



India's Number 1 Education App

MATHS

BOOKS - KC SINHA MATHS (HINGLISH)

LOGARITHM - FOR BOARDS

Solved Examples

1. Find the value of b satisfying $\log_{\sqrt{8}} b = 3\frac{1}{3}$



Watch Video Solution

2. 10 Find the value of $\log_b a \cdot \log_c b \cdot \log_a c$.



Watch Video Solution

3. Prove that: $\log_3 \log_2 \log_{\sqrt{5}}(625) = 1$



Watch Video Solution

4. If $a^2 + b^2 = 23ab$, then prove that: $\frac{\log(a+b)}{5} = \frac{1}{2}(\log a + \log b)$



Watch Video Solution

5. Find the value of $\log \tan 1^\circ \log \tan 2^\circ \log \tan 89^\circ$



Watch Video Solution

6. Simplify: $2^{(\log)_3 5} - 5^{(\log)_3 2}$



Watch Video Solution

7. If $\frac{\log x}{y-z} = \frac{\log y}{z-x} = \frac{\log z}{x-y}$, then prove that: $x^x y^y z^z = 1$



Watch Video Solution

8. The value of $(yz)^{\log y - \log z} \times (zx)^{\log z - \log x} \times (xy)^{\log x - \log y}$ is



Watch Video Solution

9.

Prove

that:

$$\frac{1}{\log_2 N} + \frac{1}{\log_3 N} + \frac{1}{\log_4 N} + \dots + \frac{1}{\log_{2011} N} = \frac{1}{\log_{2011} N}$$



Watch Video Solution

10.

If

$0 < x < 1$,

prove

that:

$$\log(1+x) + \log(1+x^2) + \log(1+x^4) + \dots \infty = -\log(1-x)$$



Watch Video Solution

11. If a, b, c , be the p th, q th and r th terms respectively of a Geometric progression, and $a, b, c > 0$ then show that:

$$(q - r)\log a + (r - p)\log b + (p - q)\log c = 0$$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

12. If a, b, c are in G.P., prove that: $\log_a x, \log_b x, \log_c x$ are in H.P.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

13. If $(\log)_7(\log)_5(\sqrt{x+5} + \sqrt{x}) = 0$, what is the value of x ?
a. 3 b. 4 c. 2 d. 5



[Watch Video Solution](#)

14. If $\log_5\left(5^{\frac{1}{x}} + 125\right) = \log_5 6 + 1 + \frac{1}{2x}$, then $x =$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

15. if $\frac{1+3+5+\dots \text{up to } n \text{ terms}}{4+7+10+\dots \text{up to } n \text{ terms}} = \frac{20}{7 \log_{10} X}$ and
 $n = \log_{10} x + \frac{\log_{10} X^1}{2} + \frac{\log_{10} X^1}{4} + \dots + \infty$, then x is equal to



[Watch Video Solution](#)

16. If $4^{\log_9(3)} + 9^{\log_2(4)} = 10^{\log_x(83)}$ then $x =$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

17. If $4^{\log_9(3)} + 9^{\log_2(4)} = 10^{\log_x(83)}$ then $x =$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

18. If $\frac{6}{5}a^A - 3^B = 9^C$ where $A = \log_a x \cdot \log_{10} a \log_a 5$, $B = \log_{10}\left(\frac{x}{10}\right)$
and $C = \log_{100} x + \log_4 2$. Find x



Watch Video Solution

19. Solve for x : $(5 + 2\sqrt{6})^x \wedge (2 - 3) + (5 - 2\sqrt{6})^x \wedge (2 - 3) = 10$.



Watch Video Solution

20. solve for x : $2 \log_{10} x - \log_x(0.01) = 5$



Watch Video Solution

21. For what values of x , $\log_{0.3}(x^2 + 8) > \log_{0.3}(9x)$



Watch Video Solution

22. Solve the inequality: $\log_{x-2}(2x - 3) > \log_{x-2}(24 - 6x)$



Watch Video Solution

23. Show that: $\log_{10} 2$ lies between $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$



Watch Video Solution

24. Which one is greater: $\cos(\log_e \theta)$ or $\log_e(\cos \theta)$ if $-\frac{\pi}{2} < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$



