



CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - MTG CHEMISTRY (ENGLISH)

ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY

Mcq Corner Environment Pollution

1. Choose the correct words to fill in the blanks .

Pollutant is defined as , a substance or an agent which

causes pollution..... and are chemical pollutants

. Pollutants can be which rapidly break down by

..... process .

A. Heavy metal-DDT-degradable -natural

B. Particulates- heavy metal-non-degradable-artificial

C. Non-degradable-petroleum-degradable-artificial

D. Microorganisms-natural gas-nondegradable-natural

Answer: A

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 The zone which extends above troposphere up to 50 km above sea level and contains dinitrogen, dioxygen , ozone and little water vapour is called A. exosphere

B. mesosphere

C. ionosphere

D. stratosphere.

Answer: D

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2. An object is located at a height of 18 km from the surface of earth . The object is located in

A. thermosphere

B. measosphere

C. ionosphere

D. stratosphere.

Answer: D

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3. The region which is greatly affected by air pollution is

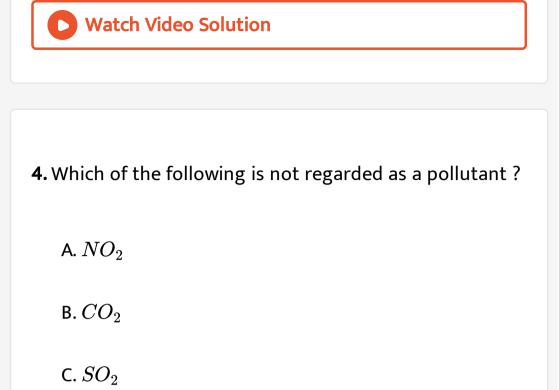
A. troposphere

B. stratosphere

C. mesosphere

D. thermosphere.

Answer: A



D. CO

Answer: B



5. Which of the following is not an air pollutant ?

A. N_2

B. N_2O

 $\mathsf{C}.\,CO$

 $\mathsf{D}.\,NO$

Answer: A

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6. Sulphur oxides which are responsible for major air pollution are caused by

A. burning of coal and refining of petroleum

B. burning of fuels in automobiles

C. combustion of fuels containing C and H

D. using indoor combustion devices like cooking gas.

Answer: A

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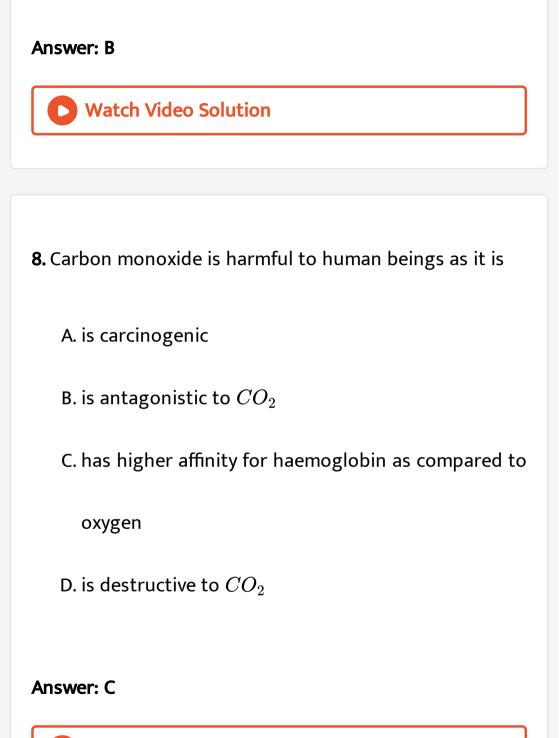
7. Which of the following pollutants is not harmful for lungs ?

A. CO

 $\mathsf{B.}\,CO_2$

 $\mathsf{C}.SO_2$

 $\mathsf{D.}\,NO_2$



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9. Incomplete combustion of petrol or diesel in automobile engine produces

A. CO and H_2O vapours

B.CO and NO_2

C. CO

D. SO_2

Answer: C



10. carbon monoxide is naturally produced by oxidation of, a gas present in swamp area while it can be produced by of fuels containing carbon.

A. $X = CO_2$, Y = complete combustion

B. $x = CH_4$, Y = incomplete combustion

C. X = C, Y = oxidation

D. $X = CH_4$, Y = complete combustion

Answer: B



11. Which of the following processes is not responsible for adding particulates to the atmosphere ?

A. Photosynthesis

B. Combustion of fuels

C. Industrial processes

D. Agricultural processes

Answer: A



12. Which of the following is a greenhouse gas ?

A. SO_2

 $\mathsf{B.}\,H_2S$

 $\mathsf{C}.CO_2$

 $\mathsf{D}.\,O_2$

Answer: C

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13. Increased level of greenhouse gases cause global warming which result in

A. biomagnification

B. eutrophication

C. melting of glaciers

D. ozone depletion

Answer: C

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14. Acid rain is produced by

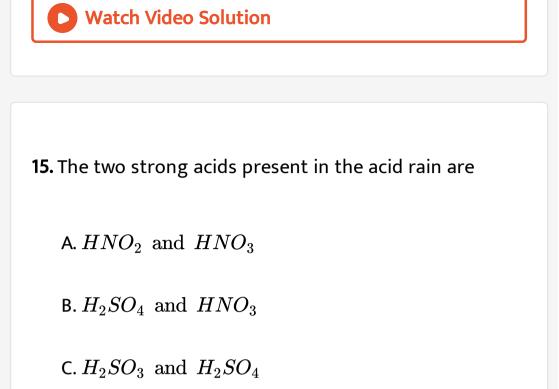
A. excessive release of CO in air

B. excessive release of SO_2 and H_2S in air.

C. excessive release of NO_2 and SO_2 in air

D. excessive release of NH_3 and CO_2 in air.

Answer: C



D. H_2CO_3 and HCl

Answer: B



16. Which of the following reactions is taking place resulting in discolouration of marble of the buildings like Taj Mahal?

A. $CaCO_3 + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow CaSO_4 + H_2O + CO_2$ B. $CaCO_3 + 2HCl \rightarrow CaCl_2 + H_2O + CO_2$ C. $CaCO_3 + H_2O \rightarrow Ca(OH)_2 + CO_2$ D. $CaCO_3 \rightarrow CaO + CO_2$

Answer: A

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17. Mists are produced by

A. smoke formed during combustion of organic

matter

B. particles of spray liquids and by condensation of

vapours in air

C. fine solid particles produced during crushing and

grinding

D. condensation of vapurs during chemical reactions

Answer: B



18. Which of the following statements about photochemical smog is not correct ?

A. It occurs in warm , dry and sunny climate .

B. Chemically , it is a reducing mixture and is called

reducing smog.

