



India's Number 1 Education App

BIOLOGY

BOOKS - S DINESH & CO BIOLOGY (HINGLISH)

PLATYHELMINTHES-THE FLAT WORMS

Multiple Choice Questions

1. An important character of platyelminthes is

- A. monoecious
- B. Vitelline glands
- C. Flat animals
- D. Flame cells

Answer: d



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2. Flat worms are

- A. Diploblastic
- B. Triploblastic
- C. Monoblastic
- D. None of the above

Answer: b



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3. Coelom in flat worms is

- A. Well developed
- B. Poorly developed
- C. Schizocoel

D. Absent .

Answer: d



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4. Animals with self fertilization is

A. *paragonimus*

B. *Dugesia*

C. *Taenia solium*

D. None of the above

Answer: c



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5. Which of the following is a free living flat worm

A. Planaria

B. schisosoma

C. Fasciola

D. Taenia

Answer: a



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6. Vital system absent in Tapeworm is

A. Nervous system

B. Digestive system

C. Excretory system

D. Reproductive system .

Answer: b



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7. in which animal ,pharynx can be everted ?

A. Dugesia

B. Fasciola

C. Taenia

D. Ascaris

Answer: a



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8. Respiration in Dugesia is

A. Aerobic

B. Anaerobic

C. Both

D. None of the above

Answer: a



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9. In platyhelminthes

- A. Nerve cords are present
- B. Nerve cords are absent
- C. Nerve nets are present
- D. Nerve nets are absent

Answer: a



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10. Segments of Tapeworm are called

A. Scolex

B. Cystricercus

C. Proglottides

D. Onchospheres

Answer: c



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11. The tissue In platyhelminthes between viscera and body wall is called

A. Coelom

B. Paraenchyma

C. Mesoderm

D. Choanderm.

Answer: b



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12. Tapeworm respires

- A. Through suckers
- B. Through mouth
- C. Through lateral pores or Sterigmata
- D. Anaerobically

Answer: d



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13. Animals belonging to phylum helminthes are also called . Flat worms because

- A. their head is flat
- B. they have dorsoventrally compressed body
- C. they creep over surface

D. the alimentery canal is flattened .

Answer: b



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14. Scolex occurs in

- A. Hydra
- B. Asaris
- C. Taenia
- D. liver Fluke

Answer: c



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15. Incomplete alimentary cannal occurs in

A. Fasciola

B. Ascaris

C. Wuchereria

D. Rhabditis

Answer: a



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16. Which is free swimming stage in the life history of Fasciola?

A. Miracidium

B. Sporocyst

C. Redia

D. None of the above

Answer: a



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17. Proglottides of tapeworm proliferate from

- A. Scolex
- B. Other proglottides
- C. Neck
- D. Special region in neck

Answer: c



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18. Parasitic adaptation of flatworms is

- A. Anaerobic respiration
- B. Secretion of antienzymes
- C. Resistant covering cuticle or integument

D. All of the above

Answer: d



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19. The disease caused by *Fasciola* is

- A. Liver rot
- B. Cysticercosis
- C. Taeniasis
- D. None of the above

Answer: a



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20. *Taenia saginata* differs from *taenia solium* as it lacks

A. Rostellum

B. Suckers

C. Scolex

D. None of the above

Answer: a



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21. Apolysis is

A. Removal of mature proglottides

B. Removal of immature proglottides

C. Removal of gravid segments

D. None of the above

Answer: c



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22. Regeneration is best shown by flat worm

- A. *Fasciola*
- B. *Planaria / Dugesia*
- C. *Schistosoma*
- D. *Echinococcus*

Answer: b



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23. Which one is blood fluke ?

