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## MATHS

## BOOKS - RS AGGARWAL MATHS <br> (HINGLISH)

## CONSTRUCTIONS

Example

1. Draw a line parallel to a given line 1 and passing through a given point $P$.


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2. Draw a line parallel to a given line at a distance of 3 cm from it.


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3. Construct a $\triangle A B C$ in which $\mathrm{BC}=6.2 \mathrm{~cm}$,
$A B=5 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $A C=4.3 \mathrm{~cm}$.

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4. Construct a $\triangle P Q R$ in which $\mathrm{PQ}=5.3 \mathrm{~cm}$. $P R=4.6 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $Q R=3.8 \mathrm{~cm}$.

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5. Construct a $\triangle P Q R$ in which $Q R=4.2 \mathrm{~cm}$, $\angle Q=120^{\circ}$ and $\mathrm{PQ}=3.5 \mathrm{~cm}$. Draw $P M \perp Q R$

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6. Construct a $\triangle A B C$ in which $\mathrm{BC}=4.8 \mathrm{~cm}$,
$\angle B=60^{\circ}$ and $\angle C=75^{\circ}$.

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7. Construct a $\triangle A B C$ in which $\mathrm{BC}=5.3 \mathrm{~cm}$,
$\angle B=45^{\circ}$ and $\angle A=75^{\circ}$.

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8. Construct a $\triangle A B C$ in which base $\mathrm{BC}=4.8$ $\mathrm{cm}, \angle B=90^{\circ}$ and hypotenuse $\mathrm{AC}=6.2 \mathrm{~cm}$.

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9. Construct a right-angled triangle whose hypotenuse measures 5.6 cm and one of whose acute angles measures $30^{\circ}$.

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1. Draw a line $A B$ and take a point $P$ outside it.

Draw a line $C D$ parallel to $A B$ and passing through the point $P$.

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2. Draw a line $A B$ and draw another line $C D$ parallel to $A B$ at a distance of 3.5 cm from it.
3. Draw a line and draw another line $m$ parallel to lat a distance of 4.3 cm from it.

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## Exercise B

1. Construct $\triangle P Q R$ in which
$Q R=6 \mathrm{~cm}, P Q=4.4 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $P R=5.3 \mathrm{~cm}$.

Draw the bisector of $\angle \mathrm{P}$

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2. Construct an equilateral triangle each of whose sides measures 6.2 cm . Measure each one of its angles.

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3. Construct a $\triangle A B C$ in which $A B=A C=4.8$ cm and $\mathrm{BC}=5.3 \mathrm{~cm}$. Measure $\angle \mathrm{B}$ and $\angle C$. Draw
$A D \perp B C$
4. Construct a $\triangle A B C$ in which $\mathrm{AB}=3.8 \mathrm{~cm}, \angle$
$\mathrm{A}=60^{\circ}$ and $\mathrm{AC}=5 \mathrm{~cm}$.

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5. Construct a $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}$ in which $\mathrm{BC}=4.3 \mathrm{~cm}, \angle \mathrm{C}=$ $45^{\circ}$ and $\mathrm{AC}=6 \mathrm{~cm}$.

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6. Construct a $\triangle A B C$ in which $\mathrm{BC}=6.2 \mathrm{~cm}$,
$\angle \mathrm{B}=60^{\circ}$ and $\angle C=45^{\circ}$

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7. Construct a $\triangle A B C$ in which $\mathrm{AB}=7 \mathrm{~cm}$,
$\angle A=45^{\circ}$ and $\angle C=75^{\circ}$.

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8. Construct a $\triangle A B C$ in which $\mathrm{BC}=4.8 \mathrm{~cm}$,
$\angle C=90^{\circ}$ and $\mathrm{AB}=6.3 \mathrm{~cm}$.

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9. Construct a right-angled triangle one side of
which measures 3.5 cm and the length of whose hypotenuse is 6 cm .

