



CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - PEARSON IIT JEE FOUNDATION

AIR AND OXYGEN

Very Short Answer Type Questions

1. What is meant by atmospheric pressure?

2. Name the different types of instruments used to

measure atmospheric pressure.

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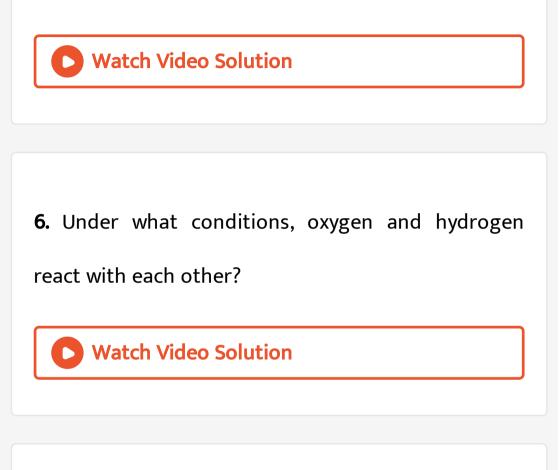
3. Give the functions of nitrogen in the atmosphere.

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4. S. I. unit of atmospheric pressure is _____

5. What are the products of combustion of carbon

compounds?

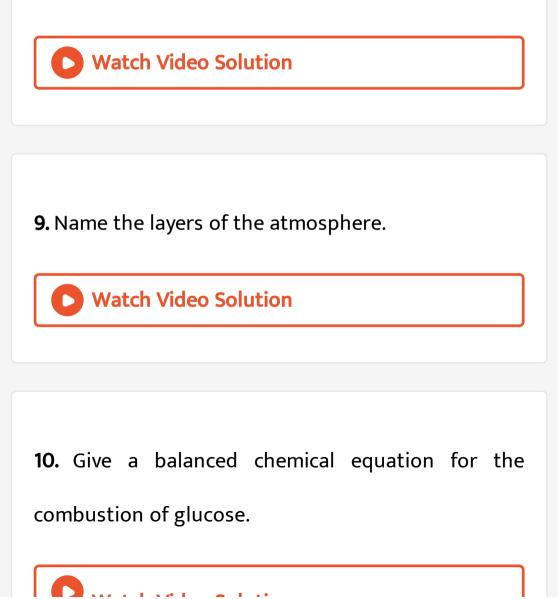


7. How does oxygen exist in the combined state in

nature?

8. What happens when mercuric oxide is subjected

to heating?





11. what is the minimum temperature at which a

substance catches fire called ?

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12. What is meant by oxy-hydrogen flame? For what

purpose is it used?



13. Give the electronic configuration of oxygen. Also mention the period and the group to which the element belongs.

• Watch Video Solution 14. List the uses of neon and argon gases. • Watch Video Solution

15. A mixture of 95% oxygen and 5% CO_2 is called





16. What is the layer of atmosphere present just

above the earth's surface?



17. Why mercury is used in barometer instead of

water?

18. What is S.I. unit for atmospheric pressure? Define

it.



19. What are the major components of air? Among

these, which is the active component and which is

the inactive component?



20. How is oxygen gas collected?

Added a state of the state of t



21. What happens when iron is subjected to strong

heating with oxygen?



22. Name the metals which react with oxyegen at

room temperature.



23. Coating of tin over iron is called _____.



24. Why is the atmospheric presure measured at sea

level?



25. What is the main advantage of the manufactring

of oxygen gas by the electrolysis of water?



26. Among all the layers of atmosphere the layer

with the highest temperature is_____.

View Text Solution
27. Define ignition temperature.
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28. Why is the temperature high in thermosphere?

View Text Solution

29. Define atmosphere.



Short Answer Type Questions

1. What is greenhouse effect? Given the names of

two greenhouse gases .

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2. How can the growing of plants control pollution?



3. Explain why the atmospheric pressure changes with altitude?

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4. Give the differences between combustion and respiration.



5. Suggest measures to control air pollution.





6. Why are acid rains not confined to only industrial

areas?



7. Give some uses of oxygen.



8. Give any four characteristics of air as a mixture.



9. Which metals react with oxygen at room temperautre? Give equations.

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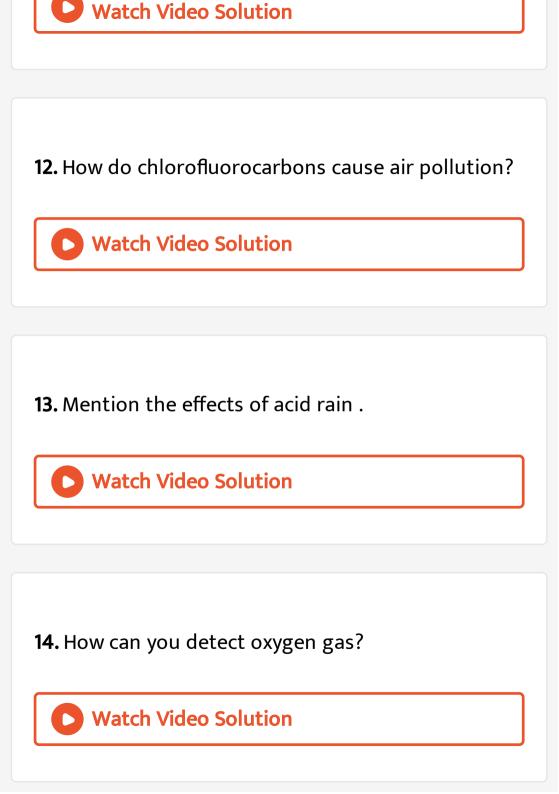
10. What is meant by fly ash? Give the sources of fly

ash and its effect on the environment.



11. What is the role of atmosphere in nature?





15. What are the sources of carbon monoxide and

sulphur dioxide in air?





- 1. Explain the construction and working of the
- (i) Mercury barometer
- (ii) Aneriod barometer



2. Give equations for the decomposition of potassium permanganate and hydrogen peroxide. In what way do the two processes differ from each other?



3. What is meant by rusting? What are its effects? Explain different methods adopted for the prevention of rusting?

4. What are the effects of oxides of oxides of sulphur

and nitrogen on the atmosphere?



