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## MATHS

## BOOKS - RS AGGARWAL MATHS

## (HINGLISH)

## HEIGHTS AND DISTANCES

## Solved Examples

1. A vertical pole stands on the level ground.

From a point on the ground, 25 m away from
the foot of the pole, the angle of elevation of
its top is found to be $60^{\circ}$. Find the height of the pole.
A. $25 \sqrt{3}$
B. $50 \sqrt{3}$
C. $55 \sqrt{3}$
D. $65 \sqrt{3}$

Answer: A

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2. A kite is flying, attached to a thread which is

165 m long. The thread makes an angle of $30^{\circ}$
with the ground. Find the height of the kite
from the ground, assuming that there is no slack in the thread.
A. 185.5 m
B. 82.5 m
C. 166.5 m
D. 175.5 m

Answer: B

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3. The length of a string between a kite and a point on the ground is 85 metres. If the string makes an angle $\theta$ with the ground level such that $\tan \theta=\frac{15}{8}$, how high is the kite? Assume that there is no slack in the string.
A. 79 m
B. 76 m
C. 78 m
D. 75 m

## Answer: D

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4. A ladder 15 metres long just reaches the top
of a vertical wall. If the ladder makes an angle
of $60^{\circ}$ with the wall, find the height of the wall.
A. 8.5 m
B. 7.5 m
C. 9.5 m

D. 6.5 m

Answer: B

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5. If a tower 30 m high, casts a shadow $10 \sqrt{3} m$
long on the ground, then what is the angle of elevation of the sun ?
A. $60^{0}$
B. $90^{0}$
C. $45^{0}$
D. $30^{0}$

## Answer: A

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6. If a 1 meter tall girl stands at a distance of 3
$m$ from a lamp-post and casts a shadow of
length $4.5 m$ on the ground, then the height of
the lamp-post is
A. 4.5 m
B. 3.5 m
C. 1.5 m
D. 2.5 m

## Answer: D

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7. The shadow of a tower, when the angle of elevation of the summit is $45^{\circ}$, is found to be

10 metres longer than when the angle of
elevation, when $60^{\circ}$. Find the height of the tower.
A. 21.67
B. 23.66
C. 22.68
D. 23.88

Answer: B
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8. A tower is 50 m high. Its shadow is x metres
shorter when the sun's altitude is $45^{\circ}$ than
when it is $30^{\circ}$. Find the value of x correct to nearest cm.
A. 36.6 m
B. 32.5 m
C. 30.5 m
D. 31.5 m

Answer: A
9. The shadow of a tower standing on a level
plane is found to be 30 m longer when sun's
elevation is $30^{\circ}$ than when it is $60^{\circ}$. Find the height of the tower.
A. 28.98 m
B. 25.98 m
C. 32.98 m
D. 22.98 m

Answer: B

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10. From a point $P$ on the ground the angle of elevation of the top of a tower is $30^{\circ}$ and that of the top a flagstaff fixed on the top of the tower is $60^{\circ}$. If the length of the flagstaff is 5 $m$, find the height of the tower.
A. 1.5 m
B. 3.5 m

## C. 2.5 m

D. 4.5 m

## Answer: C

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11. Two pillars of equal height and on either side of a road, which is 100 m wide. The angles of elevation of the top of the pillars are $60^{\circ}$ and $30^{\circ}$ at a point on the road between the pillars. Find the height of each pillar.
A. 34.5 m
B. 25.4 m
C. 43.3 m
D. 75 m

## Answer: C

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12. The angle of elevation of an aeroplane from a point $P$ on the ground is $60^{\circ}$. After a flight of

15 seconds, the angle of elevation changes to
$30^{\circ}$. If the aeroplane is flying at a constant height of $1500 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~m}$, find the speed of the aeroplane

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13. From the top of a building 60 m high the angles of depression of the top and the bottom of a tower are observed to be $30^{0} a n d 60^{0}$. Find the height of the tower.

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14. A man of a cliff observes a boat at an angle of depression of $30^{\circ}$ which is approaching the shore to the point immediately beneath the observer with a uniform speed. Six minutes
later, the angle of depression of the boat is found to be $60^{\circ}$. Find the time taken by the boat to reach the shore.