- A. *Schistosoma*
- B. *Echincoccus*
- C. *Fasciola*

D. Taenia

Answer: a



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24. Dog tapeworm is

A. Schistosoma haematobium

B. Opistorchios sinensis

C. Taenia nana

D. Echinococcus granulosus

Answer: d



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25. The secondary host of taenia saginata is

A. Cow

B. Sheep

C. Pig

D. Both A and B

Answer: d



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26. The secondary host of tenia solium is

A. Buffalo

B. Sheep

C. Pig

D. Goat

Answer: c



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27. In schisosoma

- A. male is longer than female
- B. male is broader than female
- C. male has gynaecophoric canal for holding female
- D. Both B and C

Answer: d



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28. The number of proglottides in taenia solium is about

- A. 500
- B. 900
- C. 300

D. 200

Answer: b



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29. Four suckers present on the scolex of tapeworm are meant for

- A. Attachment
- B. sucking food
- C. Crushing food
- D. all of the above

Answer: a



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30. A cestode with only 3 segments is

A. *Taenia solium*

B. *Diphyllobothrium lattum*

C. *Echinococcus*

D. *Hymenolepis nana.*

Answer: c



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31. *Fasciola hepatica* is a

A. Endoparasite

B. Free living

C. Ectoparsite

D. Both B and C

Answer: ab



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32. Cysticercus stage of taenia soilum is found in

A. Man

B. Pig

C. Goat

D. Sheep

Answer: a



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33. Liver Fluke belongs to class

A. Trematoda

B. Turbellaria

C. Cestoda

D. Nematoda

Answer: c



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34. The body of tapeworm consists of

- A. Scolex and neck
- B. Scolex and proglottids
- C. Scolex , neck and proglottes
- D. Neck and strobila

Answer: a



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35. Tape worm hepatica occurs in

A. Bile duct of sheep

B. Liver of sheep

C. Liver of man

D. Human bile ducts .

Answer: a



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36. Tape worm is

A. Anoxybiotic

B. Oxybiotic

C. Aerobic

D. None of the above

Answer: a



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37. Each segment of taenia is

- A. monoecius
- B. Dioecius
- C. Asexual
- D. None of the above

Answer: d



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38. Hydatid worm is

- A. Achhissoma indicum
- B. Ancylostoma duodenale
- C. Ecterobius vermicularis

D. Echinococcus granulosus

Answer: db



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39. The infertive stage of *Fasciola hepatica* is

A. Sporocyst

B. Redia

C. Cercaria

D. Metacercaria

Answer: a



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40. Which one of the flatworms has eyes ?

A. Fasciola

B. Dugesia

C. Schistosoma

D. Echinocouurs

Answer: a



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41. Hexacanth is activated by

A. Bile salts

B. Pancreatic juice

C. Intestinal juice

D. None

Answer: a



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42. Hexacanth reaches

- A. Voluntary muscles
- B. Involuntary muscles
- C. Cardiac muscles
- D. none of the above

Answer: ad



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43. the disease caused by taenia is

- A. Taeniasis
- B. liver rot
- C. Ascariasis

D. None

Answer: a



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44. Fascila attaches its self to walks of the biles ducts by means of

- A. Anterior sucker
- B. Adhesive zone
- C. Posteror sucker /acetabulum
- D. Spiny cuticle and posterior sucker

Answer: a



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45. Human inferction of taenia solium through food contaminated with

A. Cysticerci

B. Oncospheres

C. Hexacanths

D. Adult worm

Answer: d



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46. Pig gets infestation of *tenia solium* contains

A. Oncospheres

B. cysticerci

C. Hexacanths

D. Adult worm

Answer: b



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47. Sclolex of tenia soilum cotsins

- A. Rostellum
- B. Hooks
- C. Suckers
- D. All of the above

Answer: a



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48. Taenia solium attaches it self to the intestinal wall by means of sclex through its

- A. Suckers
- B. Suckers and hooks
- C. Hooks

D. Adhesive glands

Answer: d



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49. Fluke occurring in human beings is

A. Fasciolopsis

B. Fasciola

C. Dugesia

D. Echinostoccus .

Answer: b



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50. in case o human beings hydatid cysts occur over

A. Stomach

B. liver

C. Lungs

D. Both B and C

Answer: c



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51. Primary host of echinococcus granulosus is

A. Sheep or Goat

B. Dog

C. Human beings

D. pig

Answer: b



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52. In Human being ,hydatid worm is