C. It is formed as a result of action of sunlight on

unsaturated hyfrocarbons and nitrogen oxides .

D. It has high cncentration of oxidising agents and is

also called oxidising smog.

Answer: B



19. Smog is common pollutant in places having:

A. high altitudes

B. high temperature

C. high concentration of SO_2 in air

D. high concentration of NH_3 in air

Answer: C

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20. The brown , hazy fumes of photochemical smog are

due to

A. nitrogen dioxide

B. PAN formation

C. aldehydes

D. SO_2

Answer: A

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21. Which of the following is not a common component of

photochemical smog ?

A. Peroxyacetyl nitrate

B. Acrolein

C. Formaldehyde

D. Carbon dioxide

Answer: D

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22. Which of the following gases is not responsible for

photochemical smog?

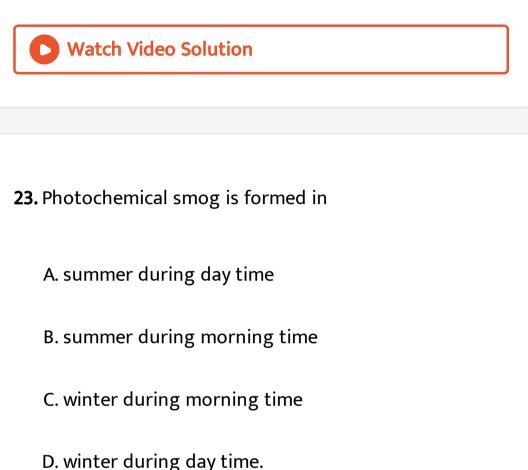
A. Oxides of nitrogen

B. Hydrocarbons

C. inert gases

D. Carbon monoxide

Answer: C



Answer: A



24. Photochemical smog is formed due to presence of

A. oxides of sulphur

B. oxides of nitrogen

C. winter during morning time.

D. winter during day time.

Answer: B

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25. The secondary precursors of photochemical smog are

A. SO_2 and NO_2

B. NO_2 and hydrocarbons

C. O_3 and PAN

 $D. CO_2$ and O_2

Answer: C

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26. Mark the correct statement .

A. Photochemical smog occurs in day time while the

classical smog occurs in early morning hours.

B. Acid rain damages the buildings while it is not toxic

to vegetation and aquatic life.

C. Carbon monoxide is a greenhouse gas which

results in global warming .

D. Smoke consists of fine particcles produced during

crushing and griding of solid materials

Answer: A

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27. The dissolution of ozone layer causes ozone hole in the blanket surrounding the atmosphere . What are the till efffects of ozone hole ?

A. Green house effect

B. Global warming

C. Acid rain

D. UV rays reaching the earth .

Answer: D

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28. Which of the following free radicals is responsible for causing break down of ozone into oxygen due to use of CFCs ?

A. O

B. Cl

 $\mathsf{C.}\,CH_3$

D. OH

Answer: B

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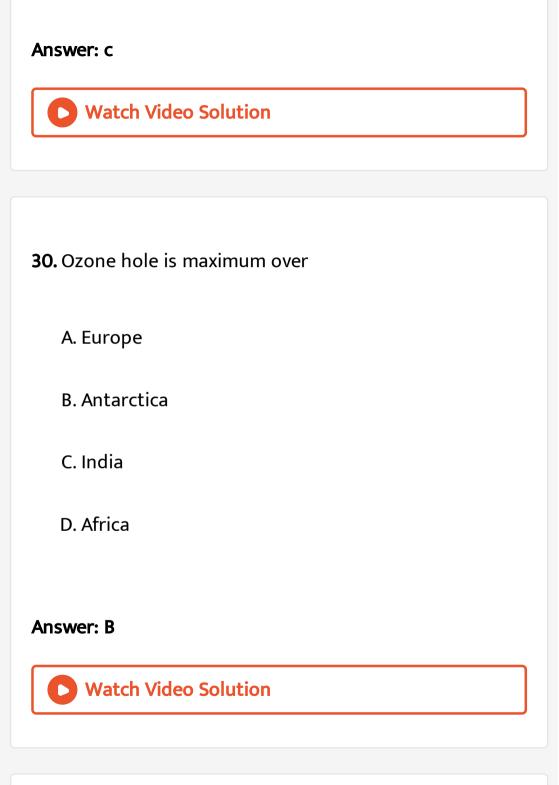
29. Freons are not recommended to be used in refrigerators because they

A. cause global warming

B. cause acid rain

C. cause depletion of ozone layer

D. cause very less cooling



31. Ozone depleton due to the fomation of following

compound in Antarctica

A. Acrolein

B. PAN

C. PCBs

D. Chlorine nitrate

Answer: D



32. Identify the correct statement .

A. Non-conventional sources of energy cause more

pollution

- B. Ozone is a harmless gas present in the atmosphere
- C. Chlorofluorocarbons break down to chlorine atoms

by ultraviolet radiation.

D. Trees don not help in decreasing rate of global warming.

Answer: C



33. Mark the example which is not correctly matched ?

A. Air pollutants - Oxides of sulphur , nitrogen and

carbon

B. Particulate pollutants - Dust , mist , fumes

C. Global warming - Methane, ozone, CFCs

D. Water soluable chemical pollutants - Oxides of

nitrogen, carbon and sodium

Answer: D



34. Organic matter is considered as a major source of water pollution caused by wastes of food , animal and

human excreta, garbage etc. the excess of organic matter in water causd a threat to aquatic life because

A. the space available to acquatic life decreases

B. microorganisms consume dissolved oxygen to

decompose organic matter

C. organic matter is swallowed by small animals

D. decomposition of organic matter increases the

temperature of water.

Answer: B



35. Which of the following is not correctly matched ?

A. Water pollution - using synthetic detergents for

washing clothes

B. Photochemical smog - releasing gases produced by

automobiles and factories

C. Darmaging ozone layer- using CFCS

D. Acid rain - releasing pesticides and fertilizers in

water

Answer: D

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36. Few pollutants and their effects are listed below . Mark the incorrect match .

A. Phosphate fertilizers in water - eutrophication

B. Hydrogen released in air - Global warming

C. Sewage dispsed in water - Increase in BOD level

D. Carbon dioxide in air - Acid rain

Answer: B

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37. BOD (biological oxygen demand) is

A. the amount of oxygen required by bacteria to break

down the organic matter of a sample of water

B. the amount of chemicals required to break down

the organic matter of a sample of water

C. the amount of phosphate required to oxidise the

organic matter of a sample of water

D. the amount of organic matter present in the given

sample of water.

