

BIOLOGY

BOOKS - S DINESH & CO BIOLOGY (HINGLISH)

Plant Growth and Movements



An excised leaf does not turn yellow if it is induced to root this
is attributed to sythesis in root of or Leaf aging is retared by
Or

The cut flowers and vegetable can be kept be fresh a long period by hios plant horemone

A. Ethylene

- B. Gytokinins
- C. Gibberellins
- D. Auxins.

Answer: B



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- 2. A natural growth regulator is
 - A. NAA
 - B. 2, 4-D
 - C. Benzaldehyde
 - D. Ethylene.

Answer: D



3. The maximum growth phase is

- A. Lag phase
- B. Steady phase
- C. Log phase
- D. Senescent phase.

Answer: C



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4. The growth of plants differs from growth of animals in being

A. Localised

- B. Diffused
- C. Localised and diffused
- D. None of the above.

Answer: A



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- **5.** Ethylene is mainly responsible for
 - A. Formation of flower
 - B. Formation of root hairs
 - C. Ripening of fruits
 - D. Formation of fruit.

Answer: C



C The constitution is a least to the contribution of the contribut	
6. The rosette habit of cabbage can be changed by appli	icaton o

A. GA

B. IAA

C. ABA

D. CK.

Answer: A



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7. Growth is a

A. Reversible increase in size

- B. Reversible increase in shape
- C. Irreversible increase in size
- D. None of the above.

Answer: C



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- **8.** Bakanae disease is carused by
 - A. Fungus
 - B. Alga
 - C. Bacterium
 - D. Virus.

Answer: A

9. The terms "vernalisation" was coined by	9.	The	terms	"verna	lisation"	was	coined	b	У
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- A. Garner and Allard
- B. Darwin
- C. Geoffery
- D. Lysenko.

Answer: D



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10. Gibberellins were first extracted from

A. Coleoptile tip

C. Fungus
D. Bacterium.
Answer: C
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11. Substances which originate at the tip of the stem and controal groq=wth elsewhere are
A. Enzymes
B. Hormones
C. Vitamins
D. None of the above.

B. Root tip

Answer: B Watch Video Solution

12. The short day plant is

- A. Tomato
- B. Sunflower
- C. Cotton
- D. Potato.

Answer: d



A. Tomato
B. Potato
C. Cotton
D. Spinach.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
14. The day neutral plant is
A. Tobacco
A. Tobacco B. Tomato
B. Tomato

Answer: B



15. The synthesis of amlyase in certain cereals is stimulated by

A. GA

B. IAA

C. CK

D. ABA.

Answer: A



A. Irreversible
B. Increase in size
C. Localised
D. All the above.
Answer: D
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17. Plant response to environment is mainly through
A. Induction of dormancy
B. Abscission of parts
C. Synthesis of pigments
D. Growth.

Answer: D



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18. Darwin and Darwin discovered that Canary Grass coleoptile bends towards light only when

- A. It is 5 cm long
- B. The seedling is growing in blue light
- C. Coleoptile tip is intact and exposed to light
- D. Nights are cooler.

Answer: C



19. The discovery, that during light induced bending of stem the apex produces a diffusible chemical, was made by

- A. Charles Darwin and Franics Darwin
- B. Boysen-Jensen and Paal
- C. Went
- D. Van Overbeek.

Answer: B



- **20.** Etiolation is characterised by
 - A. Slender yellowish stems
 - B. Small yellowish leaves

C. Subterminal hook

D. All the above.

Answer: D



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21. In excess, CO_2

A. Accelerates growth

B. Does not influence growth

C. Inhibits growth

D. Slows down growth.

Answer: C



22. Which	one	regulates	plant	growth?	

- A. Commensalism
- B. Climate
- C. Hormones
- D. Both B and C.

Answer: D



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23. High C/N ratio produces

- A. Softer tissues
- B. More mechanical tissues

C. More growth hormones D. Growth inhibitors. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 24. Which one is not a growth promoter? A. ABA B. GA C. IAA D. CK. **Answer: A Watch Video Solution**

25. Crescograph was prepared by
A. Bose
B. Pfeffer
C. Ganong
D. Dixon.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
26. Optimum growth occurs in
A. Blue light

C. White light D. Green light. **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 27. A long-short day plant is A. Bryophyllum B. Tomato C. Potato D. Cucumber. **Answer: A**

28. DNA is

- A. Cestrum
- B. Cucumber
- C. Potato
- D. Radish.

Answer: B



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29. Major function CK is to

- A. Mobilise nutrients and prevent senescence
- B. Mobilise nutrients

C. Prevent senescene

D. Produce IAA.

Answer: A



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30. Growth promoter hormones are

A. IAA, ABA and CK

B. IAA, GA and ABA

C. IAA, GA and CK

D. ABA, CK and GA.

Answer: C



A. ABA
B. Ethylene
C. None of the above
D. Both A and B.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution 32. Cytokinins are mostly produced in

31. Hormone involved in ingibition of growth is

- C. Young leaves
- D. Lateral buds.

Answer: B



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33. Cytokinins

- A. Induce cell division and inhibit ageing
- B. Maintain dormancy
- C. Induce abscission
- D. Inhibit cell division.

Answer: A



34. Removal of apical bud makes the plant

- A. Bushy
- B. Grow rapidly
- C. Grow slowly
- D. Dormant.

Answer: A



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35. In organs of plants there is a variation in rate of growth. It is first slow, then accelerated upto maximum and slows down to stand still. The period of vigorous growth is known as

A. Lag phase

B. Period of growth

C. Grand period of growth

D. Log phase.

Answer: D



- **36.** Boioassary for auxin is
 - A. Dwarf maize test
 - B. Avena curvature test
 - C. Cell division test
 - D. Green leaf test.

Answer: B



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37. 2, 4-D stands for

- A. 2, 4-Dichlorophenoxy Acetic Acid
- B. 2, 4-Dichloro Butyric Acid
- C. 2, 4-Dichloronaphthoxy Acetic Acid
- D. 2, 4-Dichloronaphthalene Acetic Acid.

Answer: A



A. White B. Skoog C. Letham D. Miller. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 39. Bioassay for gibberellin is A. Avena curvature test B. Seed dormancy test C. Dwarf maize test. D. Green leaf test.

Answer: C Watch Video Solution 40. Internodal elongation is stimulated by

A. Auxin

B. Gibberellic acid

C. Cytokinin

D. Abscisic acid.

Answer: B



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41. The growth hormone, Gibberellin, was discovered by

A. Yabuta and Sumiki B. Dutrochet and Dolk C. Donoho and Walker D. Hashimoto and Rappaport. Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 42. Delay in senescence is caused by the spray of A. IBA B. GA C. Cytokinin D. ABA.

Answer: C Watch Video Solution

- 43. Cytokinins are generally
 - A. Acids
 - **B.** Aminopurines
 - C. Phenols
 - D. Glucosides.

Answer: B



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44. The response of plants to light was first of all discovered by

B. Darwin C. Thimann D. F.W. Went. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 45. Apples are generally wrapped in waxed paper to A. Prevent sunlight from changing its colour B. Prevent aerobic respiration by checking the entry of oxygen C. Prevent ethylene formation that hastens ripening

A. J.B Lamarck

D. Make the apples look costly.

Answer: C



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- 46. Seedless tomatoes are produced by
 - A. Supplying radioactive compounds
 - B. Spraying horomones on flowers
 - C. Propagating tomato plants from cuttings.
 - D. Growing tomato plants in mineral solution.

Answer: B



47. Avena coleoptilre test detects the presence of
A. GA
B. ABA
C. IAA
D. NAA.
Answer: C
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48. The term 'Yarovization' was coined by
A. Lysenko
B. Klebs
C. Yabuta

D. Kogl and Haagen-Smit.
Answer: A
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49. Hormone involved in breaking dormancy of winter buds is
A. Ethylene
B. Gibberellin
C. Auxin
D. Cytokinin.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution

50. Rapid growth of flowering axis in many plants is caused by			
A. Lower level of abscisic acid			
B. Higher level of auxin			
C. Higher level of gibberellin			
D. Lower level of auxin.			
Answer: C			
Watch Video Solution			
51. Differentiation of callus requires a specific ratio of two hormones			

A. Auxin and gibberellin

B. Auxin and abscisic acid

C. Gibberellin and abscisic acid D. IAA and cytokinin. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 52. Ferulic acid, coumarin and hesperidin are

- A. Secondary plant products
- **B.** Hormones
- C. Enzymes
- D. Vitamins.

Answer: A



53. Gibberellins take part in

- A. Bolting of rosette plants
- B. Replacing long day requirement
- C. Overcoming genetic dwarfism
- D. All the above.

Answer: D



- 54. A decapitated plant exposed to unilateral light
 - A. Bends away from source of illumination
 - B. Bends towards the source of light

C. Shows zigzag curvature

D. Does not show bending movement.

Answer: D



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55. Correct sequence of different phases of growth is

A. Cell division $\ \ \rightarrow \$ Cell differentiation $\ \ \rightarrow \$ Cell elongation

B. Cell differentiation $\ \ \rightarrow \$ Cell division $\ \ \rightarrow \$ Cell elongation

C. Cell elongation $\,\,
ightarrow\,$ Cell differentiation

D. Cell division $\,\,
ightarrow\,\,$ Cell elongation $\,\,
ightarrow\,\,$ Cell differentiation.

Answer: D



56. Correct sequence of different stages of development is

A. Fruiting $\,
ightarrow\,$ Flowering $\,
ightarrow\,$ Juvenility $\,
ightarrow\,$ Germination

B. Germination $\, o \,$ Juvenility $\, o \,$ Flowering $\, o \,$ Fruiting

C. Flowering $\,
ightarrow\,$ Fruiting $\,
ightarrow\,$ Juvenility $\,
ightarrow\,$ Germination

D. Juvenility ightarrow Flowering ightarrow Fruiting ightarrow Germination.

Answer: B



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57. Exponention growth is shown during

A. Lag phase

B. Log phase

- C. Maturation phase
- D. Senescence phase.

Answer: B



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58. Name the scientist who discovered that decapitated coleoptile would resume photo-sensitivity and growth if severed tip is reattached through a gelatin disc.

- A. Darwin
- B. Van Overbeek
- C. Boyson Jensen
- D. Paal.

Answer: C



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59. During wall enlargement new wall materials are inserted amongst the older ones. The phenomenon is

- A. Accretion
- B. Integration
- C. Intussusception
- D. Interpolation.

Answer: C



60. Temperature range for plant growth is

A.
$$20^{\circ}\,-35^{\circ}$$

B.
$$0^\circ - 35^\circ C$$

C.
$$10^{\circ}\,-50^{\circ}$$

D.
$$0^{\circ}\,-20^{\circ}\,C$$

Answer: B



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61. Apical dominance in higher plants is due to

A. C/N ratio

B. Photoperiodism

C. Phototropism

D. Auxin-cytokinin balance.
Answer: D
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52. Growth of a shoot or a root involves
A. Cell enlargement
B. Cell division
C. Cell differentiation

D. All the above.

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Answer: D

63. Hormone involved in the formation of winter buds
A. GA
B. CK
C. ABA
D. Ethylene.
Answer: C
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Watch Video Solution
64. Leaf abscission is prevented by
64. Leaf abscission is prevented by

D. Auxin.	
Answer: D	
Watch Video Solution	
65. Leaf abscission is promoted	by
A. Ethylene	
B. Abscisic acid	

C. Cytokinin

D. Tryptophan.

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Answer: A

66.	Leaf	fall	occurs	when
vv.	LCai	ıaıı	occurs	WILCII

- A. Auxin content is more in lamina than in the stem
- B. Auxin content is low in the lamina as compared to stem
- C. Abscisic acid is formed
- D. Morphactins are produced.

Answer: B



- 67. It will not be any advantage to produce seedless frutis in
 - A. Mangoes
 - B. Watermelons
 - C. Pomergranate

D. Oranges.
Answer: C
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68. If auxin concentration is increased in plant roots, the water
absorption will
A. Increae
B. Decrease
C. Remain the same
D. None.
Answer: A
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69. Cell mitosis is induced by
A. Colchicine
B. Gibberellic acid
C. Nitrosoguanidine
D. Kinetin.
Answer: D
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70. Chyrsanthemums flower in winter because

A. They are short day plants

B. They required low temperature treatment

- C. They are long day plants
- D. Both A and B.

Answer: D



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71. Gibberellic acid has been successfully employed to induce flowering

- A. In short day plants under long day conditions
- B. In long day plants under short day conditions
- C. In all plants
- D. None of the above.

Answer: B

72. Plants which daily require shorter period of darkness for flowering are called

- A. Short day plants
- B. Long day plants
- C. Normal day plants
- D. Ephemeral plants

Answer: B



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73. Photoperiodism is associated with the formation of

A. Chlorophyll B. Florigen C. Auxin D. Gibberellin. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 74. Hormone responsible for vernalization is A. Florigen B. Colchicine C. Abscisin D. Vernalin

Answer: D



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75. Lettuce seeds germinate only when

- A. Red light is available
- B. Blue light is available
- C. Green light is available
- D. They are sown deep in the soil.

Answer: A



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76. Which of the following is required for the formation of flowers in the plants?

A. Adequate oxygen

B. Definite photoperiod

C. Adequate manure

D. Adequate water and mineral.

Answer: B



77. Kinetin like properties are present in

A. Pineapple

B. Soyabean

C. Groundnut
D. Coconut milk.
Answer: D
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78. Low concentraion of auxin inhibits growth in
76. LOW Concentration of duxin minibits growth in
A. Stem
B. Roots
C. Leaves
D. Flowers.
Answer: A
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79. Apples growing on tree can have larger than normal size by
A. Thinning of blossoms
B. Defoliation
C. Decapitation of stem apex
D. Applying of hormones.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
80. An Apple tree can be made to bear larger sized fruits by
A. Decapitation

B. Defoliation

- C. Dehydration
- D. Thinning of blossom.

Answer: D



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- 81. Fruit drop occurs when fruit has
 - A. No auxin as in the stem
 - B. Less auxin as compared to stem
 - C. More auxin than the one present in the stem
 - D. Auxin concentration equal to that of stem.

Answer: B



82	Augin	does	not	increase
OZ.	AUXIII	uucs	HOL	IIICI Casc

- A. The plasticity of cell walls
- B. The rate of photosynthesis
- C. The uptake of water by cells
- D. Rate of respiration.

Answer: B



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83. Induction of rooting in stem cutting would be most beneficial in

A. Marchantia

B. Wheat C. Cuscuta D. Bougainvillea. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 84. Weed killers have properties similar to A. Hormones B. Enzymes C. Insecticides D. Vitamins.

Answer: A

85. In Red (P_x) and Far-rad $\left(P_{fx}\right)$ (given alternately) responses of plants, it is the

- A. First treatment that is effective
- B. Middle treatment that is effective
- C. Last treatment that is important
- D. Sum total of all treatments that counts.

Answer: C



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86. Germination of some seeds is promoted by

A. Green light B. Red light C. Far-red light D. Blue light. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 87. Flowering in some short day plants is promoted by A. Auxins B. Gibberellins C. Cytokinins/ABA D. Ethylene.

