

### **BIOLOGY**

### **BOOKS - CENGAGE BIOLOGY (HINGLISH)**

### **MICROBES IN HUMAN WELFARE**

### **Exercises**

- 1. Partially degraded concentrate of milk fat and casein is called
  - A. Sour cream
  - B. Yoghurt
  - C. Cheese
  - D. Bread

### **Answer: C**



warah walah calama

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2. Indian cured is prepared by inoculating cream and skimmed milk with
A. Lactobacillus acidophilus
B. Leuconostoc cremoris
C. Lactobacillus bulgaricus
D. Streptoocous lactis
Answer: A
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3. the nutrient medium for beer is
A. Barley malt
B. Fermented rice
C. Cashew-apple

0	Watch Video Solution
. Ma	ork the incorrect option ( with respect to distilled alcoholic beverages
A.	. Wine
	. Rum
D.	. gin
nsw	ver: A

D. Potato

<b>5.</b> which of the following product is not obtained from fermented soya sauce ?
A. Tempeh
B. tofu
C. sufu
D. Dosa
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution  6. select the odd one with respect to the sourose of antibiotics:
6. select the odd one with respect to the sourose of antibiotics :
6. select the odd one with respect to the sourose of antibiotics :  A. Bacteria

### Answer: D



**7.** which of the following enzymes is employed in the conversion of corn starch into frucose - rich corn syrup ?

- A. Amylases
- B. Glucoamylasses
- C. Glucoisomerases
- D. All are correct

### **Answer: D**



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8. Sratins are competitive inhibitors of

A. Streptokinase B. HMG COA reductase C. Pectinase D. Cellulase **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 9. which of the following organic acid is used as a source of calcium for infants, cows. And lactating mothers? A. Gluconic acid B. Lactic acid C. Citric acid D. Acetic acid Answer: A

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**10.** organic acid used in pharmaceuticals , coloring agents , and plastic industries is

- A. Acetic acid
- B. Citric acid
- C. Lactic acid
- D. Glucose acid

### Answer: A



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- 11. the first mycoherbicide of the world was obtained from
  - A. Trichoderma harzianum
  - B. Phythora palmivora

- C. Calctblastis cactorm D. Pythium debaiynum Answer: B **Watch Video Solution** 12. the concept of sustainble agriculture lies in A. Minimizing biopesticides B. A greater dependance on new crops
  - C. Least use of biofertillizers
  - D. using spores of bacillus thuringiensis for pest control

### Answer: D



13. which of the following had been used for controlling sugarcane leaf hopper? A. predator bug B. Bollworm C. Predator mantis D. lady lug Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 14. find the odd one out ( with respect to bioherbicide): A. Cactoblastis cacatorum B. Heianthus anus C. Phytophtora palmivora D. Cochliomyia

# Answer: D View Text Solution 15. sustainable agriculture does not include A. Eco-friendly cropping B. green revolution C. IPM





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D. Biological control

**16.** which of the following is included in biopesticide?

A. Viruses and bacteria, and fungi only

- B. Viruses, bacteria, and fungionly
- C. Viruses, bacteria, fungi, protozoa, and mites
- D. Viruses, barcteria, fungi, and protozoa only

### **Answer: C**



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### 17. Biofertizers include

- A. Blue green alagae ,Rhizobium , other nitrogen fixing bacteria , and
  - mycorrhiza
- B. blue green alage , trichoderma , rhizobium , and other nitrrogen
  - fixing bacteria
- C. Rhizbium, other nitrogen-fixing bacteria, NPv, and mycorrhiza
- D. Blue green alage Rhizbium ,Bt cotton , and mycorrhiza

### Answer: A

18. Devine and collego are two agricultural substances that are used as

A. Biofertilizers

B. Natural insecticdes

C. Insect hormones

D. Bioherbicides

### Answer: D



19. ganga action plan for controlling pollution in ganga started in

A. 1985

B. 1981

C. 1987

### **Answer: A**



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- **20.** which of the following statements is incorrect with respect to pectinases?
  - A. they are used in clearing of fruit juices
  - B. they are used in chill-profing beer and whisky
  - C. they are obtained from Byssoclamys fulva
  - D. they are used in retting of fibers

