

India's Number 1 Education App

MATHS

BOOKS - NDA PREVIOUS YEARS

BINOMIAL THEROREM, MATHEMATICAL INDUCTION

Mqs

1. The coefficient of x^3 in the expansion of $\frac{3-2x}{\left(1+3x\right)^3}$ is

A. - 272

B. - 540

C. - 870

D. - 918

Answer: D

2. What are the last two	digits of the number 9	9^{200}
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A. 19

B. 21

C. 41

D. 1

Answer: D



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3. For any positive integer n, if 4^n-3n is divided by 9, then what is the remainder?

A. 8

B. 6

C. 4

D. 1

Answer: D



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4. What is the coefficient of x^5 in the expansion

$$(1-2x+3x^2-4x^3+\ldots \infty)^{-5}$$
?

A.
$$(10!) \, / \, (5!)^2$$

 $B.5^{-5}$

 $C.5^{5}$

D. $10!/\{6!)(4!)\}$

Answer: A



5. What is the middle term in the expansion of $\left(\frac{x\sqrt{y}}{3} - \frac{3}{y\sqrt{x}}\right)^{12}$?

A.
$$C(12,7)x^3y^{-3}$$

B.
$$C(12,6)x^{\,-\,3}y^3$$

C.
$$C(12,7)x^{\,-\,3}y^3$$

D.
$$C(12,6)x^3y^{-3}$$

Answer: D



- **6.** If x^4 occurs in the rth term in the expansion of $\left(x^4+\frac{1}{x^3}\right)^{15}, \,$ then find the value of r.
 - A. 4
 - B. 8
 - C. 9

Answer: C



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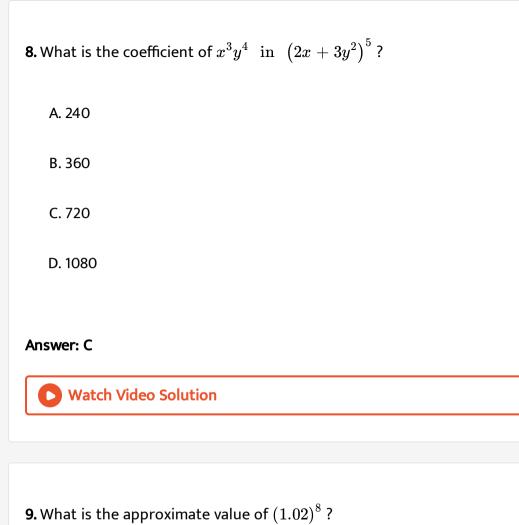
7. After simplification, what is the number of terms in the expansion of

$$\left[\left(3x+y
ight)^{5}
ight]^{4}-\left[\left(3x-y
ight)^{4}
ight]^{5}$$
 ?

- A. 4
- B. 5
- C. 10
- D. 11

Answer: C





A. 1.171

B. 1.175

C. 1.177

D. 1.179

Answer: A



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- **10.** What is the last digit of $3^{3^{4n}}+1$, where n is a natural number?
 - A. 2
 - B. 7
 - C. 8
 - D. None of these

Answer: D



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11. If t_1 is the rth term in the expansion of $(1+x)^{101}$, then what is the rato $rac{t_{20}}{t_{19}}$ equal to ?

C. 19x D. $\frac{83x}{19}$

B. 83x

Answer: D

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12. What is the value

 ${}^8C_0 - {}^8C_1 + {}^8C_2 - {}^8C_3 + {}^8C_4 - {}^8C_5 + {}^8C_6 - {}^8C_7 + {}^8C_8$







Answer: A

13. Find the term independent of
$$x$$
 in the expansion of $\left(1+x+2x^3\right)\left[\left(3x^2/2\right)-\left(1/3\right)\right]^9$

A.
$$1/3$$

$$\mathsf{B.}\,17/54$$

D. No such term exists in the expansion

Answer: B



14. What is the coefficient of
$$x^4$$
 in the expansion of $(1+2x+3x^2+4x^3+\dots)^{1/2}$?

A.
$$1/4$$

C. 1

D. 1/128

Answer: C



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15. Consider the following statements

I. The coefficient of the middle term in the expansion of $(1+x)^8$ is equal to the middle of $\left(x+\frac{1}{x}\right)^8$

to the middle of $\left(x+\frac{1}{x}\right)^8$.

