



# MATHS

## **BOOKS - RS AGGARWAL MATHS (HINGLISH)**

# **BINOMIAL THEOREM**



**1.** Expand  $\left(x^2+2y
ight)^5$  using binomial expansion.

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**2.** Expand 
$$\left(x^3-rac{2}{x^2}
ight)^6$$
 using binomial expansion.

**3.** Expand  $\left(1+x+x^2
ight)^3$  using binomial expansion.



**4.** Expand  $\left(1-x+x^2
ight)^4$  using binomial expansion.

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5. Expand 
$$\left\{ (a+b)^4 + (a-b)^4 \right\}$$
 and use it to evalute

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**6.** Find the 10th term in the expansion of  $\left(2x^2 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{12}$ .

7. Find the 6th in the expansion of 
$$\left(\frac{4x}{5} - \frac{5}{2x}\right)^9$$
.





14. Prove that there is no term containing  $x^{10}$  in the expansion of

$$\left(x^2-rac{2}{x}
ight)^{18}$$





coefficient is 
$$rac{(2n)!}{\left[rac{1}{3}(4n-p)
ight]!\left[rac{1}{3}(2n+p)
ight]!}$$
 .

19. Show that the coefficient of the middle term in the expansion of  $(1+x)^{2n}$  is equal to the sum of the coefficients of two middle terms in the expansion of  $(1+x)^{2n-1}$ .

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**20.** If  $a_0, a_1, a_2, ...$  be the coefficients in the expansion of  $\left(1+x+x^2
ight)^n$ 

in ascending powers of x. prove that :  $(i)a_0a_1 - a_1a_2 + a_2a_3 - ... = 0$ 

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**21.** If m and n are positive integers, then prove that the coefficients of

 $x^m$  and  $x^n$  are equal in the expansion of  $(1+x)^{m+n}$ 

22. (2) If the coefficients of (2r + 4)th, (r - 2)th terms in the expansion of





**23.** Find the coefficent of  $x^6y^3$  in the expansion of  $(x + 2y)^9$ .

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**24.** Write down the binomial expansion of  $(1 + x)^{n+1}$ , when x = 8. deduce that  $9^{n+1} - 8n - 9$  is divisible 64 where n is a positive integer.

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**25.** Using binomial theorem, prove that  $6^n - 5n$  always leaves remainder 1 when divided by 25.

**26.** Show that  $2^{4n+4}-15n-16$ , where n  $\in$  N is divisible by 225.



27. If a and b are distinct integers then prove that (a-b) is a factor of

 $(a^n - b^n)$ , whenever n is a positive integar.



28. The second, third and fourth terms in the binomial expansion  $(x + a)^n$  are 240, 720 and 1080, respectively. Find x, a and n.

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29. The coefficient of the (r-1)th, rth and (r+1)th terms in the expansion of

 $\left(x+1
ight)^n$  are in the ratio 1:3:5. Find both n and r

**30.** how that the coefficient of (r+1) th in the expansion of  $(1 + x)^{n+1}$  is equal to the sum of the coefficients of the r th and (r+1) th term in the expansion of  $(1 + x)^n$ 



**32.** If n is a positive integer, find the coefficient of  $x^{-1}$  in the expansion of

$$(1+x)^n \left(1+rac{1}{x}
ight)^n.$$



expansion of  $(x + a)^n$ , prove that

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**36.** Using binomial theorem, find the value of  $(103)^4$ .





**1.** Using binomial theorem, expand each of the following:  $\left(1-2x
ight)^5$ 





**9.** Using binomial theorem, expand each of the following:  $\left(\sqrt[3]{x} - \sqrt[3]{y}
ight)^{\mathfrak{o}}$ 



12. Using binomial theorem, expand each of the following:  $\left(3x^2-2ax+3a^2
ight)^3$ 

13. Evalute: 
$$\left(\sqrt{2}+1
ight)^6+\left(\sqrt{2}-1
ight)^6$$

14. Evalute: 
$$\left(\sqrt{3}+1
ight)^5-\left(\sqrt{3}-1
ight)^5$$

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15. Evalute: 
$$\left(2+\sqrt{3}
ight)^7+\left(2-\sqrt{3}
ight)^7$$

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16. Evalute: 
$$\left(\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}
ight)^6-\left(\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}
ight)^6$$

17. Prove that 
$$\sum_n^{r=0} {}^n C_r \cdot 3^r = 4^n.$$



where  $n \in N$ .

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**20.** Prove that 
$$(2 + \sqrt{x})^4 + (2 - \sqrt{x})^4 = 2(16 + 24x + x^2).$$

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**21.** Find the 7th term in the expansion of  $\left(\frac{4x}{5} + \frac{5}{2x}\right)^8$ 



**26.** The ratio of the coefficient of  $x^{15}$  to the term independent of x in the

expansion of 
$$\left(X^2+rac{2}{x}
ight)^{15}$$
 is

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**27.** Prove that the ratio of the coefficient of  $x^{10}$  in  $\left(1-x^2
ight)^{10}$  & the term

independent of 
$$x$$
 in  $\left(x-rac{2}{x}
ight)^{10}$  is 1:32

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28. Find the term independent of x in the expansion of  $\left(1+x+2x^3
ight)\left[\left(3x^2/2
ight)-(1/3)
ight]^9$ 

29. Find the coefficient of :x in the expansion of  $(1-3x+7x^2)(1-x)^{16}$ .

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**30.** Find the coefficient of (i)  $x^5$  in the expansion of  $(x + 3)^8$ (ii)  $x^6$  in the expansion of  $\left(3x^2 - \frac{a}{3x}\right)^9$ (iii)  $x^{-15}$  in the expansion of  $\left(3x^2 - \frac{a}{3x^3}\right)^{10}$ . (iv)  $a^7b^5$  in the expansion of  $(a - 2b)^{12}$ .

