



PHYSICS

BOOKS - DHANPAT RAI & CO PHYSICS (HINGLISH)

Physical world

Problem

1. if the velocity of light c , the constant of gravitation G and planks, constant h be chosen os fundamentad units , find the dimensions of mass , length and time in terms of c , G and h .

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2. The velocity of a freely falling body changes as $g^p h^q$ where g is acceleration due to gravity and h is the height. The values of p and q are

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3. A gas bubble , from an explosion under water , oscillates with a period T proportional in $P^a D^b E^c$, where p is the static pressure , d is the density of water and E is the total energy of the explosion . Find the value of a , b and c .

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4. A small steel ball of radius r is allowed to fall under gravity through a column of a viscous liquid of coefficient of viscosity η . After some time the velocity of the ball attains a constant value known as terminal velocity v_T . The terminal velocity depends on (i) the mass of the ball m (ii) η , (iii) r and (iv) acceleration due to gravity g . Which of the following relations is dimensionally correct?

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5. Derive dimensionally the relation : $S = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$.



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6. Assuming that the vibration frequency ν of atoms in a crystal depends on the atomic mass m , the atomic spacing α and compressibility β , find an expression for frequency.



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7. The pressure on a square plate is measured by measuring the force on the plate and the length of the sides of the plate. If the maximum error in the measurement of force and length are, respectively, 4% and 2%. Find the maximum error in the measurement of pressure.



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8. An experiment measures quantities a , b , c and X is calculated from the formula

$$X = \frac{ab^2}{c^3}$$

If the percentage errors in a , b , c are $\pm 1\%$, $\pm 3\%$, $\pm 2\%$ respectively, the percentage error in X can be



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9. The specific heats of a gas are measured as $C_p = (12.28 \pm 0.2)$ units and $C_v = (3.97 \pm 0.3)$ units. Find the value of gas constant R and percentage error in R .



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10. The heat generated in a circuit is given by $Q = I^2 R t$, where I is current, R is resistance, and t is time. If the percentage errors in measuring I , R , and t are 2% , 1% , and 1% , respectively, then the maximum error in measuring heat will be



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Problem For Self Practice

1. Write the order of magnitude of the following :

(i) 8 (ii) 49 (iii) 52 (iv) 999 (v) 1001 (vi) 753000 (vii) 0.05 (viii) 0.99



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2. What is one astronomical unit ? Express it in metres . Write its order of magnitude .



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3. What is the order of magnitude of second in a day ?



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4. IF the size of an atom ($= 1\text{\AA}$) were enlarged to the tip of a sharp pin ($\cong 10^{-5}m$), how large would the height of mount everest ($\cong 10^4m$) be?



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5. If an atom of size $10^{-10}m$ were enlarged to the size of the earth ($\cong 10^7m$), how large would its nucleus be ? Take size of nucleus $= 10^{-14}m$.



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6. if the universe were shrunk to the size, of earth, how large would the earth be on this scale?



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7. A 35 mm wide slide with $24 \text{ mm} \times 36 \text{ mm}$ picture is projected on a screen placed 12 cm from the slide. The image of the slide picture on the screen measures $1.0 \text{ m} \times 1.5 \text{ m}$. What is the linear magnification of the arrangement ?



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8. In a submarine fitted with a SONAR, the time between the generation of an ultrasonic wave and the receipt of its echo is 200 s. What is the distance of the enemy submarine ? The speed of the sound in water is 1.450 km s^{-1}



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9. A radar signal is beamed towards a planet and its echo is received 7 minutes later. If the distance between the planet and earth is $6.3 \times 10^{10} \text{ m}$, calculate the speed of the signal.



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10. A rock under water is 1595 m deep. Find the time in which an ultrasonic signal returns after reflection from the rock. Speed of ultrasonic waves in water = 1450 m/s .



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11. The angle of elevation of the top of a hill is 30° from a point on the ground. On walking 1 km towards the hill, angle is found to be 45° . Calculate the height of the hill.



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12. Find the distance of the moon from the earth if the parallactic angle as measured from two places located $6.4 \times 10^6\text{ m}$ apart is 1° .



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13. The parallax of a heavenly body measured from two points diametrically opposite on equator of earth is 1.0 minutes. If the radius of the earth is 6400 m, find the distance of the heavenly body from the centre of the earth in AU. Given $1AU = 1.5 \times 10^{11}m$.



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14. The angular diameter of the sun is $1920''$. If the distance of the sun from the earth is $1.5 \times 10^{11}m$, what is the linear diameter of the sun ?



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15. The moon is observed from two diametrically opposite points A and B on earth. The angle θ subtended at the moon by the two directions of observation is $1^\circ 54'$. Given the diameter of earth to be about 1.276×10^7m , calculate the distance of moon from earth.



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16. The radius of a muonic hydrogen atom is $2.5 \times 10^{-13}m$. What is the total atomic volume in m^3 of a mole of such hydrogen atom.



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17. A drop of olive oil of radius 0.3 mm spreads into a rectangular film of $30cm \times 15cm$ on the water surface. Calculate the size of the oil molecule.



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18. Consider a white dwarf and a neutron star each of one solar mass. The radius of the white dwarf is same as that of the earth ($=6400km$) and the radius of the neutron star is 10 km. Determine the densities of the two types of the stars. Take mass of the sun $= 2.0 \times 10^{30}kg$.



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19. A neutron star has a density equal to that of nuclear matter ($\cong 2.8 \times 10^{17} \text{ kg m}^{-3}$). Assuming the star to be spherical, find the radius of the neutron star whose mass is $4.0 \times 10^{30} \text{ kg}$.



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20. Assume that the mass of the nucleus is given by $M = Am_p$, where A is the mass number and radius of a nucleus $r = r_0 A^{1/3}$, where $r_0 = 1.2 \text{ fm}$. Estimate the density of the nuclear matter in kg m^{-3} . Given $m_p = 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$.



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21. Find the number of seconds in 1 year. Express them in order magnitude.



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22. Human heart beats one in 0.8s. Calculate how many times the human heart beats in the life of a person of 60 years.



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23. Two atomic clocks allowend to run for a average life of an indian (say 70 years) differ by 0.2 s only. Calculate the accuracy of standard atomic clock in measuring a time interval of 1 sec.



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24. If two celsium clocks differ only by 0.02 s in 200 yaers, what is the accuracy of cesium clock in measuring time intervals ?



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25. Age of the universe is about 10^{10} years whereas the mankind has existed for 10^6 years. How many seconds would the man have existed if

age of universe were one day.



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26. Deduce dimensional formulae for (i) angle (ii) angular velocity (iii) angular acceleration (iv) torque (v) angular momentum and (vi) moment of inertia.



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27. Obtain dimensions of (i) impulse (ii) power (iii) surface energy (iv) coefficient of viscosity (v) bulk modulus (vi) force constant.



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28. By the use of dimensions, show that energy per unit volume is equal to pressure.



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29. Show that angular momentum has the same dimensions as the Planck's constant.



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30. If force (F), length(L) and time (T) as chosen as the fundamental quantities, then what would be the dimensional formula for the density?



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31. Calculate the dimensions of the force and impulse taking velocity, density and frequency as basic quantities.



