


ECONOMICS

BOOKS - VK GLOBAL PUBLICATION

ECONOMICS (HINGLISH)

CORRELATION

Illustrations

1. 

Linear Correlation

| | | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 |
| 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 |

Thus, for every change in variable (a) by 2 units

there is a change in variable (b) by 5 units.



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2. The following tables gives height nad weight of the students of a class. Make a scattered diagram to show if the relationship is positive or negative and if the relationship is strong or weak.

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Height (cm) | 180 | 150 | 158 | 165 | 175 | 163 | 195 | 155 |
| Weight (kg) | 65 | 54 | 55 | 65 | 60 | 54 | 63 | 50 |



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3. Calculate coefficient of correlation, given the following data :

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| X | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Y | 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 14 | 18 |



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4. Calculate coefficient of correlation, between the age of husbands and wives.

| | | | | | | |
|------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Age of Husband (Years) | 21 | 22 | 28 | 32 | 35 | 36 |
| Age of Wife (Years) | 18 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 31 | 32 |



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5. Calculate coefficient of correlation between the price and quantity supplied.

| | | | | | |
|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|
| Price (₹) | 4 | 6 | 8 | 15 | 20 |
| Supply (kg) | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 |



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6. Calculated coefficient of correlation between the price and quantity demanded.

| | | | | | |
|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|
| Price (₹) | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 |
| Demand (kg) | 40 | 35 | 30 | 25 | 20 |



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7. In a fancy-dress competition, two judges accorded following ranks to the 10 participants :

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|
| Judge X | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Judge Y | 10 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 3 |

Calculate coefficient of rank correlation



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8. In a Poetry Recitation Competition , 10 participants were accorded following marks by two different judges, X and Y :

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|
| X | 15 | 17 | 14 | 13 | 11 | 12 | 16 | 18 | 10 | 9 |
| Y | 15 | 12 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 9 | 3 | 10 | 2 | 5 |



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9. Calculate coefficient of rank correlation between the marks in Economics and Statistics, as indicated by answer books of each of the two examiners.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Marks in Statistics | 15 | 10 | 20 | 28 | 12 | 10 | 16 | 18 |
| Marks in Economics | 16 | 14 | 10 | 12 | 11 | 15 | 18 | 12 |



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10. From the following data, compute the coefficient of correlation between X and Y series.

| | X-Series | Y-Series |
|---------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Number of Items | 6 | 6 |
| Arithmetic Mean | 350 | 138 |
| Squares of Deviations from Mean | 19 | 94 |

Summation of product of deviations of X and Y series from their respective arithmetic mean =41

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11. From the following table, calculate the coefficient of correlation by Karl Pearson's method:

| | | | | | |
|---|---|----|----|---|---|
| X | 6 | 2 | 10 | 4 | 8 |
| Y | 9 | 11 | - | 8 | 7 |

Arithmetic means of X and Y series are 6 and 8 respectively.



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12. From the data given below, find the number of items (N), $r=0.5$, $\sum xy = 120$, Standard Deviation of Y (σ_y) = 8, $\sum x^2 = 90$ where , x and y are deviations from arithmetic mean.



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13. Find the coefficient of correlation from the following data:

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| X | 10 | 12 | 18 | 16 | 15 | 19 | 18 | 17 |
| Y | 30 | 35 | 45 | 44 | 42 | 48 | 47 | 46 |





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14.

If

$$r = 0.997, \sum xy = 46, \bar{X} = 4, \bar{Y} = 8, \sum x^2 = 28$$

, what will be the value of $\sum y^2$?



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15. Two ladies were asked to rank 10 different types of cell phone . The rank given by them are given below.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|----|
| Cell Phone | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J |
| Neelu | 1 | 6 | 3 | 9 | 5 | 2 | 7 | 10 | 8 | 4 |
| Neena | 6 | 8 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 9 | 4 | 10 |

Calculate Spearman's rank correlation coefficient



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16. Calculate coefficient of correlation by means of ranking method from the following data :

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| X | 40 | 50 | 60 | 60 | 80 | 50 | 70 | 60 |
| Y | 80 | 120 | 160 | 170 | 130 | 200 | 210 | 130 |



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17. Calculate the coefficient of correlation using Karl Pearson's formula of the series given below:

| | | | | | |
|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| X | 10 | 12 | 15 | 23 | 20 |
| Y | 14 | 17 | 23 | 25 | 21 |



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18. Calculate coefficient of correlation from the following data:

| | | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| X | 100 | 200 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 |
| Y | 110 | 120 | 135 | 140 | 160 | 165 |



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19. Calculate Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation between the values of X and Y for the following data:

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| X | 78 | 89 | 96 | 69 | 59 | 79 | 68 | 61 |
| Y | 125 | 137 | 156 | 112 | 107 | 136 | 123 | 108 |

Assume 69 and 112 as the mean values for X and Y respectively.