II. The coefficient of the middle term in the expansion of $\left(1+x\right)^8$ is less than the coefficient of the fifth term in the expansion of $\left(1+x\right)^7$.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

A. I only

B. II only

C. Both I and II

D. Neither I nor II

Answer: A



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16. What is the sum of the coefficients of all the terms in the expansion of

 $(45x-49)^4$?

 $\mathsf{A.}-256$

B. - 100

C. 100

D. 256

Answer: D



17. What is the coefficient of x^{17} in the expansion of $\left(3x-\frac{x^3}{6}\right)^9$?

A.
$$\frac{189}{8}$$

$$\operatorname{B.}\frac{567}{2}$$

c.
$$\frac{21}{16}$$

D. None of these

Answer: A



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18. The number of terms in the expansion of $(a+b+c)^n, where n \in N$

A.
$$n+1$$

$$B.n+2$$

$$\mathsf{C}.\,n(n+1)$$

D.
$$\frac{(n+1)(n+2)}{2}$$

Answer: D



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- **19.** What is the sum of all the coefficients in the expansion of $(1+x)^n$?
 - A. 2^n
 - B. $2^{n} 1$
 - $c. 2^n 1$
 - D. 2(n-1)

Answer: A



- **20.** What is the coefficient of x^4 in the expansion of $\left(\frac{1-x}{1+x}\right)^2$?
 - A. 16

B. 16

C. 8

D. - 18

Answer: B



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- **21.** What is the middle term in the expansion of $\left(1-\frac{x}{2}\right)^8$?
 - A. $\frac{35x^4}{8}$
 - B. $\frac{17x^5}{8}$
 - C. $\frac{35x^5}{8}$
 - D. None of these

Answer: A



22. Consider the expansion $\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{15}$.

What is the ratio of coefficient of x^{15} to term independent of ${\bf x}$ in the

given expansion ?

A. 1/64

 $\mathsf{B.}\,1/32$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,1/16$

D.1/4

Answer: B



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23. For all $n \in N, 2^{4n} - 15n - 1$ is divisible by

A. 125

B. 225

C. 450

D. None of these

Answer: B



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- **24.** In the expansion of $(1+x)^n$, the sum of the coefficients of the terms in even positions is 2^{n-1}
 - A. 2^n
 - $\mathsf{B.}\,2^n-1$
 - $c. 2^n + 1$
 - D. None of these

Answer: B



25. The value of the term independent of x in the expansion of $\left(x^2-\frac{1}{x}\right)^9$ is :

A. 9

B. 18

C. 48

D. 84

Answer: D



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26. What is the sum of the coefficients in the expansion of $\left(1+x\right)^n$?

A. 2^n

 $B. 2^n - 1$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,2^n+1$

$$D. n + 1$$

Answer: A



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- **27.** What is $\Sigma_{r=0}^n C(n,r)$ equal to ?
 - A. $2^n 1$
 - B. n
 - C. nl
 - $D. 2^n$

Answer: D



- B. 8
- C. 12
- D. 16

Answer: B



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- 29. Let n be a positive integer and
- $(1+x)^n = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2 + \ldots + a_n x^n$ What is $a_0 + a_1 + a_2 + \ldots$
 - A. 1

equal to?

 $\mathsf{B.}\,2^n$

- $c. 2^n 1$
 - D. $2^{n} + 1$

Answer: B



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- **30.** How many terms are there in the expansion of $\left(1+2x+x^2\right)^{10}$?
 - A. 11
 - B. 20
 - C. 21
 - D. 30

Answer: C



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31. In the expansion of $\left(x^3-\frac{1}{x^2}\right)^n, n\in N$, if the sum of the coefficients of x^5andx^{10} , then n is a. 25 b. 20 c. 15 d. none of these

- B. 10
- C. 15
- D. None of these

Answer: C



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- **32.** In the expansion of $\left(x^3-rac{1}{x^2}
 ight)^n, n\in N$, if the sum of the coefficients of $x^5 andx^{10}$, then n is a. 25 b. 20 c. 15 d. none of these
 - A. 5005
 - B. 7200
 - C. -5005
 - D. -7200

Answer: C



33. In the expansion of $\left(x^3-\frac{1}{x^2}\right)^n, n\in N$, if the sum of the coefficients of x^5andx^{10} , then n is a. 25 b. 20 c. 15 d. none of these

A. 0

B. 1

C. -1

D. None of these

Answer: A



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34. Given that

 $C(n,r):C(n,r+1)=1:2 \ \ {
m and} \ \ C(n,r+1):C(n,r+2)=2:3.$

What is n equal to?