### Answer: B



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21. the presence of E. coli in water indicates A. water is clear B. water is fully polluted C. Inorganic pollution D. Fecal pollution Answer: D **Watch Video Solution** 22. in which stage of sewage treatment is desallination and chlorination of water done? A. Primary tratment B. secondary treatment C. Tertiary treatment D. Both (1) and (2)

### Answer: C



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- 23. Eutrophiication in water bodies leads to High DO
  - A. high DO
  - **B. Low BOD**
  - C. Low DO
  - D. Optimum dissolved oxygen

### **Answer: C**



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24. which of the following is not used in the treatement of polluted water

?

B. Trikling filter method C. cyclone collector D. Activated sludge method **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 25. the greater BOD of waste water A. Increases oxygen content of water B. Decreases oxygen content of water C. Relates the decreases of temperature of water D. all of these Answer: B **Watch Video Solution** 

A. Activated carbon

26. Microbes that cannnot be cultured in cell - free extracts are
A. Bacteria fungi
B. fungi
C. Viruses
D. Algae
Answer: C
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27. Most of the antibiotices are obtained from
A. Actinomycetes
B. Eubacteria
C. Ray fungi

Answer: D	
Watch Video Solution	
<b>28.</b> LAB stands for	
A. Lactic acid bacteria	

D. Both (1) and (2)

B. Lactobacillus acidophilus bacteria

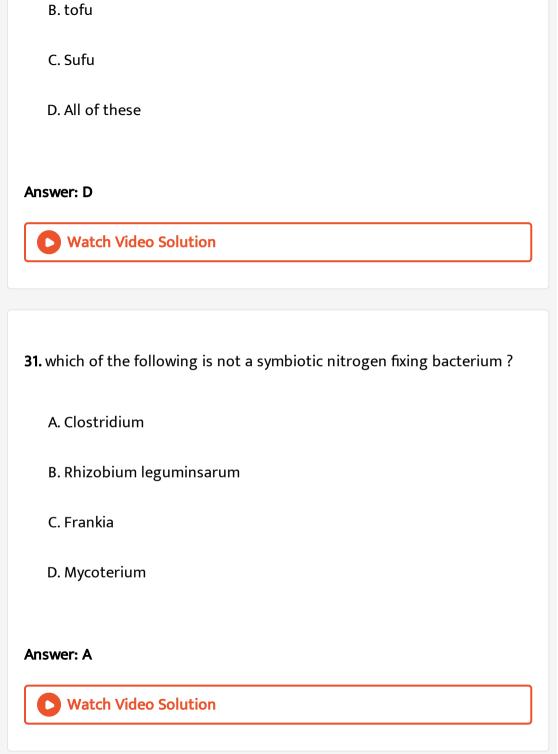
C. Lactose acetaldhyde bacteria

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D. Laboratory

**Answer: A** 

<b>29.</b> which of the following is responsible for yoghurt formation?
(a) Streptococcus thermophilus
(b) Lactobacillus acidophilus
(c ) Lactobacillus bulgaricus
(D )Streptoocous cremoris
A. (a),(b) ,(c )
B. (a),(d),(c)
C. (a),( C)
D. (a),(d)
Answer: C
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<b>30.</b> the fermented food of soybean is
A. Tempeh



### 32. Biogas contains

- A.  $30-40\,\%$  methane
- B.  $50 70 \% CO_2$
- C.  $50-70\,\%$  methane
- D.  $20\,\%$  methane

### **Answer: C**



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### 33. citric acid is obtained from all, except

- A. Aspergillus niger
- B. Mucor
- C. Yeast
- D. Mortierlla

# Answer: D Watch Video Solution 34. Antibiotic obtained from lichens is A. Neomycin B. Usnic acid C. Polymixin D. Viridin **Answer: B** Watch Video Solution 35. which bacteria is used in Bioremidiation process? A. Rhizobium sp.