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31. Show that the term containing to does not exist in the expansion of

$$\left(3x-rac{1}{2x}
ight)^8$$



**33.** Show that the expansion of 
$$\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^1$$
 does not contain any term

involving  $x^{-1}$ .

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**34.** Write the general term in the expansion of  $\left(x^2-y
ight)^6$ .

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**35.** Find the 5th term from the end in the expansion of 
$$\left(x - \frac{1}{x}\right)^{12}$$
.





37. If the 7th terms from the beginning and end in the expansion of

$$\left(\sqrt[3]{2}+rac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2}}
ight)^n$$
 are equal, find the value of n.

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38. Find the middle term in the expansion of :

(i) 
$$3 + x$$
)<sup>6</sup> (ii)  $\left(\frac{x}{3} + 3y\right)^8$   
(iii)  $\left(\frac{x}{a} - \frac{a}{x}\right)^{10}$  (iv)  $\left(x^2 - \frac{2}{x}\right)^{10}$ 

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**39.** Find the two middle terms in the expansion of : (i)  $\left(x^2+a^2
ight)^5$  (ii)

$$\left(x^4-rac{1}{x^3}
ight)^{11}$$

$$\left(rac{p}{x}+rac{x}{p}
ight)^9$$
 (iv)  $\left(3x-rac{x^3}{6}
ight)^9$ 

40. Find the term independent of x in the expansion of :

(i) 
$$\left(2x+rac{1}{3x^2}
ight)^9$$
 (ii)  $\left(rac{3x^2}{2}-rac{1}{3x}
ight)^6$   
(iii)  $\left(x-rac{1}{x^2}
ight)^{3n}$  (iv)  $\left(3x-rac{2}{x^2}
ight)^{15}$ 

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**41.** Find the coefficent of  $x^5$  in the expansion of  $(1 + x)^3(1 - x)^6$ .

**42.** Find numerically greatest term in the expansion of  $(2+3x)^9$ , when  $x=rac{3}{2}.$ 





**46.** Find the coefficient of  $x^4$  in the expansion of  $(1+x)^n(1-x)^n$ .

Deduce

$$C_2 = C_0 C_4 - C_1 C_3 + C_2 C_2 - C_3 C_1 + C_4 C_0, ~~{
m where}~~C_r~~{
m stands}~{
m for}~~^n C_2$$



**47.** Prove that the coefficient of  $x^n$  in the binomial expansion of  $\left(1+x
ight)^{2n}$ 

is twice the coefficient of  $x^n$  in the binomial expansion of  $\left(1+x
ight)^{2n-1}$ .

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**48.** If the middle term in the expansion of  $\left(rac{p}{2}+2
ight)^8$  is 1120, find p.

A.  $\pm 1$ 

 $\mathsf{B}.\pm 2$ 

 $\mathsf{C}.\pm 3$ 

D.  $\pm 4$ 

Answer: B

#### Exercise 10 B

1. Show that the term independent of x in the expansion of  $\left(x-rac{1}{x}
ight)^{10}is-252.$ 

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**2.** If the coefficents of  $x^2$  and  $x^3$  in the expansion of  $(3 + px)^9$  are the 9

same then prove that  $p = \frac{9}{7}$ .

**3.** Show that coefficient of 
$$x^{-3}$$
 in the expansion of  $\left(x-rac{1}{x}
ight)^{11}is-330.$ 

4. Show that the middle term in the expansion of 
$$\left(\frac{2x^2}{3} + \frac{3}{(2x)^2}\right)^{10}$$
 is 252.  
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5. Show that the coefficient of  $x^4$  in the expansion of  $\left(\frac{x}{2} - \frac{3}{x^2}\right)^{10}$  is  $\frac{405}{256}$ .  
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6. Prove that there is no term involving  $x^6$  is the expansion of  $\left(2x^2 - \frac{3}{x}\right)^{11}$ .  
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7. Show that the coefficient of  $x^4$  in the expansion of  $\left(1+2x+x^2
ight)^5$  is 212.

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8. Write the number of terms in the expansion of  $\left(\sqrt{2}+1\right)^5+\left(\sqrt{2}-1\right)^5.$ 

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**9.** Which term is independent of x in the expansion of 
$$\left(x - \frac{1}{3x^2}\right)^9$$
?

10. Write the coefficient of the middle term in the expansion of  $\left(1+x
ight)^{2n}$ .

11. Write the coefficient of  $x^7y^2$  in the expansion of  $(x+2y)^9$ .

A. Least value 
$$-\frac{1}{4}$$
  
B. Least value  $-\frac{9}{4}$   
C. Greatest value  $\frac{1}{4}$   
D. Greatest value  $\frac{9}{4}$ 

#### Answer: 144

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12. If the coefficent of (r-5)th and (2r-1)th terms in the expansion

of  $\left(1+x
ight)^{34}$  are equal , find the value of r.

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**13.** Write the 4th term form the end in the expansion of  $\left(\frac{3}{x^2} - \frac{x^3}{6}\right)^7$ 