Answer: C



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88. Flowering in Pineapple is promoted by

A. GA

B. IAA

C. Ethylene

D. Both B and C.

Answer: D



- A. The root sends a message to shoot apex to do so
- B. There is accumulation of growth hormones at the cut end
- C. The hormone responsible for bending is not available
- D. Growth inhibitors are formed.

Answer: C



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90. Low temperture treatment of some semi-germinated seeds for some period ofter induces subsequently quicker flowering in plants. This process is called

- A. Vernalization
- B. Thermolysis
- C. Wintering

D. Devernalization

Answer: A



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- 91. Cytokinins have the ability to
 - A. Induce morphogenesis
 - B. Substitute cold treatment
 - C. Convert dwarf plants to tall plants
 - D. None of the above.

Answer: A



92. Which one of the following is geseous growth regulator?
A. IAA
B. NAA
C. IBA
D. Ethylene.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
93. The movement of plant organs in response to force of gravity is called
A. Phototropism
B. Thigmotropism

- C. Geotropism
- D. Chemotropism.

Answer: C



- **94.** The stem bends upwardly and root downwardly under influence of gravity because
 - A. Of nature of stem and root
 - B. Stem is photonastic and root geonastic
 - C. Stem is negatively geotropic and root positively geotropic
 - D. Stem is negatively hydrotropic and root positively hydrotropic.

Answer: C



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95. The influence of gravity on plant organs can be removed by rotating the plant in

- A. Auxanometer
- B. Potometer
- C. Respirometer
- D. Clinostat.

Answer: D



96. Exactly opposite response of stem and root to gravity is because of

A. Requirement of differential optimum concentration of auxin for elongation of stem and root cells

B. Nature of these organs

C. Position effect of these organs since embryonic stage in seed

D. None of the above.

Answer: A



97. Tropic movements occur as a result of

- A. Unidirectional effect of environmental factors on plant organs
- B. Bidirectional effect of environmental factors on plant organs
- C. Multidirectional effect of environmental factors on plant organs
- D. No effect of environmental factors on plant organs/

Answer: A



98. Photopropism is because of unequal distribution of auxin under the influence of unilateral (one sided) illumination as auxin

- A. Moves from illuminated side to shaded side
- B. Synthesis is checked on illuminated side
- C. Destroyed on illuminated and not on shaded side
- D. All of the above.

Answer: D



- 99. Positive photoropism is due to elongation of cells
 - A. More on illuminated side and less on shaded side
 - B. More on shaded side and less on illuminated side
 - C. Less on illuminated side and normal on shaded side
 - D. Normal on illuminated side and less on shaded side

Answer: B



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100. Who discovered that phototropism is the result of presence of more auxin on shaded side than on illuminated side.

- A. Galston
- B. Boysen-Jensen
- C. Went
- D. Kogl and Haagen-Smit.

Answer: C



101. The site which receives the	phototropic stimulus is
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- A. Shoot apex (tip)
- B. Root apex (tip)
- C. Meristematic regions
- D. Leaves.

Answer: A



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102. Turgor movements are due to

A. Reversible changes in cell volume due to changes in turgidity of cell.

- B. Reversible changes in cell volume due to simple cell contraction in cell.
- C. Irreversible changes in cell volume due to maintenance of turgidity of cell
- D. Irreversible changes in cell volume due to cell elongation.

Answer: A



- 103. Movements in Mimosa pudica are due to turgor changes in
 - A. Pulvinus and pulvinnules
 - B. Pinna and pinnules
 - C. Leaf and leaflets

D. Petiole and rachis.
Answer: A Watch Video Solution
104. Stimulus in Mimosa pudica travels in the form of
A. Auxin
B. Hormone
C. Alcohol
D. None of the above.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution

105. In hyponasty, there id is increased growth on A. Shaded side

- B. Illuminated side
- C. Lower surface
- D. Upper surface.

Answer: C



- 106. Irritability/Reactivity/Sensitivity of a plant is
 - A. Response to stimulus in soil
 - B. Response to a change in environment
 - C. Movement caused by an external force

D. Ability to move.
Answer: B
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107. The minimum time interval required between application of stimulus and production of response is
A. Presentation time
B. Relaxation time
C. Conversion time
D. Reaction time.





108. The area fo the plant which receives the stimulus is	

- A. Perceptive region
- B. Responsive region
- C. Receptive region
- D. Reactive region.

Answer: A



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109. The minimum time for which the stimulus must be applied in order to obtaind a response is

A. Conversion time

- B. Conduction time
- C. Presentation time
- D. Reaction time.



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- 110. The area of photoperception is
 - A. Region of elongation
 - B. Tip
 - C. Young leaves
 - D. Axillary buds.

Answer: B

111.	The	area	of res	ponse	in	photo	troi	oism	and	geotro	pism	is
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- A. Apical meristem
- B. Subapical meristem
- C. Region of elongation
- D. Area of differentiation.



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112. Geotropism is

A. Growth away from the vector of gravity

- B. Growth at right angles to the force of gravity
- C. Response to the stimulus of gravity
- D. Unequal growth due to gravity.



- 113. Sleep movement (nyctinasty) of legumes is
 - A. Turgor movement
 - B. Growth movement
 - C. Hygroscopic movement
 - D. Movement of locomotion.

Answer: A

114. Sleep movement Papaya/Balsam i	114.	Sleep	movement	Papa	ya/Bal	lsam	is
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- A. Autonomic movement
- B. Tropic movement
- C. Movement of locomotion
- D. Growth movement.

Answer: D



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115. Plant movements unrelated to external stimulus are

A. Autonomic

- B. Paratonic

 C. Mechanical

 D. Hygroscopic

 Answer: A

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- 116. Opening of flowers involves
 - A. Epinasty
 - B. Hyponasty
 - C. Nutation
 - D. Phototaxis.

Answer: A

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- A. Zoospores of Ulothrix
- B. Chlamydomonas
- C. Volvox
- D. All of above.

Answer: D



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118. According to statolith theory, a plant distinguishes up from down by means of

A. Phytochrome B. Amyloplasts C. Auxin distribution D. Ascent of sap. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 119. Tropic movements are caused by A. Cell division B. Cell elongation C. Loss of water D. Gain of water.

Answer: B



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120. Rhizome/runner is

- A. Diageotropic
- B. Plagio-geotropic
- C. Negatively geotropic
- D. Positively geotropic.

Answer: A



A. Diageotropic B. Positively geotropic C. Ageotropic D. Plagio-geotropic. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 122. Circinate ptyxis present in fern leaves is due to A. Epinasty B. Hyponasty C. Nutation D. Movement of variation

Answer: B



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123. In strong light, chloroplasts are arranged along the lateral walls of palisade cells. The condition is called

- A. Parastrophe
- B. Epistrophe
- C. Apostrophe
- D. Positive heliotropism.

Answer: A



124. Selaginella sperms swim towards archegonia. The phenomenon is

- A. Chemotaxis
- B. Chemotropism
- C. Chemonasty
- D. Thigmonasty

Answer: A



125. Drooping/folding of legume leaves in dark is

- A. Temporary wilting
- B. Nyctinasty

- C. Seimonasty
- D. Permanent wilting.

Answer: B



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126. Effect of unilateral irradiation can be eliminated by keeping the plant in a clinostat in

- A. Horizontal position
- B. Vertical position
- C. Horizontal position and rotating it.
- D. Vertical position and rotating it.

Answer: D

127. Direction	of	light	is	detected	by
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- A. Phytochrome
- B. Amyloplasts
- C. Carotenoids
- D. Plant receptors.



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128. Turgor movements occur in response to

A. Stimulation of amyloplasts

- B. Activation and deactivation of phytochrome
- C. Circadian rhythm
- D. Changes in K^+ ion concentration.

Answer: D



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- 129. Geotropic response of root is due to
 - A. Higher auxin content of stem
 - B. Higher growth on upper side of root
 - C. Lower rate of growth in the stem
 - D. Higher rate of growth in the stem.

Answer: D

130. What is the type of movement that occurs during opening and closing of flowers ?

A. Nastic movement

B. Tactic movement

C. Tropic movement

D. Nutation.

Answer: A



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131. Cholodny-Went theory is connected with

A. Photomorphogenesis B. Phototropism C. Geotropism D. Both B and C. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 132. Desmodium gyrans shows A. Autonomic movements of variation B. Autonomic movements of growth C. Paratonic movements of variation D. Paratonic movements of growth.

Answer: A



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133. Primary root is

- A. Positively geotropic
- B. Positively hydrotropic
- C. Both A and B
- D. None of the above.

Answer: C



A. Positively geotropic B. Plagio-geotropic C. Diageotropic D. Negatively geotropic. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 135. Entwining of Grape Vine tendril around a suppot is A. Thigmotropism B. Nutation C. Gravitropism D. Chemonasty.

Answer: A



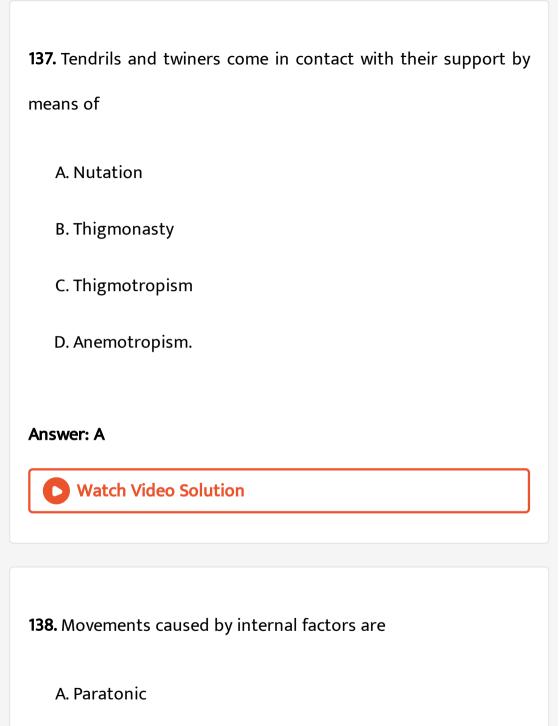
Watch Video Solution

136. Pollen tubes show:

- A. Haptotropism
- B. Chemotropism
- C. Anemotropism
- D. Heliotropism.

Answer: B





B. Intrinsic

C. Autonomic
D. Rheotropism.
Answer: C
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139. Light effective in producing photoropism is
A. Green
B. Red
C. Yellow
D. Blue
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution

140. Movement caused by injury is
A. Traumotropism
B. Rheotropism
C. Traumonasty
D. Rheonasty.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
141. Upright growth of lodged (horizontal) stem is due to

A. Activity of lateral meristem

B. Accumulation of more auxin on the lower side

- C. Accumulation of more auxin on upper side
- D. Greater cell enlargement on upper side.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

142. More concentration of auxin in horizontally placed plants, under the influence of gravity, occurs in

- A. Upper side
- B. Lower side
- C. Both upper and lower side
- D. None of the above.

Answer: B

- 1. Clinostat is the apparatus used to
 - A. Measure the rate of growth in plant
 - B. Measure the quantity of auxin in plant
 - C. Measure the effect of light on plant
 - D. Eliminate the effect of gravity or geotropism on plant.

Answer: D



2. Shock movements of leaves of Sensitive Plant, Mimosa pudica, are

A. Thermonasty

B. Seismonasty

C. Hydrotropism

D. Chemonasty.

Answer: B



3. What causes a green plant to bend towards light as it grows?

A. Because green plants need light to carry on photosynthesis

- B. Because green plants are phototropicC. Light stimulates plants cells on the lighted side to grow
- faster
- D. Auxin accumulates on shaded side stimulating greater cell elongation.

Answer: D



- 4. Movements of tentacles in Drosera are
 - A. Photonastic
 - B. Thermonastic
 - C. Thigmonastic

D. Seismonastic.	
Answer: C	
Watch Video Solution	
5. Leaves of many grasses are capable of folding and unfolding because they	
A. Are very thin	
B. Are isobilateral	
C. Have specialised bulliform cells	
D. Have parallel vascular bundles.	

6. Opening and closing of flowers represent a kind of
A. Nastic movement
B. Tropic movement
C. Nutation movements
D. Autonomic movements
Answer: A Watch Video Solution
7. Phototropism is shoots is attributed to or photoropic movements are due to
A. Auxin

B. Gibberellins
C. Cytokinin
D. Abscisic acid.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
8. On touching, the leaves of Mimosa pudica droop down because of
A. Seismonasty
B. Nyctinasty
C. Chemonasty
D. Thigmotropism.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

- **9.** Growth of both stem and root is mediated by auxin. However, stem grows into air while root grows into soil. The reason is
 - A. Differential reaction of root and stem to auxin
 - B. Only the stem tip produces auxin
 - C. Only the root tip produces cytokinin
 - D. Only the root cap can perceive gravity.

Answer: A



10. Thigmotropism is best seen in

- A. Root apex
- B. Stem apex
- C. Leaf apex
- D. Tendrils

Answer: D



- 11. Pneumatophores show
 - A. Positively geotropism
 - B. Negative geotropism (ageotropism)
 - C. Thigmotropism

D. Negative photoropism.	
Answer: B	
Watch Video Solution	
2. Bending of stem towards light is	
A. Photoperiodism	
B. Heliotropism	

C. Photonasty

D. Hydrotropism.

Watch Video Solution

Answer: B

13. Bending of stem/coleoptile towards light or shoot of potted plant placed near a window is due to

- A. Greater oxygen availability to the tip
- B. More auxin content on the shaded side
- C. Greater light availability to tip
- D. Availability of necessary warmth to the tip.

Answer: B



14. Which of the following movement is not related to auxin level

A. Bending of shoot towards light

- B. Movement of root towards soil
- C. Nyctinastic leaf movements
- D. Movement of sunflower head tracking the sun.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

- 15. Jerky lateral leaflet movements of Desmodium gyrans are
 - A. Negative geotropic movements
 - B. Positive geotropic movements
 - C. Hydrotropic movements
 - D. None of the above.

Answer: D

	16.	Opening	of flower	and	drooi	ping	of a	bud	are
--	-----	---------	-----------	-----	-------	------	------	-----	-----

- A. Hyponasty
- B. Epinasty
- C. Curvature movement
- D. Spontaneous movements

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

17. Tendrils exhibit/twining of tendrils is due to

A. Thigmotropism

B. Seismonasty C. Heliotropism D. Diageotropism. **Answer: A Watch Video Solution** 18. Photoropic and geotropic movements are linked to A. Gibberellins **B.** Enzymes C. Auxin D. Cytokinin. **Answer: C**

19. Ge	otropic	response	of roots	is	due	to

- A. Inhibition of stem growth
- B. More growth on lower side
- C. More growth upper side
- D. Uniform growth.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

20. Movement of sperms towards archegonial necks due to component of their exudate is

A. Chemotropism B. Chemotaxis C. Phototaxis D. Hydrotropism. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 21. Tropic movement is due to A. Cell elongation B. Cell division C. Both A and B D. Cell thickening.

