

CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - NCERT FINGERTIPS CHEMISTRY (HINGLISH)

PRACTICE PAPER -2

Practice Paper 2

1. Which of the following pairs form the same

osazone?

- A. Glucose and fructose
- B. Glucose and galactose
- C. Glucose and arabinose
- D. Lactose and maltose

Answer: A



View Text Solution

2. Which of the following is satisfied by an ideal solution?

A. Formation of an azeetropic mixture

B.
$$\Delta S_{mix} = 0$$

C. Raoutl's law is obeyed under particlar set of conditions only

D.
$$\Delta H_{mix}=0$$

Answer: D



View Text Solution

3. Which one has the highest melting point?

- A. Ionic crystal
- B. Molecular crystal
- C. Covalent crystal
- D. Metallic crystal

Answer: C



View Text Solution

4. Match the column I with column II and mark the appropriate choice.

Column I		Column II	
(A)	Acetyl salicylic acid	(i)	Insecticide
(B)	DDT	(ii)	Drug
(C)	Naphthalene	(iii)	Fire extinguisher
(D)	Carbon tetrachloride	(iv)	Moth repelling

A.
$$A
ightarrow ii, B
ightarrow I, C
ightarrow iv, D
ightarrow iii$$

B.
$$A
ightarrow iii, B
ightarrow iv, C
ightarrow I, D
ightarrow ii$$

C.
$$A
ightarrow ii, B
ightarrow iv, C
ightarrow iii, D
ightarrow i$$

D.
$$A
ightarrow iv, B
ightarrow I, C
ightarrow iii, D
ightarrow ii$$

Answer: A



5. Lanthanoids are-

A. 14 elements in the sixth period (atomic no. 90 to 103) that are filling 4f sublevel

B. 14 elements in the seventh period (atomic no. 90 to 103) that are filling 5f sublevel

C. 14 elements it the sixth period (atomic no. 58 to 71) that are filling the 4f sublevel

D. 14 elements in the seventh period (atomic no. 50 to 71) that are filling 4f sublevel.

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

6. Which of the following pairs of structures represents facial and meridional isomers resectively?

$$D. \begin{tabular}{c|c|c} $H_{3}N$ & CI & NH_{3} & CI & $CI$$$

Answer: A



View Text Solution

7. What is the main composition of matte?

A. CuS

B. CuO

 $\mathsf{C}.\,Cu_2S$

D. Cu_2O

Answer: C



View Text Solution

8. Which of the following does not show positive deviation form Raoult's law?

A. Phenol-aniline

- B. Ethanol-acetone
- C. Acetone-carbon disulphide
- D. Methanol -water

Answer: A



View Text Solution

9. Which of the following is not an artificial sweetener?

A. Sucralose

- B. Alitame
- C. Saccharin
- D. Sucrose

Answer: D



View Text Solution

- **10.** Equanil is an example of
 - A. artificial sweeteners
 - B. tranquilizers

C. antihistamines

D. antifertility drugs.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

11. The freezing point depression of 0.1 molal solution of acetic acid in benzene is 0.256 K , K_f for benzene is 5.12 K Kg mol^{-1} . What conclusion can you draw about the molecular state of acetic acid in benzence ?

- A. Acetic acid is doubly associated
- B. Benzene is doubly associated
- C. Both are equally associated
- D. None of the above.

Answer: A



- 12. An example of dibasic acid is
 - A. orthophosphorous acid

- B. orthophosphoric acid
- C. hypophosphorous acid
- D. pyrophosphoric acid.

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

13. Synthetic rubbers are usually obtained by copolymeisation of

A. alkane and 1, 3 - butandience

- B. 1,4 polyisoprene
- C. urea and formaldehyde
- D. alkene and 1,3 -butadiene.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

14. The arrangement ABC ABC....is referred to as

A. octahedral close packing

- B. hexagonal close packing
- C. tetrahedral close packing
- D. cubic close packing

Answer: D



View Text Solution

- **15.** The number of Faradays needed to reduce
- 4 g equivalents of $Cu^{2\,+}$ to Cu metal will be
 - **A.** 1