B. Pseudomonas pudita
C. Bacillus licheniformis
D. Streptococci
Answer: B
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<b>36.</b> CDRI is located in
A. Lucknow
B. Kanpur
C. Delhi
D. Karnal
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution

37. Viridin antibiotic is effective against
A. Bacteria
B. fungi
C. Gram positive bacteria
D. Gram negative bacteria
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
<b>38.</b> which fungal extract was extensively used in treating wounded American soldiers in World war II?
A. Streptomycin
B. Penicillin
C. Aflatoxin
D. Gluconic acid

### Answer: B



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**39.** Dosa and dilli are the fermented prepatations of rice and black gram fermentation is done with

- A. Leuconostoc
- B. Streptococcus
- C. Saccharomyces
- D. More than one option is correct

### **Answer: D**



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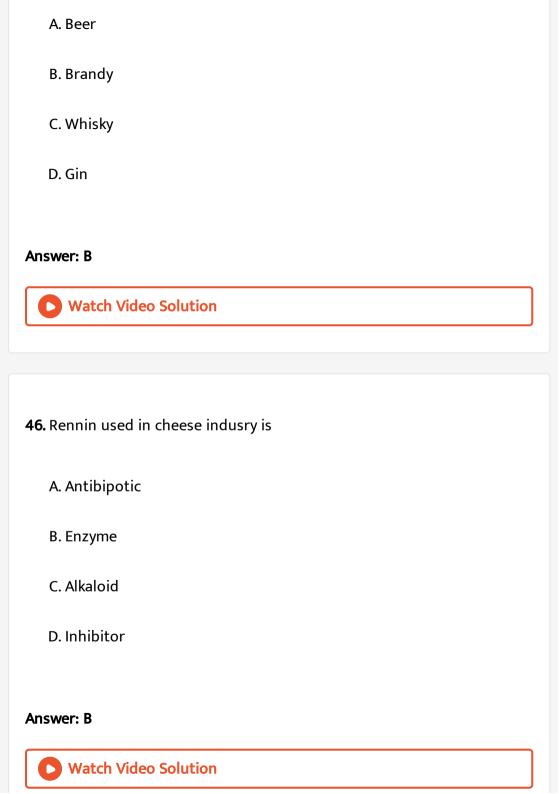
40. Wine Yeast is

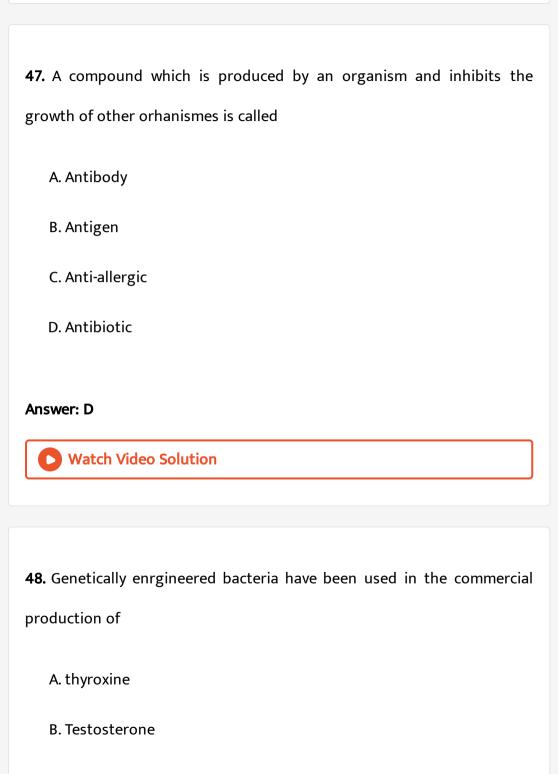
A. saccharomyces effipsoidens B. S. sake C. S. Pireformis D. S. Pireformis Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 41. Amylases are employed for all, except A. Softening of bread B. Clearing of turgidity in juices C. Preparation of cheese D. Desizing of textile fibers Answer: C **Watch Video Solution** 

