



## MATHS

### BOOKS - PEARSON IIT JEE FOUNDATION

## MATHEMATICAL INDUCTION AND BINOMIAL THEOREM

### Example

1. Prove that  $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n = \frac{n(n + 1)}{2}$

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2. Prove that  $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n = \frac{n(n + 1)}{2}$

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3. Prove that  $1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + (2n + 1) = n^2$

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4. Prove that

$$1 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot 4 + \dots + n \cdot (n + 1) = \frac{n(n + 1)(n + 2)}{3}$$

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5. Prove that  $3^{n+1} > 3(n + 1)$

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6. Prove that 7 is a factor of  $2^{3n} - 1$  for all natural numbers  $n$ .

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7. Expand  $(x + 2y)^5$

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8. Find the 3rd term in the expansion of  $(3x - 5y)^7$

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9. Find the middle term in the expansion of  $(2x + 3y)^8$

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10. Find the middle terms in the expansion of  $(5x - 7y)^7$

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11. Find the term independent of  $x$  in  $\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^4$

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12. Find the coefficient of  $x^2$  in  $\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^3}\right)^6$

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13. Find the total number of terms in the expansion of  $(2 + 3x)^{15} + (2 - 3x)^{15}$

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14. If the expansion  $\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^3}\right)^n$  is to contain an independent term, then what should be the value of  $n$ ?

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15. If the coefficient of  $x^7$  in  $\left(ax + \frac{1}{x}\right)$  and  $x^{-7}$  in  $\left(bx - \frac{1}{x}\right)^9$  are equal, find the relation between a and b?

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16. Find the term independent of 'x' in the expansion of  $(1 + x^2)^4 \left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^4$

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17. Find the sum of the coefficients of the term expansion  $(1 + x + 2x^2)^6$

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18. Find the value of  $x$ , if the fourth term in the expansion of

$$\left(\frac{1}{x^2} + x^2 \cdot 2x\right)^6 \text{ is } 160$$

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### Test Your Concepts Very Short Answer Type Questions

1. If  $P(n)$  is a statement which is true for  $n=1$  and true for  $(x+1)$ , then \_\_\_\_\_

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2. According to the principle of mathematical induction when, can we say that a statement  $X(n)$  is true for all natural numbers  $n$ ?

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3. If  $p(n) = n(n + 1)(n + 2)$  then highest common factor of  $p(n)$ , for different values of  $n$  where  $n$  is any natural number, is \_\_\_\_\_

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4. Is  $2^{3-n}$  a prime number for all natural numbers  $n$ ?

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5. The product of  $(q-1)$  consecutive integers where  $q > 1$  is divisible by \_\_\_\_\_

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6. An algebraic expression with two terms is called a \_\_\_\_\_

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7. In Pascal, triangle, each row of coefficients is bounded on both sides by \_\_\_\_\_

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8. If  $n$  is a positive integer, then the number of terms in the expansion of  $(x + a)^n$  is

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9. In the expansion of  $(x + y)^n$ , if the exponent of  $x$  in second term is 10, what is the exponent of  $y$  in 11th term.

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10. What is the coefficient of a term in a row of Pascal triangle if in the preceding row, the coefficient on the immediate left is 5 on the immediate right is 10

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11. In the expansion of various power of  $(x + y)^n$  if the expansion contains 49 terms, then it is the expansion of \_\_\_\_\_

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12. In the expansion of  $(x + y)^{123}$ , the sum of the exponents of  $x$  and  $y$  in 63rd term is \_\_\_\_\_

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13.  $(n - r)!$  = \_\_\_\_\_

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14. The value of  ${}^{n+1}C_r$  = \_\_\_\_\_

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15. If  ${}^nC_r = 1$  and  $n = 6$ , then what may be the value (s) of  $r$  be?