B. 2

 $\mathsf{C.}\,1/2$

D. 8

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

16. The reaction $2AB(g) + 2C(g) o A_{2(g)} + 2BC_{(g)}$ proceeds according to the mechanism .

I. $2AB \Leftrightarrow A_2B_2$ (fast)

III.
$$A_2B_2+C \to A_2B+BC$$
 (slow)

III. $A_2B+C \to A_2+BC$ (fast)

what will be the initial rate taking [AB] = 0.2 M

and [C] = 0.5 M ? The K_c for the step I is

 10^2M^{-1} and rate constant for the step II is

 $3.0\times 10^{-3}mol^{-1}\min$

A. $0.0716M\min$

B. $0.0891M\min$

C. $0.006M\min$

D. $0.0257M\min$

17. I both DNA and RNA, heterocyclic base and phosphate ester linkages are at

A. C-5 and C-2 respectively of the sugar molecule

B. C-2 and C-5 respectively of the sugar molecule

C. C-1 and C-5 respecgively of the sugar

D. C-5 and C-1 respectively of the sugar molecule.

Answer: C



View Text Solution

18. MgO crystallized as rock salt. The number of nearest oxide ions to $Mg^{2\,+}$ ion is

A. two

B. four

C. six

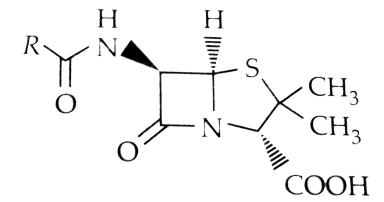
D. twelve

Answer: C



View Text Solution

19. Name of the drug whose structure given below is



- A. Chloramphenicol
- B. vancomycin
- C. penicillin
- D. ofloxacin

Answer: C



20. In the Cannizzaro reaction given below:

$$2Ph-CHO \stackrel{\Theta}{\longrightarrow} Ph-CH_2OH+PhCO_2^-$$
 the slowest step is:

A. tge attack of $:OH^-$ at the carbonyl group

B. the transfer of hydride to the carbonyl group

C. The abstraction of proton from the carboxylic group

D. The deprotonation of $PhCH_2OH$

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

21. In the following question, a statement of assertion is followed by a statement of reason. Mark the correct choice.

Assertion: In any ionic solid [MX] with schottky defects, the number of positive and negative ions are same.

Reason: Equal number of cation and aniojn vacancies are present.

A. Both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion .

B. Both assertion and reason are true but reason.

C. Assertion is true but reason is false.

D. Both assertion and reason are false.

Answer: A

22. A synthetic polyamide prepared by prolonged heating of caporlactam is

A. nylon 6,6

B. nylon 6

C. nylon 6,10

D. glyptal.

Answer: B

View Text Solution

23. In the long form of the periodic table, the transition metals are placed in

A. s-block

B. f-block

C. d-block

D. s and p-block.

Answer: C



24. Which of the following is a colligative property?

A. Surface tension

B. Viscosity

C. Refractive index

D. Osmotic pressure

Answer: D



25. Which of the following is a false statement ?

A. Halognes are strong oxidising agents.

B. Halogens show only-1 oxidation agents.

C. HF molecules form intermolecular hydrogen bonding .

D. Fluorine is highly reactive.

Answer: B



Phenol
$$\xrightarrow{Zn} A \xrightarrow{Conc. HNO_3} B \xrightarrow{Conc. H_2SO_4, 333 \text{ K}} C \xleftarrow{Zn} C \xrightarrow{NaOH_{(aq.)}}$$

In the above reaction sequence, A, B and C respectively are

- A. benzene, nitrobenzene, aniline
- B. benzene , m-dinitrobenzene , m-

nitroaniline

26.

- C. touluene, m-nitrotoluene, m-toluidine
- D. benzene, nitrobenzene, hydrazobenzene.

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

27. Four successive members of the first row transition elements are listed below with their atomic number. Which one of them is expected to have the highest third ionisation enthalpy?

A. Vanadium (Z - 23)

B. Manganese (Z = 25)

- C. Chromium (Z =24)
- D. Iron (Z=26)

Answer: B



- 28. Alcohols of low molecular weight are
 - A. soluble in water
 - B. soluble in water on heating
 - C. insoluble in water

D. insoluble in all solvents.

Answer: A



- **29.** Which of the following statement are correct?
- (i) Smaller the gold number of lyophilic colloid, larger will be its protective power
- (ii) Lyophilic sols, in contrast to lyophobic sols are easily coagulated on addition of small

amounts of electrolytes.

(iii) Ferric chloride solution is used to stop bleeding from a fresh cut because it coagulating the blood

(iv) The flocculatin value of arsenious sulphide sol is independent of the anion of the coagulating

A. (i),(ii) and (iii)

B. (i), (iii) and (iv)

C. (ii) , (iii) and (iv)

D. (i),(ii) and (iv)

Answer: B



View Text Solution

30. The method of zone refining of metals is based on the principle of

A. greater mobility of pure metal than that of impurity

B. higher melting point of the impurity than that of pure metal

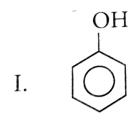
C. greater noble character of solid metal than that of impurity

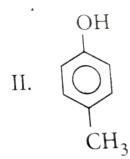
D. greater solubility of the impurity in the molten state than in the solid.