Answer: A

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38. Eutrophication causes

A. increase in nutrients

B. increase in disolved salts

C. reduction in disolved oxygen

D. reduction in water pollution

Answer: C

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39. Mark the incorrect chosice of ill effcts caused by the pollutant .

A. Lead - Kidney, Liver, Reproductive system

B. Fluoride- Bones and teeth

C. Nitrate - Blue baby's syndrome

D. Sulphur dioxide - Nervous system diseases

Answer: D

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40. As DDT passes into food chain , its concentration

A. remains same

B. decreases

C. become zero

D. increases

Answer: D



41. Which of these are biodgradable pollutants ?

A. (1) and (ii)

B. (1) and (iii)

C. (i),(ii)and (iv)

D. (iii) only

Answer: D



42. Which of the following practices involve green chemistry ?

(i) Substitute CFCs by environmental friendly HFCs and other compounds

(ii) Replace halogenated solvent by liquid CO_2 for drycleaning ,

(iii) Use of H_2O_2 for bleaching instead of Cl_2

(iv) Use of tamarind seeds to clean municipal and industrial waste water.

A. (i) and (ii) only

B. (ii) and (iv) only

C. (iii) and (iv) only

D. (i),(ii),(iii)and (iv)

Answer: D



43. Green chemistry involves

A. production of chemicals of our daily use from green

house gases

B. such chemical processes in which green plants are

used

C. those reactions which are of biological origin

D. use of non- toxic reagents and solvents to produce

environment friendly products .

Answer: D

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44. Which of the following practices will come under green chemistry ?

A. If possible , making se of soap made of vegetable

oils instead of using synthetic detergents

B. using H_2O_2 for bleaching purpose instead of using

chlorine based bleaching agents

C. Using bicycle for travelling small distances instead

of using petrol/diesel based vehicles

D. All of these

Answer: D

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Highher Order Thinking Skills

1.

- List I
- (A) Troposphere
- (B) Stratosphere
- (C) Mesosphere
- (D) Thermosphere

List - II

- (i) Prevents UV rays coming to earth
- (ii) Ionizaton of gases
- (iii) Maintenance of heat balance
- (iv) Non propagation of sound waves

The correct match is

Answer: C



2. Which of the following statements is not true?

A. Ammonia acts as sink fo NO_x

B. Limestone acts as sink for SO_x

C. The average residence time of NO is one month

D. SO_x can be removed from flue gases by passing

through a solution of citrate ions

Answer: C



3. Identify the correct statements.,

(i) Winter smog is reducing in nature due to presence of

particular carbon and SO_2

(ii)The pollutant obtained from emission tubes of diesel

engines is benzopyrene.

(iii) Photochemical smog is made up of PAN , O_3 and

oxides of nitrogen

(iv) CFCs are stable in troposphere and act as pollutants

in stratosphere

A. (ii),(iii) and (iv)

B. (i),(iii)and (iv)

C. (i), (ii) and (iii)

D. all of these

Answer: D



4. Consider the following statements :

(i) Zirconium - alizarins due is used for testing fluoride

ions is water

(ii) Ozone layer is present in mesosphere

(iii) the poisonous gas present in the exhaust fumes of

automobiles is Co

(iv) Taj Mahal is affected by CO_2 gas

The correct statement are

A. (i) and (iii)

B. (i),(ii) ,(iii)

C. (i),(iii) and (iv)

D. all of these

Answer: A

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5. Lung diseases are about four times more probable in urban areas as compared to rural areas . This is due to the presence of which of the following in atmosphere ?

A. CO_2

 $\mathsf{B.}\,NO_2$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,O_2$

D. N_2

Answer: B



6. Photochemical smog consists of excessive amount of X

in addition to aldehydes, ketones, PAN etc.X is

A. methane

B. carbon monoxide

C. carbon dioxide

D. ozone

Answer: D



7. B.O.D values of four samples of water A,B,C and D are

given below

A 160 ppm

B 35 ppm

C 180 ppm

D 25 ppm

A. C > A > D > BB. D > B > A > CC. C > A > B > DD. D > A > B > C

Answer: C



8. 10 mL of water requires 1.47 mg of $K_2Cr_2O_7$ (M.wt. =294) fo oxidation of dissolved organic matter . C.O.D is

A. 2.44 ppm

B. 24 ppm

C. 32 ppm

D. 1.6 ppm

Answer: B



9. Which one of the following statements is not correct ?

A. DDT and BHC are not good insecticides because

they are highly soluable in water.

B. DDT and BHC are not good insecticides because

they are absobed by the soil and contaminate root

crops.

C. Aldrin is not a good insecticide because it is not biodegradable .

D. All the above are incorrect .

Answer: A



Examplar Problems

1. Which of the following is not a greenhouse gas ?

A. CO

 $B.O_3$

 $\mathsf{C}. CH_4$

D. H_2O vapour

Answer: A

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2. Photochemical smog occurs in warm, dry and sunny climate, One of the following is not amongst the

components of photochemical smog, identify it.

A. NO_2

 $\mathsf{B.}\,O_3$

 $\mathsf{C}.SO_2$

D. Unsaturated hydrocarbon

Answer: C

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3. Which of the following statements is not true about classical smog?

A. Its main components are produced by the action of

sunlight on eissions of automobiles and factories.

B. Produced in cold and humid climate

C. It contains compounds of reducing nature.

D. It contains smoke, fog and sulphur dioxide

Answer: A



4. Biochemical Oxygen Demand , (BOD) is a measure of organic material present in water . bOD value less than 5 ppm indicates a water sample to be

A. rich in dissolved oxygen

B. poor in dissolved oxygen

C. highly polluted

D. not suitable for aquatic life

Answer: A

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5. Which of the following statements is wrong ?

A. Ozone is not responsible for greenhouse effect.

B. Ozone can oxidise sulphur dioxide present in the

atmosphere to sulphur troxide.

C. Ozone hole is thinning of ozone layer present in

the stratosphere.

D. Ozone is produced in upper stratosphere by the

action of UV rays on oxygen.

Answer: A

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6. Sewage containing organic waste should not be disposed in water bodies because it causes major water pollution. Fishes in such a polluted water die because of

A. larger number of mosquitoes

B. increase in the amount of dissolved oxygen

C. decrease in the amount of dissolved oxygen in

water

D. clogging of gills by mud

Answer: C

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7. Which of the following statements about photochemical smog is wrong ?

A. It has high concentration of oxidising agents.

B. It has low concentration of oxidising agent.

C. It can be controlled by controlling the release of

 NO_2 , hydrocarbons , ozone etc.