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32. Calculate the dimensions of linear momentum and surface tension in terms of velocity (v), density (ρ) and frequency (V) as fundamental units.



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33. If E , M , J , and G , respectively, denote energy, mass, angular momentum, and gravitational constant, then EJ^2/M^5G^2 has the dimensions of



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34. If 'slap' times speed equals power, what is the dimensional formula for 'slap'?



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35. By the method of dimensions, show that $1N = 10^5$ dynes .



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36. The value of acceleration due to gravity at a place is $9.8ms^{-2}$. Find its value in kmh^{-2}



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37. Suppose the acceleration due to gravity at a place is $10\frac{m}{s^2}$. Find its value in $cm / (min\ ute)^2$.



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38. A body has a uniform acceleration of $5\ kmh^{-2}$. Express it in CGS units.



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39. The density of mercury is 13.6 g cm^{-3} in CGS system. Find its value in SI units.



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40. The surface tension of water is 72 dyne/cm . Express it in SI units.



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41. An electric bulb has a power of 500 W . Express it in CGS units.



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42. If the value of atmospheric pressure is $10^6 \text{ dyne cm}^{-2}$, find its value in SI units.



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43. The value of Stefan's constant is $\sigma = 5.76 \times 10^{-8} Js^{-1}m^{-2}K^{-4}$.

Find its value in cgs system.



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44. Find the value of 100 J on a system which has 20 cm, 250g and half minute as fundamental units of length, mass and time.



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45. If the unit of force energy and velocity are 20 N, 200J and 5m//s, find the units of mass, length and time.



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46. When 1m, 1kg and 1min. Are taken as the fundamental units, the magnitude of force is 36 units. What will be the value of this force is CGS system?



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47. If the units of length and force be increased three times, show that the unit of energy is increased by 9 times.



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48. If velocity of light is taken as the unit of velocity and an year is taken as the unit of time, what is the unit of length? What is it called?



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49. Test the dimensional consistency of the following equations :

$$(i) v = u + at \quad (ii) v^2 = u^2 + 2as \quad (iii) E = mc^2 \quad (iv) \frac{1}{2}mv^2 =$$



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50. Use principle of homogeneity of dimensions to find which one of the following relations is correct : (i) $T^2 = 4\pi^2 r^2$

(ii) $T^2 = \frac{4\pi^2 r^3}{G}$

(iii) $T^2 = \frac{4\pi^2 r^3}{GM}$



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51. A student conclude that the velocity v of a body falling freely under gravity from a height is equal to \sqrt{gh} . Using the method of dimensions, verify whether his conclusion is correct.



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52. The viscous force ' F ' acting on a small sphere of radius ' r ' moving with velocity v through the liquid is given by $F = 6\pi nrv$. Calculate the dimensions of n , the coefficient of viscosity.



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53. The dimensions of ' k ' in the relation $V = k a v t$ (where V is the volume of a liquid passing through any point in time t , ' a ' is area of cross section, v is the velocity of the liquid) is



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54. The critical velocity (v) of flow of a liquid through a pipe of radius (r) is given by $v = \frac{\eta}{\rho r}$ where ρ is density of liquid and η is coefficient of viscosity of the liquid. Check if the relation is correct dimensionally.



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55. The rate of flow (V) of a liquid flowing through a pipe of radius r and pressure gradient (P/l) is given by Poiseuille's equation $V = \frac{\pi}{8} \frac{P r^4}{\eta l}$. Check the dimensional correctness of this relation.



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56. Test if the following equations are dimensionally correct: (a)

$$h = \frac{2S \cos \theta}{\rho r g} \quad (b) \nu = \sqrt{\frac{P}{\rho}}, \quad (c) V = \frac{\pi P r^4 t}{8 \eta l}, \quad (d) v = \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{\sqrt{mgl}}{I} \quad \text{where}$$

h = height, S = surface tension, ρ = density, P = pressure, V = volume, η = coefficient of viscosity, ν = frequency and I = moment of inertia.



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57. The time period of a compound pendulum is given by

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{I}{mgl}}$$

where I = moment of inertia about the centre of the suspension,
 g = acceleration due to gravity, m = mass of the pendulum
 l = distance of the centre of the gravity from the centre of the suspension



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58. Find the dimensions of the quantity q from the expression

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{ml^3}{3Yq}}, \quad \text{where } T \text{ is time period of a bar of length } l, \text{ mass } m \text{ and}$$

Young's modulus Y .

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59. An artificial satellite of mass m is revolving in a circular orbit around a planet of mass M and radius R . If the radius of the orbit of satellite be r , then period of satellite is

$$T = \frac{2\pi}{R} \sqrt{\frac{r^3}{g}}$$

Justify the relation using the method of dimensions.

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60. Check by the method of dimensions, the formula $v = \frac{1}{\lambda} \sqrt{\frac{K}{d}}$, where v is velocity of longitudinal waves, λ is wavelength of wave, K is coefficient of volume elasticity and d is density of the medium.

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61. Check the correctness of the equation : $y = a \sin(\omega t + \phi)$, where y = displacement , a = amplitude , ω = angular frequency and ϕ is an angle .



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62. Find the dimension of (a/b) in the equation : $v = a + bt$, where v is velocity and t is time



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63. Write the dimensions of $a \times b$ in the relation $E = \frac{b - x^2}{at}$, where E is the energy , x is the displacement , and t is the time.



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64. The dimension of $\frac{a}{b}$ in the equation $p = \frac{a - t^{-2}}{bx}$ where P is pressure, x is distance and t is time are -----?

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Based On Deriving Relationship

1. The wavelength λ associated with a moving electron depends on its mass m , its velocity v and Planck's constant h . Prove dimensionally that

$$\lambda \propto \frac{h}{mv}.$$

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2. Obtain an expression for the centripetal force F acting on a particle of mass m moving with velocity v in a circle of radius r . Take dimensionless constant $K = 1$.

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3. The orbital velocity v of a satellite may depend on its mass m , the distance r from the centre of the earth and acceleration due to gravity g .

Obtain an expression for its orbital velocity .



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4. A small spherical ball of radius r falls with velocity v through a liquid having coefficient of viscosity η . find viscous drag F on the ball if it depends on r, v, η . Take $K = 6\pi$



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5. The velocity of a freely falling body is a function of the distance fallen through (h) and acceleration due to gravity g . Show by the method of dimensions that $v = K\sqrt{gh}$.



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6. Using the method of dimensions , derive an expressions for the energy of a body executing SHM , assuming this energy depends upon its mass m

, frequency ν and amplitude of vibration r .



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7. A body of mass m hung at one end of the spring executes simple harmonic motion . The force constant of a spring is k while its period of vibration is T . Prove by dimensional method that the equation $T = 2\pi m / k$ is correct. Derive the correct equation , assuming that they are related by a power law.



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8. Assuming that the critical velocity of flow of a liquid through a narrow tube depends on the radius of the tube, density of the liquid and viscosity of the liquid, find an expression for critical velocity.



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9. By the method of dimensions, obtain an expression for the surface tension S of a liquid rising in a capillary tube. Assume that S depends on mass m of liquid, Pressure p of liquid and radius r of the capillary tube. Take $K = 1/2$.



