



PHYSICS

BOOKS - NN GHOSH PHYSICS (HINGLISH)

ELECTROMAGNETIC INDUCTION

Examples

1. The axles of the carriage of a train travelling at 72 km per hour are 1.6 m long. Find the difference in potential at their ends if total intensity of the

earth's field is 0.5×10^{-4} tesla and angle of dip is 60° .



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2. A copper disc of radius 10 cm rotates 20 times per second with its axis parallel to a uniform magnetic field of 0.5 tesla . Calculate the induced emf between the centre and the edge of the disc.



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3. Calculate the maximum emf induced in a coil of 100 turns and 0.01m^2 area rotating at the rate of 50 rps about an axis perpendicular to a uniform magnetic field of 0.05 T. If the resistance of the coil is 30Ω , what is the maximum power generated by it ?

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4. Calculate the self induction of a solenoid (iron-cored) of length 30 cm comprising of 100 turns and of radius 5 cm (μ_r of iron = 500)

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5. A coil of inductance 0.2 mH and resistance 0.1Ω is connected to a cell of emf 1.5 V . Calculate (i) time constant of the circuit, (ii) time in which current grows to 10 A . Also calculate the total energy stored in the core.

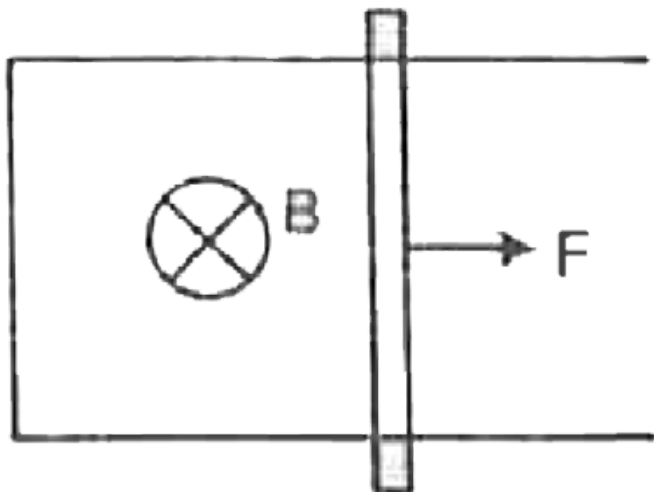


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6. A rod closing the circuit shown in the figure moves along a U-shaped wire at a constant speed v under the action of the force F . The circuit is in a uniform magnetic field perpendicular to the plane.

Calculate F if rate of heat generation in the circuit is

Q .



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Exercises

1. A circular loop of radius 10 cm and 500 turns is turned upside down on a horizontal table in 0.5 s . Calculate the mean emf generated .(Earth's vertical field = 0.43×10^4 tesla)



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2. A copper disc of radius 20cm makes 1200 revolution per minute about its axis which is parallel to a uniform magnetic field of 0.01 tesla . Find the potential difference between the centre and the edge of the disc.



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3. Find the difference of potential the ends of a horizontal induction of earth's field ($=2 \times 10^{-5}$ tesla)



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4. A rivulet, which 10m long is flowing northward along an insulated bed with a velocity of 0.3ms^{-1} . Calculate the potential difference between the water and the sides of the rivulet. ($B_0 = 34 \times 10^{-6}\text{tesla}$ and $dip = 60^\circ$).



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5. Calculate the inductance of a coil of 100 turns of wire wound on an iron ring of radius 10 cm and 10cm^2 in cross-section, the relative permeability of iron being 700



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6. An all-metal aeroplane flies horizontal at 600 km per hour at a place where the vertical induction is 4×10^{-5} tesla . If the wing -span is 10 m , will be the resulting p.d between the tips of the wings ?



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7. A field of 0.2 tesla acts acts at right angles to a coil of area $100\text{cm}^2\text{m}$ with 50 turns. The coil is removed from the field in 0.1s . Find the emf induced .



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8. A milliivoltmere is conneceted between the rails of a truck . Calcuate the voltmeter reading when a train pases at 600 km per hours . The vertical

component of the earth's field is 2×10^{-5} tesla and the distance between the rails is 1.5 m.



