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India's Number 1 Education App

## ECONOMICS

## BOOKS - GOYAL BROTHERS

# PRAKASHAN ECONOMICS (HINGLISH) 

## CORRELATION

Example

1. Calculate the coefficient of correlation
between price of a good and its demand by

## direct method.

| Price (₹) | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Demand (units) | 10 | 12 | 15 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 |

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## 2. Calculate coefficient of correlation between

 demand for a good and its price.| Demand | 10 | 15 | 25 | 40 | 50 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Price | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 |

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Solved Examples

## 1. Calculate coefficient of correlation between

 marks in Mathematics and marks in Economics obtained by 10 students.| S.No. | Marks in Mathematics | Marks in Economics |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 20 | 18 |
| 2 | 5 | 10 |
| 3 | 15 | 15 |
| 4 | 12 | 11 |
| 5 | 18 | 16 |
| 6 | 4 | 8 |
| 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 8 | 14 | 15 |
| 9 | 9 | 10 |
| 10 | 0 | 5 |

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2. Calculate coeffcient of correlation between
obtained by 10 students.

| S.No. | Marks in Mathematics | Marks in Economics |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 20 | 18 |
| 2 | 5 | 10 |
| 3 | 15 | 15 |
| 4 | 12 | 11 |
| 5 | 18 | 16 |
| 6 | 4 | 8 |
| 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 8 | 14 | 15 |
| 9 | 9 | 10 |
| 10 | 0 | 5 |

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3. Calculate coorelation coefficient between $X$ series and Y series.

| $\mathbf{X}$ | 10 | 8 | 5 | 11 | 7 | 4 | 2 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{Y}$ | 5 | 9 | 4 | 14 | 0 | 5 | 3 |

4. Calculate the coefficient of correlation between the two series :

| $\mathbf{X}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{Y}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 |

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5. Calculate the coeficient of correlation between X and Y .

| $\mathbf{X}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{Y}$ | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |

6. Calculate rank correlation coefficient of

Example 1 in Section 11.4.

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7. Calculate rank correlation coefficient from
the data in Example 2 in Section 11.4

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8. Calculate rank correlation coefficient from data in Example 3 in Section 11.4.

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9. Calculate rank correlation coefficient from

## data in Example 4 in Section 11.4

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Multiple Choice Questions

1. Spot the correct statement about simple correlation and partial correlation :
A. Both study relation between only two
variables.
B. Both establish cause and effect relationship.

C. Simple correlation takes into

consideration other variables,
D. Partial correlation confines to only two
variables.

## Answer: A

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2. When $x$ falls, $y$ also falls. There is perfect
correlation between the two. The correlation coefficient between the two is
A. Zero
B. Infinity
C. +1
D. -1

## Answer: C

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## 3. Correlation between two variables is

A. Proof of relationship between two
variables.
B. Simply some pointer of relationship
between two variables.
C. Neither (a) nor (b)
D. Either (a) or (b)

## Answer: B

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## Short Answer Questions I

1. Distinguish between positive and negative correlations.

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2. Distinguish between simple and multiple correlations.

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Short Answer Questions li

1. Explain the importance of scatter diagram in
the study of correlation.
2. Calculate coefficient of correlation between
series $X$ and $Y$.

| $\mathbf{X}$ | 10 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{Y}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 |

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2. Calculate coefficient of correlation between series $A$ and $B$.

| $\mathbf{A}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{B}$ | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |

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3. Calculate coefficient of correlation between age of wives and age of husbands.

| Age of wives | 20 | 21 | 19 | 25 | 24 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Age of husbands | 24 | 24 | 21 | 30 | 24 |

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4. Calculate coefficient of correlation between
prices and quantity supplied at each price.

| Price (₹) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply (units) | 10 | 12 | 14 | 20 | 25 |

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5. Calculate rank correlation from data given in
Q. No. 1

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6. Calculate rank correlation from data given in
Q. No. 2.
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## 7. Calculate rank correlation from data given in

Q. No. 3 .

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8. Calculate rank correlation from data given in
Q. No. 4.