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10. The depth x to which a bullet penetrates a human body depends on (i) coefficient of elasticity, η and (ii) KE (E_k) of the bullet, By the method of dimensions, show that

$$x \propto \left(\frac{E_k}{\eta} \right)^{1/3}$$



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11. A U - tube of uniform cross section contains mercury upto a height h in either limb. The mercury in one limb is depressed a little and then

released. Obtain an expression for time period (T) of oscillation, assuming that T depends on h, ρ and g , where ρ is density of mercury.



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12. The critical angular velocity ω_c of a cylinder inside another cylinder containing a liquid at which its turbulence occurs depends on viscosity η density ρ and distance d between wall of the cylinder. Obtain an expression for ω_c using method of dimensions.



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Based On Significant

1. State the number of significant figures in the following

(i)

2.653×10^4 (ii) 0.00368 (iii) 653 (iv) 0.368 (v) 0.0300 (vi) 876.00



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2. State the number of significant figures in the following measurements :

(i)

$0.009m^2$ (ii) $5.049Nm^{-2}$ (iii) $0.1890gcm^{-3}$ (iv) $1.90 \times 10^{11}kg$ (v)



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3. Round off the following numbers as indicated :

(i) 15.654 upto 3 digits (ii) 15.75 upto 3 digits (iii) 15.654 upto 4 digits (iv) 15.65 upto 3 digits (v) 142667 upto 5 digits (vi) 5.996×10^5 upto 3 digits . (vii) 0.7995 upto 1 digit (viii) 2.5946×10^{-4} upto 2 digits .



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4. Solve the following to the appropriate number of significant figures :

(i) $0.58 + 324.65$

(ii) 3.124×4.576

(iii)
$$\frac{324 \times 0.08666}{5.006}$$

$$\frac{1.35 \times 10^{-6} \times 0.4}{5.6}$$

$$(v) \frac{2.03 \times 10^{-5} \times 3.5 \times 10^{-7}}{0.6423}$$

$$(vi) \sqrt{3.5 - 3.31}$$



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5. (a). Add $3.8 \times 10^{-6} \rightarrow 4.2 \times 10^{-5}$ with due regard to significant figures.

(b). Subtract 3.2×10^{-6} from 4.7×10^{-4} with regard to significant figures.

(c). Subtract 1.5×10^3 from 4.8×10^4 with due regard to significant figures.



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6. (a). Add $3.8 \times 10^{-6} \rightarrow 4.2 \times 10^{-5}$ with due regard to significant figures.

(b). Subtract 3.2×10^{-6} from 4.7×10^{-4} with regard to significant figures.

(c). Subtract 1.5×10^3 from 4.8×10^4 with due regard to significant figures.



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7. A jeweller puts a diamond weighing 5.42g in a box weighing 1.2kg. Find the total weight of the box and the diamond to correct number of significant figures.



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8. The mass of a box measured by a grocer's balance is 4.2 kg . Two additional masses 10.20 g and 15.25 g are added to the box . What is the total mass of the box ?



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9. The length , breadth and thickness of a metal block are 4.327m , 2.825m and 4.32 cm respectively . Calculate its (i) surface area and (ii) volume and express the results to an appropriate number of significant figures .



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10. The diameter of a circle is 2.486 m . Calculate the area with due regard to significant figures.



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11. The diameter of a sphere is 4.24 m . Calculate its surface area with due regard to significant figures .



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12. The diameter of a sphere is 2.78 m . Calculate its volume with due regard to significant figures .



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13. Each side of a cube is measured to be 7.203 m . What is (i) the total surface area and (ii) the volume of the cube to appropriate significant figures ?



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14. A thin wire has a length of 21.7 cm and radius 0.46 mm. Calculate the volume of the wire to correct significant figures.



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15. A substance weight 5.74 g occupies a volume of 1.2cm^3 . Calculate its density with due regard to significant digits.



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Based On Errors In Measurements

1. The diameter of a wire as measured by a screw gauge was found to be 0.026 cm, 0.028 cm, 0.029 cm, 0.027 cm, 0.024 cm and 0.027 cm. Calculate

(i) mean value of diameter

(ii) mean absolute error

(iii) relative error (iv) percentage error. Also express the result in terms of absolute error and percentage error.



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2. The refractive index of water as measured by the relation $\mu = \frac{\text{Real depth}}{\text{Apparent depth}}$ was found to have the values 1.29, 1.33, 1.34, 1.35, 1.32, 1.36, 1.30, 1.33.

Calculate (i) mean value of μ (ii) mean value of absolute error (iii) relative error (iv) percentage error .



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3. In an experiment to measure focal length of a concave mirror , the value of focal length in successive observations turns out to be 17.3 cm , 17.8 cm , 18.3 cm , 18.2 cm , 17.9 cm and 18.0 cm . Calculate the mean absolute error and percentage error . Express the result in a proper way .



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Based On Combination

1. The length of two rods are recorded as $l_1 = (25.2 \pm 0.1)$ cm and $l_2 = (16.8 \pm 0.1)$ cm . Find their combined length .



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2. Two resistance $(200 \pm 4)\Omega$ and $(150 \pm 3)\Omega$ are connected in series .

What is their equivalent resistance ?



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3. The initial and final temperature of water were recorded as $(56.3 \pm 0.4)^\circ C$ and $(27.5 \pm 0.3)^\circ C$. Determine the fall in the temperature of water .



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4. If $l_1 = (10.0 \pm 0.1)$ cm and $l_2 = (9.0 \pm 0.1)$ cm , find the their sum , difference and error in each .



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5. A capacitor $C = (2.0 \pm 0.1)\mu F$ is charged to a voltage $V = (20 \pm 0.5)$ volt. Calculate the charge Q with error limits.



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6. The resistance R of a conductor is definend as the ratio of the potential difference applied across it to the current flowing through ti . If $V = (100 \pm 5)V$ and $I = (5 + 0.1) A$, what is the percentage error in R ?



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7. The relative density of a material is found by weighing the body first in air and then in water . If the weight in air is $(10.0 \pm 0.1)gf$ and the weight in water is $(5.0 \pm 0.1)gf$, then the maximum permissible percentage error in relative density is



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8. The length and breadth of a rectangular block are 25.2 cm and 16.8 cm, which have both been measured to an accuracy of 0.1 cm find the area of the rectangular block.



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9. While measuring the volume of a sphere , an error of 1.2 % is committed in the measurement of radius . What percent error is introduced in the measurement of its volume ?



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10. The voltage across a lamp is $(6.0 \pm 0.1)V$ and the current passing through it is (4.0 ± 0.2) ampere. Find the power consumed by the lamp.



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11. The radius of a sphere is measured to be (2.1 ± 0.5) cm. Calculate its surface area with error limits .



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12. The radius of a sphere is $(5.3 \pm 0.1)\text{cm}$. The percentage error in its volume is



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13. The measure of the diameter of a cylinder is (1.60 ± 0.01) cm and its length is (5.0 ± 0.1) cm . Calculate the percentage error in its volume .

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14. The measured mass and volume of a body are 2.00 g and 5.0cm^3 respectively . With possible errors of 0.01 g and 0.1cm^3 , what would be the percent error in density ?