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20. From the following data, compute Karl Pearson coefficient of correlation :

| | X-Series | Y-Series |
|--|----------|----------|
| Number of Items | 7 | 7 |
| Arithmetic Mean | 4 | 8 |
| Sum of Squares of Deviations from Arithmetic Mean | 28 | 76 |

Summation of product of deviation of X and Y series from their respective means is 46



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21. If $r = 0.25$, $\sum xy = 45$, $\sigma_y = 3$, $\sum x^2 = 50$, where x and y denote deviation from their respective means, find the number of items.



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22. The rank of 8 same students in tests in Mathematics and Statistics were as follows :

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Rank in Mathematics | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| Rank in Statistics | 4 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 8 | 3 | 5 | 7 |

Calculate the coefficient of rank correlation.

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23. Find out coefficient of rank correlation between X and Y

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| X | 46 | 56 | 39 | 45 | 54 | 58 | 36 | 40 |
| Y | 30 | 60 | 40 | 50 | 70 | 70 | 30 | 50 |

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24. The rank correlation coefficient between marks obtained by 10 students in English and Statistics was found to be 0.5. Find the sum of squares of different of ranks.



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Learning By Doing

1. Explain the relation between price and quantity supplied through a scattered diagram

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|
| Price (₹) | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 |
| Quantity Supplied | 25 | 50 | 75 | 100 | 125 | 150 |

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2. Show the relationship between X and Y through a scattered diagram.

| | | | | | | |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| X | 8 | 16 | 24 | 31 | 42 | 50 |
| Y | 70 | 58 | 50 | 32 | 26 | 12 |

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3. Find out coefficient of correlation between the age of Husband and Wife, using Karl Pearson's method base on actual mean value of the

following series:

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Age of Husband | 20 | 23 | 27 | 31 | 35 | 38 | 40 | 42 |
| Age of Wife | 18 | 20 | 24 | 30 | 32 | 34 | 36 | 38 |



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4. Calculate Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation between the age and weight of children.

| | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|---|---|---|----|
| Age (Years) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Weight (kg) | 3 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 10 |



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5. Calculate coefficient of rank correlation, given the following data set:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| X | 20 | 11 | 72 | 65 | 43 | 29 | 56 |
| Y | 60 | 63 | 26 | 35 | 43 | 51 | 37 |



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Objective Type Questions

1. When two variables change in the same direction, then such a collertion is called :

A. negative

B. positive

C. no correlation

D. all of above

Answer: B



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2. When the relation of three or more variables is studied simultaneously, it is called :

A. siple correlation

B. partial correlation

C. multiple correlation

D. none of above

Answer: C



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3. Relation between price and demand is :

A. positive

B. negative

C. one to one

D. no relationship

Answer: B



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4. When coefficient of correlation lies between +0.25 and +0.75 , it is called :

- A. perfect degree of correlation
- B. high degree of correlation
- C. moderate degree of correlation
- D. low degree of correlation

Answer: C



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5. Coefficient of correlation lies always between :

A. 0 and +1

B. -1 and 0

C. -1 and $+1$

D. none of these

Answer: C



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6. Rank correlation is a superior method of analysis in case of _____ distribution .

A. qualitative

B. quantitative

C. frequency

D. none of these

Answer: A



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7. Which of the following equations is correct ?

$$\text{A. } r_k = 1 - \frac{6 \sum D^2}{N}$$

$$\text{B. } r_k = 1 - \frac{6 \sum D^2}{N^2 - N}$$

$$\text{C. } r_k = 1 - \frac{6 \sum D^2}{N^3 - N}$$

$$\text{D. } r_k = 1 - \frac{6 \sum D^2}{N^4 - N}$$

Answer: C



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8. Formula of Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation is :

$$\text{A. } \frac{N\sigma_x\sigma_y}{N^3 - N}$$

B. $\frac{\sum xy}{N\sigma_x\sigma_y}$

C. $\frac{\sigma_x\sigma_y}{N^3 - N}$

D. $\frac{\sum xy}{\sigma_x\sigma_y}$

Answer: B



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9. When two variables change in a constant proportion, it is called :

A. linear correlation

B. non-linear correlation

C. partial correlation

D. none of these

Answer: A



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Choose Appropriate Word And Fill In The Blank

1. Correlation is a statistical technique that measures _____ relationship between different variables. (quantitative/qualitative)



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2. If $r = 0$, two variables are _____.
(correlated/uncorrelated)



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3. _____ offers a graphic expression of the direction and degree of correlation. (scattered diagram /Rank correlation)



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4. In the step-deviation method of estimating standard deviation, deviations are taken from the _____ (actual average/assumed average)



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Concept Based Objective Questions

1. Define correlation .



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2. Define partial correlation .