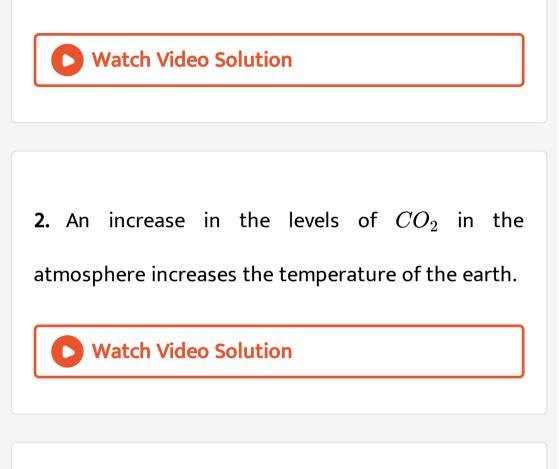
5. How is oxygen gas prepared from potassium

chlorate? What is the role of MnO_2 in this process?

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Concept Application Level 1

1.	Air	is a	mixture	of



3. Nitrates on thermal decomposition give oxygen.

4. With increase in altitude the atmospheric

pressure increases.



5. Name two metals which do not react with oxygen

even at high temperature.



6. The atomicity of the allotrpic form of oxygen is

three.

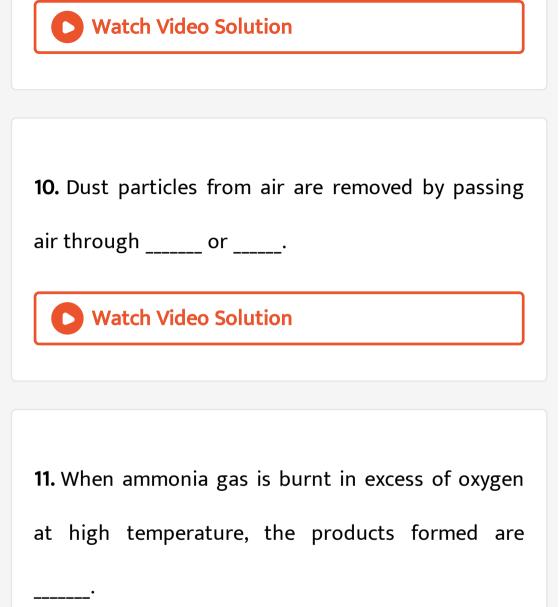
7. Oxygen gas is collected by the downward displacement of air.

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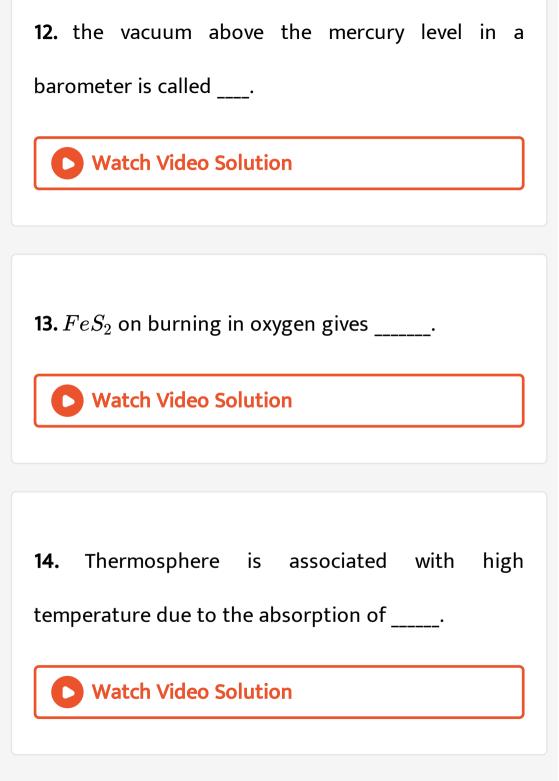
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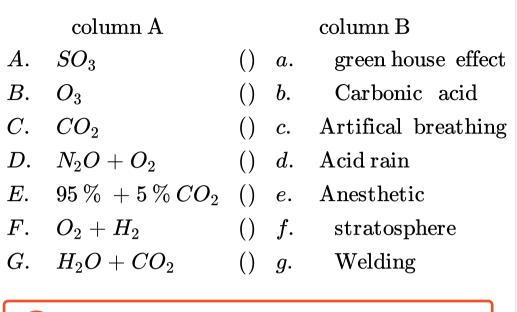
9. The catalyst used to acceleration the rate of decomposition of hydrogen peroxide.







15.



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16. which among the following processes does not add suspended particulate matter (S.P.M) to air?

A. Usage of air conditioners.

B. Burning of fuels.

C. Paper industry.

D. Combustion of coal.

Answer: A



17. Hydrogen sulphide from air is removed by passing air through

A. caustic potash

B. concentrated H_2SO_4

C. anhydrous $CaCl_2$

D. filters

Answer: A::C



18. Hydrogen sulphide from air is removed by passing air through

A. Hydrocarbon

B. CFC

C. Ozone

D. Metal oxide

Answer: C

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19. Which of the following distinguishes respiration

form combustion?

A. Requirement of oxygen.

B. Exothermic nature of reactions.

C. Energy can be released only in the form of

heat and not light.

D. Can take place at any temperauture.

Answer: C

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20. Golbal warming is mainly due to

A. reradiation of U.V. rays by CO_2 and H_2O .

B. reradiation of I.R. rays by CO_2 and H_2O .

C. reradiation of I.R. rays by O_2 and N_2 .

D. reradiation of U.V. rays by O_2 and N_2

Answer: B



21. Which of the following minerals does not contain

oxygen?

A. Silicates

B. Carbonates

C. Pyrites

D. None of these

Answer: C

22. $X+O_2 ightarrow Y, Y+H_2O ightarrow Z, Z$ turns red

litmus to blue then X may be

A. Ca

B. S

C. C

D. P

Answer: A



23. Tropospheric atmosphere is turbulent. Which of the following reasons can be attributed to this?

A. Convectional current of air rises up due to

high temperature in lower layers of the earth.