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15. Two resistance R_1 and R_2 are connected in (i) series and (ii) parallel. What is the equivalent resistance with limit of possible percentage error in each case of $R_1 = 5.0 \pm 0.2\Omega$ and $R_2 = 10.0 \pm 0.1\Omega$

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16. A body travels uniformly a distance of $(13.8 \pm 0.2)\text{m}$ in a time $(4.0 \pm 0.3)\text{s}$. Find the velocity of the body within error limits and the percentage error.

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17. The centripetal force acting on a body of mass m moving with speed v along a circular path of radius r is given by

$$F = \frac{mv^2}{r}$$

If the values of m , v and r are measured as 0.5 kg , 10 ms^{-1} and 0.4 m respectively to the accuracies of 0.005 kg , 0.01 ms^{-1} and 0.01 m respectively, calculate the percentage error in the force acting on the body.



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18. The period of oscillation of a simple pendulum is $T = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{L}{g}}$. L is about 10 cm and is known to 1 mm accuracy. The period of oscillation is about 0.5 s . The time of 100 oscillation is measured with a wrist watch of 1 s resolution. What is the accuracy in the determination of g ?



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19. Calculate the percentage error in specific resistance , $\rho = \pi r^2 R / l$, where r = radius of wire $= 0.26 \pm 0.02 \text{ cm}$, l = length of wire $= 156.0 \pm 0.1 \text{ cm}$, and R = resistance of wire $= 64 \pm 2 \Omega$.



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20. The Young's modulus Y is determined by stretching a wire by using the formula ,

$$Y = \frac{4FL}{\pi d^2 l}$$

where F is the stretching force , L is length of wire , l is extension in length and d is its diameter . If F is of the order of 500 N and known to 1 part in 1000 L , is of the order of 3 m and measured with an accuracy of 1 mm , l is of the order of 5 mm measured to 0.1 mm and d is of the order of 1 mm measured correct upto 0.01 mm , estimate the percentage error in the measurement of Y .



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21. A physical quantify X is related to three observations a , b, c as $X = \sqrt{ab^2/c^2}$. The errors of measurement in a ,b and c are 2 % , 1 % and 3 % respectively . What is the percentage error in the quantity X ?



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Example

1. Write the order of magnitude of the following measurements:

(i) 25,710,000 m

(ii) 0. 00000521 kg



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2. Express 1 light year in terms of metre. What is its order of magnitude?



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3. Express 1 parsec in terms of meters . What its order of magnitude .



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4. A student measures the thickness of a human hair by looking at it through a microscope of magnification 100. He makes 20 observations and finds that the average width of the hair in the field of view of the microscope is 3.5mm. What is his estimate on the thickness of hair?



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5. If the size of a nucleus ($\approx 10^{-15}m$) is scaled up to the tip of a sharp pin ($\approx 10^{-5}m$), what roughly is the size of an atom?



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6. The photograph of a house occupies an area of $1.7cm^2$ on a 35 slide. The slide is projected on to a screen, and the area of the house on the

screen is $1.55m^2$ What is the linear magnification of the projector screen arrangement?



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7. What is the distance in km of a quasar from which light takes 3.0 billion years to reach us ?



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8. A SONAR (sound navigation and ranging) uses ultrasonic waves to detect and locate objects under water. In a submarine equipped with a SONAR, the time delay between generation of a probe wave and the reception of its echo after reflection from an enemy submarine is found to be 77.0 s. What is the distance of the enemy submarine ? (speed of sound in water $= 1450ms^{-1}$)



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9. A laser light beamed at the moon takes $2.56s$ to return after reflection at the moon's surface. How much is the radius of the lunar orbit around the earth?



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10. The shadow of a tower standing on a level plane is found to be 50m longer when sun's altitude is 30° than when it is 60° . Find the height of tower.



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11. The moon subtends an angle of 57 minutes at the base line equal to radius of earth. What is the distance of moon from earth. Given radius of earth is 6400 km.



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12. When planet Jupiter is at a distance of 824.7 million km from earth, its angular diameter is measured to be $35.72''$ of arc. Calculate the diameter of Jupiter.



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13. It is a well known fact that during a total solar eclipses the disc of the moon almost completely covers the disc of the sun. From this fact and from the information you can gather from Solved Examples 3 and 4 on page 1//44, determine the approximate diameter of the moon.



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14. The nearest star to our solar system is 4.29 light years away. How much is this distance in terms of par sec ? How much parallax would this star show when viewed from two locations of the earth six months apart in its orbit around the sun?



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15. The radius of a hydrogen atom is about 0.5\AA . What is the total atomic volume in m^3 of a mole of hydrogen atoms ?



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16. One mole of an ideal gas at NTP occupies 22.4 liters (molar volume). What is the ratio of molar volume to atomic volume to atomic volume of a mole of hydrogen ? Take size of hydrogen molecule to be 1\AA . Why is this ratio so large?



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17. A drop of olive oil of radius 0.25 mm spreads into a circular film of diameter 20cm on the water surface. Estimate the size of the oil molecule.



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18. The sun is a hot plasma (ionised matter) with its inner core at a temperature exceeding 10^7 K, and its outer surface at a temperature of about 6000K. At such high temps, no substance remains in a solid or liquid phase. In what range do you expect the mass density of the sun to be? In the range of densities of solids, liquids or gases ? Check if your guess is correct from the following data : mass of sun $= 2.0 \times 10^{30} \text{ kg}$, radius of the sun $= 7.0 \times 10^8 \text{ m}$



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19. Estimate the average atomic mass density of a sodium atom, assuming its size to be 2.5 \AA . Compare it with density of sodium in its crystalline phase (970 kg m^{-3}). Are the two densities of the same order of magnitude ? If so, why ?



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20. The unit of length convenient on nuclear scale is a fermi, $1f = 10^{-15}m$. Nuclear sizes obey roughly the following empirical relation : $r = r_0 A^{1/3}$, where r is radius of the nucleus and r_0 is a constant equal to 1.2 f. show that the rule implies that nuclear mass density is nearly constant for different nuclei. Estimate the mass density of sodium nucleus. Compare it with average mass density of sodium atom is $Q. 27 (4.67 \times 10^3 kg/m^3)$.



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21. The average life of an Indian is 56 years .Find the number of times the human heart beats in the life of an Indian ,if the heart beats once in 0.8 s.



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22. It is claimed that two cesium clocks, if allowed to run for 100 years, free from any disturbance, may differ by only about 0.02s. What does this

imply for the accuracy of the standard cesium clock in measuring a time interval of 1s ?



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23. The mean life of an elementary particle pion is 2×10^{-7} ns. The age of the univers is about 4×10^9 years. Identify a physically meaning time that is approximately half way between these two on a logarithmic scale.



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24. Deduce the dimensinal formulae for the ollowing physical quantites:
Graviatinal constant (ii) Powr (iii) Young's modulus (iv) Coeffcient of viscosity (v) Surface tension (vi) Planck,s constant .



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25. Deduce the dimensional formulae for the following physical quantities:

(i) Heat (ii) Specific heat (iii) Latent heat (iv) Gas constant (v) Boltzmann's constant (vi) Coefficient of thermal conductivity (vii) Mechanical equivalent of heat .