A. Secondary parasite

B. Periodic paraite

C. Incidental parasite

D. Ectoparasite

Answer: ca



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53. Number of proglottides present in *Echinococcus granulosus* is

A. 4 – 5

B. 10 – 15

C. 25 – 30

D. 250 – 300

Answer: b



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54. Beef tapeworm is

- A. *Taenia solium*
- B. *Taenia saginata*
- C. *Hymenolepis nana*
- D. *Dipylidium caninum*

Answer: b



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55. Beef tapeworm attaches itself to the wall of intestine by means of

A. Hooks

B. Hookless rostellum

C. Suckers

D. Minute spines

Answer: c



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56. Oncosphere infection of taenia solium may occur in human being it

Causes

A. Cysticercosis

B. Taeniasis

C. Bilharzaisis

D. Enteribiasis

Answer: a



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57. Pigs pick up tapeworm infection because they are

- A. Coprozoic
- B. Coprophagic
- C. Capsules
- D. Both B and C

Answer: bd



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58. Encapsulated embryo present over the scolex of tapeworm is called

- A. cysticaria
- B. Bladderworm
- C. Cysticercus

D. Both B and C

Answer: c



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59. the larva or embryo present in oncosphere of Tapeworm is called

A. Cysticercus

B. Radia

C. Hexacanth

D. Matacercaria

Answer: d



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60. inside pig , hexacanth larva gives rise to

A. Cercaria

B. Bladderworm

C. Cysticercus

D. Both B and C

Answer: a



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61. Protrusible structure present over the scolex of tapeworm is

A. Rostellum

B. Sucker

C. Proglottids

D. Auricle

Answer: c



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62. Stuctible strcture present over the scolex of tapeworm is

A. Rosellum

B. Sucker

C. Proglottis

D. Auricle

Answer: c



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63. Number and arrangement present over rostellum of tapeworm are

A. 12 – 22 in one whorl

B. 22 – 32 in two whorls

C. 22 – 32 in one whorl

D. 12 – 22 in two whorls

Answer: b



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64. number of gravid proglottes expelled out at one time is

A. 4 – 5

B. 5 – 10

C. 10 – 20

D. 20 – 40

Answer: a



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65. Infection in which capsules pass out of the body through faeces and urine is

- A. Cysticercosis
- B. Schistosomiasis
- C. Taeniasis
- D. Both B and C

Answer: b



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66. Schitosoma lives in human body in

- A. Lymph nodes
- B. urinary tract blood vessels
- C. Measnteric and hapatic portal veins
- D. All of the above

Answer: d



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67. the alternate host of schistosome is

- A. Snail
- B. pig
- C. Sheep and goat
- D. fish

Answer: a



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68. the stage absent in life cycle of schisstoma is

- A. Miracidium

A. Redia

C. Capsule

D. Cercarria

Answer: b



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69. Human infaction of blood Fluke occurs thorugh

A. Metacercarria

B. Miracidium

C. capsule

D. Cercaria

Answer: d



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70. cercaria of blood Fluke pass into human body through

- A. Ingestion of food
- B. Drinking of contaminated water
- C. Direct penetration through skin
- D. Both B and C.

Answer: d



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71. what is true about male blood Fluke ?

- A. Shorter and slender
- B. Longer and slender
- C. Longer and broader
- D. Shorter and broader

Answer: d



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72. In schistosoma , gynecophoral canal occurs in

- A. male for holding female
- B. male for holding eggs
- C. female for holding male .
- D. Female for holding male

Answer: a



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73. Bilharziasis is infection of

- A. Echinococcus

B. Schistosoma

C. Opisthorchis

D. Fasciola

Answer: b



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74. intestinal Fluke is

A. Fasciola indica

B. Fasciolopsis buski

C. Opisthorchis sinsis

D. Schistosma japonicum.

Answer: b



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75. chinese or oriental Liver Fluke is

- A. *Opisthorchis sinensis*
- B. *Schistosoma japonicum*
- C. *Fasciola gigantica*
- D. both B and C.