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16. In the expansion of  $(x + y)^n$ ,  $T_{r+1}$  = \_\_\_\_\_

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17.  ${}^7C_2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

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18.  ${}^{1230}C_0 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

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19. The coefficient of  $x$  in the expansion of  $(2x + 3)^5$  is \_\_\_\_\_

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20. The coefficient of  $y^7$  in the expansion of  $(y + z)^7$  is \_\_\_\_\_

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21.  $(x + y)^3 =$  \_\_\_\_\_

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22. The term which does not contain 'a' in the expansion of  $\left(\frac{x}{a} + 6x\right)^{12}$  is \_\_\_\_\_

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23. If  ${}^{12}C_r(4)^{12-r}(x)^{12-3r}$  is a constant term in an expansion, then  $r =$  \_\_\_\_\_

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24. Write the first, the middle and the last terms in the expansion of  $(x^2 + 1)^3$

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25. Constant term in the expansion of  $(x + 3)^{16}$  is \_\_\_\_\_

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26. The sum of the first  $n$  even natural numbers is \_\_\_\_\_

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27. The sum of the first  $n$  odd natural number is

A.  $2n - 1$

B.  $2n + 1$

C.  $n^2$

D.  $n^2 - 1$

Answer:  $C$

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28. The elements in the fifth row of Pascal triangle is \_\_\_\_\_

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29. If  ${}^nC_3 = {}^nC_{15}$ , then  ${}^{20}C_n$  is \_\_\_\_\_

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30. The inequality  $2^n > n$  is true for \_\_\_\_\_

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1. Prove that  $1 + 2 + 2^2 + \dots + 2^n = 2^{n+1} - 1$ , for all natural number  $n$ .

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2.  $a-b$  divides  $a^n - b^n$ ,  $n \in \mathbb{N}$

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3.  $1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \dots + n^3 = \frac{n(n+1)^2}{4}$ ,  $n \in \mathbb{N}$

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4.  $2.5 + 3.8 + 4.11 + \dots +$  upto  $n$  terms  
 $= n(n^2 + 4n + 5)$ ,  $n \in \mathbb{N}$

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5. Prove that :  $1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + n^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$

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6.

$$a + (a + d) + (a + 2d) + \dots + [a + (n - 1)d] = \frac{n}{2}(2a + (n - 1)d)$$

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7. Prove the following by the principle of mathematical induction:

$$\frac{1}{2 \cdot 5} + \frac{1}{5 \cdot 8} + \frac{1}{8 \cdot 11} + \dots + \frac{1}{(3n-1)(3n+2)} = \frac{n}{6n+4}$$

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8. Using the principle of mathematical induction, prove each of the following for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$

$(4^n + 15n - 1)$  is divisible by 9.

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9. Prove the following by the principle of mathematical induction:

$$2 + 5 + 8 + 11 + \dots + (3n - 1) = \frac{1}{2}n(3n + 1)$$

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10. Expand  $\left(3x^2 + \frac{5}{y^2}\right)^6$

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11. Expand  $(5x + 3y)^8$



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12. Find the middle term or terms of the expansion of  $(x + 5y)^9$



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13. find the middle term of terms or the expansion of  $\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^6$



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14. Find the 7th term in the expansion of  $\left(5x - \frac{1}{7y}\right)^9$



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Essay Type Questions

1. Evaluate:  $(\sqrt{3} + 1)^5 - (\sqrt{3} - 1)^5$

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2. Find the coefficient of  $x^{-5}$  in the expansion of  $\left(2x^2 - \frac{1}{5x}\right)^8$

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3. Find the term independent of  $x$  in  $\left(6x^2 - \frac{1}{7x^3}\right)^{10}$

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4. Find the coefficient of  $x^3$  in the expansion of  $\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{3x^3}\right)^4$

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5. Find the term independent of  $x$  in  $\left(2x^5 + \frac{1}{3x^2}\right)^{21}$

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Level 1

1.  $n^2 + n + 1$  is a/an \_\_\_\_\_ number for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$

- A. even
- B. odd
- C. prime
- D. none

**Answer: B**

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2. If the expansion  $\left(x^3 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^n$  contains a term independent of  $x$ , then the value of  $n$ , can be \_\_\_\_\_

A. 18

B. 20

C. 24

D. 22

**Answer: B**

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3.  $1+5+9+ \dots +(4n-3)=n(2n-1)$ , for all natural number  $n$ .