Answer: A Watch Video Solution

- 22. Kilnostat is employed in the study of
 - A. Osmosis
 - B. Growth movements
 - C. Photosynthesis
 - D. Respiration

Answer: B



A. Maleic hydrazide
B. Gibberellins
C. Indole acetic acid
D. Cytokinins.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
24. Which one of the following is a natural growth inhibitor?
A. NAA
B. ABA/Ethylene
B. ABA/Ethylene C. IAA

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

25. Flowering response to length of day and night in plants is called

- A. Photoropism
- B. Photorespiration
- C. Photoperiodism
- D. Photo-oxidation.

Answer: C



26. Which of the following physiological effects is caused in plants by gibberellic acid ?

- A. Shortening of genetically tall plants
- B. Elongation of genetically dwarf plants
- C. Rooting in stem cuttings
- D. Yellowing of young leaves.

Answer: B



- 27. Photomorphogenetic pigment in plants is
 - A. Phytochrome system
 - B. Chlorophyll

C. Carotene

D. Chalcone pigment.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

28. Artificial ripening of fruits/banana is accomplished by treatment with

A. Sodium chloride

B. IAA

C. Ethylene gas

D. Kinetin.

Answer: C

29. Growth hormone reponsible for apical dominance i
--

- A. Auxin
- B. Cytokinin
- C. Gibberellin
- D. Ethylene.



Watch Video Solution

30. Which wavelengths are the most effective in photoperiodism

?

A. Green and yellow B. Blue and red C. Blue and violet D. Red and far-red. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 31. Phyotron is a device by whiovh A. Electrons are bombarded B. Protons are liberated C. Plants are grown in controlled enviroment D. Mutations are produced in plants.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

32. A green plant will turn yellow if planed in the dark. This is called

- A. Phototropism
- **B.** Dormancy
- C. Chlorosis
- D. Etiolation.

Answer: D



33. Which of the following stimulates growth or cell enlargement?

A. Gibberellin

B. Auxin

C. Cytokinin

D. Ethylene.

Answer: B



34. Cytokinin

A. Is a hormone whose main function is the induction of cell

divison

- B. Is the process of cell division
- C. Refers to cell movements
- D. Causes dormancy.



Watch Video Solution

- **35.** Phytochrome is involved in
 - A. Phototropism
 - B. Photorespiration
 - C. Photoperiodism
 - D. Geotropism.

Answer: C

36. Hormone	involved	in	phototro	pism	is
			p	P . –	

- A. IAA
- B. Gibberellin
- C. Kinetin
- D. 2, 4-D.



Watch Video Solution

37. Phytochrome is found in

A. Algae

B. Fungi C. Vascular cryptogams D. Flowering plants. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 38. When the dark period of short day plants is intrrupted by a brief exposure of light, then the plant A. Will not flower at all

B. Flowers immediately

C. Gives more flowers

D. Turns into a long day plant.



39. Avena curvature test was first of all done by

A. J.C. Bose

B. F.W. Went

C. Thimann

D. Skoog.

Answer: B



A. Indole Acetic acid B. Napthalene Acetic acid (NAA) C. Indole Butyric acid (IBA) D. 2, 4-D. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 41. The long-day plant is A. Wheat/Spinach B. Soyabean C. Tobacco D. Xanthium

Answer: A Watch Video Solution

- **42.** Herbicides are chemicals which control
 - A. Insects
 - B. Fungi
 - C. Weeds
 - D. Nematodes.

Answer: C



A. A bacterium B. A fungus C. An alga D. A virus. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 44. Auxanometer is required for A. Studying rate of transpiration B. Measuring rate of respiration C. Finding out rate of photosynthesis D. Calculating rate of growth

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

45. Naturally occurring auxin is

A. NAA

B. 2, 4-D

C. MH

D. IAA

Answer: D



A. A gaseous metabolite
B. A gaseous enzyme
C. A gaseous hormone
D. A solid hormone.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
47. A chemical believed to be involved in flowering is
A. Gibberellin
B. Kinetin
C. Florigen
D. IBA.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

- **48.** Which one shows red ⇔ far-red interconversions?
 - A. Carotenoids
 - **B.** Cytochromes
 - C. Chlorophylls
 - D. Phytochrome.

Answer: D



- A. Pigment that controls photomorphog-enesis and development
- B. Regulatory protein that controls dark dependent development processes.
- C. Hormone
- D. Photosynthetic hormone.



- **50.** IAA was first isolated from
 - A. Corn germ oil
 - B. Gibberella

C. Human urine D. Rhizopus. **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 51. Internodal elongation is stimulated by A. Auxin B. Phenol C. Cytokinin D. Gibberellin. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution**

52. Auxin	suppresses	growth	of
	Juppi CJJCJ	5.011	\sim .

- A. Lateral axillary buds
- B. Apical buds
- C. Roots on stem cuttings
- D. Parthenocarpy.



Watch Video Solution

53. Bioassay of IAA is

- A. Avena curvature test
- B. Callus test

C. Leaf disc test

D. α -amylase test.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

54. Which of the following plant hormone substtutes for long photoperiods in flowering plants

A. Ethylene

B. Auxin

C. Gibberellin

D. Cytokinin.

Answer: C

55. Which of the following hormones is used in root formation on stem cutting?

- A. Kinetin
- B. GA_3
- C. ABA
- D. IBA/IAA.

Answer:



Watch Video Solution

56. Hormone primarily concern with cell division is

A. IAA
B. NAA
C. Cytokinin/Zeatin
D. Gibberellic acid.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
57. Physiologically active form of phytochrome is
A. $P_{730} / P_{ m fr}$
B. P_{660} / P_x
C. P_{700}
D. P_{680} .



Watch Video Solution

58. Growth plotted against time gives a

- A. Parabolic curve
- B. Sigmoid curve
- C. Upright line
- D. Horizontal line.

Answer: B



- A. Yellowing of leaves
- B. Promotion of rooting
- C. Elongation of genetically dwarf plants
- D. Dwarfing of genetically tall plants.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

60. Vernalisation is

- A. Growth curve related to light
- B. Effect of photoperiods on plant growth
- C. Speeding up ability to flower by low temperature

treatment

D. Diurnal photoperiodicity.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

- 61. Phytochrome is involved in
 - A. Seed germination
 - B. Flowering
 - C. Chloroplast orientation
 - D. All the above.

Answer: D



A. Soil water content
B. Soil acidity
C. Photoperiod
D. Content of green pigment.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
63. Leaf fall occurs as abscission layer is formed when the
constant of
A. Abscisic acid decreases
B. Auxin decreases

62. Flowerig is influenced by

- C. Auxin increases D. Gibberellin decreases. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 64. Apical dominance as found in higher plants is due to A. Photoperiodism
 - B. Phototropism
 - C. Hormones
 - D. Enzymes.

Answer: C



65. The hormone responsible for apical dominance is



A. IAA

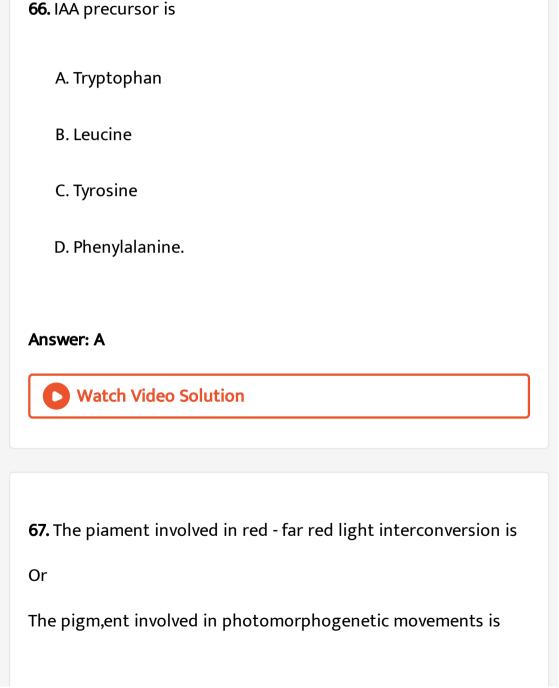
B. GA

C. ABA

D. Florigen.

Answer: A





Or
Pigment involved in photo - perception in flowering is
A. Carotene
B. Phytochrome
C. Cytochrome
D. Lycopene.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
68. Abscisic acid causes
A. Stomatal closure
B. Stem elongation

- C. Leaf expansion
- D. Root elongation.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

- 69. Abscisic acid controls
 - A. Cell division
 - B. Leaf fall and dormancy
 - C. Shoot elongation
 - D. Cell elongation and wall formation.

Answer: B



70. Effect of length of day (light duration) on flowering is called

- A. Chemotropism
- B. Photoropism
- C. Photoperiodism
- D. Photonasty.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

71. Phytohormones are

- A. Chemicals regulating flowering
- B. Chemicals regulating secondary grwoth

C. Hormones regulating growth from seed to adulthood

D. Regulators synthesised by plants and influencing physiological processes.

Answer: D



72. Parthenocarpy can be achieved by

A. Zeatin

B. ABA

C. Auxins

D. Kinetin.

Answer: C



73. The term phytochrome was introduced by

A. Borthwick and Hendricks

B. Bothwick

C. Moore

D. Garner and Allard.

Answer: A



or

Watch Video Solution

74. Which of the following harmones can replace vernalization

Genetic dwarfness can be overcome by treating with

A. Cytokinin B. Gibberellic acid C. Auxin D. Antigibberellin. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 75. Highest auxin concentration occurs A. In growing tips B. In leaves C. At base of plant organs D. In xylem and phloem.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

76. Cytokinins

- A. Promote abscission
- B. Influence water movement
- C. Help retain chlorophyll
- D. Inhibit protoplasmic streaming.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

77. Leaf fall can be prvented by

A. Abscisic acid B. Auxins C. Florigen D. Cytokinins. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 78. Gibberellic acid induces flowering A. Some plants only B. Long day plants under short day conditions C. Short day plants under long day conditions D. Day neutral plants.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

79. In short plants (SDP) flowering is induced by

- A. Photoperiod less than 12 hours
- B. Photoperiod below a critical length and uninterrupted long night
- C. Long night
- D. Short photoperiod and interrupted long night.

Answer: B



80. Apical dominance is caused by
A. Abscisic acid in lateral bud
B. Cytokinin in leaf tip
C. Gibberellin in lateral buds
D. Auxin in shoot tip.

Answer: D



- **81.** Fruit ripening is accelerated by
 - A. Warm surroundings
 - B. Increased nitrogen supply
 - C. Reduced water supply

D. Ethylene rich atmosphere.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

82. Which one is the test for gibberellin?

- A. Bolting in Cabbage
- B. Morophogenesis in tobacco callus
- C. Rapid divisions in Carrot cells
- D. Elongation of Oat coleoptile.

Answer: A



83. Which of the following harmones can replace vernalization or

Genetic dwarfness can be overcome by treating with

A. Auxin

- B. Cytokinin
- C. Gibberellins
- D. Ethylene.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

84. Cut or excised leaves remain green for long if induced to root of dipped in

A. Gibberellins **B.** Cytokinins C. Auxins D. Ethylene. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution 85.** Bananas can be prevented from overripening by A. Maintaining them at room temperature B. Refrigeration C. Dipping in ascorbic acid solution D. Storing in a freezer.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

86. Which of the following induces flowering in short day plant

- A. Auxin
- B. Cytokinin
- C. Gibberellin
- D. Propylene.

Answer: B



87. At the onset of speed germination ,the digestive enzymes amylase are produced by the action of

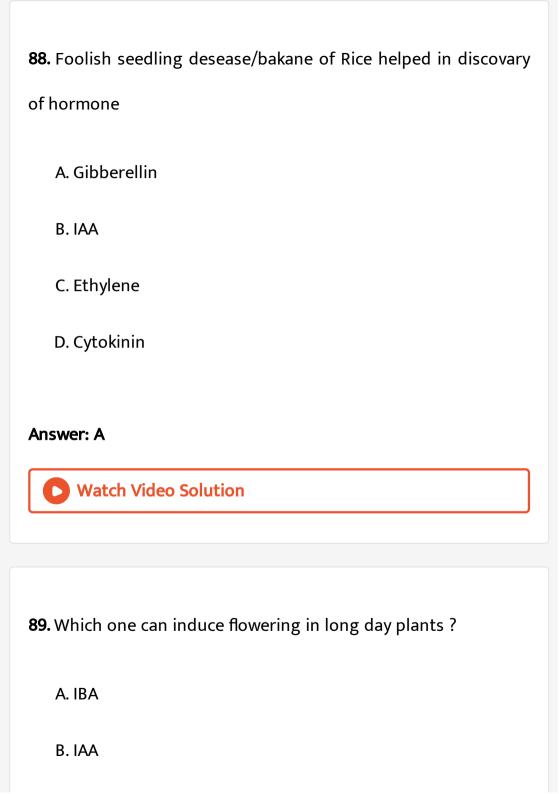
Or

The activity of α amylase in the endosperm of barley geminating seed is induced is induced by

- A. Cytokinin
- B. Gibberellins
- C. Ethylene
- D. Auxin.

Answer: B





 $\mathsf{C}.\,GA_3$ D. NAA. **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 90. Flowering dependent on cold treatment is A. Cyotherapy **B.** Cryogenics C. Cryoscopy D. Vernalisation. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution**

A. Cytokinins
B. Gibberellins
C. Auxin
D. Florigen.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
92. Gibberellin application to a plant brings about
A. Leaf fall
B. Diversification of root system

91. Photoperiodism is probably due to synthesis of

- C. Elongation of shoot system
- D. Delay in senescence.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

- **93.** In root, the region of fastest growth is
 - A. Root hair zone
 - B. Behind the root rip
 - C. Root tip
 - D. Before the root tip.

Answer: B



94. What is a stress hormone? Or The hormone produced during adverse environmental conditions is

- A. Benzyl aminopurine
- B. Dichlorophenoxy acetic acid
- C. Ethylene
- D. Abscisic acid.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

95. The regulator which retards ageing/senescence of plant parts is

A. Cytokinin B. Auxin C. Gibberellin D. Abscisic acid. **Answer: A Watch Video Solution** 96. Richmond-Lang effect is due to A. Gibberellins B. Auxin C. Ethylene D. Kinetin.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

- 97. Stomatal closure under stress conditions is due to
 - A. IAA
 - B. ABA
 - C. IBA
 - D. 2, 4-D

Answer: B



- A. P_r and $P_{
 m fr}$ reactions
- B. Absorption of red light of 660 nm
- C. Absorption of far-rad light of 740 nm
- D. Absorption of blue-light by leaves.

Answer: A



- 99. Removal of apical bud results in
 - A. Formation of new apical bud
 - B. Elongation of main stem
 - C. Death of plant
 - D. Formation of lateral branching.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

100. Maximum growth rate occur in

- A. Exponential phase
- B. Decline phase
- C. Stationary phase
- D. Lag phase.