Watch Video Solution

25. If $\log_2 x + \log_2 y \geq 6$ prove that the smallest possible value of $x+y$ is 16.



Watch Video Solution

Exercise

1. $\log_9 \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)$



Watch Video Solution

2. Evaluate: $\log_{a^2} b \div \log_{\sqrt{a}} (b)^2$



Watch Video Solution

3. Evaluate: $\log_{\sqrt{5}} .008$



Watch Video Solution

4. Evaluate: $\log_{2\sqrt{3}} 144$



Watch Video Solution

5. Prove that $\log_2 \log_2 \log_{\sqrt{3}} 81 = 1$



Watch Video Solution

6. Prove that: $\log_a x \times \log_b y = \log_b x \times \log_a y$



Watch Video Solution

7. Prove that (i) $\log_2 \log_2 \log_2 16 = 1$



Watch Video Solution

8. Prove that: $\log_a x = \log_b x \times \log_c b \times \dots \times \log_n m \times \log_a n$



Watch Video Solution

9. Prove that: $a^x = 10^{x \log_{10} a}$



Watch Video Solution

10. If $a^2 + b^2 = 7ab$ prove that $\left(\frac{\log(a+b)}{3} \right) = \frac{\log a + \log b}{2}$



Watch Video Solution

11. Prove that: $\frac{\log_a(\log_b a)}{\log_b(\log_a b)} = -\log_a b$



Watch Video Solution

12. Prove that $\log(1 + 2 + 3) = \log 1 + \log 2 + \log 3$



Watch Video Solution

13. Prove that:

$$2 \log(1 + 2 + 4 + 7 + 14) = \log 1 + \log 2 + \log 4 + \log 7 + \log 14$$



Watch Video Solution

14. prove that $\log 2 + 16 \log\left(\frac{16}{15}\right) + 12 \log\left(\frac{25}{24}\right) + 7 \log\left(\frac{81}{80}\right) = 1$



Watch Video Solution

15. Prove that: $\frac{\log_9 11}{\log_5 3} = \frac{\log_3 11}{\log_{\sqrt{5}} 3}$.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

16. If $\log_{10} 343 = 2.5353$ then the least positive integer 'n' such that $7^n > 10^5$ is



[Watch Video Solution](#)

17. If a,b,c are in G.P., prove that: $\log_a x, \log_b x, \log_c x$ are in H.P.



[Watch Video Solution](#)

18. Prove that: $\log \sin 8x = 3 \log 2 + \log \sin x + \log \cos 2x + \log \cos 4x$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

19. If $\log_4 10 = x$, $\log_2 20 = y$ and $\log_5 8 = z$. prove that

$$\frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{y+1} + \frac{1}{z+1} = 1.$$



Watch Video Solution

20. if $x = \log_a(bc)$, $y = \log_b(ca)$ and $z = \log_c(ab)$ then

$$\frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{1}{y+1} + \frac{1}{z+1}$$



Watch Video Solution

21. $\frac{1}{1 + \log_b a + \log_b c} + \frac{1}{1 + \log_c a + \log_c b} + \frac{1}{1 + \log_a b + \log_a c}$



Watch Video Solution

22. prove that $x^{\log y - \log z} \cdot y^{\log z - \log x} \cdot z^{\log x - \log y} = 1$



Watch Video Solution

23. If $\frac{\log a}{y-z} = \frac{\log b}{z-x} = \frac{\log c}{x-y}$, then $a^x b^y c^z$ is equal to



[Watch Video Solution](#)

24. If $x \frac{y+z-x}{\log x} = y \frac{z+x-y}{\log y} = z \frac{x+y-z}{\log z}$; Prove that
 $x^y y^x = z^y y^z = x^z z^x$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

25. If $\frac{\log a}{b-c} = \frac{\log b}{c-a} = \frac{\log c}{a-b}$, then $a^{b+c} \cdot b^{c+a} \cdot c^{a+b} =$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

26. If $\frac{\log x}{q-r} = \frac{\log y}{r-p} = \frac{\log z}{p-q}$ prove that $x^{q+r} \cdot y^{r+p} \cdot z^{p+q} = x^p \cdot y^q \cdot z^r$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

27. Show that: $\frac{1}{\log_2 n} + \frac{1}{\log_3 n} + \frac{1}{\log_4 n} + \dots + \frac{1}{\log_{43} n} = \frac{1}{\log_{43!} n}$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

28. $2(\log a + \log a^2 + \log a^3 + \log a^4 + \dots + \log a^n)$ is equal to



[Watch Video Solution](#)

29. How many zeroes are there between the decimal point and first significant digits in $(0.0504)^{10}$. Given

$$\log 2 = 0.301, \log 3 = 0.477 \text{ and } \log 7 = 0.845$$



[Watch Video Solution](#)