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15. As observed from the top of a 75 m high
lighthouse from the sea-level, the angles of
depression of two ships are 30 o and 45 o . If one ship is exactly behind the other on the same side of the lighthouse, find the distance between the two sh

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16. Two ships are sailing in the sea on the two
sides of a lighthouse. The angles of elevation of the top of the lighthouse as observed from
the two ships are $30^{\circ}$ and $45^{\circ}$ respectively. If the lighthouse is 100 m high, the distance
between the two ships is (a) 173 m (b) 200 m
(c) 273 m (d) 300 m

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17. From the top of a light house, the angles of depression of two ships on the opposite sides of its are observed to be $\alpha a n d \beta$. If the height of the light house be $h$ metres and the line joining the ships passes through the foot of the light house, show that the distance between the ship is $\left(h \frac{\tan \alpha+\tan \beta}{\tan \alpha \tan \beta}\right.$

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18. If the angle of elevation of a cloud from a point h metres above a lake is $\alpha$ and the angle of depression of its reflection in the take is $\beta$, prove that the height of the cloud is $\left(h \frac{\tan \beta+\tan \alpha}{\tan \beta-\tan \alpha}\right.$

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19. The angle of elevation of a cloud from a point 60 m above a lake is $30^{\circ}$ and the angle of depression of the reflection of cloud in the lake is $60^{\circ}$. Find the height of the cloud.

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20. A round balloon of radius $r$ subtends an angle $\alpha$ at the eye of the observer while the angle of elevation of its centre is $\beta$. Prove that
the height of the centre of the balloon is $r \sin (\beta) \cos e c \frac{\alpha}{2}$

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21. A boy whose eye level is $1.3 m$ from the ground, spots a balloon moving with the wind in a horizontal line at same height from the ground. The angle of elevation of the balloon from the eyes of the boy at an instant is $60^{\circ}$.

After 2 seconds, the angle of elevation reduces to $30^{\circ}$. If the speed of the wind is $29 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
then find the height of the balloon from the ground.

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22. An aeroplane when flying at a height of

4000 m from the ground passes vertically
above another aeroplane at an instant when
the angles of the elevation of the two planes
from the same point on the ground are $60^{\circ}$
and $45^{\circ}$ respectively. Find the vertical distance
between the aeroplanes at that instant.

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23. A man standing on the deck of a ship, which is 10 m above water level, observes the angle of elevation of the top of hill as $60^{\circ}$ and the angle of depression the base of hill as $30^{\circ}$. Find the distance of the hill from the ship and the height of the hill.

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24. From a window (h metres high above the ground) of a house in a street, the angle of elevation and depression of the top and the foot of another house on the opposite side of the street are $\theta$ and $\phi$ respectively. Show that the height of the opposite house is $h(1+\tan \theta \cot \phi)$ metres.
25. From the top of a building 60 m high the angles of depression of the top and the bottom of a tower are observed to be $30^{0}$ and $60^{0}$. Find the height of the tower.

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26. The angle of elevation of a jet plane from a point $A$ on the grund is $60^{\circ}$. After and flight of 30 seconds, the angle of elevation changes to $30^{0}$. If the jet plane is flying at a constant
height of $3600 \sqrt{3} m$, find the speed of the jet plane.

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27. The angle of elevation of a fighter from point $A$ on the ground is $60^{\circ}$ After a flight of

15 seconds the angle of elevation changes to $30^{\circ}$.If the jet is fighting at a speed of $720 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hour}$. Find the constant height at which the jet is flying.
28. A 1.2 m tall girl spots a ballon moving with wind in a horizontal line at a height of 88.2 m
from the ground. The angle of elevation of the balloon from the eyes of the girl at any instant
is $60^{\circ}$. After some time, the angle of elevation reduces to $30^{\circ}$. Find the distance travelled by the balloon during the interval.

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29. A tree breaks due to storm and the broken
part bends so that the top of the three touches the ground making an angle $30^{\circ}$ with it. The distance between the foot of the tree
to the point where the top touches the ground is 9 m . Find the height of the tree.

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30. A person standing on the bank of a river observes that the angle of elevation of the top
of a tree standing on the opposite bank is $60^{\circ}$.
When he moves 40 metres away from the bank, he finds the angle of elevation to be $30^{\circ}$. Find the height of the tree and the width of the river.

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31. The angle of elevation of the top of a tower
from two points on the ground at distances a metres and $b$ metres from the base of the tower and in the same straight line are
complementary.Prove that height of the tower is $\sqrt{a b}$.