B. Temperature changes result in change in air

pressure.

C. More effect of centrifugal force is more in this

layer.

D. None of these

and a share to share the state

Answer: A::C



24. The layer of atmosphere that is just above the

earth's surface is called _____.

A. thermosphere

B. troposphere

C. stratosphere

D. mesosphere

Answer: B

25. Which of the following pairs of oxides can give

out oxygen on heating?

A. MgO, PbO_2

B. Na_2O, CaO

 $\mathsf{C}. K_2O, HgO$

D. Ag_2O , Pb_3O_4

Answer: A::D



26. Which of the following are used in air conditioning and refrigeration systems?

A. CO

 $\mathsf{B.}\,CO_2$

 $\mathsf{C.}\, CFCs$

 $\mathsf{D}.\,O_3$

Answer: C



27. If a balloon filled with air is sent to moon, what would happen?

A. The balloon expands because the atmospheric pressure of the moon is slightly lower than that of earth.

B. The balloon bursts because the atmospheric of

the moon is much lower than that of earth.

C. The balloon contracts because the atmospheric pressure of the moon is much lower than that of earth.

D. No change is observed because change of

atmospheric pressure has no effect on the

balloon.

Answer: B

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28. A gas which is combustible and can support combustion is.

A. oxygen.

B. nitrous oxide.

C. nitric oxide.

D. carbon monoxide.

Answer: B::C

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29. Which among the following has lowest boiling point?

A. O_2

 $\mathsf{B.}\,N_2$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,F_2$

D. Ne

Answer: C::D

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30. Passengers travelling in an aeroplane are advised not to carry fountain pens because at higher altitudes,

A. ink vapourizes due to high external pressure.

B. solidification of ink takes places due to very

low external pressure.

C. pressure within the tube is more than the

external pressure and causes leakage of ink.

D. pressure within the tube is lesser than the

external pressure and causes leakage of ink.

Answer: C

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31. With increase in altitude the temperature in stratosphere

A. first remains almost constant and then

increases

B. decreases.

C. remains same.

D. first decreases and then increasese.

Answer:

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32. Which of the following can be considered as spontaneous combustion?

A. Burning of LPG

B. Burning of magnesium ribbon

C. Burning of camphor

D. Burning of white phosphorus

Answer:

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33. Which of the following metals gives reddish powder on reaction with O_2 higher temperature?

B. Pb

C. Zn

D. Sn

Answer:



34. Which of the following reactions is associated with the formation of shining white globules?

A.
$$2HgO \stackrel{\Delta}{\longrightarrow} 2Hg + O_2$$

B.
$$2Ag_2O \stackrel{\Delta}{\longrightarrow} 4Ag + O_2$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\, 2Pb_3O_4 \overset{\Delta}{\longrightarrow} 6PbO + 4O_2$$

$$\mathsf{D.}\, 2NaNO_3 \overset{\Delta}{\longrightarrow} 2NaNO_2 + O_2$$

Answer:



35. The ratio of $KClO_3$ and MnO_2 taken for the preparation oxygen is

- A. 4:1
- B.3:1
- C.2:1

D. 2:5

Answer:

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36. When ammonia is burnt in a limited supply of oxygen, which gas is evolved?

A. NO

 $\mathsf{B.}\,N_2O$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,N_2$

 $\mathsf{D.}\,NO_2$



37. Which of the following compounds produces oxide on heating?

A. PbO_2

B. KNO_3

 $\mathsf{C}.Ag_2O$

D. $NaNO_3$





38. Which of the following metals does not react

with O2 even at high temperature?

A. Magnesium

B. Iron

C. Aluminium

D. Gold



39. Corbon dioxide from air is removed by passing

air through _____.

A. caustic potash

B. concentrated H_2SO_4

C. anhydrous $CaCl_2$

D. filters



40. Which of the following reactions is associated with the formation of a mirror like surface near the cooler part of the test tube?

A. Heating of mercric oxide

B. Heating of silver oxide

C. Heating of tri-lead oxide

D. Heating of lead dioxide



41. You are asked to prepare oxygen from air after eliminating the impurities in the order that is at first dust particles then water vapour and CO_2 at the end. Based on the given instruction arrange the processes given below in a sequence.

(a) Passing the sample of air through concentrated NaOH

(b) Repeated compression followed by sudden expansion

(c) Fractional distillation of liquefied air

(d) Passing the air through electrostatic precipitator

(e) Passing the air through anhydrous $CaCl_2$

A. a d e b c

B.acebd

C.deabc

D.baedc

Answer:

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42. Arrange the following products (oxides) in the ascending order of the ratio of metal atoms to oxygen atom(s) present in one molecule of the respective oxide.

(a) Magnesium is heated in the presnce of oxygen.

(b) Iron produces a reddish brown with a crackling sound when it is heated higher temperautre.(c) Sodium undergoes oxidation in moist air.(d) Formation of a coating of aluminium oxide on aluminium at normal temperature.

A. a d c b

B.dbac

C. a c b d

D. c a b d



43. The description of the diffrernt layers of the atmosphere is given below. Arrange them in increasing order of their altitude.

(a) The layer of atmosphere in which the number of molecules are less but they are sufficient to burn the meteorites.

(b) The layer in which the temperature increases with attitude.

(c) The layer with the least number of particles.

(d) The convection current of air plays a significant role in this layer.

B.bcad

C.dbca

D.dbac

Answer:



44. Arrange the products of the following reactions in the increasing order of the numbre of oxygen atoms associated with one nonmetallic atom.(a) Burning of phosphorus in an adequate supply of oxygen to produce and oxide of phosphorus.

(b) The complete combustion of coke with the supply of sufficient oxygen.

(c) An electric spark is provided to a 1 : 1 mixture of nitrogen and oxygen.

(d) Burning of sulphur dioxide gas in oxygen.

A.cdab

B.cbad

C.bcad

D. c b d a



45. Arrange the following steps involved in the prepartion of oxygen from KClO₃ in proper order.
(a) Content of the test tube is heated.
(b) A mixture of finely ground KClO₃ and MnO₂ is taken in a test tube.
(c) The open end of the test tube is plugged with

cotton.

(d) Delivery tube is taken out.