30. Find the number of digits in $(72)^{15}$ without actual computation. Given
 $\log 2 = 0.301, \log 3 = 0.477$.



Watch Video Solution

31. How many positive integers have characteristics 2 when base is 5.



Watch Video Solution

32. If $\log 2 = 0.301$ and $\log 3 = 0.477$, find the number of digits in:
 $(3^{15} \times 2^{10})$



Watch Video Solution

33. If $\log 2 = 0.30101$, $\log 3 = 0.47712$, then the number of digits in 6^{20}
is 15 b. 16 c. 17 d. 18



Watch Video Solution

34. Find the number of digits 5^{25}



Watch Video Solution



Watch Video Solution

35. Solve the equation: $\log_2 x + \log_4(x + 2) = 2$



Watch Video Solution

36. $\log_X(X + 2) + \log_{X+2} X = \frac{5}{2}$



Watch Video Solution

37. Solve the equation: $\frac{\log(x + 1)}{\log x} = 2$



Watch Video Solution

38. The values of x , satisfying the equation for

$\forall a > 0, 2\log_x a + \log_{ax} a + 3\log_{a^2x} a = 0$ are



Watch Video Solution

39. if $x + \log_{10}(1 + 2^x) = x \log_{10} 5 + \log_{10} 6$ then x



Watch Video Solution

40. The equation $x^{\frac{3}{4}(\log_2(x)) - \left(\frac{5}{4}\right)} = \sqrt{2}$ has



Watch Video Solution

41. The number $\log_{20} 3$ lies in



Watch Video Solution

42. Show that: \log_{493} lies between $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$



Watch Video Solution

43. Find the values of x satisfying the inequalities :

$$\log_{0.1}(4x^2 - 1) > \log_{0.1} 3x$$



Watch Video Solution

44. Find the values of x satisfying the inequalities :

$$\log_2(x^2 - 24) > \log_2(5x)$$



Watch Video Solution

45. The value of $\frac{1}{\log_3 \pi} + \frac{1}{\log_4 \pi}$ is



Watch Video Solution

46. For what value of x $\log_3(x^2 + 10) > \log_3(7x)$



Watch Video Solution

47. Solve the inequality : $x^{\log x} > 10$.



Watch Video Solution

48. $\log_x 2 \cdot \log_{2x} 2 \log_2(4x) > 1$



Watch Video Solution

49. If $\log_{30} 3 = x$, $\log_{30} 5 = y$, then $\log_{30} 8 =$



Watch Video Solution

50. If $\log_{12} 18 = \alpha$ and $\log_{24} 54 = \beta$. Prove that $\alpha\beta + 5(\alpha - \beta) = 1$



Watch Video Solution

51. If a, b, c are in G.P., prove that: $\log_a x, \log_b x, \log_c x$ are in H.P.



Watch Video Solution

52. If $\log_a x, \log_b x, \log_c x$ are in A.P then $c^2 =$



Watch Video Solution

53. If a, b, c are distinct positive real numbers each different from unity such that

$(\log_a a \cdot \log_c a - \log_a a) + (\log_a b \cdot \log_c b - \log_b b) + (\log_a c \cdot \log_a c - \log_c c) =$
then prove that $abc = 1$.



Watch Video Solution

54. If $\log_3(2), \log_3(2^x - 5), \log_3\left(2^x - \frac{7}{2}\right)$ are in A.P. Determine the value of x .



Watch Video Solution

55. If $a \neq 0$ and $\log_x(a^2 + 1) < 0$ then x lies in the interval (A) $(0, \infty)$
(B) $(0, 1)$ (C) $(0, a)$ (D) none of these

 Watch Video Solution

56. The number $(\log)_2 7$ is (A) an integer (B) a rational number an irrational number (C) a prime number

 Watch Video Solution

57. If $\log_{0.5}(x - 2) < \log_{0.25}(x - 2)$ then x lies is the interval (A) $(-3, -2)$ (B) $(2, 3)$ (C) $(3, \infty)$ (D) none of these

 Watch Video Solution

58. Solve : $2 \log_x a + \log_{ax} a + 3 \log_b a = 0$ where $a > 0$, $b = a^2 x$

 Watch Video Solution

59.

Solve:

$$(\log)_{(2x+3)}(6x^2 + 23 + 21) + (\log)_{(3x+7)}(4x^2 + 12x + 9) = 4$$



Watch Video Solution

60. If $\log_{10} 343 = 2.5353$ then the least positive integer 'n' such that

$$7^n > 10^5$$
 is



Watch Video Solution

61. Show that: $\frac{1}{(\log_2 n)} + \frac{1}{(\log_3 n)} + \frac{1}{(\log_4 n)} + \dots$

$$+ \frac{1}{(\log_4 3 n)} = \frac{1}{(\log_4 3 n)}$$



Watch Video Solution

62. Solve : $\log_7 \log_5 (\sqrt{x+5} + \sqrt{x}) = 0$



Watch Video Solution

63. For $x > 1$, show that: $2 \log_{10} x - \log_x 0.01 \geq 4$



Watch Video Solution

64. The least value of the expression $2(\log)_{10}x - (\log)_x(0.01)$, for $x > 1$, is a. 10 b. 2 c. -0.01 d. none of these



Watch Video Solution

65. Show that: $|\log_b a + \log_a b| \geq 2$



Watch Video Solution

66. If $\log_{0.3}(x - 1) < \log_{0.09}(x - 1)$ the x will lie in the interval



Watch Video Solution

67. solve the equation $x^{\frac{3}{4}}(\log_2 x)^2 + \log_2 x - \frac{5}{4} = \sqrt{2}$



Watch Video Solution

68. If $\log_3 2$, $\log_3(2^x - 5)$ and $\log_3\left(2^x - \frac{7}{2}\right)$ are in A.P, determine the value of x .



Watch Video Solution

69. The number $(\log_2 7)^2$ is (a) an integer (b) a rational number an irrational number (c) a prime number



Watch Video Solution

70. Number of solutions of $\log_4(x - 1) = \log_2(x - 3)$ is :



Watch Video Solution

71. If $1, \log_9(3^{1-x} + 2), \log_3(4 \cdot 3^x - 1)$ are in A.P then x equals to



Watch Video Solution