<b>42.</b> the derivatives of gluconic acid are used as a source of
A. Calcium
B. Iron
C. Glucose
D. Fat
Answer: A  Watch Video Solution
<b>43.</b> the first step in biogas production is carried out with the help of
A. Obligate aerobes
B. Decomposers
B. Decomposers  C. Methanogens

Answer: B
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14. Rotenone ,a natural insecticide ,is obtained from
A. Azadirachta indica
B. Derris sp.
C. Bacillus thuringiensis
D. Phytophthora palmivora
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
15. Fermented baverage with maximum alcohol content is

D. Detritivores





C. Human insulin
D. Melatonium
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
<b>49.</b> for biogas production , besides dung , which of the following is used
as manure ?
A. Eichhorina
B. Parthenium
C. Glycine
D. Arachis
Answer: A
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# 50. the biocincentration of DDT in the body fat of indains is A. 18-36ppm B. 5-10ppm C. 13-31ppm D. 2-5ppm Answer: C **Watch Video Solution 51.** DDT is a /an A. Organochlorine B. Organophoshate C. Carbamate D. pyrethroid

## Answer: A



### **52.** Biopesticides include

- A. Only Bioinsevticide
- B. Only bioherbicide
- C. Bioinsecticde and bioherbicide
- D. Bioherbicide ,bioinsecticide ,and biofertilizers

### **Answer: C**



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**53.** which of the following pairs serve as biofertilizers?

A. Albugo and lichen

C. Pseudomans and F.Coli D. Spiroyra and mucor **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 54. the most famous pesticide of the world is A. Methyl isocyanate B. DDT C. Malathion D. BHC Answer: B **Watch Video Solution** 

B. Frankia and Nostoc

A. Crotalaria juncea
B. Vigna sinensis
C. Barseem
D. All the above
D. All the above
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
<b>56.</b> which of the following statement is incorrect about DDT?
A. DDT is a pesticide , which is an organchlorine .
B. It is lipophilic and non-Biodegadable .
B. It is lipophilic and non-Biodegadable .  C. Milk is a good carrier of DDT

**55.** which of the following plant is used as green manure?

D. DDT does not undergo bioconcentration when it enters in food chain .

### **Answer: D**



### 57. the first inorganic pesticiede to be used commercially was

- A. Bordeaux mixture
- B. Burgandy mixture
- C. DDT
- D. 2-4D

### Answer: A



A. Breaking of dormancy
B. Phosphate nutrition
C. Water uptake
D. Retarding flowering
Answer: B
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<b>59.</b> Besides dung ,the weed that can be used in biogas production is
A. Hydrilla
B. Solanum nigrum
C. Eichhorniacrssipes
D. parthenium hysterophorous

**58.** VAM is important for

## Answer: B Watch Video Solution 60. which one is a neem product used as insect repellent? A. Azardirachtin B. Rotenone C. Parathione D. Endrin Answer: A Watch Video Solution 61. the enzyme that converts glucose into alcohol is A. Lipase

- B. Zymase
- C. Diastase
- D. Invertase

#### Answer: B



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**62.** which one of the following statements is correct?

- A. Cyanobacteria such as Anabaena and Nostoc are inportant mobilzers of phosphates and potassium for plant nutrition in soil
- B. At present, it is not possible to grow maize without chemical fertilizers.
- C. Extensive use of chemical fertilizers may lead to eutrophication of nearby water bodies .