(e) The test tube is fixed in a slanting position.

(f) Bunsen burner is put off.

(g) Oxygen is collected by downward displacement of water.

A.bcdaefg

B.efcbdag

C.abcdfge

D.bceagdf

Answer:





1. What are the advantages of aneroid over mercury barometer? Give the applications of aneroid barometer.



2. Why are tin coated iron cans used for cool drinks

but not cans. Explain.



3. LPG stove can be lighted by using an automatic

gas lighter. Is it possible to light a kerosne stove by

using the same?

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4. The combustion of sulphur and phosphorous is possible even in the presence of nitrous oxide and nitric oxide at high temperatures. Justifly

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5. Is it possible to dirnk by using a straw on the

moon? Give reasons in support of your answer.



6. How do catalytic converters reduce air pollution?



7. A student was asked to prepare oxygen from $KClO_3$ in the laboratory. After the experiment was over, he put the burner off immediately. What do you think happened then?

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8. Why does atmospheric pressure decrease with an

increase in altitude?

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9. Water is not effective in extinguish a fire caused

by petrol because

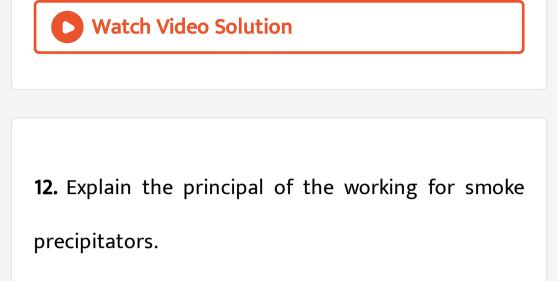


10. Fishes and many other aquatic species live in river water. When they are kept in aquarium, we need to change water very often. Give reasons.

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11. Why don't we use soda acid fire extinguishers to

extinguish metal fires?





13. Explain the principal involved in the liquefaction

of air.



14. Explain the working principal of scrubber.

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15. Though the dust particles cause air pollution, the
presence of dust particles help in sustenance of life.
Explain.
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16. In a chemistry lab, a laboratory assistant by mistake placed one currency note with denomination of 100 on the desk and some amount

of alcohol fell on it. The currency not was completely wet with alcohol. In order to dry it he immediately brought a burning match stick and exposed the currency note to its flame. Immediately the currency caught fire. But after few seconds, firs was put off by him and the note remained intact. Explain.

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17. Two students A and B were asked to carry out one experiment. The smoke released due to the burning of candle should be passed through lime water and anhydrous copper sulphate to prove the release of CO_2 and H_2O respectively due to the burning of the candle. 'A' first passed the gases through lime water and then through copper sulphate whereas 'B' did it the other way round. The Teacher commented that the set up used by 'A' was wrong. What could be the reason for it?

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18. When lime water is exposed to air for a long time,

very thin white coating is found floating on the

surface. Give reasons.



19. MnO_2 used as a catalyst in the preparation of oxygen from $KClO_3$ should be completely free of carbon. Justify.



20. Is it possible to perpare oxygen and hydrogen by the electrolysis of pure water? Give reasons in support of your answer. How are hydrogen and oxygen prepared in industry by the electrolysis of water?

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21. Rain water is found to contain more percentage

of oxygen than ordinary water. Explain.



22. Why is the carbon monoxide of automobile exhaust converted to carbon dioxide in the catalytic converters though both carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide add to air pollution?

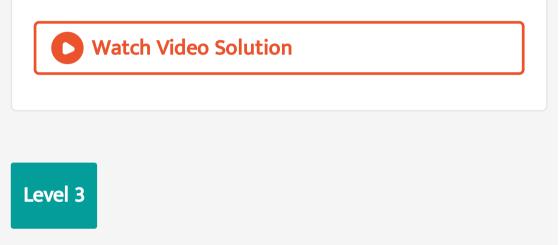


23. Why is LPG a better fuel than coal?

24. Rimijhim was dreaming in the morning that she went to a planet Pandora and in the atomosphere of Pandora there is no water vapour. Suddenly she woke up and started thinking what would happen if earth's atmosphere loses water vapour completely. Rimjhim was really worried. Can you find out the reason for Rimijhim's worry?



25. Why is the atmospheric pressure measured at sea level? Why is the atmospheric pressure not felt by us?

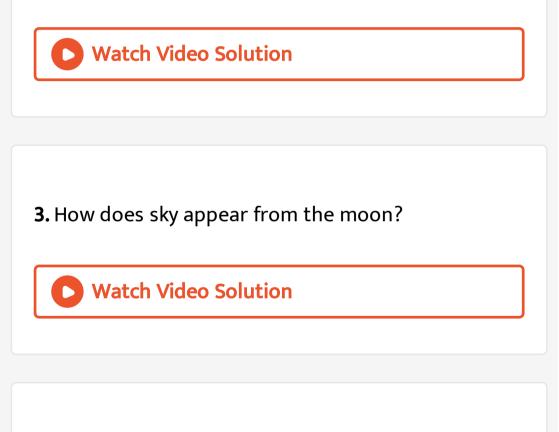


 Though oxygen is the supporter of life on earth, the presence of nitrogen in the atmosphere also contributes equally to the life processes on earth". Justify the statement.





generally at the top? Explain.



4. Two liquids A and B were taken in two diffrernt barometer, the density of A is greater than that of B.

Which liquid is preferable to be used as barometric

liquid if the variation in pressure is very minute and

why?



5. What would happen if people travel in a non-

pressurized aeroplane?

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6. Electric bulbs are filled with argon gas but not air.

Explain.





7. The body temperature of a healthy person is around $98.4^{\circ}F$. Justify.



8. U.V rays find application in the purification of water, although it is harmful to human being. Explain.



9. Deep sea divers carry oxygen diluted by helium in

cylinders instead of air. Give reasons.



10. The temperature of troposphere decrease with increase in altitude. Is this same true for stratosphere? Justify.





1. Why does atmospheric pressure decrease with an

increase in altitude?



2. Atmospheric air contains a large amount of oxygen and traces of hydrogen. Why do they not react and cause explosion?

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3. Why is the temperature high in thermosphere?