## D Watch Video Solution

32. A boy standing on a horizontal plane finds
a bird flying at a distance of 100 m from him at
an elevation of $30^{\circ}$. A girl standing on the roof
of 20 metre high building, finds the angle of
elevation of the same bird to be $45^{\circ}$. Both the
boy and the girl are on opposite sides of the bird. Find the distance of bird from the girl.
33. A 1.5 m tall boy is standing at some distance from a 30 m tall building. The angle of elevation from his eyes to the top of the building increases from 30 o to 60 o as he walks towards the building. Find the distance he walked towards the build

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Exercise 14

1. A tower stands vertically on the ground.

From a point on the ground, 20 m away from
the foot of the tower, the angle of elevation of the top of the tower is 60 o . What is the height of the tower?

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2. A kite is flying at a height of 75 metres from
the ground level, attached to a string inclined
at $60 o$ to the horizontal. Find the length of the string to the nearest metre.

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3. An observer 1.5 m tall is 30 m away from a chimney. The angle of elevation of the top of
the chimney from his eye is $60^{\circ}$. Find the height of the chimney.
4. The anlge of the elevation of the top of a tower from two points at distances of 5 metre and 20 metres from the base of the tower and in the same straight line with it, are complementary. Find the height of the tower.

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5. The angle of elevation of the top of a tower at a distance of 120 m from a point A on the ground is $45^{\circ}$. If the angle of elevation of the
top of a flagstaff fixed at the top of the tower, at $A$ is $60^{\circ}$, then find the height of the flagstaff. [Use $\sqrt{3}=1.732$.]

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6. From a point on the ground 40 m away from
the foot of a tower, the angle of elevation of the top of the tower is $30^{\circ}$. The angle of elevation of the top of a water $\operatorname{tank}$ (on the top of tower) is $45^{\circ}$.find the height of the tower and depth of tank
7. A vertical tower stands on a horizontal plane and is surmounted by vertical flagstaff to height 6 m . At a point on the plane, the anglea elevation of the bottom of flagsteff is $30^{\circ}$ and that of the top of the flagstaff is $60^{\circ}$. Find the height of the tower. [Use $\sqrt{3}=1.732$ ]

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8. A status 1.6 m tall, stands on the top of a pedestal. From a point on the ground, the angle of elevation of the top of the statue is $60^{\circ}$ and from the same point the angle of elevation of the top of the pedestal is $45^{\circ}$.

Find the height of the pedestal . ( Use $\sqrt{3}=1.73)$
9. The angle of elevation of the top of an unfinished tower at a distance of 75 m from its
base is $30^{\circ}$. How much higher must the tower be raised so that the angle of elevation of its top at the same point may be $60^{\circ}$ ? [Take $\sqrt{3}=1.732$.

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10. On a horizontal plane there is a vertical tower with a flag pole on the top of the tower.

At a point 9 metres away from the foot of the tower the angle of elevation of the top and bottom of the flag pole are $60^{0}$ and $30^{0}$ respectively. Find the height of the tower and the flag pole mounted on it.

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11. Two poles of equal heights are standing opposite to each other on either side of the road which is 80 m wide. From a point $P$ between them on the road, the angle of
elevation of the top of one pole is $60^{\circ}$ and the angle of depression from the top of another pole is $30^{\circ}$ find the height of pole and distances of the point $P$ from the poles.

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12. Two men are on opposite sides of a tower.

They measure the angles of elevation of the top of the tower as $30^{\circ}$ and $45^{\circ}$ respectively. If
the height of the tower is 50 metres, find the
distance between the two men. [Take $\sqrt{3}=1.732]$

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13. From the top of a tower $100 m$ high, a man observes two cars on the opposite sidesof the tower and in same straight line with itsbase, with angles of depressoin $30^{\circ}$ and $45^{\circ}$ respectively. Find the distance between the cars . [Take $\sqrt{3}=1.732$ ]
14. A straight highway leads to the foot of a tower. A man standing at the top of the tower observes a car at an angle of depression of 30 o , which is approaching the foot of the tower with a uniform speed. Six seconds later, the angle of depres

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15. A TV-tower stands vertically on a bank of a canal. From a point on the other bank directly
opposite the tower, the angle of elevation of
the top of the tower is $60^{\circ}$. From another point 20 m away from this point on the line joining this point to the foot of the tower, the angle of elevation of the top of tower is $30^{\circ}$ (see fig.) . FInd the height of the tower and the width of the canal.