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9. Calculate the coefficient of self induction of a soleined of 500 turns and a length of 1 m . The area of cross-section is 7cm^2 and permeability to the core is 1000.



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10. Calculate the coefficient of self induction of a soleined of 500 turns when a current of 1.25 A produce a magnetic flux of one microweber.

[Hint : See exerices 5]

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11. A rectangular conductor of area $0.2m^2$ is placed in a unifrom magnetic field with a B-vector strenght of 2T with its normal at an angle 30° . Calculate the magnetic flux linked with the conductor.

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12. The self inductance of a closely wound coils of 100 turns is 5 mH . What is the flux through the coil when the current in it is 10 mA ?

[Hint : See exercises 5]



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Exercises B

1. Half of the core of a solenoid of $2 \times 10^{-3} m^2$ cross -section , is made up of air and the other half iron ($\mu_r = 500$). The length of the solenoid is 2 m .

If the number of turns is 1000, calculate its coefficient of self induction .

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2. A solenoid of 50 cm length and 8 cm diameter is wound with 500 turns of wire . Another coil of 20 insulated wire is closely wound over it at its middle region . Calculate the coefficient of mutual induction

[Hint : Use the formula $M = \frac{\mu_0 \mu_r N_1 N_2 S}{l}$ henry]

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3. A metal wire of mass m slides without friction on two parallel horizontal rails in a uniform magnetic field of induction B . A battery of constant emf ε is connected to the rails. What is the terminal speed of the slider?



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4. A wire with a resistance p per unit length is bent in the form of the letter A of vertical angle 2α . There is a magnetic field B perpendicular into the plane of the letter. Calculate the current flowing in the loop when the cross-piece cut moves down at a

constant speed v . Assume that it maintains contact with the sides as it moves down.



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5. A copper bar of mass m slides under gravity on two smooth parallel rails l distance apart and set at angle α to the horizontal. At the top, the rails are joined by a resistor R . Calculate the steady velocity of the bar when there is a uniform magnetic field B perpendicular to the plane of the rails.



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6. A copper bar of mass m rest at right angles to two parallel horizontal l distance apart . The rails are connected by a resistor R at one end and kept open at the other ends . Ther is a uniform upward magnetic fields of induction B .The bar is pulled away from the closed end by a constant force F . Calculate the terminal velocity of the bar when μ is the coefficient of frction between the rails and the bar .

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7. A rod of mass m length l can rotate without friction about the centre of a vertical ring . There is

a uniform magnetic field B into the plane of the ring. A variable emf ε is applied between the centre and the rotating end of the rod. Calculate the current which keeps the rod rotating with uniform speed ω and the emf required to maintain the required current



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8. Two coils of self inductance L_1 and L_2 are connected in parallel and then to a cell of emf ε and of resistance R through a key. Find the instantaneous current through L after the key is closed.



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9. A pure inductance is connected in parallel to a resistor R and then connected to a cell of emf ε and of resistance R through a key. Find the instantaneous current through L after the key is closed.

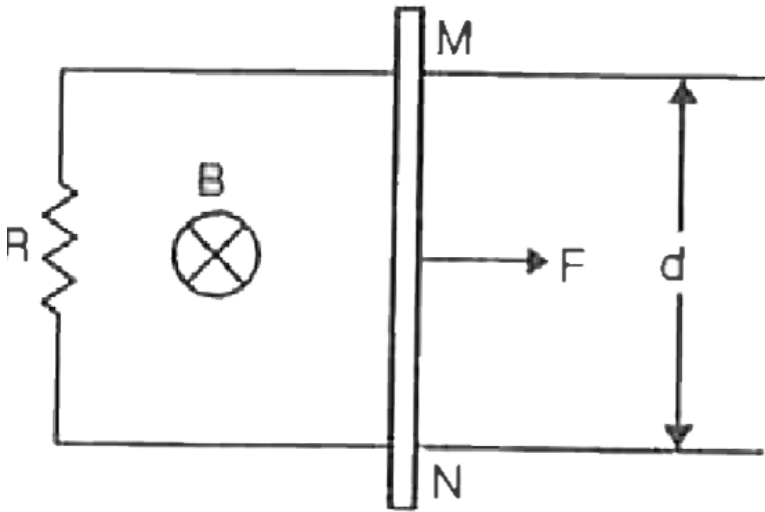


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10. Two long parallel horizontal rails, a distance d apart and each having a resistance λ per unit length are jointed at one end by a resistance R . A perfectly

conducting rod MN of mass m is free to slide along the rails. A variable force F is applied to the rod MN, such that, as the rod moves, a constant current i flows through R .