Answer: a



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76. liver Fluke of Cattle is

- A. *Fasciola hepatica*
- B. *Fasciola gigantica*
- C. *Schistosoma indium*
- D. *Schistosoma mansoni*

Answer: b



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77. Lung Fluke is

- A. Paragonium westermani
- B. Schistosoma mansoni
- C. Fasciola indica
- D. Faciola buski

Answer: a



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78. Fasciolasis is

- A. Liver rot of sheep

B. Cirrhosis of humans

C. Liver rot of cattle

D. Cirrhosis of pig

Answer: a



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79. Fasciola hepatica is

A. Ectoparsite

B. Monogenetic endoparsite

C. Digenetic endoparasite

D. Incidental parasite

Answer: c



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80. primary host of taenia solium is

A. Humans

B. Pig

C. Sheep

D. Snail

Answer: a



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81. primary host of taenia solium is

A. Snail

B. pig

C. Cattle

D. sheep

Answer: d



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82. liver Fluke resides inside

- A. Liver
- B. Bile ducts
- C. Both A and B
- D. Liver and duodenum.

Answer: c



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83. Liver Fluke has

- A. Absorptive nutrition

B. saprozoic nutrion

C. Holozic nutrion

D. All the above

Answer: c



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84. Liver Fluke living in bile ducts feeds on

A. Bile

B. Blood and lymph

C. Epithelial cells

D. All the above

Answer: d



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85. Schistosoma is

- A. hermaphrodite but protandrous
- B. Hermaphrodite but protogynous
- C. Unisexual
- D. Hermaphrodite with self fertilization

Answer: c



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86. Faciola hepatica is

- A. Hermaphrodite with self fertilization
- B. Hermaphrodite with preferably cross fertilization
- C. unisexual
- D. sexually sterile

Answer: b



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87. In fasciola hepatica , germination of capsule produces

- A. Miracidum
- B. Sporocyst
- C. Redia
- D. Cercaria

Answer: a



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88. Miracidium of Liver Fluke is

- A. Herbivorous

B. Carnivorous

C. Omnivoous

D. Non feeding

Answer: d



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89. Miracidium of Liver Fluke is

A. Free swiming

B. Creeping

C. Non motile

D. Free floating

Answer: a



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90. Miracidium gives rise to

- A. sporocyst after entering snail
- B. sporocyst in contact with aquatic vegetation
- C. Redia after entering snail
- D. Redia in contact with aquatic vegetation .

Answer: a



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91. Sheep pick up infection of liver fluke from

- A. Redia
- B. Cercaria
- C. Metacercaria
- D. Capsule

Answer: c



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92. Metacercaria of Liver Fluke is

- A. Free swimming stage
- B. Encysted stage
- C. Nonencysted non motile stage
- D. Free floating stage

Answer: b



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93. Regeneration is absent in flatworms

- A. Planaria

B. Fasciola

C. Schistosoma

D. Both B and C

Answer: d



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94. Pseudoemetamerism occurs in

A. Turbellariaia

B. Trematoda

C. Cestoda

D. None of the above

Answer: c



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95. mouth of dugesia is

- A. Anterior
- B. Antero - dorsal
- C. Mid- ventral
- D. Antero -ventral

Answer: c



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96. Fertilization is internal in

- A. Dugesia
- B. Fasciola
- C. Schistosoma
- D. All the above

Answer: d



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97. Dugesia shows

- A. Transverse binary fission
- B. longitudinal binary fission
- C. Oblique binary foission
- D. no binary fisssion

Answer: a



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98. Afherive zone pf Dugesia is

- A. Anterior

B. Posterior

C. Dorsal

D. Ventral

Answer: d



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99. Flame cells / solencytes are main excretory structures of

A. Coelenterates

B. Platyhelminthes

C. Annelida

D. Echindodermeta

Answer: b



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100. Regeneration power can best be studied in

A. Planaria /Dugesia

B. Amphioxus

C. Earthworm

D. Sponge .

Answer: a



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101. the excretory strutures of flatworwa / taenia are

A. Flame cells

B. Nephridia

C. malpighian tubules

D. Green glands

Answer: a



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102. *Taenia saginata* differs from *Taenia solium* in