4. CO_2 is collected by upward displacement of air and O_2 is collected by downward displacement of water. Justify



5. State two reactions between non-metallic oxides

and oxygen which take place in catalytic converter.



6. A cotton plug is kept at the mouth of test tube

during the preparation of oxygen by KMnO4. Why?



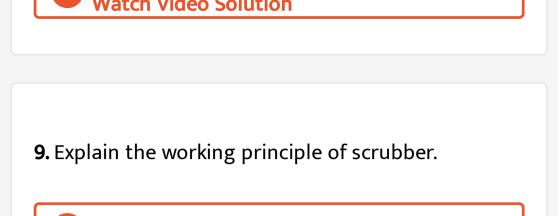
7. What is the advantage of preparation of O_2 by

 H_2O_2 over its preparation by $KCIO_3$ and $KMnO_4$?

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8. What are the advantages of preparation of O_2 by

electrolysis over fractional distillation of air?



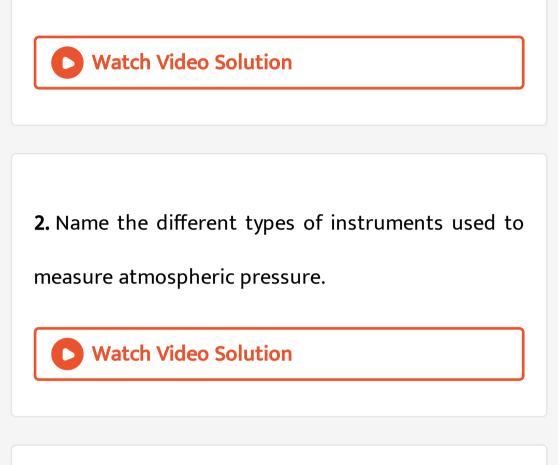
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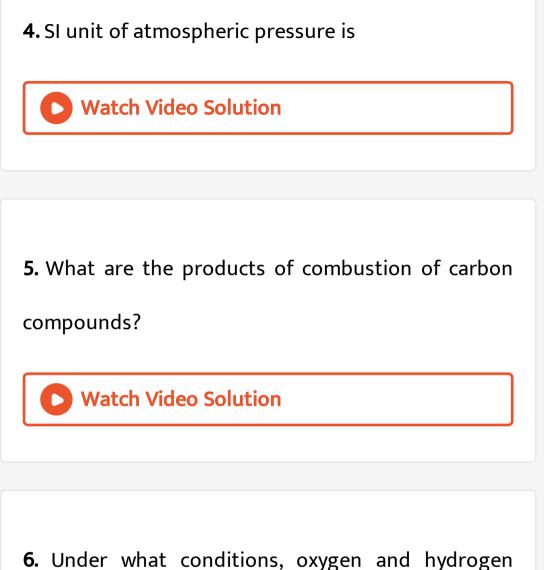
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Test Your Concepts Very Short Answer Type Questions

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Watch Video Solution

9. Name the layers of the atmosphere.

10. Give a balanced chemical equation for the combustion of glucose.



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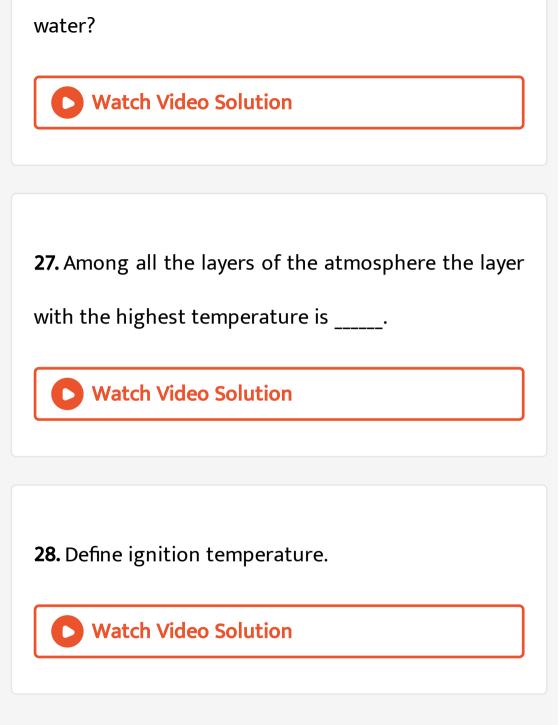
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25. Give the composition of nitrogen and oxygen by

volume in air.

Watch Video Solution

26. What is the main advantage of the manufacturing of oxygen gas by the electrolysis of



29. Define atmosphere.



Test Your Concepts Short Answer Type Questions

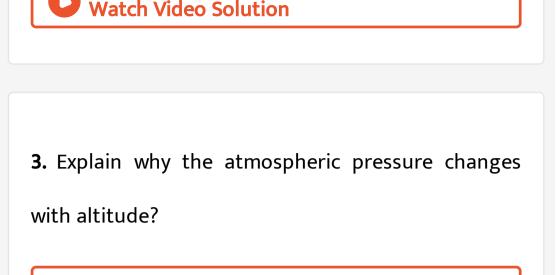
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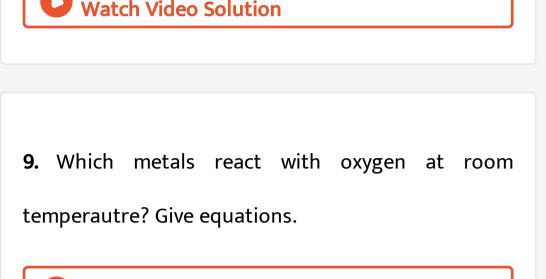
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7. Give some uses of oxygen.