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26. Find the dimensional formulae of (i) charge (ii) potential (iii) resistance (iv) capacitance.



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27. Name the physical quantities whose dimensional formulae are as follows:

(i) ML^2T^{-2} (ii) ML^2T^{-3} (iii) MT^{-2} (iv) $ML^{-1}T^{-1}$ (v) $ML^{-1}T^{-2}$,



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28. Taking velocity , time and force as the fundamental quantities , find the dimension of mass .



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29. If density (D), acceleration due to gravity (g) and frequency (v) are taken as base quantities , find the dimensions of force.



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30. If C (the velocity of light) g , (the acceleration due to gravity), P (the atmospheric pressure) are the fundamental quantities in MKS system , then the dimensions of length will be same as that of



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31. Number of particles is given by $n = -D \frac{n_2 - n_1}{x_2 - x_1}$ crossing a unit area perpendicular to X-axis in unit time, where n_1 and n_2 are number of

particles per unit volume for the value of x meant to x_2 and x_1 . Find dimensions of D called as diffusion constant



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32. Fill in the blanks by suitable conversion of units :

(a) $1\text{kgm}^2\text{s}^{-2} = \text{gcm}^2\text{s}^{-2}$ (b) $1\text{m} = \dots\dots \text{Light year}$ (c)

$3\text{ms}^{-2} = \dots\dots \text{Kmh}^{-2}$

(d) $G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{Nm}^2\text{kg}^{-2} = \dots\dots \text{cm}^3\text{s}^{-2}\text{g}^{-1}$



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33. The value fo universal gravitationla constant G in CGS system is $6.67 \times 10^{-8} \text{dyne cm}^2\text{g}^{-2}$. Its value in SI system is



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34. Convert an energy of 1 joule into ergs.

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35. Find the value of 60 J per min on a system that has 100g, cm and 1 min. as the base units.

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36. A calorie is a unit of heat or energy and it equals about $4.2J$, where $1J = 1kgm^2s^{-2}$. Suppose we employ a system of units in which the unit of mass equals αkg , the unit of length equals βm , the unit of time is γs . Show that a calorie has a magnitude $4.2\alpha^{-1}\beta^{-1}\gamma^2$ in terms of the new units.

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37. Relative density of an oil is 0.8. Find the absolute density of oil in CGS and SI units.

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38. The Young's modulus of steel is $1.9 \times 10^{11} Nm^{-2}$. Calculate its value in dyne cm^{-2} .

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39. The value of Stefan's constant is $\sigma = 5.76 \times 10^{-8} Js^{-1}m^{-2}K^{-4}$. Find its value in cgs system.

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40. A new unit of length is chosen such that the speed of light in vacuum is unity. What is the distance between the sun and the earth in terms of the new unit, if light takes 8 min and 20 sec. to cover the distance ?

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41. If the unit of force is 1 kN, unit of length 1 km and unit of time is 100s, what will be the unit of mass?



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42. If the fundamental units are the velocity of light in air ($3 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm s}^{-1}$), the acceleration due to gravity (981 cm s^{-1}), the density of mercury (13.6 g cm^{-3}), find the units of mass, length and time.



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43. Check the correctness of following equation by the method of dimensions :

$$S = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2.$$

where S is the distance covered by a body in time t, having initial velocity u and acceleration a.



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44. Check the correctness of the equation,

$$FS = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 - \frac{1}{2}\mu^2$$

where F is the force acting on a body of mass m and S is the distance moved by the body when its velocity changes from u to v .



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45. Check the correctness of the relation $\pi = I\alpha$ where π is torque acting on the body, I is moment of inertia and α is angular acceleration.



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46. Check the dimensional consistency of the following equations :

(i) de-Broglie wavelength, $\lambda = \frac{h}{mv}$ (ii) Escape velocity, $v = \sqrt{\frac{2GM}{R}}$.



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47. Check by the method of dimensions whether the following relations are true.

(i) $t = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{l}{g}}$, (ii) $v = \sqrt{\frac{P}{D}}$ where v = velocity of sound P =pressure

D =density of medium .

(iii) $n = \frac{1}{2l} = \sqrt{\frac{F}{m}}$ where n = frequency of vibration l =length of the string, F =stretching force m =mass per unit length of the string .



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48. By the method of dimensions, test the accuracy of the equation :

$\delta = \frac{mgl^3}{4bd^3Y}$ where δ is depression in the middle of a bar of length l ,

breadth b , depth d , when it is loaded in the middle with mass m . Y is

Young's modulus of material of the bar.



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49. The distance covered by a particle in time t is given by

$$x = a + bt + ct^2 + dt^3, \text{ find the dimensions of } a, b, c \text{ and } d.$$



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50. Write the dimensions of a/b in the relation $F = a\sqrt{x} + bt^2$ where F is force x is distance and t is time.



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51. Write the dimensions of a and b in the relation $P = \frac{(b-x)^2}{at}$ Where P is power, x is distance and t is time.



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52. In Vander Wall's equation $\left(P + \frac{a}{V^2}\right)(V - b) = RT$ What are the dimensions of a and b ? Here, P is pressure, V is volume, T is temperature

and R is gas constant.



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53. When white light travels through glass, the refractive index of glass (μ = velocity of light in air/velocity of light in glass) is found to vary with wavelength as $\mu = A + \frac{B}{\lambda^2}$. Using the principle of homogeneity of dimensions, Find the SI units in which the constants A and B expressed.



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54. Find the dimensions of the quantity v in the equation,

$$v = \frac{\pi p(a^2 - x^2)}{2\eta l}$$

where a is the radius and l is the length of the tube in which the fluid of coefficient of viscosity η is flowing, x is the distance from the axis of the tube and p is the pressure difference.



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55. A particles of mass m moving in a circle of radius r with uniform speed v . The force F acting on a particle is proportional to $m^a v^b r^c$. Find the values of a, b and c.



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56. In the equation $y = A \sin(\omega t - kx)$, obtain the dimensional formula of ω and k . Given x is distnace and t is time.



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57. A book with many printing errors contains four different formulae for the displacement y of a particle undergoing a certain periodic motion : (i) $y = a \frac{\sin(2\pi t)}{T}$ (ii) $y = a \sin vt$ (iii) $y = \frac{a}{T} \frac{\sin(t)}{a}$ (iv) $y = \frac{a}{\sqrt{2}} \left[\frac{\sin(2\pi t)}{T} + \frac{\cos(2\pi t)}{T} \right]$ Here, a is maximum displacement of particle, v is speed of particle, T is time period of motion. Rule out the wrong formulae on dimensinal grounds.



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58. A famous relation in physics relates the moving mass m to the rest mass m_0 of a particle in terms of its speed v and the speed of light c . (This relation first arose as a consequence of the special theory of relativity due to Albert Einstein). A body recalls the relation almost correctly but forgets where to put the constant c . He writes $m = \frac{m_0}{(1 - V^2)^{1/2}}$. Guess where to put the missing c .