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16. The angle of elevation of the top of a building from the foot of the tower is $30^{\circ}$ and
the angle of elevation of the top of the tower from the foot of the building is $60^{\circ}$. If the tower is 60 m high, find the height of the building.

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17. The horizontal distance between two
towers is 60 metres. The angle of depression
of the top of the first tower when seen from
the top of the second tower is $30^{\circ}$. If the
height of the second tower is 90 metres. Find the height of the first tower. [Use $\sqrt{3}=1.732$ ]

## D Watch Video Solution

18. The angle of elevation of the top of a chimney from the top of a tower is 60 o and t he angle of depression of the foot of the chimney from the top of the tower is 30 o . If the height of the tower is 40 m , find the height of the chimney. According to pollution control norms, the minimum height of a
smoke emitting chimney should be 100 m .

State if the height of the above mentioned chimney meets the pollution norms. What value is discussed in this question?

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19. From the top of a 7 m high building, the angle of elevation of the top of a cable tower is $60^{\circ}$ and the angle of depression of its foot is $45^{\circ}$. Determine the height of the tower.

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20. The angle of elevation of the top of a tower from a point $A$ on the ground is $30^{\circ}$. On moving a distance of 20 metres towards the foot of the tower to a point $B$ the angle of elevation increases to $60^{\circ}$. Find the height of the ttower and the distance of the tower from the point A .

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21. The angle of elevation of the top of a vertical tower from a point on the ground is $60^{\circ}$. From another point 10 m vertically above the first, its angle of elevation is $30^{\circ}$. Find the height of the tower.

## D Watch Video Solution

22. The angles of the depression of the top and bottom of the tower is seen from the top
of a $60 \sqrt{3}$ cliff are $45^{\alpha}$ and $60^{\alpha}$ respectively.

Find the height of the tower.
A. 43.92
B. 42
C. 82
D. None

Answer: A

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23. A man on the deck of a ship, 16 m above water level, observes that the angles of elevation and depression repectively of the top and bottom of a cliff are $60^{\circ}$ and $30^{\circ}$.

Calculate the distance of the cliff from the and height of the cliff.

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24. The angle of elevation of the top $Q$ of a
vertical tower $P Q$ from a point $X$ on the
ground is $60^{\circ}$. From a point y 40 m vertically
above $X$, the angle of elevation the top $Q$ of tower is $45^{\circ}$. Find the height of the tower $P Q$ and the distance PX.(Use $\sqrt{3}=1.73$ )

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25. The angle of the elevation of an aeroplane
from a point on the ground is $45^{\circ}$. After flying
for 15 seconds, the elevation changes to $30^{\circ}$.
If the aeroplane is flying at a height of 2500 metres. Find the speed of the aeroplane.
26. The angle of elevation of a tower from a point on the same level as the foot of the tower is $30^{\circ}$. On advancing 150 metres towards the foot of the tower, the angle of elevation of the tower becomes $60^{\circ}$. Show that the height of the tower is 129.9 metres (Use $\sqrt{3}=1.732$ ).
27. As observed from the top of a lighthouse,

100 m above sea level, the angle of depression
of a ship, sailing directly towards it, changes
from $30^{\circ}$ to $60^{\circ}$. Determine the distance travelled by the ship during the period of observation. [Use $\sqrt{3}=1.732$ ].

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28. From a point on a bridge across a river, the angles of depression of the banks on opposite
sides of the river are 30 oand $45 o$, respectively.
If the bridge is at a height of 3 m from the banks, find the width of the river.

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29. If the angles of elevation of the top of $a$ tower from two points at distances $a$ and $b$
from the base and in the same straight line with it are complementary then the height of the tower is
30. A ladder of length 6 metres makes an angle of $45^{\circ}$ with the floor while leaning against one wall of a room. If the foot of the ladder is kept
fixed on the floor and it is made to lean against the opposite wall of the room, it makes an angle of $60^{\circ}$ with the floot. Find the distance between two walls of the room.

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31. From the top of a vertical tower, the angles
of depression of two cars, in the same straight
line with the base of the tower, at an instant are found to be $45^{\circ}$ and $60^{\circ}$. If the cars are 100 m apart and are on the same side of the tower,
find the height of the tower.

