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India's Number 1 Education App

## MATHS

## BOOKS - RS AGGARWAL MATHS

## (HINGLISH)

## PROBABILITY

## Solved Examples

1. A coin is tossed once. What is the probaility of getting a head ?
2. A die it thrown once. What is the probability of getting a prime number?

## - Watch Video Solution

3. An unbiased die is thrown. What is probability of getting : (i) An even number (ii)

An odd number (iii) A multiple of 3 (iv) a number 3 or $4(v)$ an even number and
multiple of 3 (vi) a number between 3 and 6
(vii) A number greater than 3 (viii) A number less than 4

## D Watch Video Solution

4. A die is thrown once. Find the probability of
getting a multiple of 3.
A. $\frac{1}{6}$
B. $\frac{1}{2}$
C. 1
D. $\frac{1}{3}$

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

5. Two coins are tossed simultaneously. What
is the probability of getting at least one head?
A. $\frac{1}{4}$
B. $\frac{1}{2}$
C. $\frac{3}{4}$
D. $\frac{3}{8}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

6. Three unbiased coins are tossed
simultaneously. Find the probability of getting
at most 2 heads.
A. $\frac{1}{8}$
B. $\frac{7}{8}$
C. $\frac{3}{8}$
D. $\frac{1}{4}$

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

7. Cards numbered from 11 to 60 are kept in a box. If a card is drawn at random from the box, find the probability that the number on the drawn cards is (i) an odd number (ii) a perfect
square number (iii) divisible by 5 . (iv) a prime number less than 20.

## D Watch Video Solution

8. A box contains 100 red cards, 200 yellow cards and 50 blue cards. If a card is drawn at random from the box, then find the probability that it will be (i) a blue card (ii) not a yellow card (iii) neither yellow nor a blue card.
9. A bag contains 6 red balls and some blue
balls. If the probability of drawing a blue ball
from the bag is twice that of a red ball, find the number of blue balls in the bag.

## D Watch Video Solution

10. A bag contains white, black and red balls only. A ball is drawn at random from the bag. If the probability of getting a white ball is $\frac{3}{10}$ and that of a black bail is $\frac{2}{5}$. Find the total number of balls if number of red balls is 15 .
A. 40
B. 60
C. 50
D. 30

Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution
11. Two different dice are rolled together. Find the probability of getting a doublet.
A. $\frac{1}{6}$
B. $\frac{1}{2}$
C. $\frac{3}{4}$
D. $\frac{5}{6}$

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution
12. Two dice are thrown at the same time and
the product of numbers appearing on them is
noted. Find the probability that the product is less than 9.

## D Watch Video Solution

13. A piggy bank contains hundred 50 paise coins, fifty Rs. 1 coins, twenty Rs. 2 coins and ten Rs. 5 coins. If it is equally likely that one of the coins will fall out when the bank is turned upside down, find the probability that the coin which fell will be a 50 paise win will be of value
more than Rs. 1 will be of value less than Rs. 5 will be a Rs. 1 or Rs. 2 coin.

## D Watch Video Solution

14. A game consists of tossing a one-rupee coin three times and noting its outcome each
time. Hanif wins if all the tosses give the same
result, i.e., three heads or three tails and loses
otherwise. Calculate the probability that Hanif
will lose the game.

$$
\text { A. } \frac{2}{5}
$$

B. $\frac{3}{4}$
C. $\frac{5}{6}$
D. $\frac{7}{8}$

Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

15. One card is drawn at random from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards.

Find the probability that the card drawn is (i) a king, (ii) a red eight, (iii) a spade, (iv) a red
card, (v) the six of the clubs and (vi) a face card.

D Watch Video Solution
16. One card is drawn from a well-shuffled deck of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting a red face card.
A. $1 / 52$
B. 3/26
C. 1/26

## D. $1 / 13$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

17. A card is drawn at random from a wellshuffled deck of 52 playing cards. Find the probability that the card drawn is (i) a card of spades or an ace, (ii) a black king, (iii) neither a jack nor a king, (iv) either a king or a queen.
18. One card is drawn at random from a wellshuffled deck of 52 playing cards. Find the probability that the card drawn is neither a red card nor a queen.

> A. $\frac{2}{13}$
> B. $\frac{6}{13}$
> C. $\frac{5}{13}$
> D. $\frac{8}{13}$

## - Watch Video Solution

19. From a pack of 52 playing cards jacks, queens, kings and aces of red colour are removed. From the remaining, a card is drawn at random.