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59. A man walking briskly in rain with speed v must slant his umbrella forward making an angle θ with the vertical. A student derives the following relation between θ and v :

$$\tan \theta = v$$

and checks that the relation has a correct limit: as $v \rightarrow 0$, $\theta \rightarrow 0$, as expected. (We are assuming there is no string wind and that the rains

falls vertically for a stationary man). Do you think this relation can be correct ? If not, guess at the correct relation .



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60. Derive an expression for time period (t) of a simple pendulum, which may depend upon : mass of bob (m), length of pendulum (l) and acceleration due to gravity(g).



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61. The velocity of water wave v may depend on their wavelength λ , the density of water ρ and the acceleration due to gravity g . The method of dimensions gives the relation between these quantities as



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62. The time period ' T ' of a body executing SHM may be supposed to depend upon (i) the amplitude ' A ' , (ii) the force constant ' k ' and (iii) the mass ' m ' . Deduce by the method of dimensions the formula for T .



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63. Assuming that the mass m of the largest stone that can be moved by a flowing river depends upon the velocity v , of water, its density ρ and acceleration due to gravity g , then m is directly proportional to



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64. The velocity of sound waves ' v ' through a medium may be assumed to depend on :

(i) the density of the medium ' d ' and (ii) the modulus of elasticity ' E ' .

Deduce by the method of dimensions the formula for the velocity of sound . Take dimensional constant $K=1$.



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65. The frequency of vibration (ν) of a string may depend upon length (l) of the string, tension (T) in the string and mass per unit length (m) of the string. Using the method of dimensions, derive the formula for ν .

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66. A planet moves around the sun in nearly circular orbit. Its period of revolution ' T ' depends upon :

- (i) radius ' r ' or orbit (ii) mass ' M ' of the sun and
- (iii) the gravitational constant G .

Show dimensionally that $T^2 \propto r^3$.

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67. Reynold number N_R a dimensionless quantity determines the condition of laminar flow of a viscous liquid through a pipe. N_R is a

function of density ρ of liquid, average speed v and coeff. Of viscosity η .
 Given that $N_R \propto D$, diameter of pipe. Show by the method of dimensions that $N_R \propto \frac{\rho v D}{\eta}$



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68. Derive by the method of dimensions, an expression for the volume of a liquid flowing out per second through a narrow pipe. Assume that the rate of flow of liquid depends on

- (i) the coefficient of viscosity η of the liquid
- (ii) the radius 'r' of the pipe and
- (iii) the pressure gradient $\frac{P}{l}$ along the pipe. Take $K = \frac{\pi}{8}$.



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69. The period of vibration of a tuning fork depends on the length l of its prong, density d and Young's modulus Y of the material. Deduce an expression for the period of vibration (T) using dimensional analysis.



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70. The frequency (V) of an oscillating drop may depend upon radius (r) of the drop, density (ρ) of liquid and the surface tension (S) of the liquid. Deduce the formula dimensionally.

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71. The rate of volume of flow of water (V) through a canal is found to be a function of the area of cross section A of the canal and velocity of water v . Show that the rate of volume flow is proportional to the velocity of flow of water.

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72. The escape velocity v of a body depends upon the acceleration due to gravity of the planet and the radius of the planet R . Establish dimensionally the relationship between v , g and R .

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73. State the number of significant figures in the following:

(i) 453.5 (ii) 53,000,000 (iii) 400.08

(iv) 0.000243 (v) 0.0650 (vi) 2.43×10^5

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74. State the number of significant figures in the following:

(i) $0.007m^2$ (ii) $2.64 \times 10^{24}kg$ (iii) $0.2370cm^{-3}$

(iv) 6.320J (v) $6.032nM^{-2}$ (vi) 0.0006032

(vii) 2.000m (viii) 5100kg (ix) 0.050cm.

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75. Round off the following numbers as indicated:

(i) 18.35 upto 3 digits (ii) 143.45 upto 4 digits

(iii) 18967 upto 3 digits (iv) 12.653 upto 3 digits

(v) 248337 upto 3 digits (vi) 321.135 upto 5 digits

(vii) 101.55×10^6 upto 4 digits (viii) 31.325×10^{-5} upto 4 digits.



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76. Add 7.21, 12.41 and 0.0028, and express the result to an appropriate number of significant figures.



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77. Subtract 4.27153 from 6.807 and express the result to an appropriate number of significant figures.



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78. Subtract 2.5×10^4 from 3.9×10^5 with due regard to significant figures.



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79. Subtract 2.5×10^6 from 4.0×10^4 with due regard to significant figures.



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80. Express the result of the following calculation to an appropriate number of significant figures:

(i) 943.00345 (ii) $\frac{3.24 \times 0.08666}{5.006}$.



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81. Solve the following and express the result to an appropriate number of significant figures:

(i) Add 6.2g, 4.33g, and 17.456g.

(ii) Subtract 63.54kg, from 187.2kg. (iii) $75.5 \times 125.2 \times 0.51$.

(iv) $\frac{2.13 \times 24.78}{458.2}$ (v) $\frac{2.51 \times 10^{-4} \times 1.81 \times 10^7}{0.4463}$



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82. The mass of a box measured by a grocer's balance is 2.300kg . Two gold pieces of masses 20.15 g and 20.17 g are added to the box. What is (a) the total mass of the box, (b) the difference in the masses of the pieces to correct significant figures?



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83. Each side of a cube is measured to be 6.203m . What is the total surface area and volume of the cube to appropriate significant figures?



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84. The length , breath and thickness of a metal sheet are 4.234m , 1.005m , and 2.01cm respectively then the volume of the sheet is



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85. The diameter of circle is 1.06m. Calculate the area enclosed by the circle in correct number of significant figures.



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86. The radius of a sphere is 1.41. its volume to an approping number of significant figure is



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87. The length and the radius of a cylinder measured with a slide cllipers re found to be 4.54 cm and 1.75 cm respectively. Calculate the volume of the cylinder.



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88. The mass of a body is 275.32g and its volume is 36.41cm^3 . Express its density upto appropriate significant figures.



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89. The radius of the earth is $6.37 \times 10^6\text{m}$ and its mass is $5.975 \times 10^{24}\text{kg}$. Find the earth's average density to appropriate significant figures.



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90. The length of a rod as measured in an experiment was found to be 2.48m, 2.46 m, 2.49 m, 2.50 m and 2.48m. Find the average length, absolute error in each observation and the percentage error.



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91. In successive measurement, the reading of the period of oscillation of a simple pendulum were found to be 2.63s, 2.56s, 2.71s and 2.80s in an experiment. Calculate (i) mean value of the period oscillation (ii) absolute error in each measurement (iii) mean absolute error (iv) relative error (v) percentage error and (vi) express the result in proper form.



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92. In an experiment the refractive index of glass was observed to be 1.45, 1.56, 1.54, 1.44, 1.54, and 1.53. Calculate

(a). Mean value of refractive index

(b). Mean absolute error

(c) Fractional error

(d) Percentage error

(e) Express the result in terms of absolute error and percentage error



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93. Two resistance $R_1 = 100 \pm 3\Omega$ and $R_2 = 200 \pm 4\Omega$ are connected in series. What is their equivalent resistance?



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94. Two differences masses are determined as (23.7 ± 0.5) g and (17.6 ± 0.3) g. What is the sum of their masses?