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32. An electrician has to repair an electric fault on a pole of height 4 m . He needs to reach a
point 1.3 m below the top of the pole to undertake the repair work. What should be the
length of the ladder that he should use which when inclined at an angle of 60 o to the horizontal would enable him to reach the required position?

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33. From the top of a building $A B, 60 \mathrm{~m}$ high,
the angles of depression of the top and bottom of a vertical lamp post $C D$ are
observed to be $30 o$ and $60 o$ respectively. Find the height of the lamp post.

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34. A man observes a car from the top of a tower, which is moving towards the tower with a uniform speed. If the angle of depression of the car change from $30^{\circ}$ and $45^{\circ}$ in 12 minutes, find the time taken by the car now toreach the tower.
35. An aeroplane id flying at a height of 300 m above the ground. Fying at this height , theangles of depression from the aeroplane of two points on both banks of a river in opposite directions are $45^{\circ}$ and $60^{\circ}$ respectively. Find the width of the river.[use $\sqrt{3}=1.732]$

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36. From a point on the ground the angles of elevation of the bottom and top of a transmission tower fixed at the top of 20 m high building are $45 o$ and $60 o$ respectively.

Find the height of the transmission tower.

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37. From the top of the hill; the angle of depressions of two consecutive kilometre
stones due east are found to be $30^{\circ}$ and $45^{\circ}$.

Find the height of the hill.

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38. If the ratio of the height of a tower and the length of its shadow is $\sqrt{3}: 1$, what is the angle of elevation of the Sun?

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Multiple Choice Questions Mcq

1. If the height of a vertical pole is equal to the length of its shadow on the ground, the angle of elevation of the sun is
A. $0^{\circ}$
B. $30^{\circ}$
C. $45^{\circ}$
D. $60^{\circ}$

Answer: C
2. If the height of a vertical pole is $\sqrt{3}$ times
the length of its shadowon the ground then
the angle of elevation of the sun at that time is
A. $30^{\circ}$
B. $45^{\circ}$
C. $60^{\circ}$
D. $75^{\circ}$

Answer: C

# 3. If the length of the shadow of a tower is 

times its height of then the angle of elevation of the sun is
A. $45^{\circ}$
B. $30^{\circ}$
C. $60^{\circ}$
D. $90^{\circ}$

Answer: B
4. If a pole 12 m high casts a shadow $4 \sqrt{3} m$ long on the ground then the sun's elevation is
A. $60^{\circ}$
B. $45^{\circ}$
C. $30^{\circ}$
D. $90^{\circ}$

Answer: A
5. The shadow of a 5 -m-long stick is 2 m long.

At the same time, the length of the shadow of a $12.5 m$ high tree is
A. $3 m$
B. $3.5 m$
C. $4.5 m$
D. $5 m$

Answer: D

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6. A ladder makes an anglesof $60^{\circ}$ with the ground when placed against a wall. If the foot of the ladder is $2 m$ away from the wall, the length of the ladder is
A. $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} m$
B. $4 \sqrt{3} m$
C. $2 \sqrt{2} m$
D. $4 m$

## Answer: D

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7. A ladder 15 m long makes an angle of $60^{\circ}$
with the wall. Find the height of the point,
where the ladder touches the wall.
A. $15 \sqrt{3}$
B. $\frac{15 \sqrt{3}}{2} m$
C. $\frac{15}{2} m$
D. $15 m$

## Answer: C

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8. The angle of elevation of the top of a tower
from a point on the ground, which is 30 m away from the foot of the tower, is $30^{\circ}$. Find the height of the tower.
A. $30 m$
B. $10 \sqrt{3} m$
C. $10 m$

## D. $30 \sqrt{3} m$

## Answer: B

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9. The angle of depression of a car parked on
the road from the top of the 150 m high tower
is $30^{\circ}$. Find the distance of the car from the
tower.
A. $50 \sqrt{3} m$
B. $150 \sqrt{3} m$
C. $150 \sqrt{2} m$
D. 75 m

Answer: B

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10. A kite is flying at a height of 30 m from the ground. The length of string from the kite to
the ground is 60 m . Assuming that three is no
slack in the string, the angle of elevation of
the kite at the ground is:
A. $45^{\circ}$
B. $30^{\circ}$
C. $60^{\circ}$
D. $90^{\circ}$

Answer: B
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11. From the top of a cliff 30 metres high, the angle of elevation of the top of a tower is
found to be equal to the angle of depression of the foot of the tower. The height of the tower is
A. $20 m$
B. 40 m
C. $60 m$
D. 80 m