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4. Prove that 7 is a factor of  $2^{3n} - 1$  for all natural numbers n.

A. 3

B. 5

C. 7

D. 2

**Answer: B**



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5. For what values of n is  $14^n + 11^n$  divisible by 5 ?

A. When n is an even positive integer

B. For all values of n

C. When n is a prime number

D. When  $n$  is odd positive integer

**Answer: D**

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6. The smallest positive integer  $n$  for which  $n! < \frac{(n-1)^n}{2}$  holds, is

\_\_\_\_\_

A. 4

B. 3

C. 2

D. 1

**Answer: A**

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7. The third term from the end in the expansion of  $\left(\frac{4x}{3y} - \frac{3y}{2x}\right)^9$  is

\_\_\_\_\_

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8. In the 8th term of  $(x + y)^n$ , the exponent of  $x$  is 3, then the exponent of  $x$  in 5th term is \_\_\_\_\_

A. 5

B. 7

C. 2

D. 6

**Answer: D**

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9. The sum of the elements in the sixth row of Pascal triangle is

-----

A. 32

B. 63

C. 128

D. 64

**Answer: D**



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10. In  $(n + y)^n - (x - y)^n$ , if the number of term is 5, then find n.

A. 6

B. 5

C. 10

D. 9

**Answer: D**

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11. If the third term in the expansion of  $(x + x^{\log_2 x})^6$ , is 960, then the value of x is \_\_\_\_\_

A. 2

B. 3

C. 4

D. 8

**Answer: A**

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12. Find the sum of coefficients of all the terms of the expansion

$$(ax + y)^n.$$

A.  ${}^n C_0 + {}^n C_1^{n-1} x^{n-1} y + {}^n C_2 a^{n-2} x^{n-2} + \dots + {}^n C_n y^n$

B.  ${}^n C_0 a^n + {}^n C_1 a^{n-1} + {}^n C_2 a^{n-2} + \dots + {}^n C_n$

C.  $2^n$

D. None of these

**Answer: B**



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13. If the sum of the coefficients in the expansion

$$(4ax - 1 - 3a^2 x^2)^{10}$$
 is 0, then the value of a can be \_\_\_\_\_

A. 2

B. 4

C. 1

D. 7

**Answer: C**



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14. Find the coefficient of  $x^4$  in the expansion of  $\left(2x^2 + \frac{3}{x^3}\right)^7$

A.  ${}^7C_2 2^5 3^3$

B.  ${}^7C_2 2^5 3^2$

C.  ${}^7C_2 3^5 2^2$

D.  ${}^7C_2 2^5 3^2$

**Answer: B**



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15.  $n^2 - n + 1$  is an odd number for all \_\_\_\_\_

A.  $n > 1$

B.  $n > 2$

C.  $n \geq 1$

D.  $n \geq 5$

**Answer: C**



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16. Statement-1: For each natural number  $n$ ,  $(n + 1)^7 - n^7 - 1$  is divisible by 7. Statement-2: For each natural number  $n$ ,  $n^7 - n$  is divisible by 7.

A. 10 for all natural numbers  $n$

B. 10 for odd natural numbers  $n$

C. 10 for even natural numbers  $n$

D. None of these

**Answer: C**

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17. For  $n \in N$ ,  $2^{3n} + 1$  is divisible by \_\_\_\_\_

A.  $3^{n+11}$

B.  $3^{n-11}$

C.  $3^{n+1}$

D.  $3^{n+111}$

**Answer: C**

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18.  $2^n - 1$  gives the set of all odd natural numbers for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .

Comment on the given statement .