D. Plantation of some plants like pinus helps in

controlling photochemical smog.

Answer: B

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8. The gaseous envelope around the earth is known ias atmosphere. The lowest layer of this is extended upto 10 km from sea level , this layer is

A. stratosphere

B. troposphere

C. mesosphere

D. hydrosphere

Answer: B



9. Dinitrogen and dioxygen are main constituents of air but these do not react with each other to form oxides of nitrogen because

A. the reaction is endothermic and requires very high

temperature

B. the reaction can be initiated only in presence of a

catalyst

C. oxides of nitrogen are unstable

D. N_2 and O_2 are unreactive

Answer: A

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10. The pollutants which come directly in the air from sources are called primary pollutes. Primary polluants are sometimes converted into secondary pollutants. Which of the following belongs to secondary air pollutants ? B. Hydrocarbon

C. Peroxyacetyl nitrate

D. NO

Answer: C

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11. Which of the following statement is correct?

A. Ozone hole is a hole formed in stratosphere from

which ozone oozes out.

B. Ozone hole is a hole formed in the troposphere

from which ozone oozes out.

C. Ozone hole is thinning of ozone layer of

stratosphere at some places.

D. Ozone hole means vanishing of ozone layer around

the earth completely.

Answer: C

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12. Which of the following practices will not come under green chemistry

A. If possible, making use of soap made of vegetable

oils instead of using synthetic detergents.

B. Using H_2O_2 for bleaching purpose instead of using

chlorine based bleaching agents

C. Using bicycle for travelling small distances instead

of using petrol/diesel based vehicles

D. Using plastic cans for neatly storing substances.

Answer: D

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Assertion Reason Corner

1. Assertion : Acid rain causes lakes and rivers to become

acidic .

Reason : Buildings materials like limestone, marble , etc. are weakened on reaction with acid rain.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: b

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2. Assertion : Normally rain water has a pH of 5.6 Reason : H^+ ions are formed by the reaction of rain water with carbon dioxide present in the air.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

- C. If assertion is true but reason is false.
- D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: a



3. Assertion : Catalytic converters must be used in cars. Reason : Catalytic converter helps to reduce the formation of acid rain.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: a

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4. Assertion : Mists are non- viable particulates produced by particles of spray liquids and by condensation of vapours in air.

Reason : Herbicides and insecticides that miss their targets, travelthrough air and form mists.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: b



5. Assertion : The effects of particulate pollutants are largely dependent on the particle size.

Reason : Air borne particles such as dust , fumes , mist etc., are dangerous for human health .

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

- C. If assertion is true but reason is false.
- D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: b



6. Assertion : Classical smog is oxidising smog whereas photochemical smog ie reducing smog.
Reason : Classical smog occurs in warm, dry and sunny climate whereas photochemical smog occurs in cool

humid climate .

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: d

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7. Assertion : Ozone in the troposphere is a product of ultraviolet radiations acting on dioxygen molecules.
Reason : Ozone is thermodynamically very stable.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: d

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8. Assertion : The main reasons of ozone layer delpletion is believed to be the release of chlorofluorocarbon compounds known as freons. Reason : CFCs are transporting agents for continously

generating chlorine radicals into the stratosphere.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: a



9. Assertion : Chlorine sinks are formed during summer, hence, preventing ozone depletion.Reason : In summer seasons, nitrogen dioxide and

methane react with chlorine monoxide and chlorine radicals.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: a



10. Assertion : The amount of BOD in the water is a measure of the amount of organic material in the water . Reason : Clear water has BOD less than 5 ppm whereas highly polluted water can have BOD value of 17 ppm or more .

- A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

- C. If assertion is true but reason is false.
- D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: b



11. Assertion : Heavy metals such as cadmium, mercury, nickel etc. are water pollutants .

Reason : Heavy metals are not harmful to humans.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

- C. If assertion is true but reason is false.
- D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: c



12. Assertion : Manures and biofertilizers shuld be used in place of chemical fertilizers.

Reason : Chemical fertilizers cause pollution by releasing excess nutrients in water bodies.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

- C. If assertion is true but reason is false.
- D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: a



13. Assertion : The process in which nutrient rich water bodies develop plant population is called eutrophication.
,
Reason : Eutrophication helps in enhancement of plants and animals population by providing them oxygen.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: c

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14. Assertion : Soluable fluoride is often added to drinking water to bring its concentration up to 1 ppm. Reason : F^{-} ion concentration above 2 ppm causes brown mottling of teeth.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: b

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15. Assertion : Excess nitrate in drinking water causes 'blue baby' syndrome.

Reason : The maximum limit of nitrate in drinking water is 50 ppb.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: c



Environment Pollution

1. Choose the correct words to fill in the blanks .

Pollutant is defined as , a substance or an agent which causes pollution..... and are chemical pollutants . Pollutants can be which rapidly break down by process .

A. Heavy metal-DDT-degradable -natural

B. Particulates- heavy metal-non-degradable-artificial

C. Non-degradable-petroleum-degradable-artificial

D. Microorganisms-natural gas-nondegradable-natural

Answer: A



 The zone which extends above troposphere up to 50 km above sea level and contains dinitrogen, dioxygen , ozone and little water vapour is called

A. exosphere

B. mesosphere

C. ionosphere

D. stratosphere.

Answer: D



2. An object is located at a height of 18 km from the

surface of earth . The object is located in

A. thermosphere

B. measosphere

C. ionosphere

D. stratosphere.

Answer: D

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3. The region which is greatly affected by air pollution is

A. troposphere

B. stratosphere

C. mesosphere

D. thermosphere.

Answer: A

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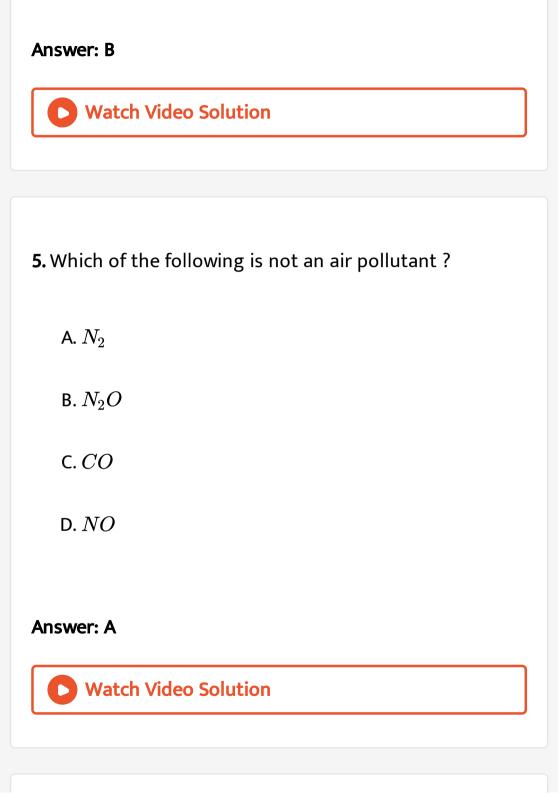
4. Which of the following is not regarded as a pollutant ?