D. both Azotobacter and rhizbium fix atmospheric nitrogen in the nodules of plants.

## Answer: C



## 63. the sntibiotic Terramycin is obtained from

- A. Streptomyces griseus
- B. Streptomyces ramous
- C. Streptomyces venezuelae
- D. clostridium botulinum

## **Answer: B**



- 64. Penicillin is obtained from
  - A. Aspergillus fumigatus
  - B. Penicillium chrysogenum
  - C. Penicillium griseofulvum
  - D. Streptoomyces grises

#### **Answer: B**



- 65. Antibiotic flavicin is obtained from
  - A. Aspergillus fumigatus
  - B. Aspergillus flavus
  - C. Streptomyces gresus
  - D. Streptomyces fradiae

## Answer: B



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66. Cyclosporin - an immunosuppressive drug - is produced by

- A. Aspergillus niger
- B. Manascus purpureus
- C. Penicillium notatum
- D. Trichoderma polysporum

## **Answer: D**



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**67.** a sewage treatment in which a part of decomposer bacteria present in the is recycled into the starting of the process is called

A. Cyclic treatment B. Activated sludge treatment C. Primary treatment D. Tertiary treatment **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 68. which one of the following is used as biological insecticide? A. Tiger beetle B. Caterpillar C. Silk moth D. Majra poka Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 

**69.** Biogas production is carried out by

A. Thermoacidophiles

B. Mathanogens

C. Halophiles

D. Luminants

#### **Answer: B**



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**70.** Biogas produced by the fermentation of manure , sewage , cattle dung , etc., predominantly comprises

A. Methane, nitrogen , and hydrogen

B. Methane and carbon dioxide

C. Methane and carbon monoxide

D. Methane and nitric oxide
Answer: B  Watch Video Solution
<b>71.</b> the term" Antibiotic " was coined by
A. Alexander fleming  B. S. Waksman
C. Louis pasteur  D. Edward jenner
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
<b>72.</b> which one of following is not true about antibiotics?

- A. the first antibiotic was discovered by Alexander Fleming.
- B. the term"antibiotic was coined by Sgt Waksman in 1942.
- C. Some persons can be allergic to a particular antibiotic .
- D. Each antibiotic is effictiive only against one particular kind of germ .

#### **Answer: D**



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## 73. Name the block speses A,B,C and D given in the following table

Types of Microbes	Scientific Name	Commercial Product
Bacterium	A	Clot buster enzyme
В	Aspergillus niger	Citric acid
Fungus	Trichoderma polysporum	C
Bacterium	D	Butyric add

- A. A-Streptococcus, B-Fungus, C-Cyelosporin-A,D-Clostridium butylicum.
- B. A-Clostridium buytylicum, B-Streptococcus, C-Fungus, D-Cyclosporin-

- C. A-Cycolsporin-A,B-Clostridium butylicum, C-Streptococcus, D-Fingus
- D. A-Fungus, B-Cyclosporin-A,C-Clostridium Butylicum, D-Streptococous

#### **Answer: A**



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74. name the blank spaces A, B C, and D from the a table given below:

	Type of Microbe	Scientific Name	Product	Medical Application
(i)	Fungus	Α	Cyclosporin	В
(ii)	C	Monascus puprpamus	Statin	D

A. A-Trichoderina polyspora, B-Organ transplant patients, C-Yeast

(Fungus), D-Lowering of blood cholesterol

B. A-Lowering of blood cholesterol, B -Terichoderina polyspora, C-

Organ transplant perients, D-Yeast (Fungus)

C. A-Yaast (Fungus), B-Lowering of blood cholesterol, C-Trichoderina

polyspora, D-Oral transplant patients

D. A-Organic transplant patients, B-Yeast (Fungus), C-Lowering of

blood cholesterol, D-Trichoderina polyspora

#### Answer: A



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**75.** which of the following statement is correct?

A. Single cell protein is rich in high quality proteins bit poor in fat

B. BOD is the amount of oxygen that would be sonsumed if all the inroganic matter in one kitre of water were oxidised by bacteria .

C. Trichoema sp are free living fungi that are effictive biocontrol agents of several pathogens.

D. BAcillus thuingiensis are pathogens that attack insects and other arthrpods .

E. Bacillus thuringiensis is first used biopesticide.

F. Lactose enzyme is used in alcoholic fermentation .

G. Mycorrhiza is a symbiotic associtation between fungi e.g. Glomus and vascular plant .

A. B,C,F,G B. A,D,F C. A,C,D,E,G D. B,F **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 76. which one (s) is / are correct abount cyclosporin A? A. It is produced by the fungus trichdema polysporium B. It is used as an immuno supressive agent during organ transplatation C. It is produced by a type of yeast ,monascus purpureus D. Both (1) and (2) Answer: D

77. match the following list of microbes and their inportance.