- A. Absence of scolex hoods
- B. Absence of scolex hooks and uterine branching
- C. Absence of scolex hooks and presence of both male and female reproductive organs
- D. Presence of scolex hooks

Answer: b



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103. *Schistosoma* is a parasite found in

A. Blood

B. Liver

C. Lungs

D. interstine

Answer: a



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104. Oncosphere occurs in

A. Ascaris

B. Fasciola

C. Taenia

D. Planaria

Answer: c



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105. Bladderworm /cysticarcus is the larval stage of

- A. Tapeworm
- B. Roundworm
- C. pinworm
- D. liver Fluke

Answer: a



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106. Larva of schistosome is

- A. Cercaria
- B. Planula
- C. cysticercus

D. Muller's larve

Answer: a



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107. what is corrct about taenia ?

- A. male organs occur in posterior proglottids
- B. male organs occur in anterior proglottides
- C. Female organs occur in anterior proglottides
- D. mature proglottides contain both male and female organs

Answer: d



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108. flame cells are associared with

A. Respiration

B. Excretion

C. Nutrition

D. Digestion

Answer: b



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109. What is true about *Taenia saginata*

A. Life history has pig as intermediate host

B. there are two large suckers on scolex

C. Rostellar hooks are absent

D. Rostellum has double circle of hooks

Answer: c



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110. Tapeworm does not possess digestive system as it

- A. does not require solid food
- B. Obtains food through general surface
- C. does not require food
- D. Lives in interstine

Answer: b



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111. which one is not larval stage of flatworms ?

- A. Redia
- B. Cercaria
- C. Bipinaria

D. Miracidium

Answer: c



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112. Which constitutes the correct pairing

A. Flatworms -planaria

B. Dogfish -Sea Urchin

C. Fish - Snail

D. None of the above

Answer: a



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113. Anus is absent in

A. Fasciola

B. pheretima

C. periplaneta

D. unio

Answer: b



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114. Pick up the correctly matched

A. water vascular syaytem - sponage

B. Blubber - kargaaro

C. Marsupium - platyroo

D. flame cell -flatworm

Answer: d



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115. Which one of the following is an example of platyhelminthes

A. Schistosoma

B. Trypanosoma

C. Plasmodium

D. Wuchereria

Answer: a



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116. Cysticerci in pig muscles can remain viable upto

A. one year

B. six months

C. six years

D. one month.

Answer: b



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117. Taenia solium is characterised by

- A. Absence of digestive tract
- B. presence of hooks for adhesion
- C. Externally divided body
- D. all the above

Answer: d



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118. Both alternation of generation and alternation of hosts are present in

A. Wuchereria

B. Fasciola

C. Taenia

D. Ascaris

Answer: b



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119. Give the correct match in the following

| | Column I | Column II |
|---|----------------|-------------|
| A | Flame cells | p. Sponges |
| B | Collar Cells | q. Hydra |
| C | Stinging Cells | r. Planaria |
| - | - | s. Ascaris |

A. $a = r, b = p, c = q$

B. $a = r, b = p, c = s$

C. $a = r, b = s, c = p$

D. $a = r, b = q, c = s$

Answer: a



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120. Laurer's canal is found in

A. Amoeba

B. Paramecium

C. Fasciola

D. Hydra.

Answer: c



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121. Which is true of taenia ?

- A. Anterior proglottides contain male organs while ripe proglottids have uterus filled with eggs
- B. all proglottides have both male and female organs
- C. female organs are confined to anterior proglottides .
- D. Male organs are confined to posterior proglottides.