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10. Construct a right triangle having hypotenuse of length 5.6 cm and one of whose acute angles measures $30^{\circ}$

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## Exercise C M C Q

1. The supplement of $45^{\circ}$ is
A. $45^{\circ}$
B. $75^{\circ}$
C. $135^{\circ}$
D. $155^{\circ}$

## Answer: C

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## 2. The complement of $80^{\circ}$ is

A. $100^{\circ}$
B. $10^{\circ}$
C. $20^{\circ}$
D. $280^{\circ}$

Answer: B

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3. An angle is its own complement. The measure of the angle is
A. $30^{\circ}$
B. $45^{\circ}$
C. $90^{\circ}$
D. $60^{\circ}$

Answer: B

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4. An angle is one-fifth of its supplement. The measure of the angle is
A. $30^{\circ}$
B. $15^{\circ}$
C. $15^{\circ}$
D. $150^{\circ}$

Answer: A
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5. An angle is $24^{\circ}$ more than its complement.

The measure of the angle is
A. $47^{\circ}$
B. $57^{\circ}$
C. $53^{\circ}$
D. $66^{\circ}$

Answer: B

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6. An angle is $32^{\circ}$ less than its supplement.

The measure of the angle is
A. $37^{\circ}$
B. $74^{\circ}$

## C. $148^{\circ}$

## D. none of these

Answer: B

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## 7. Two supplementary angles are in the ratio

## 3:2. The smaller angle measures

A. $108^{\circ}$
B. $81^{\circ}$
C. $72^{\circ}$
D. none of these

## Answer: C

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8. In the given figure, $A O B$ is a straight line and the ray OC stands on it. If $\angle \mathrm{BOC}=132^{\circ}$,
then $\angle A O C=$ ?

A. $68^{\circ}$
B. $48^{\circ}$
C. $42^{\circ}$
D. none of these

Answer: B

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9. In the given figure, AOB is a straight line, $\angle$
$\mathrm{AOC}=68^{\circ}$ and $\angle B O C=X^{\circ}$ The value of $x$ is

A. 32
B. 22
C. 112
D. 132

Answer: C

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10. In the adjoining figure, what value of $x$ will
make AOB a straight line?

A. $x=30$
B. $x=35$
C. $x=25$
D. $x=40$

Answer: B

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11. In the given figure, what value of $x$ will make

AOB a straight line?

A. $x=50$
B. $x=100$
C. $x=60$
D. $x=80$

Answer: d
12. In the given figure, it is given that $A O B$ is a straight line and $4 x=5 y$. What is the value of $x$ ?

A. 100
B. 105
C. 110

## D. 115

## Answer: a

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13. In the given figure, two straight lines $A B$ and $C D$ intersect at a point and $\angle A O C=50^{\circ}$.

Then, $\angle \mathrm{BOD}=$ ?

A. $40^{\circ}$
B. $50^{\circ}$
C. $130^{\circ}$
D. $60^{\circ}$

Answer: b

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14. In the given figure, $A O B$ is a straight line, $\angle$
$\mathrm{AOC}=(3 x-8)^{\circ}, \angle \mathrm{COD}=50^{\circ}$ and $\angle \mathrm{BOD}=$
$(x+10)^{\circ}$. The value of x is

A. 32
B. 42
C. 36
D. 52

Answer: a
15. In $\triangle A B C$, side $B C$ has been produced to
D. If $\angle A C D=132^{\circ}$ and $\angle A=54^{\circ}$, then $\angle B=$ ?
A. $48^{\circ}$.
B. $78^{\circ}$
C. $68^{\circ}$
D. $58^{\circ}$

Answer: b
16. In $A B C$, side $B C$ has been produced to $D$. If $\angle$ $\mathrm{BAC}=45^{\circ}$. And $\mathrm{ABC}=55^{\circ}$, then $\angle \mathrm{ACD}=$ ?

A. $80^{\circ}$
B. $90^{\circ}$
C. $100^{\circ}$
D. $110^{\circ}$

## Answer: c

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17. In the given figure, side BC of $\angle A B C$ is produced to D such that $\angle A B C=70^{\circ}$ and
$\angle A C D=120^{\circ}$. Then, $\angle \mathrm{BAC}=$ ?