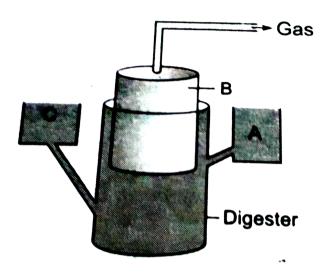
#### Column-I Column-II Saccharomyces Production of immuno sup-(i) cervisiae pressive agent B. Monascus purpureus (ii) Ripening of Swiss cheese C. Trichoderma poly-(iii) Commercial production of ethanol sporum Propionibacterium (iv) Production of blood-choles-D. shamanii terol lowering agents

- A. A-(iv),B-(ii) ,C-(i) ,d-(iii)
- B. A-(iii) ,B-(i) ,C-(iv),d-(ii)
- C. A-(iii), B-(iv), C-(i), D-(ii)
- D. A-(iv),B-(iii),C-(ii),D-(i)

## **Answer: C**



**78.** the below digram shows a typical biogas plant . Which of the following four option , products labelled As A,B and C are Correctly identified



- A. A- Sludge, B- Methane, Oxygen, C-Dung, water
- $\hbox{\bf B. A-Sludage, B-Methane ,} \textbf{CarbonDioxide ,} \textbf{C-Dung , water}$
- C. A- Sludge ,B- Ethyline ,Carbon dioxide , C-Dung water
- D. A- Sludge ,B-Methane ,Carbon dioxide , C- Sewage

**Answer: A** 



79. Assertion: After 24h. Toddy becomes unpalatable.

Reason: Toddy left for a few hours undergoes fermentation.

A. If both Assertion and Reason are true and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion , then mark (1) .

B. If both Assertion and Reason are true but the reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion, then mark (2).

C. If assertion is true but Reason is false, then false, then mark(3).

D. If both assertion is true Reason are false, then Mark (4).

## Answer: A



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 $\textbf{80.} \ \mathsf{Assertion}: \mathbf{Newer} \ \mathsf{Antibiotics} \ \mathsf{are} \ \mathsf{required} \ \mathsf{to} \ \mathsf{be} \ \mathsf{prosuced} \ \mathsf{Regularly} \ .$ 

 ${\it Reason:} \ {\it Pathogens} \ {\it often} \ {\it develop} \ {\it resistance} \ to \ {\it existing} \ {\it antibiotics}.$ 

A. If both Assertion and Reason are true and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion , then mark (1) .

B. If both Assertion and Reason are true but the reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion, then mark (2).

C. If assertion is true but Reason is false, then false, then mark(3).

D. If both assertion is true Reason are false, then Mark (4).

#### Answer: A



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**81.** Assertion: Cyclosporin A is antifungal and immunosup-pressive medicine

Reason: It stimulates the activation of T - cells and Prevents rejections.

A. If both Assertion and Reason are true and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion , then mark (1) .

B. If both Assertion and Reason are true but the reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion, then mark (2).

C. If assertion is true but Reason is false, then false, then mark(3).

D. If both assertion is true Reason are false, then Mark (4).

#### **Answer: C**



**82.** Assertion: Barley, Sorghum, and millet are smoother crops.

Reason: they factor the growth of some common weeds.

A. If both Assertion and Reason are true and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion , then mark (1) .

B. If both Assertion and Reason are true but the reason is not the

correct explanation of the assertion , then mark (2).

C. If assertion is true but Reason is false, then false, then mark(3).

D. If both assertion is true Reason are false, then Mark (4).

#### **Answer: C**



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**83.** Assertion: Agricultural output increased several times after the introduction of DDT.

Reason: DDT was the first insecticide used on a wide scale.

A. If both Assertion and Reason are true and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion , then mark (1) .

B. If both Assertion and Reason are true but the reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion, then mark (2).

