



BIOLOGY

BOOKS - NCERT EXEMPLAR BIOLOGY (HINGLISH)

CONTROL AND COORDINATION

Control And Coordination

1. Which of the following statements is correct

about receptors?

A. Gustatory receptors detect taste while

olfactory receptors detect smell

B. Both gustatory and olfactory receptors

detect smell

C. Auditory receptors detect smell and

olfactory receptor detect taste

D. Olfactory receptor detect taste and

gustatory receptor smell

Answer: A

2. Electrical impulse travels in a neuron from

A. Dendrite ightarrow Axon ightarrow Axonal end ightarrow Cell

body

B. Cell body \rightarrow dendrite \rightarrow Axon \rightarrow

Axonal end

C. Dendrite \rightarrow Cell body \rightarrow Axon \rightarrow

Axonal end

 $\mathsf{D}.\,\mathsf{Axonal}\quad\mathsf{end}\,\rightarrow\,\mathsf{Axon}\,\rightarrow\,\mathsf{Cell}\quad\mathsf{body}\rightarrow$

Dendrite

Answer: C



3. In a synapse, chemical signal is transmitted

from

A. dendritic end of one neuron to axonal

end of another neuron

B. axon to cell body of the same neuron

C. cell body to axonal end of the same

neuron

D. axonal end of one neuron to dendritic

end of another neuron

Answer: D

Watch Video Solution

4. In neuron, conversion

A. cell body

B. axonal end

C. dendritic end

D. axon

Answer: B

Watch Video Solution

5. Which is the correct sequence of the compounds of a reflex arc

A. Receptors $ ightarrow$ Muscles $ ightarrow$ Sensory		
neuron $ ightarrow$ Motor neuron $ ightarrow$ Spinal		
cord		
B. Receptors $ ightarrow$ Motor neuron $ ightarrow$ Spinal		
cord o Sensory neuron o Muscle		
C. Receptors $ ightarrow$ Spinal cord $ ightarrow$ Sensory		
neuron $ ightarrow$ Motor neuron $ ightarrow$ Muscle		
D. Receptors $ ightarrow$ Sensory neuron $ ightarrow$ Spinal		
cord o Motor neuron o Muscle		

Answer: D



6. Which of the following statements are true? (i) Sudden action in response to something in the environment is called reflex action (ii) Sensory neurons carry signals from spinal cord to muscles. (iii) Motor neurons carry signals from spinal cord to muscles. (iv) The path through which signals are

transmitted from a receptor to a muscle or a

gland is called reflex arc.

A. i and ii

B. ii and iii

C. i,iii and iv

D. i and iv

Answer: C



7. Which of the following statements are true

about the brain?

(i) The main thinking part of brain is hind

brain.

(ii) Centres of hearing, smell, memory, sight,
etc., are located in fore brain
(iii) Involuntary actions like salivation,
vomiting, blood pressure are controlled by the
medulla in the hind brain.
(iv) Cerebellum does not control posture and

balance of the body.

A. The main thinking part of brain is hind brain

B. Centres of hearing, smell, memory, sight,		
etc., are located in fore brain.		
C. Involuntary	actions	like
salivation,vomiting,	blood	pressure
controlled by the r	medulla in	the hind
brain.		

D. Cerebellum does not control posture

and balance of the body.

Answer: C

8. Posture and balance of the body is controlled by

A. cerebrum

B. cerebellum

C. medulla

D. pons

Answer: B

9. Spinal cord originates from

A. cerebrum

B. medulla

C. pons

D. cerebellum

Answer: B

10. The movement of shoot towards light is

A. geotropism

B. hydrotropism

C. chemotropism

D. phototropism

Answer: D

11. The main function of abscisic acid in plants is to

A. increase the length of cells

B. promote cell division

C. inhibit growth

D. promote growth of stem

Answer: C

12. Which of the following is not associated

with growth of plant?

A. Auxin

B. Gibberellins

C. Cytokinins

D. Abscisic acid

Answer: D

13. lodine is necessary for the synthesis of

which hormone?