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95. The initial and final temperatures of a water bath are $(18 \pm 0.5)^\circ C$ and $(40 \pm 0.3)^\circ C$. What is the rise in temperature of the path



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96. A capacitor of capacitance $(2.0 \pm 0.1)\mu F$ is charged to a voltage $V = (2.0 \pm 0.2)$ volt. What will be the charge on the capacitor?



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97. The length and breadth of a rectangular block are 25.2 cm and 16.8 cm, which have both been measured to an accuracy of 0.1 cm find the area of the rectangular block.



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98. A force of (2500 ± 5) N is applied over an area of $(0.32 \pm 0.02)m^2$. Calculate the pressure exerted over the area.



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99. The resistance $R = \frac{V}{I}$, where $V = 100 \pm 5V$ and $I = 10 \pm 0.2A$. The pressure error in V is 5% and in I is 2%. What is the total percentage error in R ?



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100. If the error involved in the measurement of mass and length of one side of a cube are 4% and 3% respectively. What is the maximum permissible relative error in calculation of density of material of the cube?



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101. The error in the measurement of radius of a sphere of radius of a sphere is 2%. What would be the volume of sphere?



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102. The percentage errors in the measurement of mass and speed are 2% and 3% , respectively. How much will be the maximum error in the estimation of KE obtained by measuring mass and speed?



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103. the length, breadth and height of a rectangular block of wood were measured to be :

$$l = 12.13 \pm 0.02\text{cm}, b = 8.16 \pm .01\text{cm}, h = 3.46 \pm 0.01\text{cm}$$

Determine the percentage error in the volume of the block.



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104. To find the value of 'g' by using a simple pendulum, the following observations were made: Length of the thread, $l = (100 \pm 0.1)\text{cm}$ Time period of oscillation, $T = (2 \pm 0.1)\text{s}$ Calculate the maximum permissible in measurement of 'g' which quantity should be measured more accurately and why?

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105. A physical quantity P is related to four observables a , b , c and d as follows : $P = a^3 b^2 / (\sqrt{cd})$ The percentage errors of measurement in a , b , c , and d are 1 %, 3%, 4% and 2%, respectively. What is the percentage error in the quantity P ? If the value of P calculated using the above relation turns out to be 3.763, to what value should you round off the result ?

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106. In an experiment , the following observations were recorded:

$$L = 2.820m, M = 3.00kg, l = 0.087cm, \text{diameter}, D = 0.041cm.$$

Taking $g = 9.81ms^{-2}$ and using the formula , $Y = \frac{4MgL}{\pi D^2 l}$, find the maximum permissible error in Y .

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107. The specific resistance ρ of a thin wire of radius r cm, resistance R ohm and length L is given by $\rho = \frac{\pi r^2 R}{L}$. If $L = 78 \pm 0.01 \text{ cm}$, $r = 0.26 \pm 0.02$ and $R = 32 \pm 1 \Omega$, What is the percentage error in ρ ?



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108. 108 . If two resistors of resistances $R_1 = (4 \pm 0.5) \Omega$ and $R_2 = (16 \pm 0.5) \Omega$ are connected (i) in series and (ii) in parallel, find the equivalent resistance in each case with limits of percentage error.



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109. What is science?



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110. What are physical and biological sciences?



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111. What is scientific attitude?



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112. What is scientific method? Mention the various steps involved in it.



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113. What is scientific theory?



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114. Write any two observations in an activity which may suggest that a chemical reaction has taken place. Give an example in support of your answer.



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115. With the help of a suitable example, explain protandry.



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116. What is physics? What is the origin of the word physics? What is its Sanskrit equivalent?



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117. What are the two principal thrusts in Physics?



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118. The scope of physics covers almost



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119. Physics is a science of excitement. How?



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120. What are the reasons behind the large scale progress of physics in the last few centuries?



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121. Physics involves the study of



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122. The fate of a society is linked to the developments in physics. Explain.



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123. Name the four basic forces in nature. Arrange them in the order of their increasing strengths.



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124. What is gravitational force? Mention its important properties. Give some examples of gravitational force.



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125. What is electromagnetic force? Mention its important properties. Give some examples of the electromagnetic force.



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126. Electromagnetic waves in nature are



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127. Which of the following interactions is not a part of the van der Waals forces?



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128. What do you mean by strong nuclear force?



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129. Nuclear forces are.



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130. Among which type of elementary particles does the electromagnetic force act ?



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131. What are the basic characteristics of a modern landfill site. List any three and also mention the reasons for their use.



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132. What are conserved quantities?



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133. What is an isolated system ?



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134. State the law of conservation of energy. Give some examples in which this law is obeyed.



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135. State the law of conservation of linear momentum. Give some examples in which this law is obeyed.



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136. State the law of conservation of angular momentum. Give some examples in which this law is obeyed.



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137. State the law of conservation of charge. Give some examples in which this law is obeyed.



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138. Are conservation of mass and conservation of mechanical energy fundamental laws of nature?



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139. Why do we call Physics an exact science?



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140. Why is physics regarded as basic science?



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141. Why was science called natural philosophy in earlier days?



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142. Should a scientific discovery which has nothing but dangerous consequences for mankind be made public?



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143. Does imagination play any role in Physics?



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144. What is gravitational force?



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145. What is electromagnetic force?



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146. What is nuclear force?



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147. Discuss the relation of physics to chemistry.



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148. PHYSICS AND TECHNOLOGY



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149. What is the role of physics in your daily life?



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150. Some of the most profound statements on the nature of science have come from Albert Einstein, one of the greatest scientist of all time. What do you think did Einstein mean when he said : "The most incomprehensible thing about the world is that it is comprehensible"?



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151. 'Every great physical theory starts as a heresy and ends as a dogma'. Give some examples from the history of science of the validity of this incisive remark.



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152. It is often said that the world is witnessing now a second industrial revolution, Which will transform the society as radically as did the first. List some key contemporary area of science and technology, which are responsible for this revolution.



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153. Science, like any knowledge, can be put to good or bad use, depending on the user. Given below are some of the applications of science. Formulate your views on whether the particular application is good, bad or something that cannot be so clearly categorised :

Mass vaccination against small pox to curb and finally eradicate this disease from the population. (This has already been successfully done in India).

(b) Television for eradication of illiteracy and for mass communication of news and ideas.

(c) Prenatal sex determination

(d) Computers for increase in work efficiency

(e) Putting artificial satellites into orbits around the Earth

(f) Development of nuclear weapons

(g) Development of new and powerful techniques of chemical and biological warfare).

(h) Purification of water for drinking

(i) Plastic surgery

(f) Cloning



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(f) Cloning



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(i) Plastic surgery

(f) Cloning



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- (d) Computers for increase in work efficiency
- (e) Putting artificial satellites into orbits around the Earth
- (f) Development of nuclear weapons
- (g) Development of new and powerful techniques of chemical and biological warfare).
- (h) Purification of water for drinking
- (i) Plastic surgery
- (f) Cloning



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157. Science, like any knowledge, can be put to good or bad use, depending on the user. Given below are some of the applications of science. Formulate your views on whether the particular application is good, bad or something that cannot be so clearly categorised :

Mass vaccination against small pox to curb and finally eradicate this disease from the population. (This has already been successfully done in India).