Answer: A



A. Root/shoot tips B. Cortex C. Xylem D. Phloem cells. **Answer: A Watch Video Solution** 102. Which one can absorb red and far-red light? A. Carotene B. Xanthophyll C. Chlorophyll D. Phytochrome.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

103. Movement of auxin is

- A. Centripetal
- B. Basipetal
- C. Acropetal
- D. Both B and C.

Answer: D



A. Cell elongation B. Cell division C. Cell maturation D. All the above. Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 105. Which does not take place in short day plants? A. An interrupted critical dark period B. Critical period is interrupted by light C. Dark period is interrupted by red light followed by far-red light

D. Critical period is not interrupted by white or red light.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

106. Plant hormone controlling fruit ripening is

A. IAA

B. GA

C. Ethylene

D. Kinetin

Answer: C



107. Gaseous growth hormone is
A. IAA
B. GA
C. Kinetin
D. Ethylene.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
108. The piament involved in red - far red light interconversion is
Or
The pigm,ent involved in photomorphogenetic movements is
Or
Pigment involved in photo - perception in flowering is

A. Phytochrome B. Cytochrome C. Xanthophyll D. Chlorophyll b. Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 109. the term "photoperiodism" was proposed by or the phenomenon of photoperiodism in plants was discovered by A. Darwin B. Lysenko C. Arnon D. Garner and Allard.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

110. Which is not a phytohormone?

- A. Phytochrome
- B. Florigen
- C. GA
- D. IAA.

Answer: A



111. Which one of the following respones of plants to growth hormone is true for ethylene

- A. Decrease in flower abscission
- B. Decreases in femaleness
- C. Increase in fruit ripening
- D. Increase in cell elongation.

Answer: C



- 112. First natural cytokinin was discovered by
 - A. Skoog and Miller
 - B. Letham

C. Benson and Calvin D. Thimann and Went. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 113. The name zeatin was coined by A. Skoog B. Miller C. Letham D. Melvin. **Answer: C Watch Video Solution**

114. florigen is synthesised in
A. Leaves
B. Fruit
C. Root
D. Trunk.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
115. Which one is short day plant ?
A. Brassica campestris
B. Raphanus sativus

- C. Glycine max
- D. Papaver somniferum.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

- 116. Abscisic acid causes
 - A. Seed dormancy
 - B. Apical dominance
 - C. Root initiation
 - D. Phototropism.

Answer: A



117. Induction of cell division activity and delay in senescence is caused by

- A. Gibberellin
- B. Auxin
- C. Cytokinin
- D. Ethylene.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

118. $2:4 ext{-}D$ causes

A. Delay in senescence

- B. Bolting
 C. Increase in branches
- D. Increased growth of all parts.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

- 119. Lateral axillary buds are not allowed to grow by
 - A. Auxin
 - B. Ethylene
 - C. Gibberellin
 - D. Cytokinin.

Answer: A

120. Which	is	not a	natural	plany	hormone	?
-------------------	----	-------	---------	-------	---------	---

- A. GA_3
- B. GA_2
- C. IAA
- D. 2, 4-D

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

121. Cytokinins are generally

A. Glucosides

B. Aminopurines C. Acidic D. Phenolic. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 122. Kinetin is A. Indolebutyric acid B. Indole acetic acid C. Butyric acid

Answer: D

D. 6-furfuryl amino-purine.

- A. Morphactin
- B. Zeatin
- C. Adenine
- D. Ascorbic acid.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

124. Auxin takes part in

A. Promotion of cell division

B. Promotion of cell enlargement C. Promotion of fruit ripening D. Inhibition of shoot growth. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 125. A Pigment concerned with both floral induction and seed germination is A. Florigen B. Plastocyanin C. Phytochrome D. Chlorophyll.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

126. Interfascicular cambium formation is induced by

- A. Auxin
- B. Cytokinin
- C. Gibberellin
- D. Ethylene.

Answer: B



127. Hormone that promotes growth of lateral buds and has nagative effect on apical dominance is

- A. Cytokinin
- B. Gibberellin
- C. Auxin
- D. Both B and C.

Answer: A



128. Seasonality of plants is due to

- A. Phototropism
- B. Photosynthesis

- C. Photoperiodism

 D. Photolysis
- **Answer: C**



129. Cerain chmical substances having profound effect on growth ,are called

- A. Enzymes
- B. Phytohormones
- C. Catalytic agents
- D. Manure.

Answer: B

130. Food products are kept in cold storage or refrigerator in order to

A. Make them tasty

B. Use in off-season

C. Maintenance of freshness, longevity and taste due to low

respiration

D. Keep them cool.

Answer: C



A. Low temperature B. High temperature C. Osmotic pressure D. All the above. Answer: A

Which one prevents photo-oxidation and

pigment

132.



destruction?

A. Phytochrome

B. Phytohormone

C. Phycocyanin

D. Phyco-erythrin.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

133. If a tree flowers thrice in a year (October, January and july) in nothern india, it is said to be

- A. Photo- and thermo-sensitive
- B. Photo- and thermo-insensitive
- C. Photosensitive but thermo-insensitive
- D. Thermosensitive but photo-insensitive.

Answer: B



134. Gibberellins induce

- A. Cell division
- B. Leaf senescence
- C. Hydrolysing enzymes in germinating seeds
- D. Flowering

Answer: C



- **135.** Which of the following is not caused by deficiency of mineral nutrition
 - A. Chlorosis
 - B. Internode shortening

C. Necrosis
D. Etiolation.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

136. In a plant subjected to continuous red light, phytochrome will show

- A. Increases synthesis
- B. Decreases level
- C. Destruction
- D. Destruction and synthesis remains in balance.

Answer: D

137. The hormone which promotes flowering in long day conditions and controls sex expression is

- A. Auxin
- **B.** Cytokinins
- C. Gibberellins
- D. Ethylene.

Answer: C



138. Development of shoot and root is determined by

A. Cytokinin and auxin ratio B. Enzymes C. Temperature D. Plant nutrients. **Answer: A Watch Video Solution 139.** 2, 4-D is A. Weedicide B. Insecticide C. Rodenticide D. Nematicide.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

140. Phytochrome absorbs visible light maximum in red region at

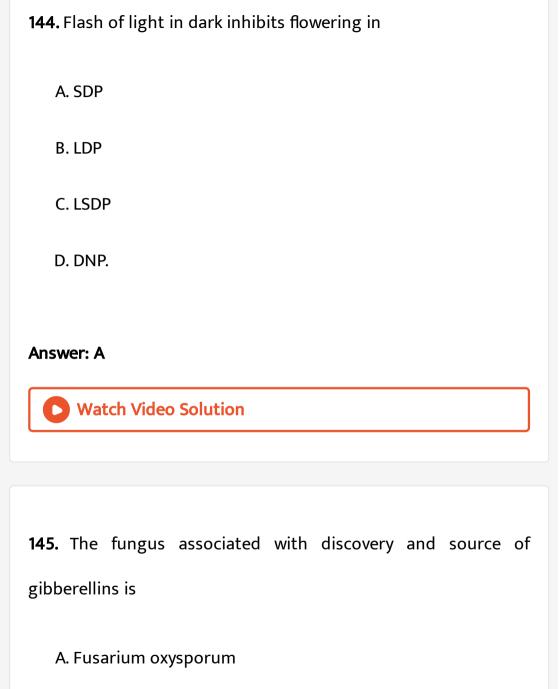
- A. 600 nm
- B. 650 nm
- C. 660 nm
- D. 730 nm.

Answer: C



141. Hormone discovered through tissue culture technique is
A. Auxin
B. Cytokinin
C. Gibberellin
D. Abscisic acid.
Answer: B
Allower. D
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution 142. Growth hormones connected with bolting are

D. Gibberellins.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
143. Sometimes Potato sprouts during storage due to formation of
A. Ethylene
B. Gibberellin
C. Cytokinin
D. Auxin.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution



- B. Fausarium solanii
- C. Fusarium moniliforme
- D. Fusarium longipes.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

146. Agent orange is

- A. Weedicide with dioxin
- B. Chemical used in luminous paint
- C. Biodegradable insecticide
- D. Colour used in fluorescent temp.

Answer: A

147. Food is preserved at low temperature because

- A. Bacterial attack is minimised
- B. For easy cooking
- C. For easy digestion
- D. All the above.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

148. the term "photoperiodism" was proposed by or the phenomenon of photoperiodism in plants was discovered by

- A. W. Went
- B. F.F. Blackman
- C. Garner and Allard
- D. F.E. Fritsch.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

149. Which one among the following chemical is wued for causing defoliation of for causing defoliation of forest trees

- A. Phosphon D
- B. Maleic hydrazide
- C. AMO 1618
- D. 2, 4-D

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

150. Which combination is used in fruit ripening?

A.
$$80~\%~CH_4 + 20~\%~O_2$$

B.
$$80\ \%\ C_2H_2 + 20\ \%\ CO_2$$

C.
$$80 \% CO_2 + 20 \% C_2H_4$$

D.
$$80 \% CH_4 + 20 \% CO_2$$
.

Answer: C



151. A plant hormone used for inducing morphogensis in plant tissue culture is

- A. Abscisic acid
- B. Gibberellin
- C. Cytokinin
- D. Ethylene.

Answer: C



152. The response of different organisms to environmental rhythms of light and darkness is called:

A. Photoperiodism

C. Phototaxis
D. Vernalisation.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
153. Some early experiments on phototropic curvature in grasses
led to discovery of
A. Auxin
B. Gibberellins
C. Cytokinins
D. None of the above.

B. Phototropism

Answer: A Watch Video Solution

154. Hormone produced during leaf fall is

- A. Cytokinin
- B. Florigen
- C. ABA
- D. IAA.

Answer: C



A. Auxin B. Ethylene C. Gibberellins D. Cytokinins. **Answer: A Watch Video Solution** 156. Bakane disease of Rice is due to A. NAA B. 2, 4-D C. IAA D. GA.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

157. Which of the following ion is pulled out in apoplast by the auxin during growth

- A. $K^{\,+}$
- B. $H^{\,+}$
- C. Na^+
- D. Mg^{2+} .

Answer: B



158. Sensation of phototropism is perceived by
A. Root tip
B. Shoot tip
C. Axillary bud
D. Node.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
159. Closure of lid in Pitcher Plant is a

B. Turgor movement

A. Tropic movement

C. Paratonic movement

D. Autonomic movement.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
160. Movement of plant part in response to touch is
A. Seismonasty
B. Thigmonasty
C. Nutation
D. None of tha above.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution

161. Some flowers (e.g., Oxalis) open in the morning and close during evening because of

- A. Photonasty
- B. Phototropism
- C. Phototaxis
- D. Nyctinasty.

Answer: A



- 162. Leaf of Mimosa droops down on touching because of
 - A. Water loss from leaflet bases
 - B. Changes in water concentration

C. Loss of water from cells to intercellular spaces in pulvinus

and pulvinules

D. All the above.

Answer: C



163. Bulliform cells in Grass leaves show

A. Growth movements

B. Tropic movement

C. Nastic movements

D. Turgor movements.

Answer: D

164. Exampe	of positive	geotropism	is
--------------------	-------------	------------	----

- A. Closing of flowers
- B. Upwards growth of stem
- C. Downward growth of root
- D. Lateral growth of root.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

165. Thigmotropism is best exhibited by

A. Lamina

B. Tendrils C. Root apex D. Tendrils **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 166. Skototropic movements are induced by A. Night B. Light C. Touch D. Heat. **Answer: A**

167 Which	movement	occurs	due to	evternal	stimuli	ıc 7
107. WHICH	movement	occurs	aue to	externa	Stilliult	15 £

- A. Tropic
- B. Nastic
- C. Tactic
- D. All the above.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

168. Plant movement in response to diffuse stimulus of light is

A. Phototropism

B. Photolysis C. Phototaxis D. Photonasty. **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 169. Phototropic curvature is result of uneven distribution of A. Auxin B. Gibberellin C. Starch D. Phytochrome.

Answer: A

170.	Movement	of Sunflower	towards the	direction	of Sun	in
170.	IVIOVCITICITE		towards the	. un cchon	OI JUII	

- A. Photonasty
- B. Phototropism
- C. Nyctinasty
- D. Seismonasty.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

171. Peristome teeth of moss shows

A. Hydrochasy

- B. Xerochasy
- C. Hydrotropism
- D. Chemotropism.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

172. Geotropic response is perceived by

- A. Mature roots
- B. Elongating cells
- C. Root cap
- D. Root hairs.

Answer: C

173. Effect of daily light period on flowering is

- A. Photorespiration
- B. Photomorphogenesis
- C. Photoperiodism
- D. Photoropism.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

174. Substances that accumulate around a site of infection in plants is

A. Phytolexins B. Proteinome C. Saponins D. All the above. **Answer: A Watch Video Solution 175.** Plant growth is A. Limited B. Unlimited C. Unlocalised D. Diffused.

Answer: B



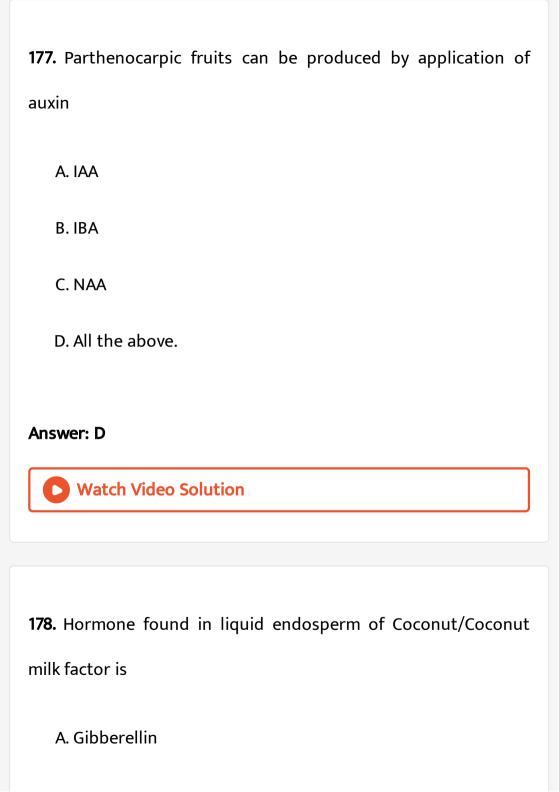
Watch Video Solution

176. Photoperiodic stimulus is perceived by

- A. Leaves
- **B.** Flowers
- C. Buds
- D. Meristem.

Answer: A





- B. Auxin
- C. Ethylene
- D. Cytokinin.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

179. Match the items of column I and column II

Column I Column II

a Auxin $p GA_3$

b Cytokinin r abscisic Acid

c Cytokinin r abscisic Acid

d Dromin s Acetic acid

t Zeatin

A. a - q, b - r, c - p, d - t

B. a - q, b - s, c - p, d - t

C. a - q, b - p, c - t, d - t

D. a - q, b - t, c - q, d - r.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

180. Cardinal temperature is related to

A. Minimum temperature

B. Optimum temperature

C. Maximum temperature

D. All the above.

Answer: D



181. High concentration of auxin is present in
A. Root apex
B. Shoot apex
C. Petiole
D. Node.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
182. Hormone responsible for plant and seed dormancy during drought is
A. IBA

- B. NAA
- C. ABA
- D. Zeatin.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

- **183.** Grwoth regulator ethylene is used for
 - A. Retarding ripening of tomatoes
 - B. Speeding up ripening of fruits
 - C. Slowing down ripening of apples
 - D. Both B and C.