A. Adrenaline

B. Thyroxin

C. Auxin

D. Insulin

Answer: B

14. Choose the incorrect statement about insulin

A. It is produced from pancreas

B. It regulates growth and development of

the body

- C. It regulates blood sugar level
- D. Insufficient secretion of insulin will cause

diabetes

Answer: B

15. Select the mis-matched pair

A. Adrenaline-Pituitary gland

B. Testosterone-Testes

C. Estrogen-Ovary

D. Thyroxin-Thyroid gland

Answer: A

16. The shape of guard cells changes due to change in the

A. protein composition of cells

B. temperature of cells

C. amount of water in cells

D. position of nucleus in the cells

Answer: C

17. The growth of tendril in pea plants is due to

A. effect of light

B. effect of gravity

C. rapid cell divisions in tendrillar cells that

are away from the support

D. rapid cell divisions in tendrillar cells in

contact with the support







18. The growth of pollen tubes towards ovules is due to

A. hydrotropism

B. chemotropism

C. geotropism

D. phototropism

Answer: B

19. The movement of sunflower in accordance with the path of sun is due to

A. phototropism

B. geotropism

C. chemotropism

D. hydrotropism

Answer: A

20. The substance that triggers the fall of mature leaves and fruits from plants is due to

A. Auxin

B. gibberellin

C. abscisic acid

D. cytokinin

Answer: C

21. Which of the following statements about transmission of nerve impulse is incorrect ?

A. Nerve impulse travels from dendritic end

towards axonal end

B. At the dendritic end electrical impulses

bring about the release of some

chemicals which generate an electrical

impulse at the axonal end of another

neuron.

C. The chemicals released from the axonal end of one neuron cross the synapse and generate a similar electrical impulse in a dendrite of another neuron D. A neuron transmits electrical impulses not only to another neuron but also to muscle and gland cells

Answer: B

22. Involuntary actions in the the body are controlled by

A. medulla in fore brain

B. medulla in mid brain

C. medulla in hind brain

D. medulla in spinal cord

Answer: C

23. Which of the following is not an

involuntary action?

A. Vomiting

B. Salivation

C. Heart beat

D. Chewing

Answer: D

24. When a person is suffering from severe cold, he or she cannot

A. differentiater the taste of an apple from

that of an ice creatm

B. differentiate the smell of a perfume from

that of an agarbatti

C. differentiate red light from green light

D. differentiate a hot object from a cold

object.

Answer: B



25. What is the correct direction of flow of electrical impulses?













26. Which statement is not true about thyroxine?

A. Iron is essential for the synthesis of thyroxine

B. It regulates carbohydrates, protein and

fat metabolism in the body

synthesise thyroxine

D. Thyroxine is also called thyroid hormone

Answer: A

Watch Video Solution

27. Dwarfism results due to

A. Excess secretion of thyroxine

B. Less secretion of growth hormone

C. Less secretion of adrenaline

D. Excess secretion of growth hormone

Answer: B

Watch Video Solution

28. Dramatic changes of body features associated with puberty are mainly because of secretion of

A. oestrogen from testes and testosterone

from ovary

B. estrogen from adrenal gland and

testosterone from pituitary gland

C. testosterone from testes and estrogen

from ovary

D. testosterone from thyroid gland and

estrogen from pituitary gland

Answer: C

29. A doctor advised a person to take an injection of insulin because

A. his blood pressure was low

B. his heart was beating slowly

C. he was suffering from goitre

D. his sugar level in blood was high

Answer: D

30. The hormone which increase the fertility in

males is called

A. oestrogen

B. testosterone

C. insulin

D. growth hormone

Answer: B

31. Which of the following endocrine glands is

unpaired?

A. Adrenal

B. Testes

C. Pituitary

D. Ovary

Answer: C

32. Junction between two neurons is called

A. cell junction

B. neuro muscular junction

C. neural joint

D. synapse

Answer: D

33. In humans, the life processes are controlled and regulated by

A. reproductive and endocrine systems

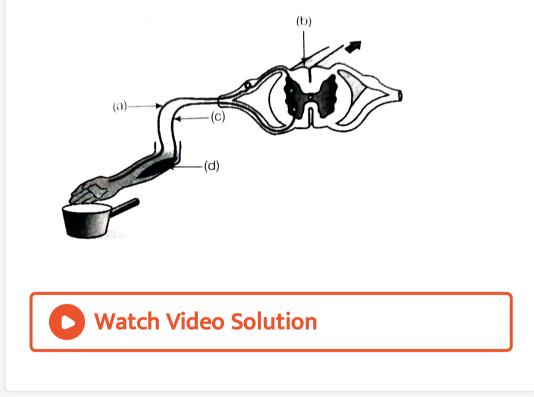
B. respiratory and nervous systems

C. endocrine and digestive systems

D. nervous and endocrine systems

Answer: D

34. Label the parts (a), (b), (c) and (d) and show the direction of flow of electrical signals in given figure.



35. Name the plant hormones responsible for

the following

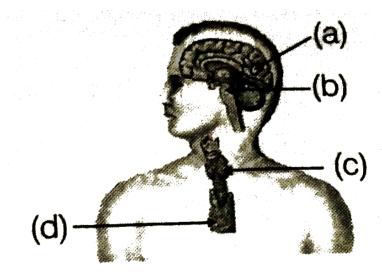
(a) elongation of cells (b) growth of stem