Find the probability that the card drawn is
(i) a black queen (ii) a red card (iii) a ten
(iv) a picture card (jacks, queen and kings are picture cards).
20. All the black face cards are removed from a pack of 52 playing cards.

The remaining cards are well shuffled and then a card is drawn at random. Find the probability of getting a (i) face card, (ii) red card, (iii) black card, (iv) king.

## D Watch Video Solution

21. Red queens and black jacks are removed from a pack of 52 playing cards. A card is
drawn at random from the remaining cards, after reshuffling them. Find the probability that the drawn card is a face card

> A. $\frac{1}{2}$
> B. $\frac{3}{4}$
> C. $\frac{4}{5}$
> D. $\frac{1}{6}$

Answer: D

D Watch Video Solution

1. Fill in the blacks:
(i) The probability of an impossible event is
(ii) The probability of a sure event is
(iii) For any event $E, P(E)+P($ not $E)=$.
(iv) The probability of a possible but not a sure event lies between .......... and
(v) The sum of probabilities of all the outcomes of an experiment is
2. A coin is tossed once. What is the probaility of getting a tail?

## D Watch Video Solution

3. Two coins are tossed simultaneously. Find the probability of getting
(i) exactly 1 head (ii) at most 1 head (iii) at least

1 head.
4. A die is thrown once. Find the probability of getting
(i) an even number (ii) a number less than 5
(iii) a number greater than 2 (iv) a number between 3 and 6
(v) a number other than 3 (vi) the number 5 .

## D Watch Video Solution

5. A letter of English alphabet is chosen at random. Determine the probability that the
chosen letter is a consonant.

> A. $\frac{5}{26}$
> B. $\frac{21}{26}$
> C. $\frac{7}{13}$
> D. $\frac{11}{26}$

Answer: B
6. A child has a die whose 6 faces show the
letters given below:


The die is thrown once. What is the probability of getting (i) A,(ii) D?

## D Watch Video Solution

7. It is known that a box of 200 electric bulbs contains 16 defective bulbs.

One bulb is taken out at random from the box.

What is the probability that the bulb drawn is
(i) defective, (ii) nondefective?

- Watch Video Solution

8. If the probability of winning a game is 0.7 , what is the probability of losing it?
A. 0.3
B. 0.7
C. 0.5
D. 0

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

9. There are 35 students in a class of whom 20 are boys and 15 are girls.

From these students one is chosen at random.
What is the probability that the chosen student is a (i) boy, (ii) girl?

- Watch Video Solution

10. In a lottery there are 10 prizes and 25 blanks. What is the probability of getting a prize?

## D Watch Video Solution

11. 250 lottery tickets were sold and there are 5 prizes on these tickets. If kunal has purchased one lottery ticket, what is the probability that he wins a prize?
A. $\frac{3}{50}$
B. $\frac{1}{75}$
C. $\frac{1}{50}$
D. $\frac{1}{25}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

12. 17 cards numbered $1,2,3,4, \ldots . ., 17$ are put in a box and mixed thoroughly. A card is drawn at random from the box. Find the probability
that the card drawn bears (i) an odd number
(ii) a number divisible by 5 .

## D Watch Video Solution

13. A game of chance consists of spinning an arrow, which comes to rest pointing at one of
the numbers $1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8$ and these are equally likely outcomes. Find the probability that the arrow will point at any factor of 8 .
A. $\frac{5}{8}$
B. $\frac{7}{8}$
C. $\frac{1}{8}$
D. $\frac{3}{8}$

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

14. In a family of 3 children, find the probability of having at least one boy.
15. A bag contains 4 white balls, 5 red balls, 2
black balls and 4 green balls. A ball is drawn at
random from the bag. Find the probability that it is (i) black, (ii) not green ,(iii) red or white, (iv) neither red nor green.

## - Watch Video Solution

16. A card is drawn at random from a wellshuffled pack of 52 cards.

Find the probability of getting (i) a red king,
(ii) a queen or a jack.

## D Watch Video Solution

17. A card is drawn at random from a well -
shuffled pack of 52 cards. Find the probability
that the drawn card is neither a king nor a queen.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } \frac{11}{13} \\
& \text { B. } \frac{9}{13}
\end{aligned}
$$

c. $\frac{8}{13}$
D. $\frac{7}{13}$

Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

18. A card is drawn from a well-shuffled pack of

52 cards. Find the probability of getting (i) a red face card (ii) a black king .
19. Two different dice are tossed together. Find
the probability that (i) the number on each die
is even, (ii) the sum of the numbers appearing on the two dice is 5 .