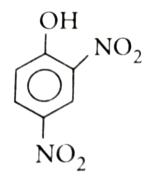
Answer: D

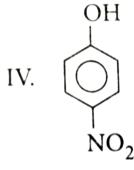


31. Strength of acideity is in order









A. II gt I gt III gt IV

B. III gt IV gt I gt II

C. Igt IV gt III gt II

D. IV gt III gt I gt II

Answer: B



View Text Solution

32. Which of the following is paramagnetic as well as coloured ion ?

A. Cu^+

B. Cu^{2+}

C. Sc^{3+}

D. Zn^{2+}

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

33. Antiseptic Chloroxylenol is

- A. 4-chloro-3. 5- dimethylphenol
- B. 3- chloro-4, 5- dimethylphenol
- C. 4-chloro-2, 5- dimethylphenol
- D. 5-chloro -3, 4- dimethylphenol

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

34. PVC is an example of

A. theremosetting

B. thermoplastic

C. elastic

D. fibre.

Answer: B

35. Order of esterification of alcohols is

A.
$$3^{\circ} > 2^{\circ} > 1^{\circ}$$

B.
$$2^{\circ} > 3^{\circ} > 1^{\circ}$$

C.
$$1^{\circ} > 2^{\circ} > 3^{\circ}$$

D. none of these.

Answer: C



36. Which of the following alkenes is the most reactive towards cationic polymerisation?

A.
$$CH_2 = CHCH_3$$

$$B.H_2 = CHCI$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,H_2C=CHC_6H_5$$

$$\operatorname{D.}H_2C=CHCO_2CH_3$$

Answer: C



The

reaction

$$Ar\overset{+}{N_2}Cl^- \overset{Cu/HCl}{\longrightarrow} ArCl + N_2 + CuCl$$
 is named as

- A. Sandmeyer reaction
- B. Gatterman reaction
- C. Hofmann bromamie degradation

reaction

D. Carbylamine reaction

Answer: B

Watch Video Solution

38. Latex is acolloidal solution of rubber particles which are

A. positively charged

B. negatively charged

C. neutral

D. can be negatively and positively charged.

Answer: B



39. In a solid lattice the cation and anion both have left a lattive site. The lattice defect is known as

- A. intestitial defect
- B. vancancy defect
- C. Frenkel defect
- D. schottky defect

Answer: D



40. Which of the following will not undergo aldol condensation ?

A. Propional dehyde

B. Acetone

C. Formaldehyde

D. Acetaldehyde

Answer: C



41. Calculate the ebullioscopic constant for water. The heat of vaporisation is 40.685 kJ mol^{-1}

A. 0.512 K kg mol^{-1}

B. 1.86 K kg mol^{-1}

C. 5.12 K kg mol^{-1}

D. 3.56 K kg mol^{-1}

Answer: A



42. Which of the following represents the correct order of acidic strength?

A. HOCI It HOBr It HOI

B. HOCI It HOI It HOBr

C. HOBr It HOI It HOCI

D. HOI It HOBr It HOCI

Answer: D



43. Which of the following is a fat soluble vitamin?

A. Vitamin A

B. Vitamin C

C. Pyridoxine

D. Vitamin -B- complex

Answer: A



reaction

,

$$RCl + NaI \xrightarrow{ ext{Dry acetone}} R - I + NaCl$$

is

known as

- A. Wurtz reaction
- B. Fitting reaction
- C. Wurtz-Fitting reaction
- D. Finkelstein's reaction .

Answer: D



- **45.** For a first- order reaction, the time required for 99.9% of the reaction to take place is nearly
 - A. 10 times that required for half the reaction
 - B. 100 times that required for two-third of the reaction
 - C. 10 times that required for one- fourth of the reaction

D. 20 times that required for half of the reaction .

Answer: A



View Text Solution

46. Sphalerite and siderite are the ores of the metals

A. Al and Zn

B. Fe and Cu

C. Cu and Zn

D. Fe and Zn

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

47. Which of the following is the most impure form of iron ?

A. Bessemer iron

B. Steel

C. Pig iron

D. Wrought iron

Answer: C



View Text Solution

48. The presence or absence of hydroxy group on which carbon atom of sugar differentiates RNA and DNA.

A. 1^{st}

- $B. 2^{nd}$
- $\mathsf{C.}\,3^{rd}$
- D. 4^{th}

Answer: B



- 49. The formulation of dettol contains
 - A. chloroxylenol
 - B. terpineol

C. alcohol

D. All of these

Answer: D



View Text Solution

50. Which of the following does not undergo

Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction?

A. HCOOH

B. CCI_3COOH

 $\mathsf{C.}\ C_6H_5COOH$

D. All of these

Answer: D