(c) promotion of cell division (d) falling of

senescent leaves

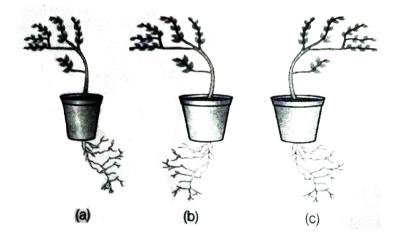
Watch Video Solution

36. Label the endocrine gland in figure

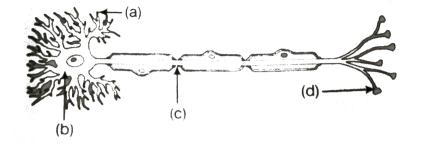




37. In figure (a), (b) and (c), which appears more accurate and why?



38. Label the part of a neuron in Figure below

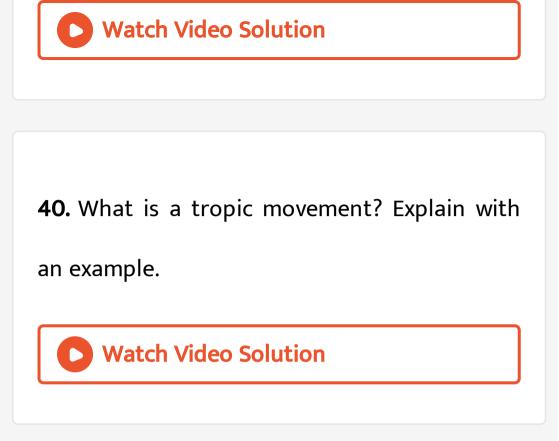




39. Match the terms of column I with those of

column II.

	Column I	Anno con alcondan	Column II
A,	Olfactory receptors	1.	Tongue
В.	Thermo receptors (temperature receptors)	2.	Eye
C.	Gustatoreceptors	3.	Nose
D.	Photoreceptors	4.	Skin



41. What will happen if intake of iodine in our

diet is low?

42. What happens at the synapse between two

neurons?



43. Answer the following

(a) which hormone is responsible for the

changes noticed in females at puberty?

(b) Dwarfism results due to deficiency of which hormone?

(c) Blood sugar level rises due to deficiency of which hormone?

(d) Iodine is necessary for the synthesis of

which hormone?



44. Answer the following

(a) Name the endocrine gland associated with brain?

(b) Which gland secretes digestive enzymes as

well as hormones?

(c) Name the endocrine gland associated with

kidneys?

(d) Which endocrine gland is present in males

but not in females?



45. Draw the structure of a neuron and explain

its function.

Watch Video Solution

46. What are the major parts of the brain? Mention the functions of different parts.



47. What constitutes the central and peripheral nervous systems? How are the components of central nervous system protected?

Watch Video Solution

48. Mention one function for each of these

hormones

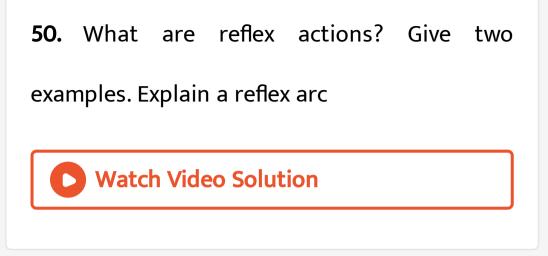
(a) Thyroxin (b) Insulin (c) Adrenaline (d)

Growth hormone

(e) Testosterone

Watch Video Solution

49. Name various plant hormones. Also give their physiological effects on plant growth and development.



51. Nervous and hormonal systems together perform the function of control and coordination in human beings.' Justify the statement.



52. How does chemical coordination take place

in animals?



53. Why is the flow of signals in a synapse from

axonal end of one neuron to dendritic end of

another neuron but not the reverse?