8. Give any four characteristics of air as a mixture.





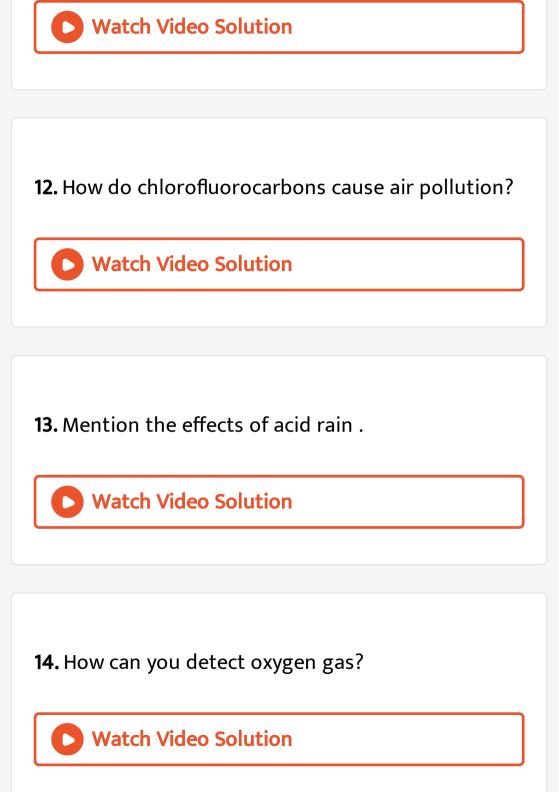
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Test Your Concepts Essay Type Questions

1. Give equations for the decomposition of potassium permanganate and hydrogen peroxide. In what way do the two processes differ from each other?

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3. What are the effects of oxides of oxides of sulphur

and nitrogen on the atmosphere?

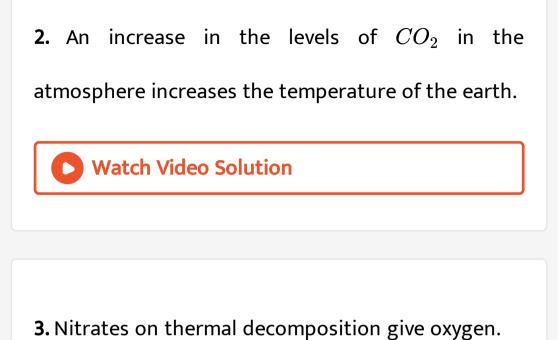


4. How is oxygen gas prepared from potassium chlorate? What is the role of MnO_2 in this process? Watch Video Solution

Concept Application Level 1

1. The following statements are true or false.

Air is a mixture.



4. The following statements are true or false.

e - 1.

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With increase in altitude the atmospheric pressure

increases.



5. The following statements are true or false.

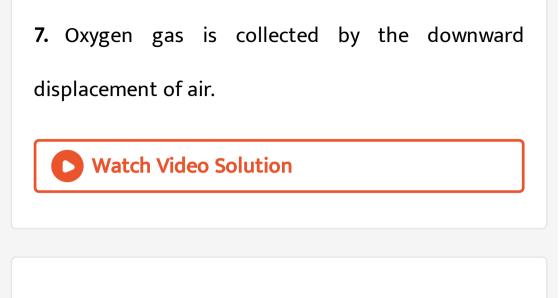
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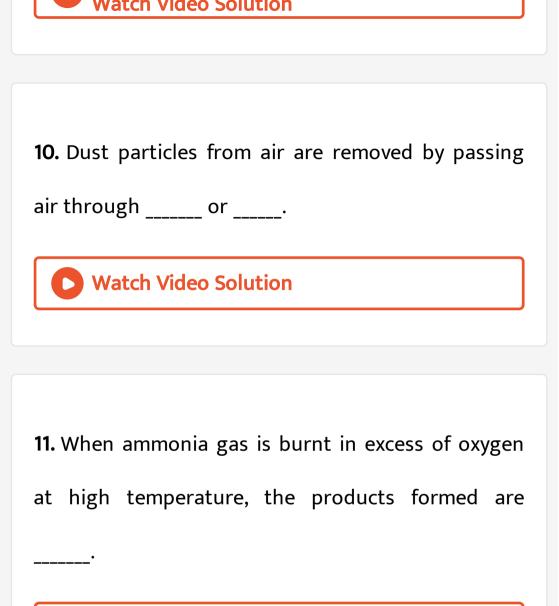
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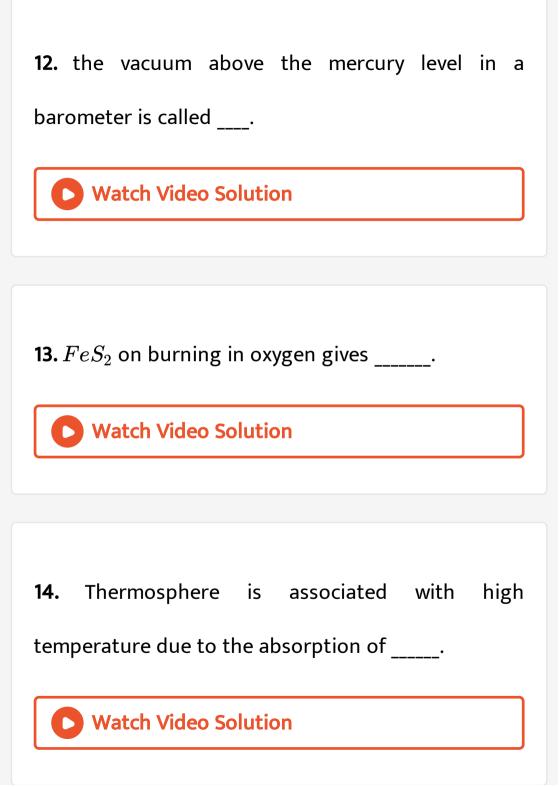
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9. The catalyst in the decomposition of hydrogen

peroxide is _____.







15. Match the entries in Column A with the

appropriate ones in Column B.

Column A	Sec. 1	Column B
A. SO ₃	()	a. Greenhouse effect
B. O ₃	()	b. Carbonic acid
C. CO ₂	()	c. Artificial breathing
D. $N_2O + O_2$	()	d. Acid rain
E. 95% + 5% CO ₂	()	e. Anaesthetic
F. $O_2 + H_2$	()	f. Stratosphere
G. $H_2O + CO_2$	()	g. Welding



16. which among the following processes does not add suspended particulate matter (S.P.M) to air?

A. usage of air conditioners

B. burning of fuels

C. paper industry

D. combustion of coal

Answer: A

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B. concentrated H_2SO_4

C. anhydrous $CaCl_2$

D. filters

Answer: A



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A. hydrocarbon

B. CFC

C. ozone

D. metal oxide

Answer: B

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19. Which of the following distinguishes respiration

form combustion?