A. NO_2

 $\mathsf{B.}\,CO_2$

 $\mathsf{C}.SO_2$

D. CO



6. Sulphur oxides which are responsible for major air pollution are caused by

A. burning of coal and refining of petroleum

B. burning of fuels in automobiles

C. combustion of fuels containing C and H

D. using indoor combustion devices like cooking gas.

Answer: A

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7. Which of the following pollutants is not harmful for lungs ?

A. CO

 $\mathsf{B.}\,CO_2$

 $\mathsf{C}.SO_2$

D. NO_2

Answer: B

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8. Carbon monoxide is harmful to human beings as it is

A. is carcinogenic

B. is antagonistic to CO_2

C. has higher affinity for haemoglobin as compared to

oxygen

D. is destructive to CO_2

Answer: C

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9. Incomplete combustion of petrol or diesel in automobile engine produces

A. CO and H_2O vapours

B.CO and NO_2

C. CO

D. SO_2

Answer: C



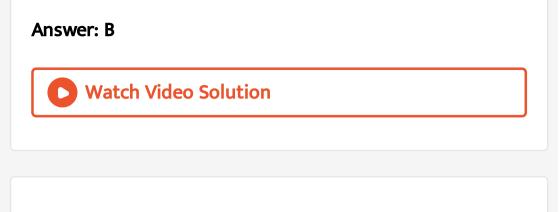
10. carbon monoxide is naturally produced by oxidation of, a gas present in swamp area while it can be produced by of fuels containing carbon.

A. $X = CO_2$, Y = complete combustion

B. $x = CH_4$, Y = incomplete combustion

C. X = C, Y = oxidation

D. $X=CH_4$, Y = complete combustion



11. Which of the following processes is not responsible for adding particulates to the atmosphere ?

A. Photosynthesis

B. Combustion of fuels

C. Industrial processes

D. Agricultural processes

Answer: A



12. Which of the following is a greenhouse gas ?

A. SO_2

 $\mathsf{B}.\,H_2S$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,CO_2$

 $\mathsf{D}.\,O_2$

Answer: C



13. Increased level of greenhouse gases cause global warming which result in

A. biomagnification

B. eutrophication

C. melting of glaciers

D. ozone depletion

Answer: C

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14. Acid rain is produced by

A. excessive release of CO in air

B. excessive release of SO_2 and H_2S in air .

C. excessive release of NO_2 and SO_2 in air

D. excessive release of NH_3 and CO_2 in air.

Answer: C



15. The two strong acids present in the acid rain are

A. HNO_2 and HNO_3

B. H_2SO_4 and HNO_3

 $C. H_2 SO_3$ and $H_2 SO_4$

 $D. H_2 CO_3$ and HCl

Answer: B

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16. Which of the following reactions is taking place resulting in discolouration of marble of the buildings like Taj Mahal?

A.
$$CaCO_3 + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow CaSO_4 + H_2O + CO_2$$

B. $CaCO_3 + 2HCl \rightarrow CaCl_2 + H_2O + CO_2$
C. $CaCO_3 + H_2O \rightarrow Ca(OH)_2 + CO_2$
D. $CaCO_3 \rightarrow CaO + CO_2$

Answer: A



17. Mists are produced by

A. smoke formed during combustion of organic matter

B. particles of spray liquids and by condensation of

vapours in air

C. fine solid particles produced during crushing and

grinding

D. condensation of vapurs during chemical reactions

Answer: B

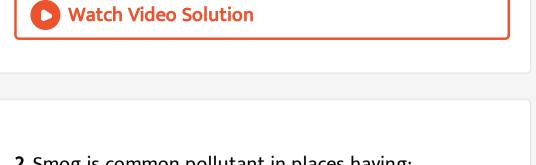


1. Which of the following statements about photochemical smog is not correct ?

A. It occurs in warm , dry and sunny climate .

B. Chemically, it is a reducing mixture and is called reducing smog.

- C. It is formed as a result of action of sunlight on unsaturated hyfrocarbons and nitrogen oxides .
- D. It has high cncentration of oxidising agents and is also called oxidising smog.



2. Smog is common pollutant in places having:

A. high altitudes

B. high temperature

C. high concentration of SO_2 in air

D. high concentration of NH_3 in air

Answer: C

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3. The brown , hazy fumes of photochemical smog are

due to

A. nitrogen dioxide

B. PAN formation

C. aldehydes

D. SO_2

Answer: A



4. Which of the following is not a common component of

photochemical smog ?

A. Peroxyacetyl nitrate

B. Acrolein

C. Formaldehyde

D. Carbon dioxide

Answer: D

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5. Which of the following gases is not responsible for

photochemical smog?

A. Oxides of nitrogen

B. Hydrocarbons

C. inert gases

D. Carbon monoxide

Answer: C

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6. Photochemical smog is formed in

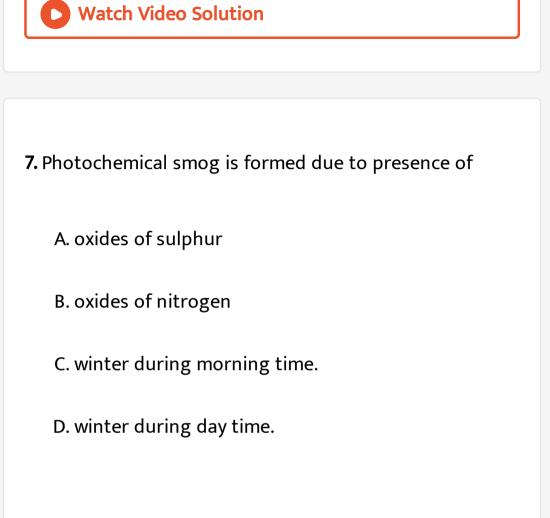
A. summer during day time

B. summer during morning time

C. winter during morning time

D. winter during day time.

Answer: A



Answer: B



8. The secondary precursors of photochemical smog are

- A. SO_2 and NO_2
- B. NO_2 and hydrocarbons
- C. O_3 and PAN
- $D. CO_2$ and O_2

Answer: C

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9. Mark the correct statement .