Answer: a



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122. Alimentary canal is absent in

- A. Taenia and schistosoma
- B. Ascaris and fasciola
- C. Taenia and Echinococcus

D. tricuris and Fasciola

Answer: c



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123. Rhabdites occur in

A. Planaria /Dugesia

B. fasciola

C. Taenia

D. Echincoccus

Answer: a



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124. In life history of liver fluke are present (1) Cercaria (2) Metacercaria (3) Sporocyst (4) Redia (5) Miracidium. What is their proper sequence

A. 21354

B. 53412

C. 54213

D. 54312

Answer: b



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125. Fasciola hepatica lives in

A. liver of sheep

B. Blood of sheep

C. Interstine of sheep

D. Spleen of sheep

Answer: a



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126. Dropping of gravid proglottids by cestodes is called

A. Autophagy

B. Autotomy

C. Paedogenesis

D. Apolysis

Answer: d



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127. Turbellarians are

A. free living nematodes

B. parasitic nematodes

C. free living flatworms

D. parasitic trematodes

Answer: c



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128. Cercaria stage of *Fasciola hepatica* leads to

A. sporocyst

B. Redia

C. miracidium

D. metacercaria

Answer: d



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129. Free swimming ciliated stage ov liver fluke is

- A. Redia
- B. Miracidium
- C. Metacercaria
- D. Cercaria

Answer: b



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130. Acoelmate animal with protansorous nature is

- A. Ascaris
- B. Schistosoma
- C. Taenia
- D. Megascolex

Answer: c



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131. A metozoan covered by cilia is

- A. paramecium
- B. Dugesia
- C. fasciola
- D. Ascaris

Answer: b



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132. For completing its life cycle , Tape worm requires /Intermediate host of Tapeworm is

A. Snail

B. pig

C. Dog

D. Man only

Answer: b



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133. Cysticercus of Taenia develop in

A. Man

B. Goat

C. Sheep

D. pig

Answer: d



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134. *Hymenolepis nana* is

- A. dog tapeworm
- B. Dwarf tapeworm
- C. Pork tapeworm
- D. Dead man's finger

Answer: b



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135. Lung Fluke is

- A. *hymenolepic nana*
- B. *Paragnimus westermani*
- C. *Schistodoma haematobium*

D. *Echinococcus graanulosus*

Answer: b



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136. which of the following takes foods but has no alimentary canal ?

A. Leech

B. Liver Fluke

C. Ascaris

D. Taenia

Answer: d



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137. Mehli's glands of Tapeworm are associated with

A. Reproduction

B. Excretion

C. Respiration

D. Circulation

Answer: a



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138. During its life cycle fasciola hepatica (Liver fluke) Infects its intermediate host and primary host at the following larval stages respectively

A. Radia and miracidium

B. Cercaria and redia

C. Metaccarria and cercaraia

D. Miracidium and metacercarria

Answer: d



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139. Which one is excretory organ ?

A. Archaeocyte

B. Choanocyte

C. Pinacocyte

D. Solenocyte

Answer: d



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140. An aclomate animals with bilateral symmetry is

A. jelly fish

B. Liver Fluke

C. Crab

D. Roundworm.

Answer: b



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141. Taenia solium belongs to phylum

A. Aschelminthes

B. Mollusca

C. Platyhelminthes

D. Annelida

Answer: c



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142. *Taenia solium* is attached to intestinal mucosa by

- A. Rostellum
- B. Scolex
- C. Proglottides
- D. Acetabulum.

Answer: a



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143. Triploblastic undegmented acelomate exhibiting bilateral symmetry and reproducing both asexually and sexually with parasitic forms The above description is characteristic of phylum

- A. porifera
- B. platyhelminthes
- C. cnidaria

D. ctenophore

Answer: b



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144. flame cells are excretory organs of

- A. Hydra
- B. Hydrilla
- C. Cockroach
- D. planaria

Answer: d



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145. Cestodes are distinguished from other flatworms by the absence of

A. Nervous system

B. Digestive system

C. Excretory system

D. Reproducative system .

Answer: b



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146. gut paraasite belongs to

A. Gestoda

B. Cestoda

C. Turbellaria

D. Both A and B

Answer: b



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147. Which is not a characteristic of Taenia ?

- A. Apolysis
- B. Proglottides
- C. Metamerism
- D. Strobila

Answer: c



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148. Which one can show self fertilization ?