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## 9. Calculate coefficient of correlation between

Happiness Score and total number of medals
(Gold+ Silver+ Bronze) won by the top 10 winner countries in Rio (Brazil) Olympics 2016.

| Country | Happiness Score ${ }^{*}$ <br> (out of max. 10) | Total No. of <br> medals won |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| USA | 7.119 | 119 |
| Great Britain | 6.867 | 66 |
| China | 5.140 | 70 |
| Russia | 5.716 | 56 |
| Germany | 6.750 | 42 |
| Japan | 5.987 | 41 |
| France | 6.575 | 40 |
| South Korea | 5.984 | 21 |
| Italy | 5.948 | 28 |
| Australia | 7.284 | 29 |

World Happiness Report (2015) : New York :

## Sustainable Development Solution Network.

10. Calculate Coefficient of correlation between PPP Gross National Income (GNI) per capita and total number of medals (Gold +

Silver + Bronze) won by 10 winner countries in

Rio (Brazil) Olympics 2016.

| Country | PPP GNI * per capita (2013) (thousand dollars) | Total No. of medals won |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| USA | 52.3 | 119 |
| Great Britain | 35.0 | 66 |
| China | 11.5 | 70 |
| Russia | 22.6 | 56 |
| Germany | 43.0 | 42 |
| Japan | 36.7 | 41 |
| France | 36.6 | 40 |
| South Korea | 30.3 | 21 |
| Italy | 32.7 | 28 |
| Australia | 41.5 | 29 |

Human Development Report 2014.

Others

1. Which of the following techniques deals with the association between two or more variables?
A. (a) Index number
B. (b) Correlation
C. (c) Dispersion
D. (d) None of the above

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2. When two variables move together in the same direction, it is said to be
A. (a) no correlation
B. (b) negative correlation
C. (c) positive correlation
D. (d) zero correlation

Answer: C

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3. Correlation is an analysis of between two or more variables.
A. (a) Relationship
B. (b) covariation
C. (c) determination
D. (d) calculation

Answer: B
4. ................. is a graphical method of studying correlation.
A. (a) Histogram
B. (b) Bar diagram
C. (c) Scatter diagram
D. (d) Circle diagram

## Answer: C

5. If the scatter points are widely dispersed around the line, the correlation is
A. (a) high
B. (b) low
C. (c) moderate
D. (d) None of the above

Answer: B

- View Text Solution

6. If all the points lie on the same downward
sloping line, the correlation is said to be
A. (a) perfect correlation
B. (b) perfect positive correlation
C. (c) perfect negative correlation
D. (d) negative correlation

Answer: C

- View Text Solution


## 7. To construct a scatter diagram, independent

 variable is taken onA. (a) X-axis
B. (b) $Y$-axis
C. (c) Either X -axis or Y -axis
D. (d) None of the above

Answer: A

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# 8. Movement of points from left to right, in an 

 upward direction indicatesA. (a) negative correlation
B. (b) positive correlation
C. (c) no correlation
D. (d) None of the above

Answer: B

D View Text Solution
9. If $r$ is positive, then the two variables move in the ..........direction.
A. (a) opposite
B. (b) same
C. (c) upward

D. (d) None of these

Answer: B

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10. Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation indicates the .............. and also the degree of relationship between the two variables.
A. (a) direction
B. (b) relation
C. (c) interpretation
D. (d) None of the above

## Answer: A

11. The coefficient of correlation is independent of
A. (a) change of scale only
B. (b) change of origin only
C. (c) both change of scale and origin
D. (d) None of the above

Answer: C

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12. When the mean of series is a decimal number, then which method should be used
for computing Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation?
A. (a) Direct Method
B. (b) Shot-cut Method
C. (c) Step Deviation Method
D. (d) None of the above

Answer: B
13. Rank correlation is a superior method of analysis in case of ............. distributions such as
those relating to virtue, wisdom or ignorance.
A. (a) quantitative
B. (b) qualitative
C. (c) data
D. (d) None of the above

Answer: B
14. Rank correlation method was developed by
A. (a) Charles Edward Spearman
B. (b) Karl Pearson's
C. (c) JB Say
D. (d) None of the above

Answer: A

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## 15. A modified version of Karl Pearson's formula

 isA. (a) ${ }^{\prime} r=$ frac\{Sigmaxy\}\{Sigma $x^{\wedge} 2 . S i g m a$
$\left.y^{\wedge} 2\right\}^{\prime}$
B. (b) 'r $\quad$ frac\{Sigmaxy $\}$ sqrt\{Sigma
$x^{\wedge} 2$ times Sigma $\left.y^{\wedge} 2\right\}^{\prime}$
C. (c) 'r $\quad$ frac\{Sigma $x y\}$ \{n Sigma $X^{\wedge} 2$.

Sigma $\left.Y^{\wedge} 2\right\}^{\prime}$

# D. (d) 'r = frac\{Sigma $x y\}$ \{n sigma $x$. sigma 

$$
y\}^{\prime}
$$

Answer: B

- View Text Solution