(a) Find the velocity v and the force F as function of the function of the distance x of the rod from R .

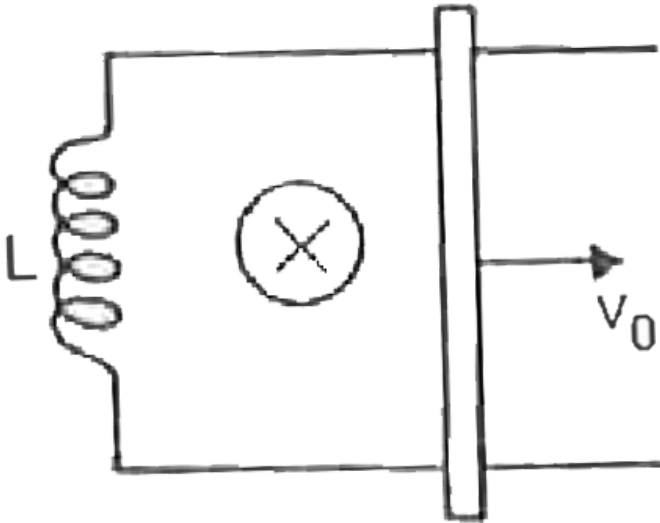


(b) What fraction η of the work done by F per second is converted into heat?



11. A rod of length l and mass m rests on two smooth parallel conductors shorted at one end by an inductor L and open at the end. The circuit is in a uniform field B perpendicular to the plane. The conductor is suddenly imparted an initial velocity V_0 direction to the right. Show that the motion is simple harmonic. Find its angular frequency and

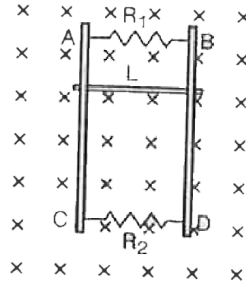
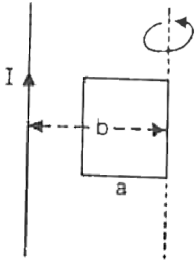
amplitude .



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12. A square frame with side $a=5$ cm and a , long straight conductor carrying steady current $I=5$ A are located in the same plane . The inductance and the resistance of the frame are $L=0.1$ mH and $R = 1\Omega$.

The frame is turned suddenly through 180 about the side parallel to the conductor which is at a distance $b=10\text{ cm}$.Find the charge through the frame .



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13. Two parallel vertical metallic rails AB and CD are separated by $l=1\text{ m}$. They are connected at the ends by resistance R_1 and R_2 as show in the figure .

A horizontal metallic bar L of mass $m=0.2\text{ kg}$ slides without friction vertically down the rails under the

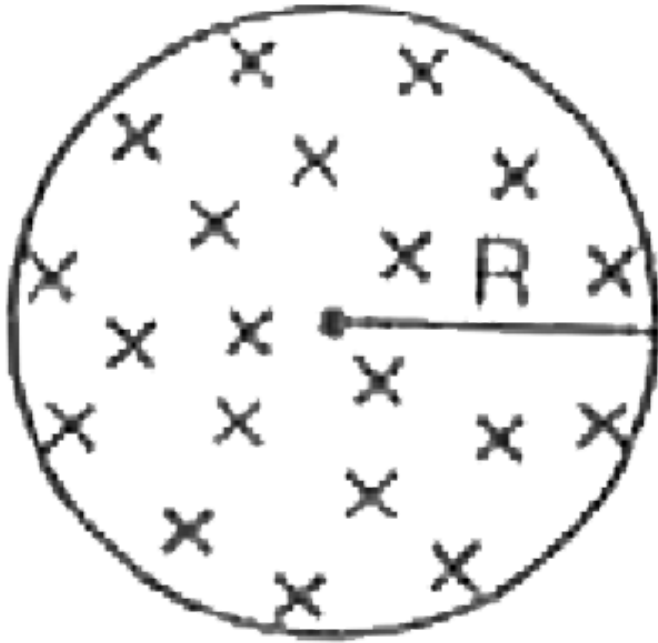
action of gravity . These is a unifrom horizontal magnetic field of a $B = 0.6T$ perpendicular to the plane to rails . It is observed that when the termainal velocity is attained , the power dissipated in R_1 and R_2 are $P_1 = 0.76W$ and $P_2 = 1.2W$ respectively . Find the terminal velocity of bar L and the values of R_1 and R_2