A. 11 B. 12 C. 13 D. 14 **Answer: D** Watch Video Solution Given 35. that C(n,r): C(n,r+1) = 1: 2 and C(n,r+1): C(n,r+2) = 2: 3. What is r equal to? A. 2 B. 3 C. 4 D. 5

Answer: C

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36. Given that

C(n,r): C(n,r+1) = 1: 2 and C(n,r+1): C(n,r+2) = 2: 3.

What is P(n, r) : C(n, r) equal to?

- A. 6
- B. 24
- C. 120
- D. 720

Answer: B



B.1/6

C. 6

D. 2

Answer: A



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38. Consider the expansion $\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{15}$.

What is the independent term in the given expansion?

- A. 2103
 - B. 3003
- C. 4503
- D. None of these

Answer: B



39. Consider the expansion $\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{15}$.

What is the ratio of coefficient of x^{15} to term independent of ${\bf x}$ in the given expansion ?

A. 1

 $\mathsf{B.}\,1/2$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,2/3$

 $\mathsf{D.}\,3/4$

Answer: A



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40. Consider the expansion $\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{15}$.

Consider the following statements:

- 1. There are 15 terms in the given expansion.
- Which of the above statements is/are correct?

2. The coefficient of x^{12} is equal to that of x^3 .

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: B



- **41.** Consider the expansion $\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{15}$.
- Consider the following statements:
- 1. The term containing x^2 does not exist in the given expansion.
- 2. The sum of the coefficients of all the terms in the given expansion is $2^{15}\,$
- Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- A. 2 only
- B. 3 only
- C. Both 1 and 3
- D. Neither 1 nor 3

Answer: C



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42. Consider the expansion $\left(x^2 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{15}$.

What is the sum of the coefficients of the middle terms in the given expansion?

- A. C(15, 9)
- B. C(16, 9)
- C. C(16, 8)
- D. None of these

Answer: C



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- **43.** What is $\sum_{r=0}^{1} {}^{n+r}C_n$ equal to ?
 - A. . $^{n+2}$ C_1
 - B. $\cdot^{n+2} C_n$
 - C. . $^{n+3}$ C_n
 - D. $oldsymbol{^{n+2}} C_{n+1}$

Answer: A::D



- **44.** Find the constant term in the expansion of $\left(\sqrt{x}+\frac{1}{3x^2}\right)^{10}$.
 - A. 5

B. 8

C. 45

D. 90

Answer: A



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45. Consider the expansion of $\left(1+x\right)^{2n+1}$

If the coefficients of x^r and x^{r+1} are equal in the expansion, then r is equal to

A. n

B. $\frac{2n-1}{2}$

 $\mathsf{C.}\,\frac{2n+1}{2}$

D. n + 1

Answer: A

46. Consider the expansion of $\left(1+x\right)^{2n+1}$

The average of the coefficients of the two middle terms in the expansion is

A. .
$$^{2n+1}$$
 C_{n+2}

$$\mathsf{B..}^{2n+1}\,C_n$$

C.
$$\cdot^{2n+1}$$
 C_{n-1}

D.
$$C_{n+1}$$

Answer: B



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47. Consider the expansion of $\left(1+x\right)^{2n+1}$

The sum of the coefficients of all the terms in the expansion is

B. 4^{n-1} $\mathsf{C.}\,2 imes4^n$ D. None of these **Answer: C** Watch Video Solution **48.** The coefficient of x^{99} in (x-1)(x-2).....(x-100) is A. 5050 B. 5000 C. -5050 D. -5000 **Answer: C** Watch Video Solution

A. 2^{2n-1}

49. What is ${}^{47}C_4+{}^{51}C_3+\sum_{j=2}^5{}^{52-j}C_3$ equal to ?

A. . 52 C_4

 $\mathrm{B..}^{51}\,C_5$

C. $.^{53}$ C_4

D. . 52 C_5

Answer: A



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50. The value of

[C(7,0)+C(7,1)]+[C(7,1)+C(7,2)]+...+[C(7,6)+C(7,7)]