C. If assertion is true but Reason is false , then false , then mark (3).

D. If both assertion is true Reason are false, then Mark (4).

## Answer: A

**84.** Assertion : the disadvantages of chemical pesticides can be overcome by the use of biopesticides.

Reasomn: Biopesticides are the harmless pesticides of biological orgin which are used to cotrol weeds and pests without causing any significant damage.

A. If both Assertion and Reason are true and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion , then mark (1) .

B. If both Assertion and Reason are true but the reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion, then mark (2).

C. If assertion is true but Reason is false, then false, then mark(3).

D. If both assertion is true Reason are false, then Mark (4).

#### Answer: A



## **Assertion Reasoning Questions**

1. Assertion: Curd is more nutritious than milk.

Reason: LAB present in curd checks the growth of disease- causing microbes.

A. If both Assertion and Reason are true and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion , then mark (1) .

B. If both Assertion and Reason are true but the reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion, then mark (2).

C. If assertion is true but Reason is false, then false, then mark(3).

D. If both assertion is true Reason are false, then Mark (4).

## Answer: B



1. Cry 1 endotoxins obtins obtained from Bacillus thuringiensis are
efficetive against
A. Nematodes
B. Boll wors
C. Mosquitoes
D. Flies
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
2. Human insulin is being commercially produced from a transgenic
2. Human insulin is being commercially produced from a transgenic species of :
species of :

D. Mycobarterium		
nswer: C		
Watch Video Solution		

- 3. Trichodermaharianum has proved a useful microorganism for:
  - A. Gene transfer in higher plants
  - B. Biologival control of soil-borne plant pathogens
  - C. Bioremediation of contaminated soils
  - D. Reclamation of wastelands

## Answer: C



**4.** DDT residuses are repidly passed through food chain causing biomagnification because DDT is

A. Water soluble

B. Lipo soluble

C. Moderately toxic

D. non-Toxic to aquatic animals

## **Answer: B**



5. which one of the following is not used in orgaic farming

A. Glomus

B. Earthworm

C. Oscilatoria

D. Snail

# **Watch Video Solution** 6. the common nitrogen - fixer in paddy fields is A. Rhizobium B. Azospirillum C. Oscillatoria D. Frankia **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 7. A cmmon biocontrol agent for the control of plant diseases is A. Baculovius

Answer: D

- B. Bacillus thuringiensis
- C. Glomus
- D. Trichoderma

## **Answer: D**



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- $oldsymbol{8}.$  when domestic sewage mixes with water ,
  - A. small animals such as rats will die after drinking river water
  - B. the increased micorobial activity relases micronutrients such as
    - iron
  - C. the increased microbial activty uses up dissolved oxygen
  - D. the river water is still suitable for drinking as impuphorus are only

## Answer: C

about 0.1%

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9. which one of the following helps in asbsorption of phosphorus from soil by plants?

A. Anebaene

B. Gluomus

C. Rhizbium, other nitrogen-fixing bacteria, NPv, and mycorrhiza

D. Nostoc

## **Answer: B**



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10. which one of the following is not a biofertillizer?

A. Mycorrhiza

B. Agrobacterium

C. Rhizobium
D. Nostoc
Answer: B
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11. Which one of the following is an example of carrying out biological
control of pests/diseases using microbes ?
A. uclepolyhedrovirus against white rust in Brassica .
B. Bt- cotton to increase cooton yield
C. Lady bird beetle aginst aphids in mustard .
D. Trichodroma Sp. Against certain plant pathogens .