- A. True for all values of  $n$
- B.
- C. True for only odd values of  $n$
- D. True for only prime values of  $n$

**Answer: B**



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19. In the 10th term of  $(x + y)^n$ , the exponent of  $x$  is 3, then the exponent of  $x$  in the 7th term is \_\_\_\_\_

- A. 1
- B. 7

C. 5

D. 9

**Answer: B**



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**20.** If the coefficients of the 6th and 5th terms of expansion  $(1 + x)^n$  are in the ratio 7: 5, then find the value of n.

A. 11

B. 12

C. 10

D. 9

**Answer: A**



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21. The third term from the end in the expansion of  $(3x - 2y)^{15}$  is

-----

A.  $-{}^{15}C_5 3^{13} 2^2 x^{13} y^2$

B.  ${}^{15}C_5 3^{13} 2^2 x^{13} y^2$

C.  ${}^{15}C_5 3^2 2^{13} x^2 y^{12}$

D.  ${}^{15}C_5 3^2 2^{13} x^2 y^1$

**Answer: D**



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22. Find the sixth term in the expansion of  $\left(2x^3 - \frac{3}{7x^2}\right)^{11}$

A.  $-{}^{11}C_5 \frac{2^6 3^5}{7^5} x^3$

B.  ${}^{11}C_5 \frac{2^6 3^5}{7^5} x^{-3}$

$$C. -{}^{11}C_5 \frac{2^6 3^5}{7^5} x^{-3}$$

$$D. -{}^{11}C_5 \frac{2^3 3^5}{7^5} x^{-3}$$

**Answer: C**

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23. The term independent of  $x$  in the expansion of  $\left(x^3 - \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^{10}$  is

\_\_\_\_\_

A.  ${}^{10}C_6$

B.  ${}^{10}C_7$

C.  ${}^{10}C_9$

D.  $-{}^{10}C_6$

**Answer: A**

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24. Which term is the constant term in the expansion of

$$\left(2x - \frac{1}{3x}\right)^6$$

- A. 2nd term
- B. 3rd term
- C. 4th term
- D. 5th term

**Answer: C**

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25. The sum of the coefficients in the expansion of  $(x + y)^7$  is \_\_\_\_\_

- A. 119
- B. 64

C. 256

D. 128

**Answer: D**



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**26.** The number of terms which are not radicals in the expansion

$(\sqrt{7} + 4)^6 + (\sqrt{7} - 4)^6$  after simplification, is \_\_\_\_\_

A. 6

B. 5

C. 4

D. 3

**Answer: C**



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27. The coefficient of  $x^4$  in the expansion of  $(4x^2+3)/(x)^8$  is

-----

A.  ${}^8C_5 12^5$

B.  ${}^8C_4 12^4$

C.  ${}^8C_3 12^3$

D.  ${}^8C_6 12^6$

**Answer: B**

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28. In the expansion of  $(X + Y)^n$ , the coefficients of the 17th and the 13th terms equal. Find the number of term in the expansion

A. 26

B. 25

C. 20

D. 24

**Answer: B**



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29. The number of terms in the expansion of

$\left[(2x + 3y)^4(4x - 6y)^4\right]^9$  is \_\_\_\_\_

A. 36

B. 37

C. 10

D. 40

**Answer: B**

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30. If sum of the coefficients of the first two odd terms of the expansion  $(x + y)^n$  is 16, then find  $n$

A. 10

B. 8

C. 7

D. 6

**Answer: D**

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Level 2

1. The number of irrational terms in the expansion of  $(2^{1/5} + 3^{1/10})^{55}$  is

A. 5

B. 6

C. 4

D. 7

**Answer: A**



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2. The remainder when  $9^{49} + 7^{49}$  is divide by 64 is \_\_\_\_\_

A. 24

B. 8

C. 16



D. 38

**Answer: C**

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3. If  $p(n) = (n - 2)(n - 1)n(n + 1)n(n + 2)$ , then greatest number which divides  $p(n)$  for all  $n \in N$  is \_\_\_\_\_

A. 12

B. 24

C. 120

D. None of these

**Answer: C**

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4. If  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $n$  are natural numbers then  $a^{2n-1} + b^{2n-1}$  is divisible by