## - Watch Video Solution

20. Two different dice are rolled
simultaneously. Find the probability that the sum of the numbers on the two dice is 10 .
21. Two different dice are thrown together.

Find the probability that
(i) the sum of the numbers appeared is less than 7.
(ii) the product of the numbers appeared is less than 18.

## - Watch Video Solution

22. Two dice are rolled together. Find the probability of getting such numbers on two
dice whose product is a perfect square.
A. $\frac{7}{36}$
B.
C.
D.

Answer: $\frac{2}{9}$

- Watch Video Solution

23. Two dice are rolled together. Find the probability of getting such numbers on the two dice whose product is 12 .

> A. $\frac{2}{9}$
> B. $\frac{4}{9}$
> C. $\frac{1}{9}$
> D. $\frac{5}{9}$

Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution
24. Cards marked with numbers 5 to 50 are
placed in a box and mixed thoroughly. A card
is drawn from the box at random. Find the probability that the number on the taken out card is (i) a prime number less than 10 (ii) a number which is a perfect square.

## D Watch Video Solution

25. a game of chance consists of spinning an arrow which is equally likely to come to rest
pointing to one of the numbers $1,2,3, \ldots . ., 12$ as shown in the figure. What is the probability that it will point to
(i) 6 ? (ii) an even numbers?
(iii) a prime number? (iv) a number which is a multiple of 5 ?

26. 12 defective pens are accidently mixed with 132 good ones. It is not possible to just look at pen and tell whether or not it is defective. One pen is taken out at random from this lot. Find the probability that the pen taken out is good one.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } \frac{11}{12} \\
& \text { B. } \frac{7}{12} \\
& \text { C. } \frac{5}{12} \\
& \text { D. } \frac{1}{12}
\end{aligned}
$$

Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

27. A lot consists of 144 ballpoint pens of which 20 are defective and others good. Tanvy will buy a pen if it is good, but will not buy it if is defective. The shopkeeper draws one pen at random and gives it to her.

What is the probability that (i) she will buy it,
(ii) she will not buy it?
28. A box contains 90 discs which are numbered from 1 to 90 . If one disc is drawn at
random from the box, find the probability that it bears (i) a two -digit number, (ii) a perfect square numbes, (iii) a number divisible by 5 .

## D Watch Video Solution

29. (i) A lot of 20 bulbs contain 4 defective ones. One bulb is drawn at random from the
lot. What is the probability that this bulb is defective?
(ii) Suppose the bulb drawn in (i) in not defective and not replaced. Now, bulb is drawn at random from the rest. What is the probability that this bulb is not defective?

## D Watch Video Solution

30. a bag contains lemon- flavoured candies
only. Hema takes out one condy without
looking into the bag. What is the probability
that she takes out (i) an orange-flavoured candy? (ii) a lemon-flavoured candy?

## D Watch Video Solution

31. There are 40 students in a class of whom

25 are girls and 15 are boys. The class teacher
has to select one student as a class
representative.

He writes the name of each studen on a separate card, the cards being identical. Then
she puts cards in a bag and stirs them
thoroughly. She then draws one card from the bag. What is the probability thet the name written on the card is the name of (i) a girl?
a boy?

## D Watch Video Solution

32. One card is drawn from a well-shuffled deck
of 52 cards. Find the the probability of drawing an ace is
A. $\frac{3}{13}$
B. $\frac{2}{13}$
C. $\frac{4}{13}$
D. $\frac{1}{13}$

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

33. A card is drawn at random from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting
(i) a queen (ii) a diamond
(iii) a king or an ace (iv) a red ace.

## D Watch Video Solution

34. One card is drawn from a well-shuffled deck
of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting
(i) a king of red suit (ii) a face card
(iii) a red face card (iv) a queen of black suit
(v) a jack of hearts

## D Watch Video Solution

35. A card is drawn at random from a wellshuffled deck of playing cards.

Find the probability that the card drawn is
(i) a card of spades or an ace (ii) a red king
(iii) either a king or a queen (iv) neither a king nor a queen.

## D Watch Video Solution

36. Two different dice are thrown together.

Find the probability that the numbers

## obtained have

(i) even sum (ii) even product.