A. $60^{\circ}$
B. $50^{\circ}$
C. $70^{\circ}$
D. $35^{\circ}$

Answer: b

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18. In the given figure, rays $O A, O B, O C$ and $O D$
are such that $\angle \mathrm{AOB}=50^{\circ}, \angle \mathrm{BOC}=90^{\circ}$,
$\angle C O D=70^{\circ}$ and $\angle A O D=x^{\circ}$. Then, the
value of $x$ is

A. $50^{\circ}$
B. $70^{\circ}$
C. $150^{\circ}$
D. $90^{\circ}$

Answer: c

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19. In the given figure, $\angle \mathrm{A}-50^{\circ}, \mathrm{CE} \| \mathrm{BA}$ and $\angle$
$\mathrm{ECD}-60^{\circ}$. Then, $\mathrm{ZACB}=$ ?

A. $50^{\circ}$
B. $60^{\circ}$
C. $70^{\circ}$
D. $80^{\circ}$

Answer: c

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20. In $\triangle A B C$, if $\angle A=65^{\circ}$ and
$\angle C=85^{\circ}$, then $\angle \mathrm{B}=$ ?
A. $25^{\circ}$
B. $30^{\circ}$
C. $35^{\circ}$
D. $40^{\circ}$

Answer: B

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21. The sum of two angles of a triangle is $80^{\circ}$
and their difference is $20^{\circ}$. Find all the angles.
A. $90^{\circ}$
B. $100^{\circ}$
C. $150^{\circ}$
D. $180^{\circ}$

Answer: d

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22. The sum of all angles of a quadrilateral is
A. $180^{\circ}$
B. $270^{\circ}$
C. $360^{\circ}$
D. $480^{\circ}$

## Answer: C

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23. In the given figure, $A B \| C D, \angle O A B=$
$150^{\circ}$ and $\angle O C D=120^{\circ}$. Then, $\angle A O C=?$

A. $80^{\circ}$
B. $90^{\circ}$
C. $70^{\circ}$
D. $100^{\circ}$

Answer: B

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24. In the given figure, $\mathrm{PQ} \| \mathrm{RS}, \angle \mathrm{PAB}=60^{\circ}$ and $\angle \mathrm{ACS}=100^{\circ}$. Then, $\angle \mathrm{BAC}=$ ?
A. $40^{\circ}$
B. $60^{\circ}$
C. $80^{\circ}$
D. $50^{\circ}$

Answer: a
25. In the given figure, $A B|C D| \mid E F, \angle A B G=$
$110^{\circ}, \angle \mathrm{GCD}=100^{\circ}$ and $\angle \mathrm{BGC}=x^{\circ}$. Then, $\mathrm{X}=$ ?

A. 35
B. 50
C. 30
D. 40

## Answer: c

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26. Which of the following sentences are statements? In case of a statement mention whether it is true or false.
(i) The sun is a star.
(ii) $\sqrt{7}$ is an irrational number.
(iii) The sum of 5 and 6 is less than 10 .
(iv) Go to your class.
(v) Ice is always cold.
(vi) Have you ever seen the Red Fort?
(vii) Every relation is a function.
(viii) The sum of any two sides of a triangle is
always greater than the third side.
(ix) May God bless you!
A. equal to the third side
B. less than the third side
C. greater than or equal to the 3rd side
D. greater than the 3rd side

## Answer: d

## - Watch Video Solution

27. The diagonals of a rhombus
A. are always equal
B. never bisect each other
C. always bisect each other at an acute angle
D. always bisect each other at right angles

Answer: d

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28. In $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}, \angle B=90^{\circ}, A B=5 \mathrm{~cm}$ and
$A C=13 \mathrm{~cm}$. Then, $B C=$ ?