- A. Earthworm
- B. Liver fluke
- C. Fish

D. Roundworm.

Answer: b



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149. Excretory organs of flatworms are

A. Malpighian tubules

B. Nephridia

C. Protonephridia

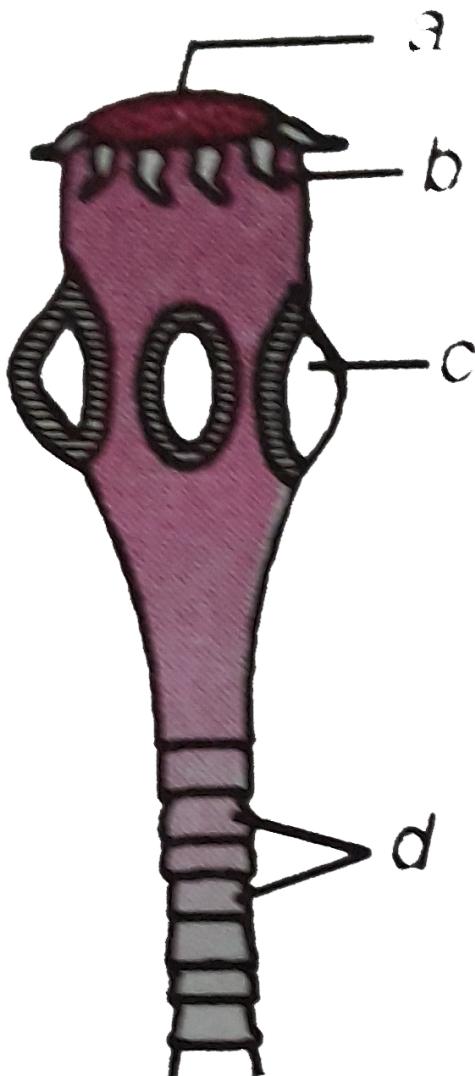
D. Nephron.

Answer: c



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150. in the diagram given by the side different parts are indicated by alphabets . Chosse the answer in which these alphabets correclty match the parts they indicate



A. a - suctorial mouth , b - hooks ,c- sucker ,d- segments

B. a- sucker , b- hairs , c- ring ,d- proglottids

C. a - rostellum , b- hooks , c- sucker , d- proglottids

D. a - mouth b- tentacles , c- sucker , d- segments .

Answer: c



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151. the animals having parenchyma in space between body wall and gut is

A. Echinococcus

B. Echinus

C. Enterobius

D. Eunice

Answer: a



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152. intermediate host of schistosome is

- A. Sheep
- B. Snail
- C. Mosquatio
- D. pig

Answer: b



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153. Which of the following does not have many segments ?

- A. Lobster
- B. Grasshopper
- C. Earthworm

D. Flatworm

Answer: d



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154. flatworm differ from roundwors in possessing

- A. Solid mesoderm
- B. Bilateral symmetry
- C. Metamorphosis
- D. Triploblastic body

Answer: a



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155. Tapeworms belong to which of the following groups

A. Annelida

B. nematoda

C. Cestoda

D. Trematoda

Answer: c



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156. Which one of the following kinds of animals are triploblastic

A. Sponges

B. Ctenophores

C. Corals

D. Flatworms

Answer: d



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157. Member of phylum playheminthes are called

- A. Flat worms
- B. Round worms
- C. Segmented worms
- D. Walking worms

Answer: a



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158. Hexacanth of Taenia reaches heart of pig through vein

- A. Post caval vein
- B. Renal vein
- C. Hepatic vein

D. Precaval vein

Answer: a



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159. Which parasite is responsible for causing gigantism in its intermediate host

A. Plasmodium vivax

B. Ascaris lumbricoides

C. Sachulia

D. Fasciola hepatica

Answer: d



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160. Match the lists with reference to Taenia

| <i>I</i> | <i>II</i> |
|-----------------------|---|
| (a) mehlis glands | (i) tegument formation |
| (b) vitelline glands | (ii) Osmoregulation and excretion |
| (c) Mesenchymal cells | (iii) Lubricate passage of capsules into uterus |
| (d) Flame cells | (iv) secretion of embryophore |
| | (v) Capsule formation around zygote |