Answer: B

184. In short day plants, flowering is inhibited by

A. Interruption of dark by white or red light

B. Dark interruption by far red light

C. Dark interruption by red light followed by far red light

D. Not possible

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

185. First chemincal identification of auxin, indole 3-acetic acid, was carried out by

A. Went B. Thimann C. Darwin D. Paal. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 186. Plant hormone causing abscission of leaves, senescence, bud dormancy and inhibition of cell division is A. IAA B. Ethylene C. Cytokinins D. ABA.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

187. Growth substance that stimulates nodule formation in leguminous plants is

A. NAA

B. IAA

C. IBA

D. ABA.

Answer: B



188. Assertion. Plants also have hormones called phytohormones. Reason. They increase the rate of reactions and thus always accelerate growth and other related changes

A. Point out if both are true with reason being correct explanation

B. both true but reason not correct explanation

C. assertion true but reason wrong

D. and both wrong.

Answer: C



A. Short days B. Long days C. Internode elongation in rosette plants D. Cold nights. Answer: A



- 190. Pick up the correct explanation
 - A. Xanthium Long dry plant
 - B. Sunflower short day plant
 - C. Wheat short day plant
 - D. Tomato Day neutral plant.

Answer: D Watch Video Solution 191. Cytokinin synthesis is maximum in A. Roots B. Leaves

D. Fruit.

C. Shoot tip

Answer: A



A. Aerobic respiration B. Climacteric respiration C. Anaerobic respiration D. Fermentation. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 193. During drought, plants develop hormone A. Indole acetic acid B. Naphthalene acetic acid C. Indolebutyric acid D. Abscisic acid.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

194. What is true about phytochrome?

- A. P_r absorbs red light and becomes $P_{
 m fr}$
- B. P_r absorbs yellow light and becomes $P_{
 m fr}$
- C. $P_{
 m fr}$ absorbs yellow light and becomes P_r
- D. $P_{\rm fr}$ absorbs red light and becomes P_r .

Answer: A



- A. Short days and interrupted long nights
- B. Short day and uninterrupted long nights
- C. Short nights
- D. Long day with interrupted night.

Answer: B



- **196.** Photoperiodic stimulus is picked up by
 - A. Phytohormones
 - B. Stomata
 - C. Phytochrome
 - D. Enzymes.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

197. Synthetic plant hormone is

A. IAA

B. 2, 4-D/NAA

C. GA

D. Zeatin.

Answer: B



A. Phytochrome	
B. Leucine	
C. Ethylene	
D. Zeatin.	
Answer: D	
Watch Video Solution	
199. Hormone responsible for ageing is	
A. GA	
B. IAA	
B. IAA C. ABA	

Answer: C Watch Video Solution 200. Hormone that breaks dormancy of seeds/potato tuber is

A. IAA

B. ABA

C. Zeatin

Answer: D

D. Gibberellin.

Watch Video Solution

201. Which one prevents premature fall of fruit?

- A. NAA
- B. Ethylene
- $\mathsf{C}.\,GA_3$
- D. Zeatin.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

202. Photoperiodism affects

- A. Seed germination
- B. Vegetative growth
- C. Internode elongation
- D. All of above.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

203. Who first suggested presence of growth regulatory chemicals in plants ?

- A. Went
- B. Sachs
- C. Darwin
- D. Paal.

Answer: A



204. A long day plant flowers only when it is exposed to

A. Red light

B. Light more than critical day length

C. Light equal to critical day length

D. Light less than critical day length.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

205. Which one does not affect apical dominance?

A. IAA

B. IBA

C. Gibberillins

D. Indole Acetaldehyde.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
206. The phenomenon wherein, the ovary develops into a fruit
without fertilisation is called
A. Parthenogensis
B. Parthenocarpy
C. Apospory
D. Apogamy.

Answer: B



A. Root	
B. Stem	
C. Leaf	
D. Flower.	
Answer: A	
Watch Video Solution	
208. Bending of shoot tip in the absence of light is	
A. Chlorosis	
B. Emasculation	

207. Negative phototropism occurs in

C. Etiolation

D. Tanning.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

209. Plant grwoth hormones extracted from a fungus and a fish are respectively

A. Gibberellins and zeatin

B. Ethylene and cytokinin

C. Auxin and 2, 4-D

D. Gibberellin and kinetin.

Answer: D

210. An important finding in Went's experiment was

A. Unequal distribution of elongation promoting substance in Avena coleoptile

B. Presence of elongation factor in all cells of root

C. Curvature of coleoptile is proportional to auxin concentration

D. Curvature occurred due to irregular elongation of cells.

Answer: C



211. Gibberellin takes part in

A. Breaking of seed dormancy

B. Internode elongation in dwarf plants

C. Seed germination and flowering

D. All the above.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

212. The instrument by which the rate of growth of stem is accurately measured is

Or

Growith in langth of a plant can be measured by

A. Manometer B. Auxanometer C. Potometer D. Clinostat. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 213. Antiauxin used in picking cotton balls is A. 2, 4-D B. TIBA C. NAA D. Both A and B.

Answer: B



214. Antigibberellin is

- A. Cycocel
- B. Plastoquinone
- C. IAA
- D. Ubiquinone.

Answer: A



- A. Albinism is genetic and etiolation is physiological
- B. Etiolation is genetic and albinism is physiological
- C. Etiolation is irreversible
- D. Etiolation and albinism are synonyms.

Answer: A



- 216. Growth of lateral branches is promoted by
 - A. Removal of axillary buds
 - B. Auxin application over decapitated apex
 - C. Auxin application over apical bud
 - D. Removal of apical bud.

Answer: D Watch Video Solution 217. Sleep movements in Samanea saman are regulated by A. N B. P C. K D. Mg. **Answer: C Watch Video Solution**

A. Butler et al B. W. Went C. R. Hill D. Borthwick et al. **Answer: A Watch Video Solution** 219. Flowering of Chrysanthemum is inhibited by A. IAA B. GA_3 C. Cytokinin D. Ethylene.



Watch Video Solution

220. Bud dormancy is induced by

A. IAA

B. GA

C. ABA

D. Ethylene.

Answer: C



A. Lactuca B. Capsella C. Allium D. Tobacco **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 222. Growing trees and shrubs in small pots is A. Bonsai B. Culture C. Green gardening D. Tree culture.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

223. Types of plants that come to flower after exposure to short photoperiods followed by long photoperiods

- A. Intermediate plants
- B. Day neutral plants
- C. SLDP
- D. LSDP.

Answer: C



224. Each meristem influences other meristems. The phenomenon is

A. Allometry

B. Growth correction

C. Lag phase

D. Auxetic growth.

Answer: B



225. Avena coleptile auxin is

A. IBA

B. Indole 3-lactic acid

C. Indole 2-acetic acid

D. Indole 3-acetic acid.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

226. Common inhibitor of germination is

A. GA

B. ABA

C. Pantothenic acid

D. Tartaric acid.

Answer: B



227. Fruit ripening is promoted by

- A. Ethylene
- B. SO_2
- $\mathsf{C}.\,CO_2$
- D. Nitrogen.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

228. Vernalisation promotes flowering in response to

- A. High light intensity
- B. Low temperature

- C. High temperature
- D. Low light intensity.



Watch Video Solution

229. Gibberellins promote

- A. Seed dormancy
- B. Leaf fall
- C. Seed germination
- D. Root elongation.

Answer: C



A. Gibberellin
B. Auxin
C. Cytokinin
D. All the above.
Answer: A Watch Video Solution
231. Which ones function as regulators ?
A. Carbohydrates
B. Lipids

230. Size of grapes increases in application of

C. Proteins
D. Vitamins and minerals.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
232. Growth hormone obtained from a fungus is
A. Cytokinin
B. Gibberellin
C. Auxin
D. cytokinin
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution

233. Antherozoids are attracted towards archegonia in fern plant. The phenomenon is

- A. Nyctinasty
- B. Chemonasty
- C. Thigmonasty
- D. Seismonasty.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

234. Movement of pollen tube towards ovule is

A. Chemotropism

- B. Hapototropism
- C. Thigmotropism
- D. Phototropism.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

- 235. What is the role of auxin?
 - A. Prevents abscission of leaves and fruits
 - B. Promotes abscission of leaves and fruits
 - C. Promotes stomatal closure
 - D. Promotes dormancy.

Answer: A

- A. PS I
- B. PS II
- C. Translocation
- D. Both A and B.



Watch Video Solution

237. In bryophytes and algae, lunaric acid replaces

A. Auxin

- B. Gibberellin
- C. Cytokinin
- D. Abscisic acid.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

238. Cytokinins

- A. Cause leaf abscission
- B. Delay leaf abscission
- C. Promote stomatal closing
- D. Promote seed dormancy.

Answer: B



239. Synthetic auxins are employed for

A. Ripening of fruits

B. Increasing size of fruits

C. Killing weeds

D. Preventing elongation of internodes

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

240. One set of a plant was grown at 12 hours day and 12 hours night period cycle and it flowered while in the other set night period cycles and it flowered while in the other set night phase

was interrupted by flash of ligth and did not produce flower. Under which one of the following categories will you place this plant

A. Long day

B. Day neutral

C. Indeterminate

D. Short day.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

241. Pruning of plants promotes branchin becaues the axillary buds get sensitized to

A. IAA

- B. Ethylene
- C. Gibberellin
- D. Cytokinin.



Watch Video Solution

242. Assertion: Photomodulation of flowering is phytochrome-regulated process.

Reason: Active form of phytochrome (Pfr) directly induces floral induction in shoot buds.

- A. Point out if both are true with reason being correct explanation
- B. both are true but reason is not correct explanation

C. assertion is true but reason is wrong

D. and both are wrong

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

243. Auxins promote

A. Apical dominance

B. Cambial acitivity

C. Cell growth

D. All the above.

Answer: A



244. Which hormone is responsible for apical growth
A. IAA
B. Abscisic acid
C. GA
D. All the above.
Answer: a
Watch Video Solution
245. Parthenocarpic fruits cannot be produced by application of
A. IAA
B. 2, 4-D

C. ABA

D. IBA.

Answer: c



Watch Video Solution

246. Banana is seedless because

A. It reproduces asexually

B. It is sprayed by auxin

C. Both A and B

D. None of tha above.

Answer: A



- A. O_3 and light
- B. H_2O and O_2
- $\mathsf{C}.\,H_2O$ and high temperature
- D. Scarification and vernalisation.



Watch Video Solution

248. Which is used as a weedicide?

- A. IAA
- B. NAA

- $\mathsf{C}.\,GA_3$
- D. 2, 4-D.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

249. Auxin causes cells to absorb water from hypertonic medium because

- A. It lower transpiration rate
- B. It raises rate of cellular respiration for Providing ATP for active water absorption
- C. It increases solute potential of cells
- D. It increases rate of transpiration



View Text Solution

250. Movement stimulated by external factor is

- A. Spontaneous Movement
- B. Autonomic movement
- C. Physical movement
- D. Paratonic movement.

Answer: D



A. Stem
B. Root
C. Fruit
D. Lateral buds.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
252. Which of the following is a short day plant
A. Wheat
B. Barley
C. Larkspur
D. Dahlia/Xanthium.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

253. Short day plant is

- A. Xanthium
- B. Pisum
- C. Cucumis
- D. Avena.

Answer: A



254. Which statements are correct?

a - Cytokinins suppress the synthesis of chlorophyll

b - Auxins control apical dominance

c - Gibberellins promote shoot elongation

d - Abscisic acid enables seeds to with-stand desiccation.

A. a and b only

B. b and c only

C. a and c only

D. b, c and d only

Answer: D



255. Match the columns and choose the correct combination:

Column I Column II

- (a) Auxin (i) Colouring test in lemon
- (b) Gibberellin (ii) Cell division test in plants
- (c) Cytokinin (iii) Avena curvature test
- (d) Ethylene (iv) Dwarf corn test

A. a - iii, b - iv, c - ii, d - i

B. a - I, b - iv, c - ii, d - iii

C. a - iv, b - iii, c - I, d - ii

D. a - ii, b - I, c - iv, d - iii

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

256. The period of suspended growth due to exogenous condition is termed as

- A. Quiescence
 - **B.** Dormancy
 - C. Perennation
 - D. Hibernation

Answer: A



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257. The shedding of leaves, flowers or fruit due to change in the hormonal balance in plant is referred as

- A. Senescence
- **B.** Abscission
- C. Photoperiodism
- D. Vernalisation.



Watch Video Solution

258. Leaf fall occurs in a tree when there is increase in concentration of

- A. Gibberellin
- B. Cytokinin
- C. Auxin
- D. Abscisic acid.

Answer: D



259. Ability of Venus Fly Trap to	capture insects is due to
-----------------------------------	---------------------------

- A. Specialised "muscle-like" cells
- B. Chemical stimutation by prey
- C. Rapid turgor pressure changes
- D. Passive process requiring no special ability on the part of the plant.

Answer: C



- **260.** Gibberellin is a
 - A. Sterol
 - B. Vitamin

C. Suger
D. Protein.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
261. Which flower shows nyctinastic movement ?
A. Albizzia lebbek
B. Pentapetes
C. Mimosa pudica
D. Bryophyllum.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution

262. Morphactins are derivatives of
A. Fluorine carboxylic acid
B. Fluromalic acid
C. Chlorofluorocarbons
D. Methanogens.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
263. Which hormone is not translocated?
A. Auxin

B. Gibberellins

C. ABA

D. Cytokinin.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

264. Treatment of seed at low temperature under moist conditions to break its dormancy is called

A. Vernalisation

B. Chelation

C. Stratification

D. Scarification.

Answer: C

265. How does pruning help in making the hedge dense

A. It releases wound hormones

B. Apical shoot grows faster after pruning

C. It frees axillary buds from apical dominance

D. It induces differentiation of new shoots from rootstock.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

266. α -amylase synthesis is promoted by

A. IAA

B. GA C. Cytokinin D. NAA. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 267. During which phase of growth, cell increases in volume A. Exponential B. Cell division C. Differentiation D. Enlargement.

Answer: A

- A. Poppy
- B. Xanthium
- C. Paddy
- D. Soyabean.

Answer: A



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269. The chemical nature of gibberellins is that they are

A. Proteinaceous

B. Amines
C. Acidic
D. Alkaline.

Answer: C



270. Which is not an influence of auxins

- A. Tropical movements
- B. Bolting
- C. Parthenocarpy
- D. Apical dominance.

Answer: B

271. Abscisic acid promotes

- A. Flower initiation
- B. Triple response
- C. Stem elongation
- D. Detachment of leaf, flower and fruit.