A. Photochemical smog occurs in day time while the

classical smog occurs in early morning hours.

B. Acid rain damages the buildings while it is not toxic

to vegetation and aquatic life.

C. Carbon monoxide is a greenhouse gas which

results in global warming .

D. Smoke consists of fine particcles produced during

crushing and griding of solid materials

Answer: A



10. The dissolution of ozone layer causes ozone hole in the blanket surrounding the atmosphere . What are the till efffects of ozone hole ? A. Green house effect

B. Global warming

C. Acid rain

D. UV rays reaching the earth .

Answer: D

Watch Video Solution

11. Which of the following free radicals is responsible for causing break down of ozone into oxygen due to use of CFCs ?

B. Cl

 $\mathsf{C.}\,CH_3$

D. OH

Answer: B

Watch Video Solution

Industrial Waste

1. Freons are not recommended to be used in refrigerators because they

A. cause global warming

B. cause acid rain

C. cause depletion of ozone layer

D. cause very less cooling

Answer: c

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Strategies To Control Environmental Pollution

1. Ozone hole is maximum over

A. Europe

B. Antarctica

C. India

D. Africa

Answer: B

Watch Video Solution

2. Ozone depleton due to the fomation of following compound in Antarctica

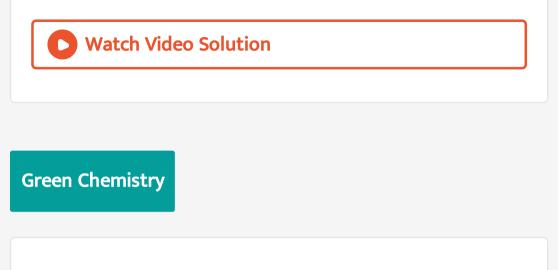
A. Acrolein

B. PAN

C. PCBs

D. Chlorine nitrate

Answer: D



- 1. Identify the correct statement .
 - A. Non-conventional sources of energy cause more

pollution

- B. Ozone is a harmless gas present in the atmosphere
- C. Chlorofluorocarbons break down to chlorine atoms

by ultraviolet radiation.

D. Trees don not help in decreasing rate of global

warming.

Answer: C

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2. Match the column I with column II and mark the appropriate choice .

Column IColumn II(A)Peroxyacetyl nitrate(i)Global warming(B)Polychlorinated
biphenyls(ii)Photochemical
smog

(C)	Dioxides of carbon and sulphur	(iii)	Water pollutant
(D)	IR active molecules	(iv)	Acid rain

A. (A)
ightarrow (ii), (B)
ightarrow (iii), C
ightarrow (iv), (D)
ightarrow (i)

$$egin{aligned} \mathsf{B}.\,(A) &
ightarrow (iii),\,(B)
ightarrow (iv),\,C
ightarrow (ii),\,(D)
ightarrow (i) \ \mathsf{C}.\,(A) &
ightarrow (iv),\,(B)
ightarrow (ii),\,C
ightarrow (iii),\,(D)
ightarrow (i) \ \mathsf{D}.\,(A) &
ightarrow (i),\,(B)
ightarrow (iii),\,C
ightarrow (ii),\,(D)
ightarrow (iv) \end{aligned}$$

Answer: A

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3. Mark the example which is not correctly matched ?

A. Air pollutants - Oxides of sulphur , nitrogen and

carbon

B. Particulate pollutants - Dust , mist , fumes

C. Global warming - Methane, ozone, CFCs

D. Water soluable chemical pollutants - Oxides of

nitrogen , carbon and sodium

Answer: D

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4. Organic matter is considered as a major source of water pollution caused by wastes of food , animal and human excreta, garbage etc. the excess of organic matter in water causd a threat to aquatic life because

A. the space available to acquatic life decreases

B. microorganisms consume dissolved oxygen to

decompose organic matter

C. organic matter is swallowed by small animals

D. decomposition of organic matter increases the

temperature of water .

Answer: B



5. Which of the following is not correctly matched ?

A. Water pollution - using synthetic detergents for

washing clothes

B. Photochemical smog - releasing gases produced by

automobiles and factories

C. Darmaging ozone layer- using CFCS

D. Acid rain - releasing pesticides and fertilizers in

water

Answer: D



6. Few pollutants and their effects are listed below . Mark the incorrect match .

A. Phosphate fertilizers in water - eutrophication

B. Hydrogen released in air - Global warming

C. Sewage dispsed in water - Increase in BOD level

D. Carbon dioxide in air - Acid rain

Answer: B

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7. BOD (biological oxygen demand) is

A. the amount of oxygen required by bacteria to break

down the organic matter of a sample of water

B. the amount of chemicals required to break down

the organic matter of a sample of water

C. the amount of phosphate required to oxidise the

organic matter of a sample of water

D. the amount of organic matter present in the given

sample of water.

Answer: A

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8. Eutrophication causes

A. increase in nutrients

B. increase in disolved salts

C. reduction in disolved oxygen

D. reduction in water pollution

Answer: C



9. Mark the incorrect chosice of ill effcts caused by the pollutant .

A. Lead - Kidney, Liver, Reproductive system

B. Fluoride- Bones and teeth

C. Nitrate - Blue baby's syndrome

D. Sulphur dioxide - Nervous system diseases

Answer: D

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10. Match the upper limit concentrations of the pollutants in drinking water given in column I with pollutants in drinking water given in column I with column II mark the appropriate choice .

	Column I	a second a second	Column II
(A)	Lead	(i)	500 ppm
(B)	Sulphate	(ii)	1 ppm
(C)	Nitrate	(iii)	50 ppb
(D)	Fluoride	(iv)	50 ppm

A.
$$(A)
ightarrow (ii), (B)
ightarrow (iii), (C)
ightarrow (i), (D)
ightarrow (iv)$$

$$\mathsf{B}.\,(A) o (iii),\,(B) o (i),\,(C) o (iv),\,(D) o (ii)$$

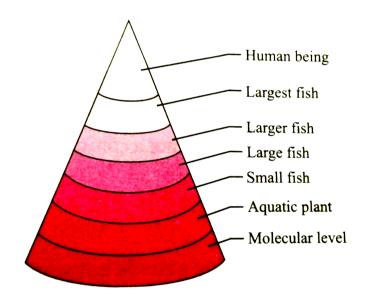
$$\mathsf{C}.\,(A)
ightarrow (i),\,(B)
ightarrow (iv),\,(C)
ightarrow (iii),\,(D)
ightarrow (ii)$$

$$extsf{D.}\left(A
ight)
ightarrow\left(iv
ight),\left(B
ight)
ightarrow\left(ii
ight),\left(C
ight)
ightarrow\left(iii
ight),\left(D
ight)
ightarrow\left(i
ight)$$

Answer: B



11. Study the given diagram and answer the following question.



Which is the most appropriate statement about the figure ?

