

## **MATHS**

# BOOKS - RS AGGARWAL MATHS (HINGLISH)

## **TRIANGLES**

**Illustrative Examples** 

1. Find the angles of a triangle which are in the

ratio 2:3:4.

A.  $20^\circ, 60^\circ$  and  $90^\circ$ 

B.  $40^\circ, 60^\circ$  and  $80^\circ$ 

C.  $30^\circ$  ,  $50^\circ$  and  $80^\circ$ 

D.  $10^\circ, 60^\circ$  and  $90^\circ$ 

#### **Answer: B**



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**2.** In a  $\Delta$  ABC, if  $2\angle A=3\angle B=6\angle C$  then calculate  $\angle A$ ,  $\angle B$  and  $\angle C$ .

A. 
$$\angle A=40^\circ$$
 ,  $\angle B=60^\circ$  and  $\angle C=30^\circ$ 

B. 
$$\angle A=60^{\circ}$$
 ,  $\angle B=60^{\circ}$  and  $\angle C=30^{\circ}$ 

C. 
$$\angle A=90^\circ$$
 ,  $\angle B=60^\circ$  and  $\angle C=30^\circ$ 

D. 
$$\angle A=90^{\circ}$$
 ,  $\angle B=90^{\circ}$  and  $\angle C=30^{\circ}$ 

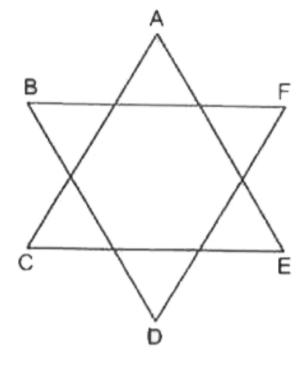
#### **Answer: C**



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**3.** The adjoining figure has been obtained by using two triangles. Prove that

$$\angle A + B + \angle C + \angle D + \angle E + \angle F = 360^{\circ}$$





Exercise 16 A

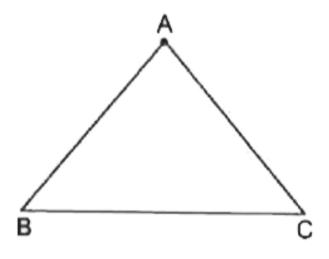
**1.** Take three noncollinear points A, B and C on a page of your notebook. Join AB, BC and CA. What figure do you get?

a. the side opposite to  $\angle C$ 

b. the angle opposite to side BC.

c. the vertex opposite to side CA.

d. the side opposite to vertex B.



**2.** The measures of two angles of a triangle are  $72^{\circ}$  and  $58^{\circ}$ . Find the measure of the third angle.



**3.** The angles of a triangle are in the ratio 1:3:5.

Find the measure of each of the angles.



**4.** One of the acute angles of a right triangle is

 $50^{\circ}$  . Find the other acute angle.

A.  $40^{\,\circ}$ 

B.  $50^{\circ}$ 

C.  $60^{\circ}$ 

D.  $70^{\circ}$ 

#### **Answer: A**



**5.** One of the angles of a triangle is  $110^{\circ}$  and the other two angles are equal. What is the measure of each of these equal angles?

- A.  $37^{\circ}$
- B.  $35^{\circ}$
- $\mathsf{C.}\,70^\circ$
- D.  $75^{\circ}$

#### **Answer: B**



**6.** If one angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of other two, show that the triangle is a right triangle.



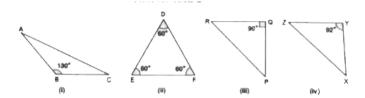
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**7.** In a

 $ABC, \quad ext{if} \quad 3 \ riangle \ A = 4 \ riangle \ B = 6 \ riangle \ C,$  calculate the angles.



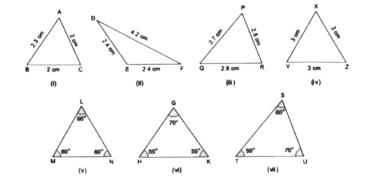
**8.** Look at the figure given below. State triangle whether it is acute, right or obtuse.



a.



**9.** In the given figure. State triangle whether it is scalene, isosceles or equilateral.



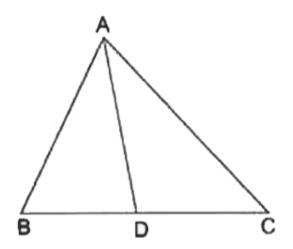


a.