A. 254

B. 255

C. 256

D. 257

Answer: A



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51. The expansion of $(x-y)^2, n \geq 5$ is done in the descending power of x. If the sum of the fifth and sixth terms is zero, then $\frac{x}{y}$ is equal to

A.
$$\frac{n-5}{6}$$

B.
$$\frac{n-4}{5}$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\;\frac{5}{n-4}$$

D.
$$\frac{6}{n-5}$$

Answer: B



52. The number of terms in the expansion of $(x+a)^{100}+(x-a)^{100}$ after simplification

A. 202

B. 101

C. 51

D. 50

Answer: C



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53. In the expansion of $(1+x)^{50},\,\,$ find the sum of coefficients of odd powers of x.

 $\mathsf{A.}\ 2^{26}$

 $\mathsf{B.}\ 2^{49}$

 $\mathsf{C.}\ 2^{50}$

Answer: B



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- **54.** $1.3 + 2.3^2 + 3.3^3 + \dots + n.3^n = \frac{(2n-1)3^{n+1} + 3}{4}$
 - A. n, 2
 - B. n, 3
 - C. n + 1, 2
 - D. n + 1, 3

Answer: D



(2)
$$\sqrt{5} + 1$$
 (3) 2 (4) $2 + \sqrt{2}$

55. If $\left|z-\frac{4}{z}\right|=2$, then the maximum value of |Z| is equal to (1) $\sqrt{3}+1$

A.
$$1+\sqrt{3}$$

B. $1 + \sqrt{5}$

 $c. 1 - \sqrt{5}$

D. $\sqrt{5} - 1$

Answer: B



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56. If $n \in N$, then $121^n - 25^n + 1900^n – (-4)^n$ is divisible by

A. 1904

B. 2000

C. 2002

D. 2006

Answer: B



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- **57.** In the expansion of $(1+x)^{43}$,the co-efficients of (2r+1)th and (r+2)th terms are equal. Find r.
 - A. 5
 - B. 14
 - C. 21
 - D. 22

Answer: B



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58. If the coefficients of a^m and a^n in the expansion of $(1+a)^{m+n}$ are α and β then which one of the following is correct?

A.
$$lpha=2eta$$

B.
$$\alpha = \beta$$

C.
$$2lpha=eta$$

D.
$$lpha=(m+n)eta$$

Answer: B



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59. What is the number of non-zero terms in the expansion of
$$\left(1+2\sqrt{3}x\right)^{11}+\left(1-2\sqrt{3}x\right)^{11}$$
 (after simplification)?

- A. 4
- C. 6

B. 5

D. 11

Answer: C

60. What is C(n,r)+2C(n,r-1)+C(n,r-2) equal to?

A.
$$C(n+1,r)$$

B.
$$C(n-1,r+1)$$

C.
$$C(n, r + 1)$$

D.
$$C(n+2,r)$$

Answer: D



61. What is the coefficient of the middle term in the binomial expansion of $(2+3x)^4$?

B. 12

C. 108

D. 216

Answer: D



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- **62.** Let the coefficient of the middle term of the binomial expansion of $(1+x)^{2n}$ be α and those of two middle terms of the binomial expansion of $(1+x)^{2n-1}{\rm be}\beta$ and γ . Which one of the following relations is correct?
 - A. $lpha>eta+\gamma$
 - B. $\alpha < \beta + \gamma$
 - $\mathsf{C.}\,\alpha = \beta + \gamma$
 - D. $lpha=eta\gamma$

Answer: C

n.

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63. If
$$C(20, n+2) = C(20, n-2)$$
 then $n=$

A. 8

B. 10

C. 12

D. 16

Answer: B



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64. What is the number of terms in the expansion of

$$\left[(2x - 3y)^2 (2x + 3y)^2 \right]^2$$
?

A. 4

B. 5

C. 8

D. 16

Answer: B



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65. In the expansion of $(1+ax)^n$, the first three terms are respectively 1,

12x and $64x^2$. What is n equal to ?

A. 6

B. 9

C. 10

D. 12

Answer: B