A. requirement of oxygen

B. exothermic nature of reactions

C. energy can be released only in the form of

heat and not light

D. can take place at any temperature

Answer: C

O Watch Video Solution

20. Golbal warming is mainly due to

A. reradiation of UV rays by CO_2 and H_2O

B. reradiation of IR rays by CO_2 and H_2O

C. reradiation of IR rays by O_2 and N_2

D. reradiation of UV rays by O_2 and N_2

Answer: B



21. Which of the following minerals does not contain

oxygen?

A. silicates

B. carbonates

C. pyrites

D. none of these

Answer: C

22. $X+O_2 ightarrow Y, Y+H_2O ightarrow Z, Z$ turns red

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A. Ca

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C. C

D. P

Answer: A



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the following reasons can be attributed to this?

A. convectional current of air rises up due to high

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B. temperature changes result in change in air

pressure

C. more effect of centrifugal force is more in this

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D. none of these

and the second second





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25. Which of the following pairs of oxides can give

out oxygen on heating?

A. MgO, PbO_2

B. Na_2O, CaO

 $\mathsf{C}.K_2O,HgO$

D. Ag_2O , Pb_3O_4

Answer: D



26. Which of the following are used in air conditioning and refrigeration systems?

A. CO

 $\mathsf{B.}\,CO_2$

C. CFCs

 $\mathsf{D}.\,O_3$

Answer: C



27. If a balloon filled with air is sent to moon, what would happen?

A. The balloon expands because the atmospheric pressure of the moon is slightly lower than that of the earth.

B. The balloon bursts because the atmosphericpressure of the moon is much lower than thatof the earth.C. The balloon contracts because the

atmospheric pressure of the moon is much

lower than that of the earth.

D. No change is observe because change of

atmospheric pressure has no effect on the

balloon.

Answer: B

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28. A gas which is combustible and can support combustion is.

A. oxygen

B. nitrous oxide

C. nitric oxide

D. carbon monoxide

Answer: B

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29. Which among the following has lowest boiling point?

A. O_2

 $\mathsf{B.}\,N_2$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,F_2$

$\mathsf{D.}\,Ne$

Answer: D

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30. The passengers flying in aeroplane are advised to remove the ink from their pens while going up in the aeroplane , why?

A. ink vaporises due to high external pressure

B. solidification of ink takes places due to very

low external pressure

C. pressure within the tube is more than the

external pressure and causes leakage of ink

D. pressure within the tube is lesser than the

external pressure and causes leakage of ink

Answer: C

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31. With increase in altitude the temperature in stratosphere

A. first remains almost constant and then

increases

B. decreases

C. remains same

D. first decreases and then increases

Answer:

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32. Which of the following can be considered as spontaneous combustion?

A. Burning of LPG

B. Burning of magnesium ribbon

C. Burning of camphor

D. Burning of white phosphorus

Answer:

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33. Which of the following metals gives reddish powder on reaction with O_2 higher temperature?

B. Pb

C. Zn

D. Sn

Answer:



34. Which of the following reactions is associated with the formation of shining white globules?

A.
$$2HgO \stackrel{\Delta}{\longrightarrow} 2Hg + O_2$$

B.
$$2Ag_2O \stackrel{\Delta}{\longrightarrow} 4Ag + O_2$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\, 2Pb_3O_4 \overset{\Delta}{\longrightarrow} 6PbO + 4O_2$$

$$\mathsf{D.}\, 2NaNO_3 \overset{\Delta}{\longrightarrow} 2NaNO_2 + O_2$$

Answer:



35. The ratio of $KClO_3$ and MnO_2 taken for the preparation oxygen is

- A. 4:1
- B.3:1
- C.2:1

D. 2:5

Answer:

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36. When ammonia is burnt in a limited supply of oxygen, which gas is evolved?

A. NO

 $\mathsf{B.}\,N_2O$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,N_2$

 $\mathsf{D.}\,NO_2$



37. Which of the following compounds produces oxide on heating?

A. PbO_2

B. KNO_3

 $\mathsf{C}.Ag_2O$

D. $NaNO_3$





38. Which of the following metals does not react

with O2 even at high temperature?

A. magnesium

B. iron

C. aluminium

D. gold



39. Corbon dioxide from air is removed by passing

air through _____.

A. caustic potash

B. concentrated H_2SO_4

C. anhydrous $CaCl_2$

D. filters



40. Which of the following reactions is associated with the formation of a mirror like surface near the cooler part of the test tube?

A. heating of mercuric oxide

B. heating of silver oxide

C. heating of trilead tetroxide

D. heating of lead dioxide



41. You are asked to prepare oxygen from air after eliminating the impurities in the order that is at first dust particles then water vapour and CO_2 at the end. Based on the given instruction arrange the processes given below in a sequence.

(a) Passing the sample of air through concentrated NaOH

(b) Repeated compression followed by sudden expansion

(c) Fractional distillation of liquefied air

(d) Passing the air through electrostatic precipitator

(e) Passing the air through anhydrous $CaCl_2$

A.14523

B.13524

C.45123

D.21543

Answer:

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42. Arrange the following products (oxides) in the ascending order of the ratio of metal atoms to oxygen atom(s) present in one molecule of the respective oxide.

(1) magnesium is heated in the presence of oxygen

(2) iron produces a reddish brown powder with a crackling sound when it is heated at higher temperature

(3) sodium undergoes oxidation in moist air

(4) formation of a coating of aluminium oxide on aluminium at normal temperature

A. 1 4 3 2 B. 4 2 1 3

C.1324

D. 3 1 2 4

43. The description of the different layers of the atmosphere is given below. Arrange them in the increasing order of their altitude.

