



PHYSICS

BOOKS - DISHA PHYSICS (HINGLISH)

MAGNETISM AND MATTER



1. Two identical magnetic dipoles of magnetic moments $1\cdot 0Am^2$ each are placed at a separation of 2m with their axes

perpendicular to each other. What is the resultant magnetic field at a point midway between the dipoles?

A.
$$5 imes 10^{-7}T$$

B. $\sqrt{5} imes 10^{-7}T$
C. $10^{-7}T$

D.
$$2 imes 10^{-7}T$$

Answer:

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2. Two identical thin bar magnets, each of length L and pole strength m are placed at right angles to each other, with the N pole of one touching the S-pole of the other. Find the magnetic moment of the system.

A. 1 ml

B. 2 ml

 $\mathrm{C.}\,\sqrt{2}ml$

D. ml/2





- **3.** the magnetic lines of force inside a bar magnet
 - A. are from north-pole to south-pole of the magnet
 - B. do not exist
 - C. depend upon the area of cross-section
 - of the bar magnet

D. are from south-pole to north-pole of the

magnet.

Answer:



4. Relative permitivity and permeability of a material ε_r and μ_r , respectively. Which of the following values of these quantities are allowed for a diamagnetic material?

A.
$$arepsilon_r=0.5,\,\mu=1.5$$

B.
$$arepsilon_r=1.5, \mu_r=0.5$$

C.
$$arepsilon_r=0.5, \mu_r=0.5$$

D.
$$arepsilon_r=1.5, \mu_r=1.5$$

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5. Three identical bars A, B and C are made of different magnetic materials. When kept in a uniform magnetic field, the field lines around

them look as follows:

Make the correspondence of these bars with their material being diamagnetic (D),

ferromagnetic (F) and paramagnetic (P):



 $\mathsf{A.}~A \leftrightarrow D, B \leftrightarrow P, C \leftrightarrow F$

 $\mathsf{B}.\, A \leftrightarrow F, B \leftrightarrow D, C \leftrightarrow P$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,A \leftrightarrow P, B \leftrightarrow F, C \leftrightarrow D$

 $\mathsf{D}.\,A \leftrightarrow F, B \leftrightarrow P, C \leftrightarrow D$



6. Curie temperature is the temperature above which

A. a	ferromagnetic	material	becomes
paramagnetic			
B.a	paramagnetic	material	becomes
diamagnetic			
C. a	ferromagnetic	material	becomes
diamagnetic			



ferromagnetic

Answer:

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7. A watch glass containing some powdered substance is placed between the pole pieces of a magnet. Deep concavity is observed at the centre. The substance in the watch glass is

A. iron

B. chromium

C. carbon

D. wood

Answer:

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8. A coil in the shape of an equilateral triangle of side I is suspended between the pole pieces of a permanent magnet such that \overrightarrow{B} is in the

plane of the coil. If due to a current i in the triangle a torque au acts on it, the side I of the triangle is





9. A compass needle whose magnetic moment is $60Am^2$, is directed towards geographical north at any place experiencing moment of force of $1.2x \times 10^{-3}$ Nm. At that place the horizontal component of earth field is 40 micro W/m^2 . What is the value of dip angle at that place?

A. 30°

B. 60°

C. 45°

D. 15°



10. The material suitable for making electromagnets should have

A. high retentivity and low coercivity

B. low retentivity and low coercivity

C. high retentivity and high coercivity

D. low retentivity and high coercivity



11. The length of a magnet is large compared to its width and breadth. The time period of its oscillation in a vibration magnetometer is 2s. The magnet is cut along its length into three equal parts and these parts are then placed on each other with their like poles together . The time period of this combination will be

A.
$$2\sqrt{3s}$$

B. $\frac{2}{3}s$
C. 2 s
D. $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}s$



12. Hysteresis loops for two magnetic materials A and B are given below :



These materials are used to make magnets for electric generators , transformer core and electromagnet core. Then it is proper to use : A. A for transformers and B for electric

generators.

B. B for electronmagnets and transformers.

C. A for electric generators and

trasformers.

D. A for electronmagnets and B for electric

generators.

Answer:

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13. Which of the following is responsible for the earth's magnetic field ?