## D Watch Video Solution

37. Two different dice are thrown together.

Find the probability that the numbers obtained
(i) have a sum less than 7 (ii) have a product less than 16
(iii) is a doublet of odd numbers.

## D Watch Video Solution

38. The king, the jack and the 10 of spades are lost from a pack of 52 cards and a card is drawn from the remaining cards after shuffling. Find the probability of getting a
(i) red card (ii) black jack
(iii) red king (iv) 10 of hearts.

## - Watch Video Solution

39. Peter throws two different dice together and finds the product of the two numbers
obtained. Rina throws a die and squares the number obtained. Who has the better chance to get the number 25 ?

## D Watch Video Solution

## Exercise 19 B

1. A box contains 25 cards numbered from 1 to
2. A card is drawn at random from the bag.

Find the probability that the number on the
drawn card is (i) divisible by 2 or 3 , (ii) a prime

## number.

## D Watch Video Solution

2. A box contains cards numbered
$3,5,7,9, \ldots, 35,37$. A card is drawn at random from the box. Find the probability that the number on the card is a prime number.

$$
\text { A. } \frac{7}{18}
$$

B. $\frac{13}{18}$
C. $\frac{11}{18}$
D. $\frac{5}{18}$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

3. Cards numbered 1 to 30 are put in a bag. A card is drawn at random from the bag. Find the probability that the number on the drawn card is (i) not divisible by 3 , (ii) a prime number
greater that 7, (iii) not a perfect square number.

## D Watch Video Solution

4. Cards bearing numbers $1,2,5, \ldots . ., 35$ are kept in
a bag. A card is drawn at random from the bag. Find the probability of getting a card bearing (i) a prime number less than 15, (ii) a number divisible by 3 and 5 .
5. A box contains cards bearing numbers 6 to
6. If one card is frawn at random from the box, find the probability that it bears (i) a onedigit number, (ii) a number divisible by 5, (iii) an odd number less than 30 , (iv) a composite number between 50 and 70.

## D Watch Video Solution

6. Cards marked with numbers $1,3,5, . . .101$ are placed in a bag and mixed thoroughly. A card
is drawn at random from the bag. Find the
probability that a number on the drawn card
is (i) less than 19, (ii) a prime number less than
7. 

## D Watch Video Solution

7. Tickets numbered $2,3,4,5, \ldots, 100,101$ are placed in a box and mixed thoroughly. One ticket is drawn at random from the box. Find the probability that the number on the ticket is
(i) an even number
(ii) a number less than 16
(iii) a number which is a perfect square
(iv) a prime number less than 40.

## D Watch Video Solution

8. (i) A box contins 80 discs, which are numbered from 1 to 80 . If one disc is drawn at random from the box, find the probability that it bears a perfect square number.
(ii) A box contains 90 discs which are numbered 1to 90 . If one disc is drawn at
random from the box, find the probability
that it bears (a) a two-digit number (b) a number divisible by 5

## D Watch Video Solution

9. A piggy bank contains hundred 50p coins, fifty Rs. 1 coins, twenty ? 2 coins and ten Rs. 5 coins. If it is equally likely that one of the coins will fall out when the bank is turned upside down, what is the probability that the coin (i) will be a
10. The probability of selecting a red ball at random from a jar that contains only red, blue and orange balls is $\frac{1}{4}$. The probability of selecting a blue ball at random from the same jar is $\frac{1}{3}$. If the jar contains 10 orange balls, find the total number in the jar.
A. 21
B. 22
C. 23
D. 24

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

11. A bag contains 18 balls out of which $x$ balls are red.
(i) If one balls is drawn at random from the bag, what is the probability that it is not red?
(ii) If two more red balls are put in the bag, the probability of drawing a red ball will be $\frac{9}{8}$ times the probabability of drawing a red ball in the first case. Find the value of $x$.

## - Watch Video Solution

12. A jar contains 24 marbles. Some of these are green and others are blue. If a marble is drawn at random from the jar, the probability
that it is green is $\frac{2}{3}$. Find the number of blue marbles in the jar.

## - Watch Video Solution

13. A jar contains 54 marbles each of which is
blue, green or white. The probability of
selecting a blue marble at random from the jar is $\frac{1}{3}$, and the probability of selecting a green marble at random is $\frac{4}{9}$. How many white marbles does the jar contain?