A. 8 cm

## B. 18 cm

## C. 12 cm

D. none of these

Answer: c

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29. In a $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}$ it is given that $\angle B=37^{\circ}$ and
$\angle C=29^{\circ}$. Then, $\angle A=$ ?
A. $86^{\circ}$
B. $66^{\circ}$
C. $114^{\circ}$
D. $57^{\circ}$

## Answer: c

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30. The angles of a triangle are in the ratio 2:3: 7. The measure of the largest angle is
A. $84^{\circ}$
B. $98^{\circ}$
C. $105^{\circ}$
D. $91^{\circ}$

Answer: c

## - Watch Video Solution

31. In a $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}$, if $2 \angle A=3 \angle \mathrm{~B}=6 \angle \mathrm{C}$, then $\angle B$
$=$ ?
A. $30^{\circ}$
B. $90^{\circ}$
C. $60^{\circ}$
D. $45^{\circ}$

Answer: c

## - Watch Video Solution

32. In a $\triangle A B C$, if $\angle A+\angle B=65^{\circ}$ and $\angle B+\angle$
$\mathrm{C}=140^{\circ}$. Then, $\angle \mathrm{B}=$ ?
A. $25^{\circ}$
B. $35^{\circ}$
C. $40^{\circ}$
D. $45^{\circ}$

Answer: a

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33. In a $\triangle{ }^{`} A B C, \angle \mathrm{~A}-\angle \mathrm{B}=33^{\circ}$ and $\angle \mathrm{B}-\angle \mathrm{C}$
$=18^{\circ}$. Then, $\angle \mathrm{B}=$ ?
A. $35^{\circ}$

## B. $55^{\circ}$

C. $45^{\circ}$
D. $57^{\circ}$

## Answer: b

## D Watch Video Solution

34. The angles of a triangle are $(3 x)^{\circ}$,

$$
(2 x-7)^{\circ} \text { and }(4 x-11)^{\circ} . \text { Then, } \mathrm{x}=?
$$

A. 18
B. 20
C. 22
D. 30

## Answer: c

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35. $\triangle A B C$ is right-angled at A . If $\mathrm{AB}=24 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{AC}=7 \mathrm{~cm}$, then $\mathrm{BC}=$ ?
A. 31 cm
B. 17 cm
C. 25 cm
D. 28 cm

## Answer: c

## D Watch Video Solution

36. A ladder is placd in such a way that its foot
is a distance of 15 m from a wall and its top
reaches a window 20 m abvoe the ground. Find the leng of the ladder .
A. 35 m
B. 25 m
C. 18 m
D. 17.5 m

Answer: b

## D Watch Video Solution

37. Two poles of height 6 m and 11 m stand vertically upright on a plane ground. If the
A. 13 m
B. 14 m
C. 15 m
D. 12.8 m

Answer: a
( Watch Video Solution
38. $\triangle A B C$ is an isosceles triangle with
$\angle C=90^{\circ}$ and $\mathrm{AC}=5 \mathrm{~cm}$. Then, $\mathrm{AB}=$ ?
A. 2.5 cm
B. 5 cm
C. 10 cm
D. $5 \sqrt{2} \mathrm{~cm}$

Answer: d
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## Test Paper

1. In the given figure, $\mathrm{AB} \| \mathrm{CD}, \angle A B O=60^{\circ}$ and $\angle C D O=40^{\circ}$. Then, find $\angle B O D$.

(D) Watch Video Solution
2. In the given figure, $\mathrm{CE} \mid \mathrm{BA}$. If $\angle B A C=70^{\circ}$ and $\angle E C D=50^{\circ}$, find $\angle A C B$.

## - Watch Video Solution

3. In the given figure, two straight lines $A B$ and
$C D$ intersect at a point such that
$\angle A O C=50^{\circ}$. Find: (i) $\angle B O D$
(ii) $\angle B O C$


## D Watch Video Solution

4. In the given figure, $A O B$ is a straight line and

OC is a ray such that $\angle A O C=(3 x+20)^{\circ}$ and $\angle B O C=(2 x-10)^{\circ}$. Find the value of $x$ and hence find (i) $\angle A O C$
(ii) $\angle B O C$
$(3 x+20)^{\circ}$
$(2 x-10)^{\circ}$
A


- Watch Video Solution

5. In a $\triangle A B C$, if $\angle A=65^{\circ}, \angle B=45^{\circ}$,
find $\angle C$.

D Watch Video Solution
6. In the given figure, $x: y=2: 3$ and $\angle A C D=120^{\circ}$. Find the values of x y and z .