A. The trophic levels decrease from molecular level to

human beings

approximately 10 times concentrated.

C. The level of pollutants is maximum at molecular

level and minimum in human beings

D. Repeated use of toxins reduces its c oncentration

at highest level

Answer: B

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12. As DDT passes into food chain , its concentration

A. remains same

B. decreases

C. become zero

D. increases

Answer: D

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13. Match the column I with column II and mark the appropriate choice .

	Column I (Pollutants)		Column II (Source)
(A)	Toxic heavy metals	(i)	Domestic sewage
(B)	Microorganisms	(ii)	Industries and chemical factories
(C)	Organic wastes	(iii)	Chemical fertilizers
(D)	Plant nutrients	(iv)	Discharge from food processing factories

$$egin{aligned} \mathsf{A}_{\cdot}\left(A
ight) &
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ight),\left(B
ight) &
ightarrow\left(ii
ight),\left(D
ight) &
ightarrow\left(iv
ight),\left(D
ight) &
ightarrow\left(iv
ight),\left(D
ight) &
ightarrow\left(i
ight),\left(D$$

Answer: D

Watch Video Solution

14. Which of these are biodgradable pollutants?

A. (1) and (ii)

B. (1) and (iii)

C. (i),(ii)and (iv)

D. (iii) only

Answer: D

D View Text Solution

15. Match the column I with column II and mark the appropriate choice .

	Column I	Column II		
(A)	Biodegradable pollutants	(i)	DDT	
(B)	Non-biodegradable pollutants	(ii)	SO ₂	
(C)	Primary pollutants	(iii)	PAN	
(D)	Secondary pollutants	(iv)	Sewage	

A.
$$(A)
ightarrow (iii), (B)
ightarrow (iv), (C)
ightarrow (ii), (D)
ightarrow (i)$$

Β.

Answer: D

Watch Video Solution

16. Which of the following practices involve green chemistry ?

(i) Substitute CFCs by environmental friendly HFCs and other compounds

(ii) Replace halogenated solvent by liquid CO_2 for drycleaning ,

(iii) Use of H_2O_2 for bleaching instead of Cl_2

(iv) Use of tamarind seeds to clean municipal and industrial waste water.

A. (i) and (ii) only

B. (ii) and (iv) only

C. (iii) and (iv) only

D. (i),(ii),(iii)and (iv)

Answer: D Watch Video Solution 17. Green chemistry involves A. production of chemicals of our daily use from green house gases B. such chemical processes in which green plants are used C. those reactions which are of biological origin D. use of non-toxic reagents and solvents to produce

environment friendly products .

Answer: D



18. Which of the following practices will come under green chemistry ?

A. If possible , making se of soap made of vegetable

oils instead of using synthetic detergents

B. using H_2O_2 for bleaching purpose instead of using

chlorine based bleaching agents

C. Using bicycle for travelling small distances instead

of using petrol/diesel based vehicles

D. All of these

Answer: D

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Higher Order Thinking Skills

1.

List - I

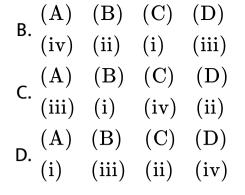
- (A) Troposphere
- (B) Stratosphere
- (C) Mesosphere
- (D) Thermosphere

The correct match is

A.
$$(A)$$
 (B) (C) (D)
(ii) (iv) (iii) (i)

List - II

- (i) Prevents UV rays coming to earth
- (ii) Ionizaton of gases
- (iii) Maintenance of heat balance
- (iv) Non propagation of sound waves



Answer: C



2. Which of the following statements is not true ?

A. Ammonia acts as sink fo NO_x

B. Limestone acts as sink for SO_x

C. The average residence time of NO is one month

D. SO_x can be removed from flue gases by passing

through a solution of citrate ions

Answer: C

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3. Identify the correct statements.,

(i) Winter smog is reducing in nature due to presence of

particular carbon and SO_2

(ii)The pollutant obtained from emission tubes of diesel

engines is benzopyrene.

(iii) Photochemical smog is made up of PAN , O_3 and oxides of nitrogen

(iv) CFCs are stable in troposphere and act as pollutants

in stratosphere

A. (ii),(iii) and (iv)

B. (i),(iii)and (iv)

C. (i), (ii) and (iii)

D. all of these

Answer: D

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4. Consider the following statements :

(i) Zirconium - alizarins due is used for testing fluoride

ions is water

(ii) Ozone layer is present in mesosphere

(iii) the poisonous gas present in the exhaust fumes of

automobiles is Co

(iv) Taj Mahal is affected by CO_2 gas

The correct statement are

A. (i) and (iii)

B. (i),(ii) ,(iii)

C. (i),(iii) and (iv)

D. all of these

Answer: A

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5. Lung diseases are about four times more probable in urban areas as compared to rural areas . This is due to the presence of which of the following in atmosphere ?

A. CO_2

 $\mathsf{B.}\,NO_2$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,O_2$

 $\mathsf{D.}\,N_2$

Answer: B



6. Photochemical smog consists of excessive amount of X

in addition to aldehydes, ketones, PAN etc.X is

A. methane

B. carbon monoxide

C. carbon dioxide

D. ozone

Answer: D



7. B.O.D values of four samples of water A,B,C and D are

given below

A 160 ppm

B 35 ppm

C 180 ppm

D 25 ppm

A. C > A > D > BB. D > B > A > CC. C > A > B > DD. D > A > B > C

Answer: C



8. 10 mL of water requires 1.47 mg of $K_2Cr_2O_7$ (M.wt. =294) fo oxidation of dissolved organic matter . C.O.D is

A. 2.44 ppm

B. 24 ppm

C. 32 ppm

D. 1.6 ppm

Answer: B



9. Which one of the following statements is not correct ?

A. DDT and BHC are not good insecticides because

they are highly soluable in water.

B. DDT and BHC are not good insecticides because

they are absobed by the soil and contaminate root

crops.

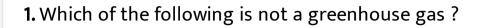
C. Aldrin is not a good insecticide because it is not biodegradable .

D. All the above are incorrect .

Answer: A



Ncert Exemplar



A. CO

 $\mathsf{B}.O_3$

 $\mathsf{C}. CH_4$

D. H_2O vapour

Answer: A

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2. Photochemical smog occurs in warm, dry and sunny climate, One of the following is not amongst the

components of photochemical smog, identify it.