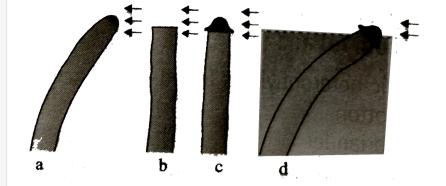
Answer: D



of

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272. Avena curvature test is a bioassay for examining the activity



- A. Auxin
- B. Ethylene
- C. Cytokinin
- D. Gibberellin.

Answer: A



273. Match the columns:

Ι

TT

a Phototaxis 1. Circular movement

of protoplasm in response to warm condition

b Thermotaxis 2. Upward movement of floral organs

c Chemotaxis 3. Drooping of leaf

d Hyponasty 4. Movement of antherozoids towards

archegonia

e Seismonasty 5. Movement of Chlamydomonas

A. (a) - (5), (b) - (4), (c) - (3), (d) - (2), (e) - (1)

B. (a) - (5), (b) - (1), (c) - (4), (d) - (4), (d) - (2), (e) - (3)

C. (a) - (4), (b) - (5), (c) - (1), (d) - (2), (e) - (3)

D. (a) - (2), (b) - (3), (c) - (4), (d) - (5), (e) - (1)

274. Some plants have a habit of harbouring ants to save the plants from damage by other animals which is known as

- A. Anemophily
- B. Entomophily
- C. Myrmecophile
- D. Hydrophily

Answer: C



275. Which one is wrongly matched?

- A. Auxins to grow
- B. Gibberellins-Gibberella fujikuroi
- C. Cytokinins Herring sperm DNA
- D. ABA flowering hormone.

Answer: D



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276. Which is not a function of cytokinin?

- A. Delay is senescence
- B. Breaking seed dormancy
- C. Promoting bud dormancy
- D. Promoting stomatal opening.

Answer: C



277. Auxins are abundantly produced in

- A. Shoot
- B. Meristematic region of stem
- C. Root
- D. Leaf buds.

Answer: B



B. Chlorophyll C. Florigen D. Gibberellin. **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 279. Etiolation occurs when plants A. Are grwon in dark B. Are grown in intense light C. Develop viral infection D. Develop mineral deficiency.

A. Auxin

Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 280. Leaf abscission is brought about by A. Auxin B. Cytokinin C. Gibberellin D. ABA.





A. CCC B. Jasmonic acid C. Citric acid D. Lactic acid. **Answer: A Watch Video Solution** 282. Cryptochrome is A. Yellow light absorbing B. Pigment of cryptogams C. Red light absorbing pigment

D. Blue-light absorbing pigment.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

283. Seeds of some plants do not germinate even under favourable conditions due to

- A. Dormancy
- B. Quiescence
- C. Vivipary
- D. Non-viability.

Answer: A



284. Drooping of Tamarind leaves after sunset is
A. Phototropism
B. Phototaxis
C. Photonasty
D. Chemotaxis.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
285. Plants requiring exposure to light for less than the critical photoperiod for flowering are
A. LDP
B. DN

C. IDP

D. SDP

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

286. Period between formative phase and maturation phase of plant growth is

A. Lag phase

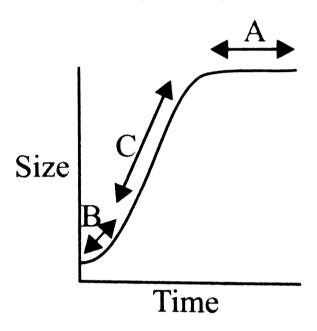
B. Phase of elongation

C. Stationary phase

D. Grand period of growth.

Answer: B

287. Given graph is drawn on the parameters of growth versus time. Here A,B and C respetively represent



- A. Exponential phase, lag phase and steady state phase
- B. Steady state phase, lag phase and log phase
- C. Slow growing phase, lag phase, steady state phase
- D. Log phase lag phase and steady state phase.

Answer: B



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288. Match the columns:

Column II Column II

1 Human urine a Cytokinin

2 Gibberella fufikuroi b Auxin

3 Herring fish DNA c Ethylene

4 Ripening fruits d abscisic acid

5 Aged leaves of plants e Gibberellins

Answer: A

....

Watch Video Solution

289. The natural plant hormone isolated from cormn kernels and coconut milk is

- A. Florigen
- B. GA_3
- C. Free auxins
- D. Zeatin.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

290. 6- furfuryl ammino purine 2, 4- dichorophenoxy acetic acid and indole -3 - acetic acid are examples respectively for

- A. Synthetic auxin, kinetin and natural auxin
- B. Gibberellin, natural auxin and kinetin and synthetic auxin
- C. Natural auxin, kinetin and synthetic auxin
- D. Kinetin, synthetic auxin and natural auxin.

Answer: D



291. Which type of movement is shown by Tulip and Sunflower respectively?

- A. Thermonasty and photonasty
- B. Hydronasty and photonasty
- C. Thigmonasty and photonasty
- D. Hydronasty and thermonasty.

Answer: A



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292. Which ones are long day plants

- A. Wheat, Poppy, Soyabean
- B. Wheat, Poppy, Beet
- C. Wheat, Oat, Soyabean
- D. Wheat, Xanthium, Paddy.

Answer: B



293. Auxin develops at the tip of the stem. Its movement is largely

A. Acropetal

B. Centropetal

C. Basipetal

D. Acropetal and basipetal.

Answer: C



294. Maximum growth rate occur in

A. Lag phase

B. Senescent phase

- C. Decline phase
- D. Exponential phase.

Answer: D



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- 295. Apical dominance in higher plants is due to
 - A. Enzyme activity
 - B. Photoperiodism
 - C. Carbohydrate-nitrogen ratio
 - D. Balance between auxin and cytokinins.

Answer: D



296. Induction of cell division activity and delay in senescence is
caused by

- A. Gibberellin
- B. Auxin
- C. Cytokinin
- D. Ethylene.

Answer: C



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297. Beta vulgaris is

A. SDP

- B. LDP

 C. DNP

 D. IDP.

 Answer: B

 Watch Video Solution

298. Rapid and dramatic increase in shoot length is

- A. Bolting
- B. Triple growth response
- C. Scarification
- D. Night break reaction.

Answer: A

299. Thigmonastic movement is found in

- A. Albizzia
- B. Oxalis
- C. Drosera
- D. Nepenthes.

Answer: C



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300. Pr state of phytochrome absorbs light wave-length of

A. 660 nm

- B. 640 nm
- C. 620 nm
- D. 720 nm.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

301. Which one is not correctly matched?

- A. Cytokinin-cell division
- B. IAA-cell wall elongation
- C. Abscisic acid-stomatal closure
- D. Gibberellic acid-Leaf fall.

Answer: D

302. Opening of floral buds is

- A. Autonomic movement of variation
- B. Paratonic movement of growth
- C. Autonomic movement of growth
- D. Autonomic movement of locomotion.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

303. Pineapple can be made to produce fruit throughout the year by application of

- A. IAA, IBA B. NAA, 2, 4-D
- C. Phenyl acetic acid
- D. Cytokinins.

Answer: B



View Text Solution

304. Nutation is shown by

- A. Root
- B. Stem
- C. Tendrils
- D. Leaves.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

305. Which method makes the seed coat permeable and allows growth of embryo ?

- A. Scarification
- B. Stratification
- C. Vernalisation
- D. Denudation.

Answer: A



306. Assertion. Phase of cell division is also known as formative phase.

Reason. In Formative phase new cells are produced from preexisting cells through meiosis.

A. Point out if both are true with reason being correct explanation

B. both true but reason not correct explanation

C. assertion true but reason wrong

D. both are wrong.

Answer: C



307. The phyohormone which induces triple respone is
A. IAA
B. ABA
C. GA_3
D. C_2H_4 .
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
308. An example of short day plant is
A. Maiza
B. Radish
C. Chrysanthemum

D. Wheat

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

309. One hormone helps in ripening of fruits and other brings about stomatal closure. They are respectively

- A. ABA, IAA
- B. C_2H_4 , ABA
- C. ABA, ethylene
- D. C_2H_2 , GA

Answer: B



310. Pick up correct statements

- (A) Cytokinins delay senescence
- (B) Auxine regulate apical dominance
- (C) Ethylene enhances seed germination
- (D) Gibberellins cause falling of immature leaves.

A. a, c

B. a,d

C. a, b

D. b, c

Answer: C



311. Match the columns and find the correct combination:

T

TT

- Auxin \boldsymbol{a}
- 1. Herring sperm DNA
- Cytokinin
- 2 Inhibitor of growth
- - Gibberellin 3. Apical dominance
- d Ethylene
 - 4. Epinasty
- e abscisic acid 5.
- Induces amylase synthesis

Answer: A



A. ABA B. GA C. Thiourea D. Cytokinin. **Answer: A Watch Video Solution** 313. Impotance of day length (photoperiodism) in flowering of plants was first shown in A. Cotton B. Tobacco C. Lemna D. Petunia

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

314. Growth in internodal regions of green plants is due to

- A. Ethylene
- B. Cytokinins
- C. Gibberellins
- D. IAA.

Answer: C



- A. 2, 4-D
- B. ABA
- C. Gibberellin
- D. IAA.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

316. Find the correct statements

- 1. Causal organism of foolish seedling disease is source of gibberellin
- 2. Ascorbic acid is growth promoter
- 3. Ratio of auxin to cytokinin controls differentiation
- 4. Bolting of cabbage can be induced by treatment with IAA

- A. 1, 2, 3 correct
- B. 1, 2 correct
- C. 2, 4 correct
- D. 1, 3 correct.

Answer: D



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317. Statement a. Auxins promote apical dominance by suppressing activity of lateral buds.

Statement b. In moricultrue, periodic pruning of shoot tips is done to make Mulberry plants bushy.

- A. a and b correct with a being reason for b
- B. a is correct, b is wrong

C. a is wrong, b is correct

D. Both a and b correct but a is not reason for b.

Answer: D

Watch Video Solution

318. Ethylene is metabolic product of

A. Valine

B. Serine

C. Methionine

D. Glutamic acid.

Answer: C



A. IAA
B. ABA
C. IBA
D. GA.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution 320. Exponential growth occur in

319. Which one is derivative of a carotenoid

C. Asexual reproduction

D. All the above.

Answer: D

Watch Video Solution

- **321.** In signoid growth curve, upper asymptote represents period of
 - A. Establishment
 - B. Negative accelertion
 - C. Positive acceleration
 - D. Equilibrium.

Answer: D

322. Discovery of gibberellin is related to

- A. Blast disease of Rice
- B. Early blight of Potato
- C. Bakane disease of Rice
- D. Rust of Wheat.

Answer: C



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323. Match the following and chose the correct combination

Column I Column II

A Zeation 1 flowering hormone

B Florigen 2 synthethic auxin

C IBA 3 cytokinin

D NAA 4 Natural auxin

A. a - 3, b - 1, c - 4, d - 2

B. a - 4, b - 1, c - 2, d - 3

C. a - 3, b - 4, c - 1, d - 2

D. a - 2, b - 1, c - 4, d - 3

Answer: A



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324. Find the correct combination

(A) DCMUHerbicide......Inhibitor of non-cyclic electron

transport
(B) PMAFungicideReduces transpiration
(C) ColchicineAlkaloidCauses male sterility
(D) Solnite-Sodium alginateEncapsulation of somatic
embryos.
A. a, b B. a, c C. b, c D. b, d
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
325. Identify two physiological process induced by two different
phytoharmones having a common precurer which is formed due

(IV) Delay in sprouting of potato tubers

The correct combination is

A. a, b

B. a, c

C. c, d

D. b, d.

Answer: D



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326. Choose the correct sequence of stages of growth curve for bacteria

A. Lag, log, stationary

B. Log, lag, stationary

C. Log, stationary, lag

D. Stationary, log, lag.

Answer: A

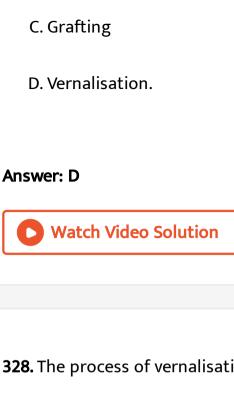


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327. Biennials get changed into annuals by

A. Hormones

B. Photoperiodism



328. The process of vernalisation is

- A. Aerobic
- B. Anaerobic
- C. Unaffected by aerobic or unaerobic conditions
- D. Dependent upon starvation conditions.

Answer: A



329. A plant growing in complete darkness shows

- A. Vernalisation
- B. Etiolation
- C. Chlorosis
- D. Wilting.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

330. Ageing of leaves and shoots is called

- A. Chlorosis
- B. Wilting

- C. Senescence
- D. Necrosis.

Answer: C



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331. Which one of the following synthetic growth regulators is used to promote synchronized flowering in pineapple

- A. Indole butyric acid
- B. Phenyl mercuric acetate
- C. Benzyl aminopurine
- D. 2-Chloroethyl phosphonic acid.

Answer: D



332. Which one the following plant function is not generally governed or controlled by auxin

- A. Apical dominance
- B. Photosynthesis
- C. Photoperiodism
- D. Growth

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

333. Response of plants due to reversibole turgor change in pulvinus as a result of touch is

A. Photonasty B. Thermonasty C. Seismonasty D. Chemonasty. **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 334. Cytokinins which have specific effect in cytokinesis are modified forms of A. Cytosine B. Adenine C. Guanine D. Thiamine.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

335. One of the commonly used plant growth hormone in tea plantations is

- A. Zeatin
- B. ABA
- C. IAA
- D. Ethylene.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

- 336. Which locomotory movement is not correct
 - A. Cyclosis and rotation of cytoplasm in Hydrilla
 - B. Sucrose induced movement of sperms
 - C. Flagellar movement of slime mould
 - D. Chlamydomonas moves away from intense light.

Answer: C



- **337.** Which one demonstrates process associated with abscission of a leaf
 - A. In the leaf concentration of both auxin and ABA decreases
 - B. In the leaf concentration of both auxin and ABA increases

C. Reduction in ABA concentration and increase of auxin concentration in the leaf

D. Reduction in concentration of auxin and increase of concentration of ABA in the leaf.

Answer: D



338. Falling of floral parts, leaves and fruits from the mother plant is called

A. Senescence

B. Abscission

C. Photoperiodism

D. Vernalisation.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

339. Seismonasty occurs in

- A. Sammanea saman
- B. Albizzia lebbek
- C. Hibiscus rosa-sinensis
- D. Mimosa pudica.