A.  $a + b$

B.  $(a + b)^2$

C.  $a^3 + b^3$

D.  $a^2 + b^2$

**Answer: A**



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5. Find the coefficient of the independent term in the expansion of

$$\left(x^{1/2} + 7x^{-1/3}\right)^{10}$$

A.  ${}^{10}C_4 7^4$

B.  ${}^{10}C_6 7^6$

C.  ${}^{10}C_6 7^5$

D.  ${}^{10}C_4 7^7$

**Answer: B**

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6. Find the term which has the exponent of  $x$  as 8 in the expansion of

$$\left( x^{5/2} - \frac{3}{x^3 \sqrt{x}} \right)^{10}$$

A.  $T_2$

B.  $T_3$

C.  $T_4$

D. Does not exist

**Answer: D**

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7. The greatest number which divides  $25^n - 24n - 1$  for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  is

\_\_\_\_\_

A. 24

B. 578

C. 27

D. 576

**Answer: D**



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8. If three consecutive coefficients in the expansion of  $(1 + x)^n$ , where  $n$  is a natural number are 36,84 and 126 respectively, then  $n$  is

\_\_\_\_\_

A. 8

B. 9

C. 10

D. 36

**Answer: B**



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9. Find the value of  $k$  for which the term independent of  $x$  in

$$\left(x^2 + \frac{k}{x}\right)^{12} \text{ is } 7920$$

A.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

B.  $\frac{1}{2}$

C.  $\sqrt{2}$

D. 2

**Answer: C**

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10. Find the coefficient of  $x^7$  in the expansion of  $\left(7x + \frac{2}{x^2}\right)^{13}$

A.  $78 \times 8^8 \times 4$

B.  $78 \times 7^6 \times 4^2$

C.  $78 \times 7^{11} \times 4$

D.  $78 \times 7^{11} \times 4^2$

**Answer: C**

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11. The value of  $(\sqrt{5} + 2)^6 + (\sqrt{5} - 2)^6$  is

A. a positive integer

B. a negative integer

C. an irrational number

D. a rational number but not an integer

**Answer: A**



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**12.** The ratio of the coefficients of  $x(4)$  to that of the term independent of  $x$  in the expansion of  $\left(x^2 + \frac{9}{x^2}\right)^{18}$  is \_\_\_\_\_

A. 1 : 6

B. 3 : 8

C. 1 : 10

D. 1 : 8

**Answer: C**



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13.  $\sum_{r=2}^{16} {}^{16}C_r = \text{_____}$

A.  $2^{15} - 15$

B.  $2^{16} - 16$

C.  $2^{16} - 17$

D.  $2^{17} - 17$

**Answer: C**



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14. Number of non-zero terms in the expansion of

$$(5\sqrt{5}x + \sqrt{7})^6 + (5\sqrt{5}x - \sqrt{7})^6 \text{ is } \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

A. 4

B. 10

C. 12

D. 14

**Answer: A**



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15. Find the value of  $(98)^4$  by using the binomial theorem.

A. 92236846

B. 92239816

C. 9233886

D. 92236806

**Answer: B**

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**16.** If the number of terms in the expansion  $(2x + y)^n - (2x - y)^n$  is, 8 then the value of n is \_\_\_\_\_ (where n is odd)

A. 17

B. 19

C. 15

D. 13

**Answer: C**

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17. If the expansion  $\left(2x^5 + \frac{1}{3x^4}\right)^n$  contains a term independent of  $x$ , then the value of  $n$  can be \_\_\_\_\_

A. 6

B. 18

C. 3

D. 12

**Answer: B**



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18. Find the sum of the coefficients in the expansion of

$$\left(5x^6 - \frac{4}{x^9}\right)^{10}$$

A.  $5^{10}$

B. 1

C.  $4^{10}$

D. 0

**Answer: B**



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19.  $49^n + 16n - 1$  is an divisible by \_\_\_\_\_ ( $n \in N$ )