**Answer: D** 

12. Maximum nutritional diversity is found in the rice fields is
A. Frankia
B. Tolypothrix
C. Fungi
D. Animalia
Answer: A
View Text Solution
13. A nitrogen fixing microbe associated with Azolla in rice-fields is:-
<b>13.</b> A nitrogen fixing microbe associated with Azolla in rice-fields is:-  A. Frankia
A. Frankia
A. Frankia B. Tolypothrix

## Answer: D



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- 14. Yeast is used in the production of:-
  - A. Bread and beer
  - B. Cheese and butter
  - C. Citric acid and lactic acid
  - D. Lpase and pectinase

#### **Answer: A**



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**15.** Which one of the following helps in absorption of phosphorus from soil by plants

or

Which one of the following microbes forms symbiotic association with plants and helps them in their nutrition A. Glomus B. Trichoderma C. Azotobacter D. Asper gillus Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 

**16.** A patient brought to a hospital with myocardial infraction is normally immediately given

A. Cyclpoporin -A

B. Statins

C. Penicillin

Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
17. Monascus purpureus is a yeast ued commercially in the production of
A. Citric acid
B. Blood cholesterol lowering statins
C. Ethamol
D. Streptokinase for removing clots from the blood vessels
Answer: B  Watch Video Solution
<b>18.</b> Green revolution in India occurred during

D. Streptokinase

A. 1960's B. 1970's C. 1980's D. 1950's Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 19. In gobar gas, the maximum amouts is that of Or Biogas produced through anaerobic fermentation of organic material is primarily A. Butane B. Methane C. propane D. Carbon dioxide

## Answer: B



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## 20. Domestic sewage of large cities

- A. Has a high BOD as it contains both aerbic and anaerobic bacteria
- B. Is processed treatment and then anaerobic bacteria in the secondary treatment in sewage treatmentplants (STPs)
- C. when treated in STPs does not really require the aeration step as
  - the sewage contains adequte oxygen .
- D. Has very high amounts of suspended solids and dissolved salts

## **Answer: D**



A. Methane, oxygen, and hydrogen sulfide B. Hydrogen sulfide, methane, and suilfur dioxide C. Hydrogen sulfide, nitrogen, and methane D. Methane a, hydrogen sulfide, and carbon dioxide **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 22. A good producer of citric acid is: A. Pseudomonas B. Clostridium C. Saccharmyces D. Aspergillus Answer: D **Watch Video Solution** 

## 23. What gases are produced in anaerobic sludge digestres

- A. Methane and  $CO_2$
- B. Methane ,Hydrogen sulphide and  $\mathcal{O}_2$
- C. Methane ,Hydrogen sulphide and  $CO_2$
- D. Hydrogen sulphide and  $CO_2$

### **Answer: C**



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## 24. match the following list of microbes and their importance:

(1)	Saccharomyces cerevisiae	(i)	Production of immunosup- pressive agents
(2)	Monascuspurpureus	(ii)	Ripening of Swiss cheese
(3)	Trichodermapolyspo- rum	(iii)	Commerical production of ethanol
(4)	Propionibacterium- sharmanii	(iv)	Production of blood choles- terol lowering agents

c

 $\boldsymbol{a}$ 

## Answer: B



- **25.** which of the following is worgly matched in the given table?
  - A.

B.

C.

- microbe product Applications

  (1) Trick adapted polygopany Cyclograpia improve agreement
- (1) Trichoderma polysporum CyclosporinA immunosuppress:
- microbe product Applications
  - (2) Monascus purpureus Statins Lowering of blood cholestere
- microbe product Applications
  (3) Streptococcus streptokinase removal of clot from blood

D.  $\frac{\text{microbe}}{(3)}$   $\frac{\text{product}}{(3)}$   $\frac{\text{Applications}}{(3)}$   $\frac{\text{removal of oil stains}}{(3)}$ 

## Answer: D



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Column-l

(b) Cyclosporin A

(a) Citric acid

**26.** Match Column-I with Column -II and select the correct option using the codes given below

(i)

**(ii)** 

	(c)	Statins		
	(d)	Bu	ıtyr	ic acid
Δ	a	$b \ Iv$	c	d
٨.	I	Iv	ii	iii
D	a	$b\\iv$	c	d
ь.	iii	iv	I	ii
_	a	b	c	d
C.	iii	$b \ I$	ii	iv

(iii) Aspergillus (iv) Monascus

Column-II

Trichoderma

Clostridium

Answer: D