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**10.** Draw a  $\Delta$  ABC. Take a point D on BC. Join AD

How many triangles do you get? Name them.





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**11.** Can a triangle have: Two right angles? (ii) Two obtuse angles? Two acute angles (iv) All angles more than  $60^{0}$ ? All angles less than  $60^{0}$ ? (vi) All angles equal to  $60^{0}$ 

12. A triangle has ..... sides, ..... angles and .....

A. 1, 2, 3

vertices.

B. 1, 2, 2

C. 3, 3, 3

D. 3, 3, 1

**Answer: C** 



13. The sum of the angles of a triangle is ......



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**14.** The sides of a scalene triangle are of ...........lengths.



**15.** Each angle of an equilateral triangle measures ......



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**16.** The angles opposite to equal sides of an isosceles triangle are ........



**17.** The sum of the lengths of the sides of a triangle is called its ......



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# **Exercise 16 B Objective Questions**

1. Mark against the correct answer:

How many parts does a triangle have?

A. 2

- B. 3
- C. 6
- D. 9

#### **Answer: C**



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2. Mark against the correct answer:

With the angles given below, in which case the construction of triangle is possible?

- A.  $30^\circ, 60^\circ, 70^\circ$
- B.  $50^\circ$  ,  $70^\circ$  ,  $60^\circ$
- C.  $40^\circ$  ,  $80^\circ$  ,  $65^\circ$
- D.  $72^\circ, 28^\circ, 90^\circ$

#### Answer: B



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3. Mark against the correct answer:

The angles of a triangle are in the ratio 2:3:4.

The largest angle is

- A.  $60^{\circ}$
- B.  $80^{\circ}$
- C.  $76^{\circ}$
- D.  $84^{\circ}$

### **Answer: B**



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**4.** Mark against the correct answer:

two angles of a triangle The are complementary. The third angle is

- A.  $60^{\circ}$
- B.  $45^{\circ}$
- C.  $36^{\circ}$
- D.  $90^{\circ}$

#### **Answer: D**



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**5.** Mark against the correct answer:

One of the base angles of an isosceles triangle is  $70^{\circ}$  The vertical angle is

- A.  $60^{\circ}$
- B.  $80^{\circ}$
- C.  $40^{\circ}$
- D.  $35^{\circ}$

#### **Answer: C**



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**6.** Mark against the correct answer:

A triangle having sides of different lengths is called

A. an isosceles triangle

B. an equilateral triangle

C. a scalene triangle

D. a right triangle

#### **Answer: C**



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**7.** Mark against the correct answer:

In an isosceles  $\Delta$  ABC, the bisectors of  $\angle B$  and

 $\angle C$  meet at a point O. If  $\angle A=40^{\circ}$  , then

$$\angle BOC = ?$$

**A.**  $110^{\circ}$ 

B.  $70^{\circ}$ 

 $\mathsf{C.}\,130^{\,\circ}$ 

D.  $150^{\circ}$ 

## **Answer: A**



8. Mark against the correct answer:

The sides of a triangle are in the ratio 3: 2: 5 and its perimeter is 30 cm. The length of the longest side is

- A. 20 cm
- B. 15 cm
- C. 10 cm
- D. 12 cm

#### **Answer: B**



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9. Mark against the correct answer:

Two angles of a triangle measure  $30^{\circ}$  and  $25^{\circ}$  respectively. The measure of the third angle is

A.  $35^{\circ}$ 

B.  $45^{\circ}$ 

C.  $65^{\circ}$ 

D.  $125^{\circ}$ 

#### Answer: D

10. Mark against the correct answer:

Each angle of an equilateral triangle measures

A.  $30^{\circ}$ 

B.  $45^{\circ}$ 

C.  $60^{\circ}$ 

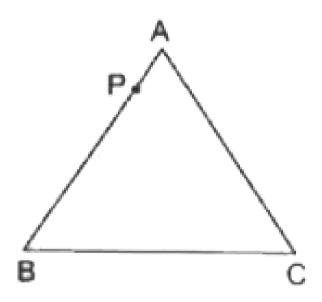
D.  $80^{\circ}$ 

**Answer: C** 



11. Mark against the correct answer:

In the adjoining figure, the point P lies



A. in the interior of  $\Delta$  ABC

B. in the exterior of  $\Delta$  ABC

C. on  $\Delta$  ABC

D. outside  $\Delta$  ABC

**Answer: C** 