## - Watch Video Solution

14. A carton consists of 100 shirts of which 88 are good and 8 have minor defects. Rohit, a
trader, will only accept the shirts which are good, But, Kamal, an another trader, will only reject the shirts which have major defects. One shirt is drawn at random from the carton. What is the probability that is acceptable to (i) Rohit and (ii) Kamal?

## D Watch Video Solution

15. A group of 12 persons, of which 3 are extremely patient, other 6 are extremely honest and rest are extremely kind. A person
from the group is selected at random.
Assuming that each person is equally likely to
be selected, find the probability of selecting a person who is (i) extremely patient,(ii) extremely kind or honest. Which of the above values you prefer more?

## D Watch Video Solution

16. A die is relled twice. Find the probability
that 5 will come up both the times.
A. $\frac{5}{6}$
B. $\frac{1}{16}$
C. $\frac{1}{36}$
D. $\frac{1}{6}$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

17. Two dice are rolled once. Find the probability of getting such numbers on two dice whose product is a perfect square.
18. A letter is chosen at random from the letters of the word 'ASSOCIATION'.

Find the probability that the chosen letter is a
(i) vowel (ii) consonant (iii) an S .

## D Watch Video Solution

19. Five cards- the tan, jack, queen, king and ace of diamonds are well shuffled with their
faces downwards. One card is then picked up
at random. (a) What is the probability that the drawn card is the queen?
(b) If the queen is drawn and put aside and a second card is drawn, find the probability that the second card is (i) an ace, (ii) queen .

## D Watch Video Solution

20. A card is drawn at random from a well shuffled pack of 52 cards. Find the probability
that the card drawn is neither a red card nor a queen.

## Watch Video Solution

21. What is the probability that on ordinary year has 53 Mondays?

## - Watch Video Solution

22. All red face cards are removed from a pack of playing cards. The remaining cards are well shuffled and then a card is drawn at random
from then. Find the probability that the drawn
card is a red card (ii) a face card and (iii) a card of clubs.

## - Watch Video Solution

23. All kings, queens are aces are removed from a pack of 52 cards. The remaining cards are well shuffled and then a card is drawn
from it. Find the probability that the drawn card is : a black face card (b) a red card.

## - Watch Video Solution

24. A game consists of tossing a one-rupee coin three times, and noting its outcomee each time. Find the probability of getting (i) three heads, (ii) at least 2 tails.

## D Watch Video Solution

25. Find the probability that a leap year selected at random will contain 53 Sundays.
26. The probability of selecting a rotten apple randomly from a heap of 900 apples is 0.18 .

What is the number of rotten apples in the heap?

## D Watch Video Solution

27. A bag contains 15 white and some black balls. If the probability of drawing a black ball from the bag is thrice that of drawing a white ball find the number of black balls in the bag.
28. Find the probability of getting the sum of two numbers, less than 3 or more than 11 , when a pair of distinct dice is thrown together.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } \frac{1}{18} \\
& \text { B. } \frac{1}{16} \\
& \text { C. } \frac{1}{15} \\
& \text { D. } \frac{1}{13}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Answer: A

## Multiple Choice Questions Mcq

1. If $P(A)$ denotes the probability of an event,
then
A. $P(A)<0$
B. $P(A)>1$
C. $0 \leq P(A) \leq 1$
D. $-1 \leq P(A) \leq 1$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

2. If the probability of occurrence of an event
is $p$ then the probability of non-happening of this event is

## - Watch Video Solution

3. What is the probability of an impossible event?
4. What is the probability of a sure event?

- Watch Video Solution

5. Which of the following cannot be the probability of an event?
6. A number is selected at random from the numbers 1 to 30 . What is the probability that the selected number is a prime number?

## D Watch Video Solution

7. The probability that number selected at random from the numbers $1,2,3, \ldots, 15$ is a multiple of 4 , is
8. A box contains cards numbered 6 to 50 . card
is drawn at random from the box. The probability that the drawn card has a number which is a perfect square is

## D Watch Video Solution

9. A box contains 90 discs, numbered from 1 to
10. If one disc is drawn at random from the box, the probability that it bears prime number less than 23 is
11. Cards bearing numbers $2,3,4, \ldots .11$ are kept in
a bag. A card is drawn at random from the bag. The probability of getting a card with a prime number is

- Watch Video Solution

11. One ticket is drawn at random from a bag containing tickets numbered 1 to 40 . The
probability that the selected has a number, which is a multiple of 7 , is

## D Watch Video Solution

12. Which of the following cannot be the probability of an event?

## D Watch Video Solution

13. If the probability of winning a game is 0.4
then the probability of losing it, is
A. 0.4
B. 0.5
C. 0.6
D. 1

Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

14. If an event cannot occur, then its propbability is
A. -1
B. 1
C. $\frac{1}{2}$
D. 0

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

15. There are 20 tickets numbered as $1,2,3, \ldots, 20$ respectively. One ticket is drawn at random.

What is the probability that the number on the ticket drawn is a multiple of 5 ?