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3. What is the line of best fit ?



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4. Name the principal methods of calculating coefficient of correlation .



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5. What is the difference between positive and negative correlation .



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6. What is the nature of correlation of two variables , when they move in the same direction ?



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7. Coefficient of correlation is between -1 and +1 .
How would you express it arithmetically ?



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8. When is rank correlation method used ?



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Short Answer Type Questions

1. IMPORTANCE OR SIGNIFICANCE OF CORRELATION



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2. Describe the various degrees of correlation .



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3. What are the different methods of finding correlation ?



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4. Explain the various kinds of correlation .



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5. Explain the scattered diagram method of correlation.



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6. Describe Karl Pearson's method of calculating coefficient of correlation.



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7. State the properties of correlation coefficient.



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8. Describe Spearman's rank difference method.



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9. State the merits of rank correlation coefficient .



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10. What kind of relationship between X and Y is indicated , if the points of the scattered diagram tend to cluster about

- (i) a straight line parallel to the X-axis
- (ii) a straight line parallel to the Y-axis
- (iii) a straight line sloping upward ,and
- (iv) straight line sloping downward ?



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Long Answer Type Questions

1. Define correlation . Give its importance in statistics .



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2. What is meant by correlation ? Explain its various kinds.



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3. Discuss Karl Pearson's method of calculating coefficient of correlation. Give its merits and limitations .



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4. Discuss Spearman's method of calculating coefficient of correlation. Give its merits and limitations.



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5. Explain the concept of correlation .what is the basic difference between :(i) Linear and non- linear correlation, and (ii) positive and negative correlation .



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6. (i) How is Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation defined ?

(ii) What are the limits of the correlation coefficient r ?

If $r = +1$ in one situation and $r = -1$ in the other, what kind of relationship exists between the variables X and Y ?



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7. (i) Define Spearman's rank correlation (r_k).

(ii) What are limits of r_k ?

(iii) If the values of X and Y have been ranked and

we complete correlation between ranks of X and Y
, will this correlation be equal to the value of r_k ?

A.

B.

C.

D.

Answer:



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Essential Practicals

1. Make a scattered diagram of the given below.

Does any relationship exist between the two ?

| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| X | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| Y | 78 | 72 | 66 | 60 | 54 | 48 | 42 | 36 | 30 | 24 | 18 | 12 |



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2. Calculate coefficient of correlation of the age of husband and wife using Karl Person's method.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Husband (Age) | 23 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 33 | 35 | 36 |
| Wife (Age) | 18 | 20 | 22 | 27 | 29 | 27 | 29 | 28 | 29 |



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3. Calculate correlation of the following data using Karl Pearson's method:

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Series A | 112 | 114 | 108 | 124 | 145 | 150 | 119 | 125 | 147 | 150 |
| Series B | 200 | 190 | 214 | 187 | 170 | 170 | 210 | 190 | 180 | 181 |



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4. Using assumed average in Karl Pearson's formula, calculate coefficient of correlation, given the following data:

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| X | 78 | 89 | 97 | 69 | 59 | 79 | 68 | 61 |
| Y | 125 | 137 | 156 | 112 | 107 | 106 | 123 | 138 |



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5. Find out Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation :

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| Capital Units (in '000) | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |
| Profit Receipt | 2 | 4 | 8 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 14 | 20 | 22 | 30 |



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6. Seven students of a class secured following marks in economics and history . Calculate coefficient of correlation with the help of these data:

| | | | | | | | |
|------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Economics | 66 | 90 | 89 | 55 | 58 | 44 | 42 |
| History | 58 | 76 | 65 | 58 | 53 | 49 | 56 |



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7. Find out rank difference of X and Y:

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| X | 80 | 78 | 75 | 75 | 58 | 67 | 60 | 59 |
| Y | 12 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 16 | 15 | 17 |



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8. Calculate coefficient of correlation of the following data with rank difference and Karl Pearson's method:

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| <i>Economics (Marks)</i> | 77 | 54 | 27 | 52 | 14 | 35 | 90 | 25 | 56 | 60 |
| <i>Hindi (Marks)</i> | 35 | 58 | 60 | 46 | 50 | 40 | 35 | 56 | 44 | 42 |



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9. Seven students of teaching Economics in two universities are shown below. Calculate rank difference correlation.

| Teaching Methods | I | II | III | IV | V | VI | VII |
|-----------------------|---|----|-----|----|---|----|-----|
| Rank of 'A's Students | 2 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 6 |
| Rank of 'B's Students | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 5 | 6 |



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10. Give three examples of perfect correlation. Find out rank difference coefficient of correlation with the help of the following data:

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|----|----|---|----|----|----|----|----|
| X | 48 | 33 | 40 | 9 | 16 | 65 | 26 | 15 | 57 |
| Y | 13 | 13 | 22 | 6 | 14 | 20 | 9 | 6 | 15 |



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11. Calculate coefficient of correlation of the following data :

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|---|---|----|----|----|----|---|
| X | 10 | 6 | 9 | 10 | 12 | 13 | 11 | 9 |
| Y | 9 | 4 | 6 | 9 | 11 | 13 | 8 | 4 |



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12. Deviation of two series X and Y are shown . Calculate coefficient of correlation .

