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## PHYSICS

## BOOKS - HC VERMA PHYSICS

(HINGLISH)

## DISPERSION AND SPECTRA

Example

1. find the dispersive power of flint glass. The
refractive indices of flint glass for red, yellow
and violet light are 1.613, 1.620 and 1.632 respectively.

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2. The focal lengths of a thin lens for red and violet light are 90.0 cm and 86.4 cm respectively. Find the dispersive power of the material of the lens. Make appropriate assumptons.
3. The refractive inidices of filnt glass for red and violet light are 1.613 and 1.632 respectively.

Find the angular dispersion prouduced by a thin prism of flint glass having refracting angle $5^{\circ}$

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2. A crown glass prism of angle $5^{\circ}$ is to be combined with a flint glass prism in such a way
that the mean ray passes undeviated. Find (a)
the angle of the flint glass prism needed and
(b) the angular dispersion produced by the combination when white light goes through it.

Refractive indices for red, yellow and viloet light are $1.514,1.517$ and 1.523 respectively for crown glass and 1.6131 .620 and 1.632 for fint glass.

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3. The dispersive powers of crown and fint glasses are 0.03 and 0.05 respectively, The refractive indices for yellow light for these glasses are 1.517 and 1.621 respectively. It is desired to from an achromatice combination of prisms of crown and fint glasses which can produce a deviation of $1^{\circ}$ in the yellow ray.

Find the refracting angles of the two prisms needed.

1. Suggest a method to produce a rainbow in
your house.

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Objective 1

1. The angular dispersion produced by a prism
A. increases if the average refractive index
increases
B. increases if the averge refractive index
decrease
C. remains constant whether the average
refractive index increases or decreases
D. has no relation with average refractive index.

## Answer: A

## Objective 1

1. If a glass prism in dipped in water its
dispersive power
A. increases
B. decreases
C. does not change
D. may increase or decrease depedig on
whether the angle of the prism is less

## than or greater than $60^{\circ}$

Answer: B

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2. A prism can produce a minmum deviation $\delta$
in a the beam. If three such prisms are
combined, the minimum deviation that can be produced in this beam is
A. 0
B. $2 \delta$
C. $2 \delta$
D. '3 delta

## Answer: B

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3. Consider the following two statemets

Line spectra contain information about atoms.
Band spectra contain information about molecules
A. Both $A$ and $B$ are wrong
B. A is correct but $B$ is wrong
C. B is correct but A wrong
D. Both A and B are correct

## Answer: D

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4. The focal length ofa converging lens are
$f_{v}$ and $f_{r}$ for violet and red light respectively.
A. $f_{v}>f_{r}$
B. $f_{v}=f_{r}$
C. $f_{v}<f_{r}$
D. Any of the three is possible depending
on the value of the average refractive
index $\mu$.

Answer: C

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## Objective 2

1. A narrow beam of whit light goes through a slab having parallel faces.
A. The light neve splits in different colours.
B. The emergent beam is white
C. the light inside the slab is split into
different colours
D. The light inside the slab is white
2. By properly combining two prisms made of different materials, it is possible to
A. have disersion whitout average
deviation
B. have deviation without dispersion
C. have both dispersion and average

deviation

D. have neither dispersion nor average deviation.

## Answer: A::B::C

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3. In producing a pure specturm, the incident
light is passed through a narrow slit placed i
the focal plane of an chromatic lens because a narrow slit
A. a produces less diffraction
B. increases intensity
C. allows onlyone colour at a time
D. allows miore paralle beam whenit pases
thorugh the lens

## Answer: D

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4. Which of the following quantities increae when wavelength in increased? Consider only the magnitudes
A. the power of a converging lens
B. the focasl length of a converging lens
C. the power of a diverging lens
D. the focal length of a diverging lens.