## - Watch Video Solution

16. There are 25 tickets numbered as
$1,2,3,4, \ldots, 25$ respectively. One ticket is drawn at random. What is the probability that the number on the ticket is a multiple of 3 or 5 ?
A. $\frac{13}{25}$
B. $\frac{11}{25}$
C. $\frac{12}{25}$
D. $\frac{9}{25}$

## Answer: C

## D Watch Video Solution

17. Cards, each marked with one of the numbers $6,7,8, \ldots, 15$, are placed in a box and mixed thoroughly. One card is drawn at
random from the box. What is the probability of getting a card with number less than 10 ?

> A. $\frac{4}{5}$
> B. $\frac{3}{5}$
> C. $\frac{1}{5}$
> D. $\frac{2}{5}$

Answer: D
( Watch Video Solution
18. A die is thrown once. The probability of getting an even numbers is

D Watch Video Solution
19. The probability of throwing a number greater than 2 with a fair die is

- Watch Video Solution

20. A die is thrown once. The probability of getting an odd number greater than 3 is

## - Watch Video Solution

21. A die it thrown once. What is the probability of getting a prime number?
22. Two dice are thrown at the same time. Find
the probability of getting
(i) Same number on both dice.
(ii) different number of both dice.

## D Watch Video Solution

23. The probability of getting 2 heads, when two coins are tossed, is
24. Two dice are thrown together. What is the probability of getting a doublet?

## D Watch Video Solution

25. Two unbiased coins are tossed
simultaneously. Find the probability of getting
two head (ii) one head one tail (iv) at least one
head at most one head (vi) no head

## D Watch Video Solution

26. Three unbiased coins are tossed simultaneously. Find the probability of getting
(i) exactly two heads, (ii) at least two heads,
(iii) at most 2 heads.

## D Watch Video Solution

27. In a lottery, there are 8 prizes and 16 blanks. What is the probability of getting a prize?

## - Watch Video Solution

28. In a lottery, there are 6 prizes and 24 blanks. What is the probability of not getting a prize?

> A. $\frac{1}{5}$
> B. $\frac{2}{5}$
> C. $\frac{4}{5}$
> D. $\frac{3}{5}$

Answer: C

D Watch Video Solution
29. A box contains 3 blue, 2 white and 4 red marbles. If a marble is drawn at random from
the box, what is the probability that it will not be a white marble?

## D Watch Video Solution

30. A bag contains 4 red and 6 black balls. A
ball is taken out of the bag at random What is
the probability of getting a black ball?
31. A bag contains 8 red, 2 black and 5 white balls. One ball is drawn at random. What is the probability that the ball drawn is not black?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } \frac{8}{15} \\
& \text { B. } \frac{7}{13} \\
& \text { C. } \frac{13}{15} \\
& \text { D. } \frac{2}{15}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Answer: C

32. A bag contains 3 white, 4 red and 5 black balls. One ball is drawn at random. What is the probability that the ball drawn is neither balck nor white?

## D Watch Video Solution

33. A card is drawn at random from a well shuffled deck of 52 playing cards. Find the probability that the card drawn is: (i) either a spade or an ace (ii) a black king
34. From a well-shuffled deck of 52 cards, one card is drawn at random.

What is the probability of getting a queen?

## - Watch Video Solution

35. One card is drawn from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting: (i)
a king of red suit (ii) a face card (iii) a red face card

## D Watch Video Solution

36. One card is drawn at random from a wellshuffled deck of 52 cards.

What is the probability of getting a black face
card?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A. } \frac{1}{26} \\
& \text { B. } \frac{3}{26}
\end{aligned}
$$

c. $\frac{5}{26}$
D. $\frac{7}{26}$

## Answer: B

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37. One card is drawn at random from a wellshuffled deck of 52 cards.

What is the probability of getting a 6 ?

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