A. Convective currents in earth's core.

B. Diversive current in earth's core.

C. Rotational motion of earth

D. Translational motion of earth

Answer:

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14. In a vibration magnetometer, the time period of a bar magnet oscillating in horizontal componnt of earth's magnetic field is 2 sec. When a magnet is brought near and parallel to it, the time period reduces to 1 sec. The ratio H/F of the horizontal component H and the field F due to magnet will be

A. 3

B. 1/3

C. $\sqrt{3}$

D. $1/\sqrt{3}$



15. Let V and H be the vertical and horizontal components of earth's magnetic field at any point on earth. Near the north pole

- A. V> > H
- $\mathsf{B}.\, V < \ < H$
- C. V=H

D. V=H=0



16. A thin circular wire carrying a current I has a magnetic moment M. The shape of the wire is changed to a square and it carries the same current. It will have a magnetic moment

A. M

B.
$$rac{4}{\pi^2}M$$

C. $rac{4}{\pi}M$

D. $\frac{\pi}{\Lambda}M$

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17. A bar magnet of magnetic moment M is placed at right angles to a magnetic inductionB. If a force F is experienced by each pole of the magnet, the length of the magnet will be

A. F/MB

B. MB//F`

$\operatorname{C.}BF/M$

D. MF//B`

Answer:

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18. If the susceptibility of dia, para and ferro magnetic materials are χ_d, χ_p, χ_f respectively, then

A.
$$\chi_d < \chi_p < \chi_f$$

B. $\chi_d < \chi_f < \chi_p$
C. $\chi_f < \chi_d < \chi_p$
D. $\chi_f < \chi_p < \chi_d$



19. The basic magnetization curve for a ferromagnetic material is shown in figure. Then, the value of relative permeability is

highest for the point



A. P

B.Q

C. R

D. S



20. A magnetic needle suspended by a silk thread is vibrating in the earth's magnetic field. If the temperature of the needle is increased by $500^{\circ}C$, then

A. time period decreases

B. time period increases

C. time period remians unchanged

D. the needle stops vibrating



21. A bar magnet has a length of 8cm. The magnetic field at a point at a distnace 3cm from the centre in the broadside-on position is found to be $4 \times 10^{-6}T$. Find the pole strength of the magnet.

A. $6 imes 10^{-5}Am$

B. $5 imes 10^{-5}Am$

C. $2 imes 10^{-4} Am$

D. $3 imes 10^{-4} Am$



22. A vibrations magnetometer consists of two indentical bar magnet placed one over the other that they are perpendicular and bisect each other. The time period of oscillation in a horizontal magnetic field is $2^{5/4}$ s. One of the magnets is removed and if the other magnet oscillates in the same field, then the time period in second is :

A. $2^{1/4}$

B. $2^{1/2}$

C. 2

D. $2^{3/4}$

Answer:



23. A magnetic needle is kept in a non uniform

magnetic field . It experiences

A. neither a force nor a torque

- B. a torque but not a force
- C. a force but not a torque
- D. a force and a torque

Answer:

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24. Needles N_1 , N_2 , and N_3 are made of a ferromagnetic, a paramagnetic and a

diamagnetic substance respectively . A magnet

when brought close to them will

A. attract N_1 and N_2 strongly but repel

 N_3

B. attract N_1 strongly, N_2 weakly and repel

 N_3 weakly

- C. attract N_1 strongly, but repel
 - N_2 and N_3 weakly
- D. attract all three of them

25. Figure shows a small magnetised needle P placed at a point O. The arrow shows the direction of magnetic moment. The other arrows show different positions (and orientations of the magnetic moment) of another identical magnetised needle Q.



(a) In which configuration is the system not in equilibrium?

(b) In which configuration is the system in (i)stable and (ii) unstable equilibrium?(c) Which configuration corresponds to the

lowest potential energy among all the

configurations shown?

A. PQ_3

- $\mathsf{B.}\,PQ_4$
- $\mathsf{C}. PQ_5$
- D. PQ_6



26. A dip needle lies initially in the magnetic merdian when it shows an angle of dip θ at a place. The dip circle is rotated through an angle x in the horizontal plane and then it shows an angle of dip θ' . Then $\frac{\tan \theta'}{\tan \theta}$ is

A.
$$\frac{1}{\cos x}$$

B.
$$\frac{1}{\sin x}$$

C.
$$\frac{1}{\tan x}$$

D. $\cos x$

27. Two tangent galvanometers having coils of the same radius are connected in series. A current flowing in them produces deflections of 60° and 45° respectively. The ratio of the number of turns in the coils is

A.
$$4/3$$

B. $\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{1}$
C. $\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{3}-1}$

D. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{1}$

Answer:

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28. Following figures show the arrangement of bar magnets in different configurations. Each magnet has magnetic dipole moment (m). Which configuration has highest value of magnetic dipole moment?