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----|----|----|-----|-----|----|----|----|-----|-----|
| X | -5 | 4 | -2 | +20 | -10 | 0 | +3 | 0 | -15 | -5 |
| Y | -1 | 12 | -7 | +25 | -10 | -3 | 0 | +2 | -9 | -15 |



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13. In a baby competition, two judges accorded following ranks to 12 competitors . Find the coefficient of rank correlation.

| Entry | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | L |
|---------|----|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| Judge X | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Judge Y | 12 | 9 | 6 | 10 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 2 | 11 | 1 |



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14. In a Fancy - dress competition,two judges accorded the following ranks to eight participants

:

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Judge X | 8 | 7 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 4 |
| Judge Y | 7 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 8 |

Calculate coefficient of rank correlation.



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15. In a beauty contest , three judges accorded following ranks to 10 participants:

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|---|---|----|---|----|---|----|---|---|
| Judge I | 1 | 6 | 5 | 10 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 9 | 7 | 8 |
| Judge II | 3 | 5 | 8 | 4 | 7 | 10 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 9 |
| Judge III | 6 | 4 | 9 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 10 | 5 | 7 |

Find out by Spearman's Rank Difference Method which pair of judges has a common taste in respect of beauty.



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16. Following data relates to age group and percentage of regular players. Calculate Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation .

| | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Age Group | 20-25 | 25-30 | 30-35 | 35-40 | 40-45 | 45-50 |
| % of Regular Players | 40 | 35 | 28 | 20 | 15 | 5 |



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17. From the following data, relating to playing habits in various age group of 900 students . Calculate coefficient of correlation between age group and playing habits:

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Age Group | 15-16 | 16-17 | 17-18 | 18-19 | 19-20 | 20-21 |
| Number of Students | 250 | 200 | 150 | 120 | 100 | 80 |
| Regular Players | 200 | 150 | 90 | 48 | 30 | 12 |



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18. Following data relates to density of population, number of deaths and population of various cities. Calculate death rate and Karl Pearson coefficient between density of population and death rate:

| Cities | P | Q | R | S | T | U |
|-----------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Density of Population | 200 | 500 | 700 | 500 | 600 | 900 |
| Number of Deaths | 840 | 300 | 312 | 560 | 1,440 | 1,224 |
| Population | 42,000 | 30,000 | 24,000 | 40,000 | 90,000 | 72,000 |



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19. From the following information, determine coefficient of correlation between X and Y series.

| | X-Series | Y-Series |
|---|----------|----------|
| Number of Items | 15 | 15 |
| Mean | 25 | 18 |
| SD | 3.01 | 3.03 |
| Sum of Squares of deviation from Mean | 136 | 138 |
| Sum of product of deviations of X and Y from their respective Means | 122 | |



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20. From the following data, determine Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation between X and Y series for 15 pairs .

| | X-Series | Y-Series |
|---|----------|----------|
| Mean | 80 | 120 |
| Sum of Squares of deviation from Arithmetic Mean | 56 | 156 |
| Sum of product of deviations of X and Y from their respective Means | 92 | |



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Ncert Questions With Hints To Answers

1. Can r lies outside the -1 and 1 range depending on the type of data ?



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2. Does correlation imply causation ? ,No.



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3. When is rank correlation more precise than simple correlation coefficient ?



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4. Does zero correlation mean independence ?



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5. Can simple correlation coefficient measure any type of relationship ?



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6. Interpret the value of r as 1, -1 and 0.



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7. Why does rank correlation coefficient differ from Pearsonian correlation coefficient ?



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8. Calculate the correlation coefficient between the heights of Fathers in inches (X) and their sons (Y).

| | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| X | 65 | 66 | 57 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 72 |
| Y | 67 | 56 | 65 | 68 | 72 | 72 | 69 | 71 |



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9. Calculate the correlation coefficient between X and Y and comment on their relationship.

| | | | | | | |
|----------|----|----|----|---|---|---|
| X | -3 | -2 | -1 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Y | 9 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 9 |



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10. Calculate the correlation coefficient between X and Y and comment on their relationship .

| | | | | | | |
|----------|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| x | 1 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 |
| y | 2 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 14 | 16 |



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