \sqrt{3}} \right)$ (b) $(\log)_{12} (\sqrt{65} - 7)$ (c)

(d) $(\log)_2 ((\log)_5 3 \cdot (\log)_7 5 \cdot (\log)_3 7)$ (e) $(\log)_7 \left(\frac{3}{2} \right)^{(-2)/3}$

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79. The expression $x = \log_2 \log_9 \sqrt{6 + \sqrt{6 + \sqrt{6 + \dots \infty}}}$ simplifies to

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80. The number $N = 2^{\log_2 3 \cdot \log_3 4 \cdot \log_4 5 \dots \dots \log_{99} 100}$ simplifies to

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81. The expression $\frac{1}{\log_5 3} + \frac{1}{\log_6 3} - \frac{1}{\log_{10} 3}$ simplifies to

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82. The number $N = \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{6 - 3\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{14 - 6\sqrt{5}}}}$ simplifies to

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83. The value(s) of x , which does not satisfy the equation $\log_2^2(x^2 - x) - 4\log_2(x - 1) \cdot \log_2 x = 1$, is (are)

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84. The value of x satisfying the equation $2^{\log_2 e^{In^5 \log_7 \log_{10}^{log_{10}(8x-3)}}$

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85. The number $N = \left(\frac{1}{\log_2 \pi} + \frac{1}{\log_6 \pi} \right)$ is less than

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86. Let $I = (\log_3 4 + \log_2 9)^2 - (\log_3 4 - \log_2 9)^2$ and $m = (0.8) \left(1 + 9^{\log_3 8}\right)^{\log_{65} 5}$ then $(I + m)$ is divisible by

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87. Let A denotes the value of

$$\log_{10} \left\{ \frac{ab + \sqrt{(ab)^2 - 4(a+b)}}{2} \right\} + \log_{10} \left\{ \frac{\log_{10} \left(ab - \sqrt{(ab)^2 - 4(a+b)} \right)}{2} \right\}$$

and B denotes the value of the expression $(2^{\log_6 18}) \cdot (3^{\log_6 3})$ Find the value of $(A \cdot B)$

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88. If $k^{\log_2 5} = 16$, find the value of $k^{(\log_2 5)^2}$

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89. For $x, y \in \mathbb{N}$, if $3^{2x-y+1} = 3^{y-2x+1} - 8$ and $\log_6 |2x^2y - xy^2| = 1 + \log_{36}(xy)$. Then find the absolute value of $(x - y)$

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90. Let $\log_2 x + \log_4 y + \log_4 z = 2$; $\log_9 x + \log_3 y + \log_9 z = 2$; $\log_{16} x + \log_{16} y + \log_4 z = 2$. Find the value of $\frac{yz}{x}$.

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91. Find the value of x satisfying $(\log)_{10}(2^x + x - 41) = x(1 - (\log)_{10}5)$.

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92. Positive numbers x, y and z satisfy $xyz = 10^{81}$ and $(\log_{10} x) \cdot (\log_{10} yz) + (\log_{10} y) \cdot (\log_{10} z) = 468$. Find the value of $(\log_{10} x)^2 + (\log_{10} y)^2 + (\log_{10} z)^2$.



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93. Find the number of integral solution of the equation $\log_{\sqrt{x}}(x + |x - 2|) = \log_x(5x - 6 + 5|x - 2|)$.



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94. Suppose p, q, r and $s \in \mathbb{N}$ satisfying the relation $p + \frac{1}{q + \frac{1}{r + \frac{1}{s}}} = \frac{89}{68}$, then find the value of $(pq + rs)$.



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95. If x and y are real numbers, such that $2\log(2y - 3x) = \log x + \log y$, then find $\frac{x}{y}$.

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96. given $\log_{10}(34.56)$ find the value of the following $\log_{10}(3.456)$, $\log_{10}(0.3456)$, $\log_{10}(0.003456)$

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97. If $\log_{10} 2 = 0.3010$, $\log_{10} 3 = 0.4771$. Find the number of integers in :
(a) 5^{200} (b) 6^{15} & the number of zeros after the decimal in 3^{-100}

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98. If $\log_3 M = a_1 + b_1$ and $\log_5 M = a_2 + b_2$ where $a_1, a_2 \in \mathbb{N}$ and $b_1, b_2 \in [0, 1)$. if $a_1 a_2 = 6$ then find the number of integral values of M .



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99. If $\log_{3x} 45 = \log_{4x} 40\sqrt{3}$ then find the characteristic of x^3 to the base 7.



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100. If (x_1, y_1) & (x_2, y_2) are the solutions of the equations,

$(\log)_{225}(x) + \log_{64}(y) = 4$ and $(\log)_x(225) - (\log)_y(64) = 1,$

$(\log)_{225}x_1 \log_{225}x_2 = 4$ b. $(\log)_{225}x_1 + (\log)_{225}x_2 = 6$ c.

$|(\log)_{64}y_1 - (\log)_{64}y_2| = 2\sqrt{5}$ d. $(\log)_{30}(x_1x_2y_1y_2) = 12$



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101. Prove that

$$2 \left\{ \sqrt{\log_a 4\sqrt{ab} + \log_b 4\sqrt{ab}} - \sqrt{(\log_a) 4\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} + \log_b 4\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}} \right\} \sqrt{\log_a b} = \{2, b \geq a > 1 \text{ and}$$

$$2^{\log_b a}, 1 < b < a$$



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102. Find the value of x satisfying the equation,

$$\sqrt{\left(\log_3(3x)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \log_x(3x)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\log_3(x^3)} + \sqrt{\left(\log_3\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \log_x\left(\frac{3}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)\log_3(x^3)}$$

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103. Given that $\log_2 a = s$, $\log_4 b = 5^2$ and $\log_{c^2}(8) = \frac{2}{s^3 + 1}$. Write $\frac{\log_2(a^2b^3)}{c^4}$ as a function of 's' ($a, b, c > 0, c \neq 1$).

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104. let

$$y = \sqrt{\log_{23} \log_2(12)\log_2(48)\log_2(192) + 16 - \log_2(12)\log_2(48) + 10}$$

find $y \in N$

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105. The least value of the expression $2(\log)_{10}x - (\log)_x(0.01)$, for $x > 1$, is (1980, 2M) (a) 10 (b) 2 (c) -0.01 (d) None of these

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106. Solve:

$$(\log)_{(2x+3)}(6x^2 + 23x + 21) + (\log)_{(3x+7)}(4x^2 + 12x + 9) = 4$$

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107. The equation $x^{\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)} (\log_2 x)^2 + (\log_2 x) - \left(\frac{5}{4}\right) = \sqrt{2}$ has (1) at least one real solution (2) exactly three solutions (3) exactly one irrational solution (4) complex roots

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108. The number of solutions of $(\log)_4(x - 1) = (\log)_2(x - 3)$ is (2001, 2M) 3 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) 0



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109. Let (x_0, y_0) be the solution of the following equations:

$(2x)^{\ln 2} = (3y)^{\ln 3}$ and $3^{\ln x} = 2^{\ln y}$ Then value of x_0 is:



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110. The value of $6 + (\log)_{\frac{3}{2}} \left[\frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}} \cdot \sqrt{\left(4 - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}}\right)} \sqrt{4 - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}}} \dots \dots \right]$ is

.....



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