29. A compose needle which is allowed to move in a horizontal plane is taken to a geomagnetic pole. It

A. will become rigid showing no movement

B. will stay in any position

C. will stay in north-south direction only

D. will stay in east-west direction only

Answer:

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30. If a magnetic dipole of moment M situated in the direction of a magnetic field B is rotated by 180° , then the amount of work done is

A. MB

B. 2MB

C.
$$\frac{MB}{\sqrt{2}}$$

D. 0



31. A bar magnet is oscillating in the earth's magnetic field with a period T. What happens to its period and motion if its mass is quadrupled

A. motion remains simple harmonic with new period = T/2

B. motion remains simple harmonic with

new period = 2 T

C. motion remains simple harmonic with

new period = 4T

D. motion remains simple harmonic and

the period stays nearly constant

Answer:

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32. The magnetic field of earth at the equator is approximately $4x \times 10^{-5}T$. Theradiusofearthis6.4 x× 10^(6)` m. Then the dipole moment of the earth will be nearly of the order of: A. $10^{23} Am^2$

 $\mathsf{B}.\,10^{20}Am^2$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,10^{16}Am^2$

D. $10^{10}Am^2$

Answer:



33. The relative permeability of a medium is 0.075. What is its magnetic susceptibility?

A. 0.925

B. - 0.925

C. 1.075

D. - 1.075

Answer:



34. A dip circle is adjusted so that its needle moves freely in the magnetic meridian. In this position, the angle of dip ia 40° . Now the dip

circle is rotated so that the plane in which the needle moves makes an angle of 30° with the magnetic meridian. In this position the needle will dip by an angle

A. 40°

B. 30°

C. more than $40^{\,\circ}$

D. less than 40°



35. The mid points of two small magnetic dipoles of length d in end-on positions, are separated by a distance x, (x > > d). The force between them is proportional to x^{-n} where n is:



A. 1

B. 2

D. 4

Answer:

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36. At a temperature of $30^{\circ}C$, the susceptibility of ferromagnetic material is found to be ' χ ' its susceptibility at $333^{\circ}C$ is

A. χ

B. 0.5χ

 $\mathsf{C.}\,2\chi$

D. 11.1χ

Answer:



37. The susceptibility of annealed iron at saturation is 5500. Find the permeability of annealed iron at saturation.

A.
$$6.9 imes10^{-3}$$

B. $5.1 imes 10^{-2}$

 ${\sf C.5} imes 10^2$

D. $3.2 imes10^{-5}$

Answer:

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38. A short magnet oscillates in an oscillation magnetometer with a time period of 0.10s where the earth's horizontal magnetic field is $24\mu T$. A downward current of 18A is

established in a vertical wire placed 20cm east

of the magnet. Find the new time period.

A. 0.076s

B. 0.5s

C. 0.1s

D. 0.2s



39. A permanent magnet in the shape of a thin cylinder of length 10cm has $M = 10^6 A / m$. Calculate the magnetisation current I_M . (Here M is the intensity of magnetisation).

A. $10^5 A$

 $\mathsf{B}.\,10^6A$

 $\mathsf{C}.\,10^7A$

D. $10^{8}A$



40. The earth's magnetic field lines resemble that of a dipole at the centre of the earth. If the magnetic moment of this dipole is close to $8x \times 10^{22} Am^2$, the value of earth's magnetic field near the equator is close to (radius of the earth = $6.4 \times 10^6 m$)

A. 0.6 Gauss

B. 1.2 Gauss

C. 1.8 Gauss

D. 0.32 Gauss

Answer:

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41. The coercitivity of a small magnet where the ferromagnet gets demagnetized is $3 \times 10^3 Am^{-1}$. The current required to be passed in a solenoid of length 10cm and number of turns 100, so that the magnet gets demagnetized when inside the solenoid, is : A. 30mA

B. 60mA

 $\mathsf{C.}\,3A$

 $\mathsf{D.}\, 6A$

Answer:



42. A thin bar magnet of length 2 I and breadth 2 b pole strength m and magnetic moment M is divided into four equal parts

with length and breadth of each part being

half of original magnet.

Then, the magnetic moment of each part is

A. M/4

B. M

 $\mathsf{C}.\,M/2$

D. 2 M

Answer:

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