(1) the layer of atmosphere in which the number of molecules is less but they are sufficient to burn the meteorites

(2) the layer in which the temperature increases with attitude

(3) the layer with the least number of particles

(4) the convection current of air plays a significant role in this layer

A. 2 4 1 3

B.2314

C. 4 2 3 1

D.4213

Answer:



44. Arrange the products of the following reactions in the increasing order of the number of oxygen atoms associated with one non-metallic atom.(a) burning of phosphorus in an adequate supply of oxygen to produce an oxide of phosphorus

(b) the complete combustion of coke with the supply

of sufficient oxygen

(c) an electric spark is provided to a 1:1 mixture of nitrogen and oxygen

(d) burning of sulphur dioxide gas in oxygen



45. Arrange the following steps involved in the preparation of oxygen from $KClO_3$ in a proper order.

(1) content of the test tube is heated

(2) A mixture of finely ground $KClO_3$ and MnO_2 is taken in a test tube.

(3) The open end of the test tube is plugged with cotton.

- (4) delivery tube is taken out
- (5) The test tube is fixed in a slanting position.
- (6) Bunsen burner is put off.
- (7) Oxygen is collected by downward displacement of

water.

A. 2 3 4 1 5 6 7

B.5632417

C.1234675

D.2351746

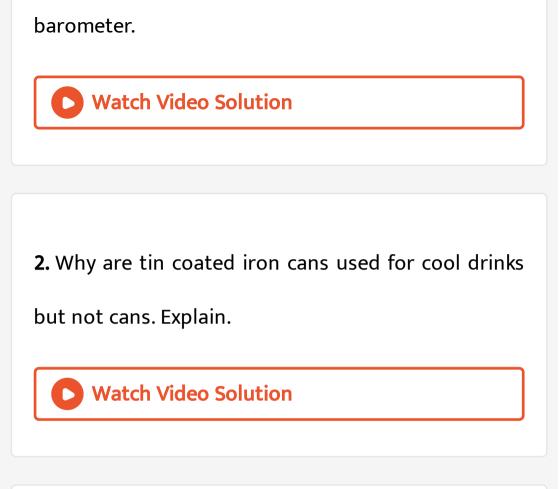
Answer:



Concept Application Level 2

1. What are the advantages of aneroid over mercury

barometer? Give the applications of aneroid



3. LPG stove can be lighted by using an automatic gas lighter. Is it possible to light a kerosne stove by using the same?



4. The combustion of sulphur and phosphorous is possible even in the presence of nitrous oxide and nitric oxide at high temperatures. Justifly



5. Is it possible to dirnk by using a straw on the

moon? Give reasons in support of your answer.



6. How do catalytic converters reduce air pollution?



7. A student was asked to prepare oxygen from $KClO_3$ in the laboratory. After the experiment was over, he put the burner off immediately. What do you think happened then?



8. Water is not effective in extinguish a fire caused

by petrol because

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9. Fishes and many other aquatic species live in river

water. When they are kept in aquarium, we need to

change water very often. Give reasons.

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10. Why don't we use soda acid fire extinguishers to

extinguish metal fires?



11. Explain the principal of the working for smoke

precipitators.



12. Explain the principal involved in the liquefaction

of air.



13. Though the dust particles cause air pollution, the

presence of dust particles help in sustenance of life.

Explain.



14. In a chemistry laboratory, a laboratory assistant by mistake placed one currency note with a denomination of 100 on the desk and some amount of alcohol fell on it. The currency note was completely wet with alcohol. In order to dry it he immediately brought a burning match stick and exposed the currency note to its flame. Immediately the currency caught fire. But after few seconds, fire was put off by him and the note remained intact. Explain.



15. Two students A and B were asked to carry out one experiment. The smoke released due to the burning of a candle should be passed through lime water and anhydrous copper sulphate to prove the release of CO_2 and H_2O , respectively, due to the burning of the candle. A first passed the gases through lime water and then through copper sulphate, whereas B did it the other way round. The teacher commented that the set up used by A was wrong. What could be the reason for it?



16. When lime water is exposed to air for a long time, very thin white coating is found floating on the surface. Give reasons.

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17. MnO_2 used as a catalyst in the preparation of oxygen from $KClO_3$ should be completely free of carbon. Justify.



18. Is it possible to perpare oxygen and hydrogen by the electrolysis of pure water? Give reasons in support of your answer. How are hydrogen and oxygen prepared in industry by the electrolysis of water?

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19. Rain water is found to contain more percentage

of oxygen than ordinary water. Explain.

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20. Why is the carbon monoxide of automobile exhaust converted to carbon dioxide in the catalytic converters though both carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide add to air pollution?



21. Why is LPG a better fuel than coal?



22. Rimijhim was dreaming in the morning that she

went to a planet Pandora and in the atomosphere of

Pandora there is no water vapour. Suddenly she woke up and started thinking what would happen if earth's atmosphere loses water vapour completely. Rimjhim was really worried. Can you find out the reason for Rimijhim's worry?



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23. Why is the atmospheric pressure measured at

sea level? Why is the atmospheric pressure not felt

by us?



1. 'Though oxygen is the supporter of life on earth, the presence of nitrogen in the atmosphere also contributes equally to the life processes on earth". Justify the statement.

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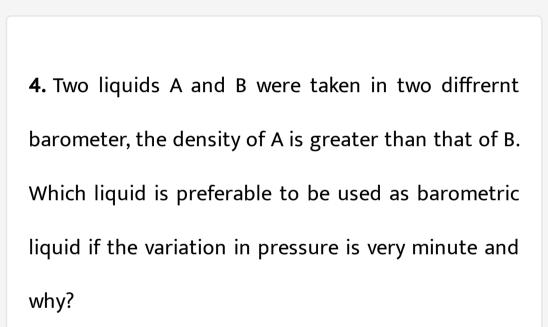
2. Why the position of freezer in the refrigerator is

generally at the top? Explain.

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3. How does sky appear from the moon?

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5. What would happen if people travel in a nonpressurized aeroplane?
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6. Electric bulbs are filled with argon gas but not air.

Explain.

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AATLE LATEL COLLECT

7. The body temperature of a healthy person is around $98.4^{\circ}F$. Justify.



8. U.V rays find application in the purification of water, although it is harmful to human being. Explain.

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9. Deep sea divers carry oxygen diluted by helium in

cylinders instead of air. Give reasons.



10. The temperature of troposphere decrease with increase in altitude. Is this same true for stratosphere? Justify.

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