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14. A cylinder space of radius R is filled with a unifrom magnetic induction a parallel to the axis of the space . If B change at the rate .Find the electric

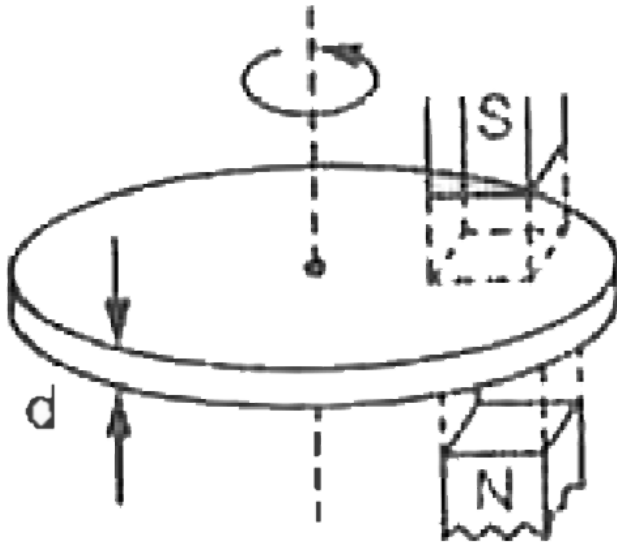
field at a distance (i) $r < R$ (ii) $r > R$



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15. An electromagnetic eddy current brake consists of a disc of conductivity σ and thickness d rotating about axis through its centre between rectangular

poles of face area A at a distance from the centre from the centre . Calculate the torque tending to show down the disc .



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16. A solenoid has an inductance of 10 H and a resistance $R = 5\Omega$. It is connected to a 10 V battery

. How long will be it take for the magnetic energy to reach $\frac{1}{4}$ of its maximum value ?



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17. In the circuits show

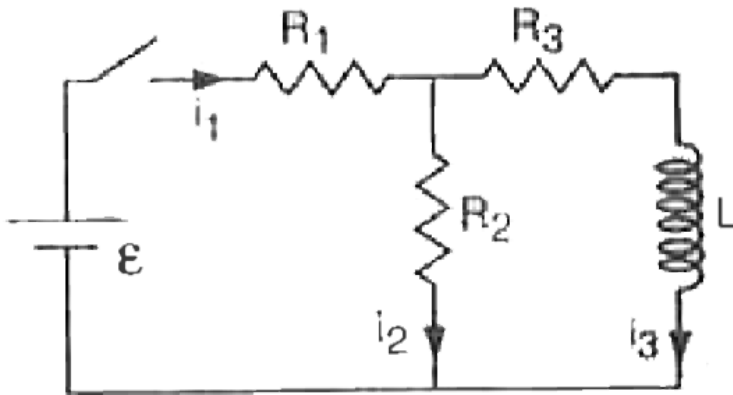
$\varepsilon = 15V$, $R_1 = 1\Omega$, $R_2 = 1\Omega$, $R_3 = 2\Omega$ and $L = 15H$

. Find the current i_1, i_2, i_3 (i) immediately after the switch is closed (ii) immediately after the opening from the closed position (iii) sufficiently long after , the switch is opened from the closed position,



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18. A semicircular wire of radius $R = 20 \text{ cm}$ rotates in its own plane about one end with angular velocity $\omega = 10 \text{ rad/s}$ in uniform magnetic field $B = 5 \text{ mT}$ perpendicular into the plane of the wire. Find the voltage developed between the ends of the wire.



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