Answer: D



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340. Seeds of winter varieties are benefitted by technique

A. Senescence B. Photoperiodism C. Vernalisation D. Abscission. **Answer: C Watch Video Solution 341.** Transport of cytokinin in the plant body is A. Basipetal B. Lateral C. Acropetal D. On all sides.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

342. Which one hastens flowering in plants

- A. Stratification
- B. Scarification
- C. Vernalisation
- D. Water deficit.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

A. Oxygen B. Moisture C. Hormones D. Nutrients. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 344. Which hormone is produced in most plant cells as product of metabolism A. Gibberellin B. Cytokinin C. Auxin D. Ethylene.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

345. Find out correct options:

a Foolish Plant p Volatile x Induces

b Induces senescence q abscisic acid y Ripens fruit r Gibberella z Usually sterile plant

A. a - p - y, b - r - x

B. a - r -z, b - q - z

C. a - r - z, b - p - y

D. a - q - x, b - r - y.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

346. Auxanometer is used to measure plant organ

A. Growth in length

B. Growth in breadth

C. Pest population

D. Both A and B.

Answer: A



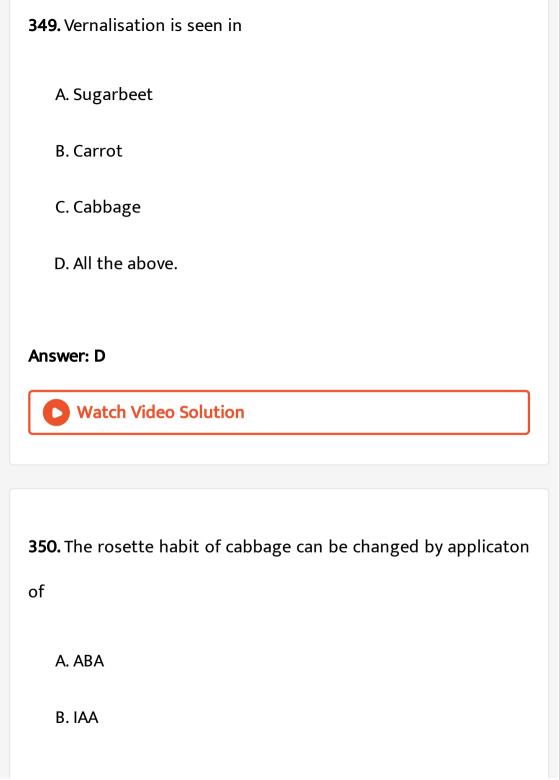
347. Day neutral plant

A. Lose activity during day time

B. Flower in all possible photoperiods

C. Become overactive during day time

D. Do not flower in any photoperiod.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
348. Study of phototropic lead to the discovery of
A. Cytokinin
B. Ethylene
C. Gibberellin
D. Auxin.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution



C. GA

D. Ethephon.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

351. Exponential growth is expressed as

A.
$$Lt = L_0 + rt$$

B.
$$L_0 = Le^{rt}$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,W_1=W_0+e^{rt}$$

D.
$$W_0=W_1e^{rt}$$

Answer: C



View Text Solution

352. Which is incorrectly matched

- A. Adenine derivative-Kinetin
- B. Terpenes-IAA
- C. Carotenoid derivative- ABA
- D. Indole compounds-IBA

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

353. Natural cytokinins are synthesised in tissues that are

- A. Strong food
- B. Differentiating

- C. Dividing
- D. Senescent.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

354. Assertion: Plant growth as a whole is indefinete.

Reason : Plants retain the capacity of continuous growth throughout their life.

- A. Point out if both are true with reason being correct explanation
- B. both are true but reason is not correct explanation
- C. assertion is true but reason is wrong
- D. and both are wrong

Answer: A



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355. Which is essential for flowering

- A. Phytochrome
- B. Chlorophyll
- C. Cytochrome
- D. Leghaemoglobin.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

356. Through their effect on plant growth regiulators, what do the temperature and light control in the plants

- A. Stomatal closure
- B. Apical dominance
- C. Flowering
- D. Fruit development.

Answer: C



357. Hormone antagonist to gibberellins is

- A. IAA
- B. ABA

C. Zeatin D. Ethylene. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 358. Vernalisation simulates flowering in A. Ginger B. Turmeric C. Zamikand D. Carrot. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution**

359. Growth hormone that speeds up malting in brewery industry is

- A. Kinetin
- B. Gibberellic acid
- C. Auxin
- D. Ethylene.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

360. The natural plant hormone isolated from cormn kernels and coconut milk is

- A. Florigen
- B. GA_3
- C. Auxin
- D. Zeatin.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

361. One harmone is used to speed up the malting process in barely, another is used to promote flowering in pineapple, while the third helps in the delay of leaf senescence. These are respectively

- A. Auxin, Gibberellin and Cytokinin
- B. Gibberellin, Cytokinin, Auxin

- C. Gibberellin, Auxin, Cyctokinin
- D. Cytokinin, Auxin, Gibberellin

Answer: C



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362. Which of the following is not a physiological effect/ an influence of auxin

- A. Promotes bolting
- B. Prevents early fruit and leaf drop
- C. Promotes flowering
- D. Initiates rooting in stem cuttings

Answer: A

363. The phenomenon which shortens vegetative period and hastens flowering is

- A. Etiolation
- B. Vernalisation
- C. Photoperiodism
- D. Parthenocarpy.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

364. Abscisic acid is called stress hormone as it

A. Induces flowering B. Breaks seed dormancy C. Promotes leaf fall D. Promotes stomatal closure. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 365. Hormone antagonistic ABA is A. Gibberellin B. Auxin C. Ethylene D. Cytokinin.

Answer: A



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366. Two different plants associated with discovery of two different phytohormones having commone biosynthetic precursor exhibit one of the following characters each

I. Versatile anthers II. Compound spadix III. Pentalocular ovary IV.

Trifoliate compound leaves

A. II and III

B. I and III

C. II and IV

D. I and IV.

Answer: B



367. During seed germination, its stored food is mobilised by

A. Gibberellin

B. Ethylene

C. Cytokinin

D. ABA.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

368. The viability of seeds is tested by

A. 2, 3, 5-triphenyl tetrazolium chloride

B. DMSO

C. Safranine

D. 2, 6-dichlorophenol indophenols.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

369. In exponential growth formula, $W_t = W_0 e^{rt}, \, e$ denotes

A. Final size

B. Time of growth

C. Base of natural logarithm

D. Growth rate.

Answer: C



370. Which plant hormone was discovered as kinetin

- A. ABA
- B. Ethylene
- C. Auxin
- D. Cytokinin.

Answer: D



371. Match the columns and choose the correct combination:

Ι

Π

- (a) Cytokinin (p) Stress hormone
- (b) Auxins (q) Ripening of fruits
- (c) abscisic acid (r) Apical dominance
- (d) Ethylene (s) Bolting
 - (t) Richmond-Lang Effect

A. a-t, b-r, c-p, d-q

B. a-t, b-r, c-p, d-s

C. a-r, b-s, c-q, d-p

D. a-q, b-s, c-t, d-r

Answer: A



372. Which growth regulator promotes root initiation, flowering and induced parthenocarpy

- A. Gibberellin
- B. Auxin
- C. Cytokinin
- D. Ethylene.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

373. Assertion. On plotting the length of the root against time, a

linear curve is obtained

Reason. An elongating root exemplifies arithmetic growth

- A. Point out if both are true with reason being correct explanation

 B. both true but reason not correct explanation
- C. assertion true but reason wrong
- D. both are wrong.

Answer: A



374. Which plant hormone is baisc in nature

- A. Gibberellin
- B. Auxin
- C. Ethylene

D. Cytokinin.

Answer: D



- 375. Select the activites associated with gibberellins
 - (a) Apical dominance
- (b) Good herbicides
- (c) Promote bolting
- (d) Delay senescence
- (e) Stimulate closure of stomata.
 - A. a and b only
 - B. b and c only
 - C. b and d only

D. c and d only.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

376. Match the columus and choose the correct combination

Growth Regulator Action

- (a) abscisic aicd (1) Delays leaf abscission
- (b) Ethylene (2) Inhibits seed germination
- (c) Cytokinin (3) Herbicide
- (d) Auxin (4) Hastens fruit ripening

A. a-2, b-4, c-1, d-3

B. a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4

C. a-2, b-3, c-4, d-1

D. a-2, b-1, c-3, d-4

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

377. In which plant heterophyllous development occurs due to environment

- A. Coriander
- B. Cotton
- C. Larkspur
- D. Buttercup

Answer: D



378. Which statement regarding growth is false

A. Increase in mass and increase in number of individuals are twin characteristics of growth

- B. In plants, growth by cell division is seen only upto a certain stage
- C. Growth exhibited by nonliving objects is by accumulation of material on the surface
- D. A multicellular organism grows by cell division

Answer: B



A. Light B. Touch C. Chemical D. High temperature. **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 380. Control of leaf, flower and fruit abscission and promotion of fruit ripening are functions of A. Ethylene B. Auxin C. Gibberellin D. Cytokinin.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

381. Removal of apical bud makes the plant

- A. Tall
- B. Bushy
- C. Slow
- D. Rapidly

Answer: B



382. Cells attaining their maximum size in terms of wall thickening and protoplasmic modifications belong to

- A. Meristematic phase
- B. Elongation phase
- C. Maturation phase
- D. None of the above.

Answer: C



383. Spraying sugarcane crop with a plant hormone increases length of plants and increases yield by as much as 20 tonnes/acre. The hormone is

A. Gibberellin B. Auxin C. Cytokinin D. ABA. **Answer: A Watch Video Solution** 384. Length of stalks of grape fruits increases due to A. Auxin **B.** Cytokinins C. Ethylene D. Gibberellin.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

385. Which one is growth regulator produced by plants

A. NAA

B. Zeatin

C. 2, 4-D

D. BAP.

Answer: B



386. Match the columns and choose the correct option

T

TT

- (p) Control of weeds
- (i) Gibberellin

(q) Induction of

(ii) Cytokinin

germination

- (r) Ripening of fruit
- (iii) 2, 4-D
- (s) Delaying of senescence (iv) Ethylene

A.
$$p-ii,\,q-iv,\,r-iii,\,s-i$$

B.
$$p-iii, q-i, r-iv, s-ii$$

$$\mathsf{C}.\,p-i,\,q-ii,\,r-iv,\,s-ii$$

D.
$$p-ii$$
, $q-iii$, $r-i$, $s-iv$

Answer: B



- A. Growth of lateral buds
- B. Inhibition of growth of lateral buds
- C. Both A and B
- D. None of the above.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

388. Match the lists and find the correct options

T

(a) Early seed production

in conifers
(b) Sood development and

- (b) Seed development and
- (c) Lateral shoot growth
- (d) Root hair formation

TT

(i) Inodle

substance

(ii) Terpene substance

maturation

- (iii) Volatile substance
- (iv) Adenine derivative
 - (v) Carotenoid derivative

A. $a-iii,\,b-i,\,c-v,\,d-ii$

B. a-ii, b-v, c-iv, d-iii

C. $a-ii,\,b-i,\,c-v,\,d-iv$

D. a-iv, b-iii, c-ii, d-i

Answer: B



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389. What is the site of perception of photoperiod necessary for induction of flowering in plants? Leaves

A. Stem

B. Leaves

C. Shoot apex

D. Floral meristem.

Answer: B



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390. If a plant produces flowers when exposed to alternating periods of 5 hours light and 3 hours dark in a 24-hour cycle, the plant should be a

- A. SDP
- B. LDP
- C. SLDP
- D. DNP.

Answer: B



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391. A bacterium divides every 35 minutes. If a culture containing 10^5 cells/ml is grown for 175 minutes. What will be the cell concentration / ml after 175 minutes

A.
$$175 \times 10^5$$
 cells/ml

$$\text{B.}\,35\times10^5\text{ cells/ml}$$

C.
$$5 imes 10^5$$
 cells/ml

D.
$$32 imes 10^5$$
 cells/ml.

Answer: D



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392. Cytokinin is not found in

A. Root apex

- B. Shoot apex
 C. Young fruits
 - D. Mature fruits.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

393. Senescence in plants leads intoof cells

- A. Increase in size
- B. Increase in number
- C. Death
- D. Differentiation.

Answer: C

394. Which of the following is a dicot weedicide

- A. 2, 4-D
- B. NAA
- C. IBA
- D. IAA.

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

395. One hormone hastens maturity period in juvenile conifers, a second hormone control xylem differentiation , while the third

increases the tolerance of plants to various stresses they are respectively

- A. Auxin, gibberellin and cytokinin
- B. Gibberellin, auxin, cytokinin
- C. Gibberellin, auxin, ethylene
- D. Gibberellin, auxin, ABA

Answer: D



396. Which is not the effect of ethylene

- A. Promotes senescence and abscission of plant organs
- B. Breaks seed and bud dormancy

- C. Brings about horizontal growth of seedlings
- D. Helps to overcome apical dominance.

Answer: D



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397. A few normal seedlingd of tomato were kept in a dark room. After a few days were found to have become white coloured like albinos. Ehich of the following terms will you use to describe them

- A. Embolised
- B. Etiolated
- C. Defoliated
- D. Mutated.

Answer: B



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398. Dr. F. Went noted that is coleoptile tips were removed and placed on agar for one hour, the agar would produce a bending when placed on one side of freshly cut coleoptile stumps .Of what sighifcance is this exeriment

- A. It is basis of quantitative determination of small amounts of growth promoting substances
- B. It supports the hypothesis that IAA is auxin
- C. It demonstrated polar movement of auxins
- D. It made possible the isolation and exact identification of auxin.

Answer: D



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399. Vernalisation is carried out in plants growing in

- A. Tropical areas
- B. Subtropical area
- C. Temperate areas
- D. Hot/arctic areas.

Answer: C



400. Gibberellins can promote seed germination because of their influence on

- A. Rate of cell division
- B. Production of hydrolysing enzymes
- C. Synthesis of abscisic acid
- D. Absorption of water through hard seed coat.

Answer: B



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401. Assertion.Plant growth regulators are very important for plant growth and development

Reason. Auxins do not induce flowering in gymnosperms.

- A. Point out if both are true with reason being correct explanation
- B. both true but reason not correct explanation
- C. assertion true but reason wrong
- D. both are wrong.

Answer: B



- **402.** Abscisic acid causes
 - A. Faster leaf fall
 - B. Dormancy of buds and seeds
 - C. Retardation of growth

D. All the above.
Answer: D
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403. The characteristics like expansion, breaking dormancy,
promoting germination and flowering are associated with
A. Auxins
B. Gibberellins
C. Cytokinins
D. Ethylene.





404. A natural growth regulator is

- A. 2, 4-D
- B. Benzaldehyde
- C. NAA
- D. Ethylene.

Answer: D



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405. 6-(4-Hydroxy-3 Methyl-trans-2-butenylamine) purine is also called

A. Methyl jasmonate

B. Zeatin C. Brassinolide D. Triacontanol. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution 406.** Cholodony and Went effect is due to A. IAA B. GA C. Cytokinin D. ABA.

Answer: A

407. The hormone which reduces transpiration rate by inducing stomatal closure is

- A. Ethylene
- B. Gibberellin
- C. ABA
- D. Cytokinin.

Answer: C



- A. Elongation of stem in rosette plants B. Dwarfing of stem C. Increase in flowers. D. Appearance of flowers. Answer: A **Watch Video Solution**
- **409.** Phytochrome responsible for flowering is
 - A. Pigment present in floral buds
 - B. Hormone present in leaves
 - C. Pigment present is leaves
 - D. Enzymes present in floral buds.

Answer: C



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410. The primary and secondary growth of a shoot inhibited by

- A. Auxin
- B. Gibberellin
- C. Cytokinin
- D. Abscisic acid.