Answer: B::D

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## Objective 2

1. Which of the following quantities related to
a lens depend on the wavelength or wavelengths of the incident light?
(Choose the incorrect option)
A. power
B. focal length
C. chromatic aberration
D. radii of curvature

## Answer: A::B::C

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## Exercises

1. A flint glass prism and a crown glass prism are to be combined in such a way that the deviation of the mean ray is zero. The refractive index of flint and crown glasses for
the mean ray are 1620 and 1.518 respectively. If the refracting angle of the flint prism is $6.0^{\circ}$,
what would be the refracting angle of the

## crown prism ?

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2. A certain material has refractive indices 1.56 ,
1.60 and 1.68 for red, yellow and violet light respectively. (a) Calculate the dispersive power.
(b) Find the angular dispersion produced by a thin prism of angle $6^{\circ}$ made of this material.

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3. The focal lengths of a convex lens for red,
yellow and violet rays are $100 \mathrm{~cm}, 98 \mathrm{~cm}$ and 96
cm respectively. Find the dispersive power of the material of the lens.

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4. The refractive index of a material changes
by 0.014 as the colour of the light changes
from red to violet. A rectangular slab of height
2.00 cm made of this material is placed on a newspaper. When viewed normally in yellow
light, the letters appear 1.32 cm below the top surface of the slab. Calculate the dispersive power of the material.

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5. A thin prism is made of a material having refractive indices 1.61 and 1.65 for red and violet light. The dispersive power of the material is 0.07 . It is found that a beam of yellow light passing through the prism suffers
a minimum deviation of $4.0^{\circ}$ in favourable conditions. Calculate the angle of the prism.

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6. The minimum deviations suffered by red, yellow and violet beam passing through an equilateral transparent prism are $38.4^{\circ}, 38.7^{\circ}$ and $39.2^{\circ}$ respectively. Calculate the dispersive power of the medium.

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7. Two prisms of identical geometrical shape are combined with their refracting angles oppositely directed. The materials of the prisms have refractive indices 1.52 and 1.62 for violet light. A violet ray is deviated by $1.0^{\circ}$ when passes symmetrically through this combination. What is the angle of the prisms ?

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8. Three thin prisms are combined as shown in
figure. The refractive indices of the crown
glass for red, yellow and violet rays are $\mu_{r}, \mu_{y}$ and $\mu_{v}$ respectively and those for the flint glass are $\mu_{r}^{\prime}, \mu_{y}^{r}$ and $\mu_{v}^{\prime}$ respectively. Find the ratio $A^{\prime} / A$ for which (a) there is no net angular dispersion, and (b) there is no net deviation in the yellow ray.


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9. $A$ thin prism of crown glass
( $\left.m_{r}=1.515, m_{v}=1.525\right)$ and a thin prism
of flint glass $\left(\mu_{r}=1.612, \mu_{v}=1.632\right)$ are placed in contact with each other. Their refracting angles are $5.0^{\circ}$ each and are similarly directed. Calculate the angular dispersion produced by the combination.
10. A thin prism of angle
$6.0^{\circ}, \omega=0.07$ and $\mu_{y}=1.50$ is combined with another thin prism having
$\omega=0.08$ and $\mu_{y}=1-60$. The combination produces no deviation in the mean ray. (a)

Find the angle of the second prism. (b) Find the net angular dispersion produced by the combination when a beam of white light passes through it. (c) If the prisms are similarly directed, what will be the deviation in the mean ray? (d) Find the angular dispersion in the situation described in (c).

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11. The refractive index of a material $M_{1}$
changes by 0.014 and that of another material
$M_{2}$ changes by 0.024 as the colour of the light
is changed from red to violet. Two thin prisms
one made of $M_{1}\left(A=5.3^{\circ}\right)$ and other made of $M_{2}\left(A=3.7^{\circ}\right)$ are combined with their refracting angles oppositely directed.
(a) Find the angular dispesion produced by the combination.
(b) the prisms are now combined with their
refracting angles similarly directed. Find the angular dispersion produced by the combination.

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