A. NO_2

 $\mathsf{B.}\,O_3$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,SO_2$

D. Unsaturated hydrocarbon

Answer: C

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3. Which of the following statements is not true about classical smog?

A. Its main components are produced by the action of

sunlight on eissions of automobiles and factories.

B. Produced in cold and humid climate

C. It contains compounds of reducing nature.

D. It contains smoke, fog and sulphur dioxide

Answer: A



4. Biochemical Oxygen Demand , (BOD) is a measure of organic material present in water . bOD value less than 5 ppm indicates a water sample to be

A. rich in dissolved oxygen

B. poor in dissolved oxygen

C. highly polluted

D. not suitable for aquatic life

Answer: A

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5. Which of the following statements is wrong ?

A. Ozone is not responsible for greenhouse effect.

B. Ozone can oxidise sulphur dioxide present in the

atmosphere to sulphur troxide.

C. Ozone hole is thinning of ozone layer present in

the stratosphere.

D. Ozone is produced in upper stratosphere by the

action of UV rays on oxygen.

Answer: A

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6. Sewage containing organic waste should not be disposed in water bodies because it causes major water pollution. Fishes in such a polluted water die because of

A. larger number of mosquitoes

B. increase in the amount of dissolved oxygen

C. decrease in the amount of dissolved oxygen in

water

D. clogging of gills by mud

Answer: C

Watch Video Solution

7. Which of the following statements about photochemical smog is wrong ?

A. It has high concentration of oxidising agents.

B. It has low concentration of oxidising agent.

C. It can be controlled by controlling the release of

 NO_2 , hydrocarbons , ozone etc.

D. Plantation of some plants like pinus helps in

controlling photochemical smog.

Answer: B

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8. The gaseous envelope around the earth is known ias atmosphere. The lowest layer of this is extended upto 10 km from sea level , this layer is

A. stratosphere

B. troposphere

C. mesosphere

D. hydrosphere

Answer: B



9. Dinitrogen and dioxygen are main constituents of air but these do not react with each other to form oxides of nitrogen because

A. the reaction is endothermic and requires very high

temperature

B. the reaction can be initiated only in presence of a

catalyst

C. oxides of nitrogen are unstable

D. N_2 and O_2 are unreactive

Answer: A

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10. The pollutants which come directly in the air from sources are called primary pollutes. Primary polluants are sometimes converted into secondary pollutants. Which of the following belongs to secondary air pollutants ? B. Hydrocarbon

C. Peroxyacetyl nitrate

D. NO

Answer: C

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11. Which of the following statement is correct?

A. Ozone hole is a hole formed in stratosphere from

which ozone oozes out.

B. Ozone hole is a hole formed in the troposphere

from which ozone oozes out.

C. Ozone hole is thinning of ozone layer of

stratosphere at some places.

D. Ozone hole means vanishing of ozone layer around

the earth completely.

Answer: C

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12. Which of the following practices will not come under green chemistry

A. If possible, making use of soap made of vegetable

oils instead of using synthetic detergents.

B. Using H_2O_2 for bleaching purpose instead of using

chlorine based bleaching agents

C. Using bicycle for travelling small distances instead

of using petrol/diesel based vehicles

D. Using plastic cans for neatly storing substances.

Answer: D

Watch Video Solution

Assertion And Reason

1. Assertion : Acid rain causes lakes and rivers to become

acidic .

Reason : Buildings materials like limestone, marble , etc. are weakened on reaction with acid rain.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: b

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2. Assertion : Normally rain water has a pH of 5.6 Reason : H^+ ions are formed by the reaction of rain water with carbon dioxide present in the air.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

- C. If assertion is true but reason is false.
- D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: a



3. Assertion : Catalytic converters must be used in cars.Reason : Catalytic converter helps to reduce the formation of acid rain.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: a



4. Assertion : Mists are non- viable particulates produced by particles of spray liquids and by condensation of vapours in air.

Reason : Herbicides and insecticides that miss their targets, travelthrough air and form mists.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: b



5. Assertion : The effects of particulate pollutants are largely dependent on the particle size.

Reason : Air borne particles such as dust , fumes , mist etc., are dangerous for human health .

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

- C. If assertion is true but reason is false.
- D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: b



6. Assertion : Classical smog is oxidising smog whereas photochemical smog ie reducing smog.
Reason : Classical smog occurs in warm, dry and sunny climate whereas photochemical smog occurs in cool

humid climate .

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: d

Watch Video Solution

7. Assertion : Ozone in the troposphere is a product of ultraviolet radiations acting on dioxygen molecules.
Reason : Ozone is thermodynamically very stable.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: d

Watch Video Solution

8. Assertion : The main reasons of ozone layer delpletion is believed to be the release of chlorofluorocarbon compounds known as freons. Reason : CFCs are transporting agents for continously

generating chlorine radicals into the stratosphere.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: a



9. Assertion : Chlorine sinks are formed during summer, hence , preventing ozone depletion.

Reason : In summer seasons, nitrogen dioxide and

methane react with chlorine monoxide and chlorine radicals.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: a



10. Assertion : The amount of BOD in the water is a measure of the amount of organic material in the water . Reason : Clear water has BOD less than 5 ppm whereas highly polluted water can have BOD value of 17 ppm or more .

- A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

- C. If assertion is true but reason is false.
- D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: b



11. Assertion : Heavy metals such as cadmium, mercury, nickel etc. are water pollutants .

Reason : Heavy metals are not harmful to humans.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

- C. If assertion is true but reason is false.
- D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: c



12. Assertion : Manures and biofertilizers shuld be used in place of chemical fertilizers.

Reason : Chemical fertilizers cause pollution by releasing excess nutrients in water bodies.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

- C. If assertion is true but reason is false.
- D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: a



13. Assertion : The process in which nutrient rich water bodies develop plant population is called eutrophication.
,
Reason : Eutrophication helps in enhancement of plants and animals population by providing them oxygen.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: c

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14. Assertion : Soluable fluoride is often added to drinking water to bring its concentration up to 1 ppm. Reason : F^{-} ion concentration above 2 ppm causes brown mottling of teeth.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: b

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15. Assertion : Excess nitrate in drinking water causes 'blue baby' syndrome.

Reason : The maximum limit of nitrate in drinking water is 50 ppb.

A. If both assertion and reason are true and reason is

the correct explanation of assertion.

B. If both assertion and reason are true but reason is

not the c orrect explanation of assertion.

C. If assertion is true but reason is false.

D. If both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: c