Answer: D



411. The pigment which mainly absorbs red and far-red radiation in plants, is known as

- A. Cytochrome
- B. Xanthophyll
- C. Phytochrome
- D. Carotene.

Answer: C



- 412. Which one is correct for blooming of short day plants
 - A. The long dark period is not critical

- B. It is affected by interruption of long dark period by brief exposure of light
- C. It is affected if continuous light period is interrupted.
- D. It is affected if continuous light period is interrupted.

Answer: A



- **413.** Select the correctly matched pair
 - A. Darwin and Darwin Gibberellic acid
 - B. Went Auxin
 - C. Kurosawa Ethylene
 - D. Skoog and Miller Abscisic acid

Answer: B



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414. One hormone stimulates the closure of stomata and another one influences the swelling of the axis in dicot plants. They are

- A. Gibberllins and ethylene
- B. Abscisic acid and cytokinins
- C. Gibberellins nad cytokinins
- D. Abscisic acid and ethylene.

Answer: D



- **415.** Which of the following statements regarding photoperiodism is false
 - A. The response of plants to periods of light/day is termed as photoperiodism
 - B. The shoot apices cannot perceive photoperiods
 - C. In day neutral plants there is no correlation between exposure to light duration and induction of flowering response
 - D. The site of perception of light/dark duration is the flower.

Answer: D



416. The hormone that promotes rapid elongation of intermodes or leaf base in deep water rice plant is

- A. Abscisic aicd
- B. Ethylene
- C. Cytokinin
- D. Gibberellin.

Answer: B



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417. Assertion (A). Ethylene induces ripening

Reason (R). Ethylene is a gaseous hormone

A. A and R are true, R is correct explanation of A

- B. A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation
- C. A is true, R is false
- D. A is false, R is true.

Answer: A



- **418.** Identify the correct pair of combination
- (i) Zeatin adenine derivative overcoming apical dominance
- (ii) C_2H_4 indole compound effective in fruit ripening
- (iii) ABA carotenoid derivative induction of parthenocarpy
- (iv) ${\it Ga}_3$ terpene bolting in cabbage
 - A. ii, iii
 - B. ii, iv

C. i, iv

D. iii, iv.

Answer: C



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419. Match the columns and find the correct option

- (a) Munch (i) Stomatal movement
- (b) Darwin (ii) Hasterns fruit ripening by volatiles
- (c) Cousins (iii) Growth of coleoptile towards light
- (d) Levitt (iv) Nature of enzyme action
 - (v) Bidirectional transport in pholem

A. a-iii, b-iv, c-i, d-ii

B. a-iv, b-iii, c-i, d-ii

 $\mathsf{C}.\,a-v,b-iii,c-ii,d-i$

D. a-iii, b-i, c-iv, d-v

Answer: C



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420. Gibberellin facilitates seed germination by triggering the synthesis of

A. lpha-amylase

B. β -amylase

C. Both A and B

D. α -amylase and protease.

Answer: D

421. The inhibitory effect of red light on flowering during critical dark period in short day plants can be overcome by

- A. Blue light
- B. Far-red light
- C. Infra-red rays
- D. Ultraviolet rays.

Answer: B



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422. In hyponasty, the bud will remain

A. Open
B. Closed
C. Semi-open
D. Wilt.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
423. Seed dormancy can be broken be broken by
A. ABA and GA_3
B. GA_3 and ethylene
C. IAA and ABA
D. ABA and IPA.

Answer: B



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424. Plants which disregard the requirement of a definite day length for flowering are called

- A. Short day plants
- B. Long day plants
- C. Day neutral plants
- D. Long-short day plants.

Answer: C



425. Seedless fruits can be induced by

A. ABA and IAA

B. ABA and Zeatin

C. IAA and GA_3

D. Ethylene and ABA.

Answer: B



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426. Seed domarncy can be broken by the following combination of chemicals

A. GA_3 , IAA, ABA

B. $KNO_3,\,GA_3$ and ethylene chlorohydrin

C. NAA, 2, 4, 5-T and IAA

D. ABA, BAP and GA_3

Answer: B



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427. Which of the following are related to the process of flowering

A. Gibberellin

B. ABA

C. Both A and B

D. Kinetin.

Answer: C

428. Which of the following is not a natural auxin

A. Indole acetic acid

B. Naphthalene acetic acid

C. Indole acetaldehyde

D. Indole ethanol.

Answer: B



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429. Biosynthesis of cytokinin takes place via

A. Mevalonic acid cycle

- B. Citric acid cycle
- C. Calvin cycle
- D. C_4 cycle.

Answer: A



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430. If a short day plant is given ten hours light and fourteen hour darkness but the dark period is interrupted in the middle by a flash of 730 nm wavelength of light, then

- A. The floral axis becomes inactive
- B. The plant produces flowers
- C. The plant does not produce flowers
- D. The plant will produce parthenocarpic fruits.



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431. Match and find the correct match

T

TT

(a) 2, 4-D (i) Promotion of lateral shoot growth

(b) GA₂

(ii) Thinning in cotton

(c) Ethephone

(iii) Stress tolerance

(d) ABA

(iv) Brewing industry

(v) Weed free lawns

A. a-ii, b-i, c-v, d-iii

B. a-v, b-iv, c-ii, d-iii

C. a-v. b-iv. c-i. d-iii

D. a-iii, b-ii, c-i, d-iv



432. Horizontal growth of seedlings, swelling of axis and apical hook formation in dicot seedlings is brought about by

A. Auxin

B. Gibberellins

C. Ethylene

D. Kinetin.

Answer: C



433. The cells derived from meristems differentiate and regain the capacity of divide by a phenomenon called

- A. Differentiation
- B. Dedifferentiation
- C. Redifferentiation
- D. Totipotency

Answer: B



- 434. Identify the incorrect statement about ABA growth regulator
 - A. It increases the tolerance of plants against different stresses
 - B. It acts as general plant growth inhibitor and inhibitor of metabolism

- C. It helps in seed maturation and dormancy
- D. It promotes morphogenesis and differentiation of shoots.

Answer: D



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435. Which of the following prevents falling of fruits

OR

Fruit and leaf drop at early stages can be prevented by the application

- A. Cytokinins
- B. Ethylene
- C. Auxin
- D. Gibberellic acid.

Answer: C



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- 1. A long day plant is
 - A. Xanthium
 - B. Chrysanthemum
 - C. Radish
 - D. Tomato.

Answer: C



- 2. Lemna/Wolffia is
 - A. Short day plants
 - B. Long day plants
 - C. Day neutal plant
 - D. Long-short day plant.

Answer: A



- 3. Ageing of leaves is promoted by
 - A. Ethylene
 - B. Abscisic acid
 - C. Cytokinins

D. Auxin.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
4. Bolting hormone is
A. Auxin
B. Cytokinin
C. Gibberellin
D. Ethylene.
Answer:
Watch Video Solution

5. Traumatin is
A. Auxin
B. Gibberellin
C. Cytokinin
D. Abscisic acid.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
6 The week common extelimin is
6. The most common cytokinin is
A. Zeatin

D. IPA.
Answer: a
Watch Video Solution
7. The hormone synthesised by root and transported to shoot apex is
A. Gibberellin
B. ABA
C. Cytokinin
D. Auxin.
Answer: D
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A. Cytokinin
B. IAA-oxidase
C. Abscisic acid
D. Both B and C.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution9. Expansion of a leaf is an example of

8. Apical dominance of root tip is probably due to

C. Ephemeral movement
D. Paratonic movement.
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
10. Opening and closing of Crocus/Tulip flower is
A. Photonastic movement
B. Geotropism
C. Thermonasty
D. Nyctinasty.
Answer: a
Watch Video Solution

11. \	Veriation of	response	to	geotropism	is	found	in	the	floral
stal	k of								
	A. Sunflower								
	B. Groundnu	t							

Answer: B

C. Poppy

D. Both B and C.



12. Bending of tentacles of Drosera over the insect is

A. Thigmonasty

- B. Thigmotropism
- C. Chemotropism
- D. Phototropism.

Answer: A



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- 13. Statolith theory is related to
 - A. Phototropism
 - B. Chemotropism
 - C. Hydrotropism
 - D. Geotropism.

Answer: D

- 14. Cholodny-Went theory is connected with
 - A. Turgor movements
 - B. Chemotropism
 - C. Photoropism
 - D. Phototropism and geotropism.

Answer: C



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Brain Teasers Iv

1.	Α	characteristic	based	on	concentration	of	particles	in
so	lut	ion is						

- A. Colligative property
- B. Surface tension
- C. Colloidal nature
- D. All the above.

Answer: A



- 2. Which one is a colligative property
 - A. Cohesion force
 - B. Osmotic pressure

- C. Vapour pressure
- D. Both B and C.

Answer: D



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- **3.** Flaccidity is
 - A. Distended nature of plant cell
 - B. Percentage gain in volume of celll due to endosmosis
 - C. Loss of turgidity
 - D. Volume of cell in isotonic solution.

Answer: C



A. Root hairs
B. Stomata
C. Tracheary elements
D. Collenchyma.
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution 5. Fully turgid cell possesses

4. Turgor operated valves are

- C. Maximum size
- D. Impermeable nature.

Answer: C



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- **6.** At zero turgor pressure the cell shows
 - A. Evident plasmolysis
 - B. Incipient plasmolysis
 - C. Limiting plasmolysis
 - D. Deplasmolysis.

Answer: C



7. A freshly plasmolysed cell has
A. Little solute potential
B. Maximum turgor pressure
C. Zero turgor pressure
D. Negative turgor pressure.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
8. Maximum solute pressure occurs in a cell with
A. Maximum size

B. Plasmolysis

C. Full turgidity

D. Little or no vacuola

Answer: B



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9. A fully turgid cell has

A. Minimum cell size

B. Minimum water content

C. Maximum solute pressure

D. Minimum solute pressure.

Answer: D



10. Minimum solute potential means	
A. More negative solute potential	
B. Minimum solute concentration	
C. Maximum turgidty	

D. Both B and C.

Answer: A



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11. Soil water available to plants is

A. Holard

B. Echard

C. Chresard D. None of the above. **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 12. Chresard occurs in the soil A. Around soil particles B. Inside micropores C. Inside macropores D. In percolation chambers. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution**

13. Capillary pores are
A. Percolation pores
B. Macropores
C. Micropores
D. Ultra-micropores.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
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C. Mesopores	
D. Micropores.	
Answer: D	
Watch Video Solution	
15. Total water content present in a soil is called	
A. Echard	
B. Holard	
C. Cavitation	
D. Both B and C.	
Answer: B	
Watch Video Solution	

16. Percolation of soil water to water table occurs through

- A. Micropores less than $0.2 \mu m$
- B. Micropores between 0.2 to 20.0 μm
- C. Macropores between 20-50 μm .
- D. Macropores bigger than 50 μm .

Answer: D



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17. Wetting of driel soil surface automatically during night without rain is

A. Night recovery

- B. Dew wetting
- C. Mist formation
- D. Ground frost.



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- **18.** Night recovery is caused by
 - A. Condensation of water vapours
 - B. Local rain
 - C. Capillary movement
 - D. Both B and C.

Answer: A

- A. 30 litres
- B. 90 litres
- C. 155 litres
- D. 245 litres.

Answer: C



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20. On the basis of daily periodicity, stomatal movements are of

A. Four types

- B. Three types
- C. Two types
- D. Five types.



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- 21. In Potato type, the stomata remain open
 - A. Throughout day and night
 - B. 24 hours except for a few hours during day time
 - C. 24 hours except for a few hours during night
 - D. All the above.

Answer: D



22. Stomata which remain closed during night and open only during the day for a few hours are of

A. Barley or cereal type

B. Alfalfa type

C. Lucerne type

D. Potato type.

Answer: A



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23. Stomata tend to close during hot period and open during cooler hours in

A. Potato type B. Barley type C. Cereal type D. Lucerne type. **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 24. Transpiration as percentage of evaporation is called A. Transpiration index B. Transpiration ratio C. Water requirement D. Transpiration coefficient.



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25. Time required for cobalt chloride paper to turn pink when planed just above water surface is called

- A. Evaporation time
- B. Water test time
- C. Cobalt chloride test time
- D. Leaf test time.

Answer: B



26. Wilting of sun plants after rain is called

A. Incipient wilting

B. Permanent wilting

C. Flopping

D. The statement is incorrect.

Answer: C



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27. In transpiration, cavitation is

A. Rise of water against gravity

B. Evaporation of water in internal spaces

C. Dissolution of air in water

D. Appearance of air bubbles in water.
Answer: D
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28. Osmotic theory of acitve water absorption was given
A. Keller
B. Bennet-Clark et al
C. Alkins
D. Karmer.
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

29. Non-osmotic theory of water absorption was proposed by
A. Eaton
B. Kramer
C. Keller
D. Bennet-Clark et al.
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
30. Xylem walls are`
A. Positively charged
B. Negatively charged

D. Differentially permeable.

Answer: B



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31. Which one is bacteriochlorophyll a

A.
$$C_{55}H_{74}O_6N_4Mg$$

B.
$$C_5H_{70}O_6N_4Mg$$

C.
$$C_{55}H_{72}O_5N_4Mg$$

D. $C_{35}H_{32}O_5N_4Mg$.

Answer: A



32. The molecular weight of chlorophyll a is
A. 907
B. 893
C. 911
D. 712
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
33. The ration of chlorophyll a to chlorphyll b in flowering plants is
33. The ration of chlorophyll a to chlorphyll b in flowering plants

C. 2.5 - 3.5:1

D.5.5:1

Answer: C



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34. In shade plants the ratio of chl a: chl b is

A. 4.5:1

B. 1.4:1

C.0.7:1

D.5.5:1

Answer: B



35. The percentage of blue and red wavelengths of light absorbed by chlorophyll a is

- A. $40\,\%:4\,\%$
- B. 45~%:25~%
- C. 48~%:20~%
- D. 40~%:30~%

Answer: D



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36. The phenomenon of re-irradiation of absorbed light is called

A. Photoluminescence

- B. Chemiluminescence
- C. Phosphorescence
- D. Fluorescence.



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- 37. Fluoroscence differs from phosphorescence in being
 - A. Delayed emission
 - B. Instant emission
 - C. Bioluminescence
 - D. Chemiluminescence.

Answer: B

38. Katusky effect is

A. Photoluminescence in the absence of photosynthesis

B. Outburst of fluorescence at the end of illumination

C. Outburst of fluorescence during first few moment of

D. Bioluminescence at night

illumination

Answer: C



- A. Inhibitor of electron transport

 B. Herbicide
 - C. Inhibitor of photosynthesis
- D. Blue-coloured hill oxidant which becomes colourless on being reduced.

Answer: D



- **40.** A grass which has both C_3 and C_4 ecotypes is
 - A. Alloteropsis semi-alata
 - B. Imperata cylindrica
 - C. Cynodon dactylon

D. Agropyron repens.

Answer: A



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- **41.** A genus which has both C_3 and C_4 species is
 - A. Ricinus
 - B. Atriplex
 - C. Euphorbia
 - D. Both B and C.

Answer: D