A. *a b c d*
(iii) (v) (i) (ii)

B. *a b c d*
(iii) (v) (ii) (iv)

C. *a b c d*
(v) (iii) (i) (ii)

D. *a b c d*
(iv) (iii) (i) (ii)

Answer: a



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161. Liver rot of sheep is caused by

A. *Fasciola hepatica*

B. Planaria

C. Turbellaria

D. Bioalium

Answer: b



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162. The cercarial stage of liverfluke is produced by

A. Sexual reproduction

B. Asexual multiplication

C. Binary fission

D. Parthogenesis

Answer: c



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163. which one of the following is an actively swimming free - living and nonfeeding stage of liverfluke

A. Sporocyst

B. Redia

C. Cercaria

D. Metacercaria

Answer: c



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164. Choose the correct combinations

- (a) Tubellaria-mostly free living flat worms with - convoluta mucus forming rhabdites in body wall
- (b) Trematoda - Commonly called flukes and bear - Bilharzia two suckers
- (c) Cestoda -Ecto - and endoparasite , body segmented -Echinococcus
- (d) Phasmidia - Amphids -forming chemoreceptor fucation -Trichuris

A. (b) and (c)

B. (a) and (b)

C. (a),(c) and (d)

D. (a) ,(b) and (d).

Answer: b



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165. Flame cells of flatworms help in

(i) Osmoregulation (ii) Digestion

(iii) Reproduction (iv) Excretion

(v) Bioluminescence ,

A. (ii) only is correct

B. (i) and (iv) are correct

C. (iii) only is correct

D. (i) and (v) only are correct

Answer: b



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166. Gut is found in all but one of the following taxonomic group of playhelminthes

A. Digenea

B. Cestoda

C. Polyclidia

D. Monogenea

Answer: b



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167. A proglottid of Taenia is called gravid only if it has

- A. Both male and female reproductive organs well developed
- B. Only female organs well developed
- C. Well developed uterus filled with eggs
- D. Become dead .

Answer: c



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168. The passage of eggs in uterus is lubricated by the secretion fromn mehlis ' glands in

- A. Liver fluke
- B. Ascaris
- C. Platypus
- D. kangaroo

Answer: a



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169. Which one of the following life cycle stage of liver Fluke is infective to the intermediate host

A. Metacercaria

B. Miracidia

C. Sporocyst

D. Cercaria

Answer: b



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170. Echinococcus is an exemple of

A. Nemathelminthes

B. Platyhelminthes

C. Bacteria

D. Protista

Answer: b



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Check Your Grasp

1. Binary fission occurs in metazoa in

A. Cestoda

B. Turbellaria

C. Trematoda

D. Nematoda

Answer:



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2. A parasitic flatworm which passes out capsules through urine is

- A. *Opisthorchis sinensis*
- B. *Fasciola gigantica*
- C. *Echinococcus granulosus*
- D. *Schistosoma haesatiobum*

Answer:



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3. Germinal lineage hypothesis has been advocated for the larvae of

- A. *Fasciola hepatica*
- B. *Taeina solium*
- C. *Ascaris lumbricoides*
- D. *Necator lumbricoides*

Answer:



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4. which larval stage can be repeated in the life cycle of fasciola hepatica

A. Miracidium

B. Sporocyst

C. Radia

D. Cercaria

Answer:



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5. in dugessia the development of young ones is

A. Direct

B. Indirect by three types of larvae

C. indirect by two types of larvae

D. indirect through a larval stage.

Answer:



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6. Schisosomaisis is common in

A. Farmers

B. potters

C. Washermen

D. All the above

Answer:



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7. Tapewormshorm shows

- A. internal fertillization
- B. self fertillzation
- C. Cross fertillzation
- D. all the above

Answer:



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8. Body is unsegmented and leaf like in

- A. Turbellaria
- B. Trematoda
- C. Both A and B
- D. Cestoda

Answer:



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9. Party ciliated epidermis occurs in

A. Trematoda

B. Turbellaria

C. Cestoda

D. All the above

Answer:



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