A. 64

B. 28

C. 48

D. 54

**Answer: A**



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20. Find the coefficient of  $x^{11}$  in the expansion of  $(1 + 2x + x^2)^6$

A. 1

B. 2

C. 6

D. 12

**Answer: D**



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**Level 3**

1. The number of irrational terms in the binomial expansion of

$(3^{1/5} + 7^{1/3})^{100}$  is \_\_\_

A. 70

B. 12

C. 75

D. 13

**Answer: C**



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2. Find the independent term in the expansion of

$$\left(x^4 + \frac{3}{8x^3\sqrt{x}}\right)^{15}$$

A.  ${}^{15}C_4 \left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^{16}$

B.  ${}^{15}C_{12} \left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^8$

C.  ${}^{15}C_8 \left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^8$

D.  ${}^{15}C_7 \left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^8$

**Answer: C**



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$$3. \sum_{r=1}^{30} r \frac{{}^{30}C_r}{{}^{30}C_{r-1}} = \text{-----}$$

A. 930

B. 465

C. 310

D. 630

**Answer: B**



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4. For all  $n \in N$ ,  $41^n - 40n - 1$  is divisible by \_\_\_\_\_

A. 41

B. 40

C. 300

D. 500

**Answer: B**



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5. If  $m$  and  $n$  are the coefficients of  $x^{a^2}$  and  $x^{b^2}$  respectively in  $(1 + x)^{a^2 + b^2}$ , then relation between  $m$  and  $n$  is \_\_\_\_\_

A.  $n = 2m$

B.  $m + n = 0$

C.  $2n = m$

D.  $m = n$

**Answer: D**



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6. For each  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $5^{3n} - 1$  is divisible by \_\_\_\_

A. 115

B. 124

C. 5

D. 6

**Answer: B**

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7. In the expansion  $(6 + 9x)^5$  the coefficient of  $x^3$  is \_\_\_\_\_

A.  $2^2 \times 3^8$

B.  $2^4 \times 3^7$

C.  $2^3 \times 3^8 \times 5$

D.  $2^4 \times 3^7 5$

**Answer: C**

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8. In the expansion of  $(X + y)^n$ , the coefficients of the 17th and the 13th terms equal. Find the number of term in the expansion

A. 18

B. 22

C. 28

D. 29

**Answer: D**

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9. Find the coefficient of  $x^{-2}$  in the expansion of  $\left(x^2 + \frac{4}{x^5}\right)^6$

A. 240

B. 150

C. 100

D. 180

**Answer: A**

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10. In the 10th term of  $(x + y)^n$ , the exponent of  $x$  is 3, then the exponent of  $x$  in the 7th term is \_\_\_\_\_

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11.  $\sqrt{20} \left\{ (\sqrt{20} + 1)^{100} - (\sqrt{20} - 1)^{100} \right\}$  is a/an \_\_\_\_\_

A. irrational number

B. whole number

C. negative number

D. rational number

**Answer: B**



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12. If  $x = -{}^nC_1 + {}^nC_2(2) - {}^nC_3(2)^2 + \dots$  (where  $n$  is odd), then

$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

A. 1

B. -1

C. 0

D. 12

**Answer: B**

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13. Find the independent term in the expansion of  $\left(5x^2 - \frac{1}{x^4}\right)^6$

A. 8250

B. 8560

C. 9250

D. 9375

**Answer: D**

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14. The sum of the first three coefficients in the expansion

$\left(x + \frac{1}{y}\right)^n$  is 22. Find the value of n.

A. 8

B. 7

C. 6

D. 5

Answer: C



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15. If  ${}^{12}C_0, {}^{12}C_1, \dots, {}^{12}C_{12}$  are the binomial coefficients of the expansion  $(1+x)^{12}$ , then  ${}^{12}C_0 - {}^{12}C_1 + {}^{12}C_2 - {}^{12}C_3 + \dots + {}^{12}C_{12} =$

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A. 4096

B. 1024

C. 0

D.  $-1024$

**Answer: C**



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