Answer: A
12. If a 1.5 m -tall girl stands at a distance of 3 m
from a lamp-post and casts a shadow of length 4.5 m on the ground, then the height of the lamp-post is
A. $1.5 m$
B. $2 m$
C. $2.5 m$
D. $2.8 m$

## Answer: C

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13. The length of the shadow of a tower standing on level ground four to be $2 x$ metres
longer when the sun's elevation is $30^{\circ}$ than where it was $45^{\circ}$. The height of the tower is
A. $(2 \sqrt{3} x) m$
B. $(3 \sqrt{2} x) m$
C. $(\sqrt{3} 1) x m$
D. $(\sqrt{3}+1) x m$

## Answer: D

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14. The length of a vertical rod and its shadow are in the ratio $1: \sqrt{3}$. The angle of elevation of the sun is
A. $30^{\circ}$
B. $45^{\circ}$
C. $60^{\circ}$
D. $90^{\circ}$

Answer: A

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15. A pole casts a shadow of length $2 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~m}$ on
the ground when the sun's elevation is $60^{\circ}$.

The height of the pole is
A. $4 \sqrt{3} m$
B. $6 m$
C. $12 m$
D. $3 m$

Answer: B

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16. In the following figure, a tower $A B$ is 20 m
high and $B C$, its shadow on the ground, is $20 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~m}$ long. Find the Sun's altitude.
A. $30^{\circ}$
B. $45^{\circ}$
C. $60^{\circ}$
D. none of these

Answer: A

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17. The tops of two towers of height $x$ and $y$, standing on level ground, subtend angles of
$30^{\circ}$ and $60^{\circ}$ respectively at the centre of the
line joining their feet, then find $x: y$.
A. 1:1
B. $2: 1$
C. $1: 3$
D. $3: 1$

Answer: C
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18. The angle of elevation of the top of a tower
from a point on the ground, which is 30 m away from the foot of the tower, is $30^{\circ}$. Find the height of the tower.
A. 30 m
B. $10 \sqrt{3} m$
C. $20 m$
D. $10 \sqrt{2} m$

Answer: B
19. The string of a kite is 100 metres long and
it makes an angle of $60^{\circ}$ with the horizontal.

Find the height of the kite, assuming that there is no slack in the string.
A. $50 \sqrt{3} m$
B. $100 \sqrt{3} m$
C. $50 \sqrt{2} m$
D. 100 m

Answer: A

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20. If the angles of elevation of the top of $a$ tower from two points at distances $a$ and $b$
from the base and in the same straight line with it are complementary then the height of
the tower is
A. $\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}$
B. $\sqrt{a b}$
C. $\sqrt{a+b}$
D. $\sqrt{a-b}$

Answer: B

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21. On the level ground, the angle of elevation of a tower is $30^{\circ}$. On moving 20 m nearer, the angle of elevation is $60^{\circ}$. The height of the tower is
A. 10 m
B. $10 \sqrt{3} m$
C. $15 m$
D. 20 m

Answer: B

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22. In a rectangle, the angle between a diagonal and a side is $30^{\circ}$ and the length of
this diagonal is 8 m . The area of the rectangle is
A. $16 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
B. $\frac{16}{\sqrt{3}} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
C. $16 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
D. $8 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$

Answer: C

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23. From the top of a hill, the angles of depression of two consecutive kilometre stones due east are found to be $30^{\circ}$ and $45^{\circ}$. Find the height of the hill.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } \frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{3}-1) k m \\
& \text { B. } \frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{3}+1) k m \\
& \text { C. }(\sqrt{3}-1) k m \\
& \text { D. }(\sqrt{3}+1) k m
\end{aligned}
$$

Answer: B
24. If the elevation of the sun changes from
$30^{\circ}$ to $60^{\circ}$ then the difference between the lengths of shadow of a pole 15 m high, is
A. $7.5 m$
B. $15 m$
C. $10 \sqrt{3} m$
D. $5 \sqrt{3} m$

Answer: C
25. An observer $1.5 m$ tall is 28.5 m away from a tower and the angle of elevation of the top of the tower from the eye of the observer is $45^{\circ}$. The height of the tower is
A. $27 m$
B. 30 m
C. $28.5 m$
D. none of these

Answer: B
(D) Watch Video Solution