## D Watch Video Solution

7. Two legs of a right triangle are 8 cm and 15
cm long. Find the length of the hypotenuse of the triangle.

## D Watch Video Solution

8. In the adjoining figure, $A B C$ is a triangle in
which AD is the bisector of $\angle A$. If $\mathrm{AD} \perp \mathrm{BC}$,
show that $\triangle A B C$ is isosceles.


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## Test Paper M C Q

1. The supplement of $35^{\circ}$ is
A. $55^{\circ}$
B. $65^{\circ}$
C. $145^{\circ}$
D. $165^{\circ}$

Answer: c
2. In the given figure, $A O B$ is a straight line,
$\angle A O C=56^{\circ}$ and $\angle B O C=x^{\circ}$. The value of $x$ is

A. 34
B. 44
C. 144
D. 124

## Answer: d

## D Watch Video Solution

3. In $\triangle A B C$, side $B C$ has been produced to $D$
such
that
$\angle A C D=125^{\circ}$ and $\angle B A C=60^{\circ}$. Then, $\angle$
$\mathrm{ABC}=$ ?
A. $55^{\circ}$
B. $60^{\circ}$
C. $65^{\circ}$
D. $70^{\circ}$

Answer: c

## - Watch Video Solution

4. In a $\triangle A B C$, if $\angle B=40^{\circ}$ and $\angle C=35^{\circ}$,
then $\angle A=?$
A. $50^{\circ}$
B. $55^{\circ}$
C. $105^{\circ}$
D. $150^{\circ}$

Answer: c

## - Watch Video Solution

5. In a $\triangle A B C$, if $2 \angle A=3 \angle B=6 \angle C$, then
$\angle B=?$
A. $30^{\circ}$
B. $45^{\circ}$
C. $60^{\circ}$
D. $90^{\circ}$

## Answer: c

## - Watch Video Solution

6. In a $\triangle A B C$, if $A-B=33^{\circ}$ and $B-C=18^{\circ}$, then $\angle B=$ ?
A. $35^{\circ}$

## B. $55^{\circ}$

C. $45^{\circ}$
D. $57^{\circ}$

## Answer: b

## D Watch Video Solution

7. $\triangle A B C$ is an isosceles right triangle in which $\angle A=90^{\circ}$ and $\mathrm{BC}=6 \mathrm{~cm}$. Then $\mathrm{AB}=$ ?
A. $2 \sqrt{2} \mathrm{~cm}$
B. $3 \sqrt{2} \mathrm{~cm}$
C. $4 \sqrt{2} \mathrm{~cm}$
D. $2 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}$

Answer: b

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## Test Paper Fill In The Blanks

1. The sum of the angles of a triangle is
2. The sum of any two sides of a triangle is always ...... than the third side.

## D Watch Video Solution

3. In a $\triangle A B C$, if $\angle A=90^{\circ}$, then $B C^{2}=$
$(\ldots . .)+.(\ldots .).$.

## D Watch Video Solution

4. In a $\triangle A B C, \mathrm{AB}=\mathrm{AC}$ and $A D \perp B C$, then $B D=. . . . .$.

## D Watch Video Solution

5. In the given figure, side BC of $\triangle A B C$ is produced to D and $\mathrm{CE} \mid \mathrm{BA}$. If $\angle B A C=50^{\circ}$ ,then $\angle A C E=$......

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Test Paper True False

1. If two parallel lines are cut by a transversal, then the alternate interior angles are equal
A. TRUE
B. FALSE
C. Cannot be determined
D. None of these

Answer: A

D Watch Video Solution
2. If two lines intersect each other, then the vertically opposite angles are equal.

- Watch Video Solution

3. Each acute angle of an isosceles right triangle measures $60^{\circ}$.
4. A right triangle cannot have an obtuse angle.

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