(b) Television for eradication of illiteracy and for mass communication of

news and ideas.

(c) Prenatal sex determination

(d) Computers for increase in work efficiency

(e) Putting artificial satellites into orbits around the Earth

(f) Development of nuclear weapons

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162. Though the law gives women equal status in India, many people hold unscientific views on a woman's innate nature, capacity and intelligence, and in practice give them a secondary status and role. Demolish this view using scientific arguments, and by quoting examples of great women in science and other spheres, and persuade yourself and others that, given equal opportunity, women are on par with men.

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163. Textbooks on science may give you a wrong impression that studying science is dry and all too serious and that scientists are absent-minded introverts who never laugh or grin. This image of science and scientists is patently false. Scientists, like any other group of humans, have their share of humorists, and many have led their lives with a great sense of fun and adventure, even as they seriously pursued their scientific work. Two great

physicists of this genre are Gamow and Feynman. You will enjoy reading their books listed in the Bibliography.



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164. "The task of science is both to extend the range of our experience and to reduce it to order." This statement was made by the scientist

- A. Albert Einstein
- B. Issac Nbewton
- C. Bertrand Russel
- D. Niels Bohr

Answer:



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165. Electrons were discovered by

A. E. Rutherford

B. J.J. Thomson

C. G.P.Thomson

D. W.H. Bragg

Answer:



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166. The man responsible for the discovery of nucleus in an atom was

A. Faraday

B. Rutherford

C. Chadwick

D. Bohr

Answer:



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167. The physicist who unified electromagnetism and optics was

- A. James Clerk Maxwell
- B. Albert Einstein
- C. Abdus Salam
- D. Issac Newton

Answer:



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168. Law of conservation of angular momentum

- A. Homogeneity of time
- B. Homogeneity of space
- C. Isotropy of space

D. None of these

Answer:



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169. What type of intermolecular attractive interaction exists in the pair of methanol and acetone



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170. Should a scientific discovery which has nothing but dangerous consequences for mankind be made public?



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Exercise

1. Origin of the word 'Science' is from



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2. What is the basic aim of science?



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3. What is the difference between physical and biological sciences?



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4. What is Physics?



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5. Origin of the word 'Physics' is from



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6. Name two Indian physicists who have won Noble Prize in Physics.



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7. Who discovered X-rays ?



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8. Who discovered electron?



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9. In Bohr 's model of the hydrogen atom



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10. Name the scientists responsible for the development of quantum mechanics.



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11. Who first gave the concept of antiparticle ?



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12. Name the scientist who won twice the Nobel Prize in Physics.



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13. Name two Indian physicists who have won Noble Prize in Physics.



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14. What is the discovery of *CV* Raman?



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15. Name the strongest fundamantal force.



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16. Name the weakest fundmental force in nature.



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17. Write the names of the four fundamental forces in nature.



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18. The law of conservation of energy states that, _____.



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19. State the law of conservation of linear momentum.



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20. Law of conservation of angular momentum



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21. Explain the law of conservation of charge with the help of a suitable example.



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22. The scope of physics covers almost



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23. Which of the following forces is not fundamental force in nature ?



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24. A thought experiment in Physics is one which is

- A. which is theoretically possible but experimentally not feasible.
- B. which is neither theoretically nor experimentally feasible.
- C. which is performed by non-physicist.
- D. none of the above.

Answer:



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25. The most incomprehensible thing about the world is that it is comprehensible. 'Who made these remarks? Given some evidence in

support of it.

A. Aristotle

B. Newton

C. Galileo

D. Einstein.

Answer:



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26. The country, which awards the prestigious Nobel prize is

A. U.S.A.

B. U.K.

C. Sweden

D. France.

Answer:



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27. Name two Indian physicists who have won Noble Prize in Physics.

A. Sir J.C.Bose

B. H.J.Bhaba

C. M.N. Saha

D. Sir C.V. Raman.

Answer:



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28. Name the scientist who won twice the Nobel Prize in Physics.

A. Einstein

B. Bardeen

C. Heisenberg

D. Faraday.

Answer:



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29. Madam Marie Curie won Nobel Prize twice which were in the field of

A. Physics and chemistry

B. Chemistry only

C. Physics only

D. Biology only.

Answer:



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30. The value of universal gravitational constant 'G' was first experimentally determined by

- A. Newton
- B. Galileo
- C. Kelvin
- D. Cavendish.

Answer:



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31. Charge on an electron was first determined by:

- A. Millikan
- B. Bohr
- C. Thomson
- D. Rutherford.

Answer: A



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32. J.D. Van der Walls discovered equation of gases and liquids. He was a

- A. English scientist
- B. French scientist
- C. Dutch scientist
- D. German scientist.

Answer:



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33. X-rays were discovered by

- A. Coolidge

B. Roentgen

C. Maxwell

D. Fermi.

Answer:



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34. Working of Aeroplane

A. Newton's third law of motion

B. Bernoulli's principle

C. Newton's law of gravitation

D. Law of conservation of momentum

Answer:



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35. Chandrasekhar, an America based Indian scientist was awarded Nobel prize in physics on the subject covering

- A. Geophysics
- B. Astronomy
- C. Superconductivity
- D. Laser Technology.

Answer:



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36. The phenomenon of radioactivity was discovered by

- A. Chadwick
- B. Rutherford
- C. Becquerel
- D. Roentgen

Answer:



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37. Abdus Salam, an America based Pakistani physicist won Nobel Prize in

- A. Inelastic scattering of light by molecules
- B. Unification of weak and electromagnetic forces
- C. Super conductivity
- D. Laser Technology.

Answer:



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38. Viroids were discovered by

- A. Fermi

B. Yukawa

C. Dirac

D. Chadwick.

Answer:



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39. Louis do-Broglie is credited for his work on

A. Theory of relativity

B. Electromagnetic theory

C. Matter waves

D. Law of distribution of velocities.

Answer:



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40. The country to which de-Broglie belongs to

- A. Germany
- B. England
- C. France
- D. America.

Answer:



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41. Lightning was discovered by

- A. Faraday
- B. Franklin
- C. Ohm
- D. Edison.

Answer:



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42. The man who is known as the Father of Experimental Physics is :

A. Newton

B. Albert Einstein

C. Galileo

D. Rutherford.

Answer:



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43. The person who has been awarded the title of the Father of Physics of 20th Century is

A. Madame Curie

B. Sir C.V. Raman

C. Neils Bohar

D. Albert Einstein.

Answer:



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44. It has been postulated that there may be some particles moving with speed greater than the speed of light. Such particles are known as

A. Electrons

B. Neutrons

C. Nucleons

D. Tachyons.

Answer:



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45. The book "Pisces of Physics" has been written by

- A. Einstein
- B. Newton
- C. Archimedes
- D. Galileo.

Answer:



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46. Sir C.V. Raman was awarded Nobel Prize for his work on :

- A. dispersion of light
- B. reflection of light
- C. deflection of light

D. scattering of light.

Answer:



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47. The idea of calculus was given by

A. Newton

B. Einstein

C. Marconi

D. Planck.

Answer:



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48. Which of the following principles is being used in Sonar Technology?

- A. Reflection of ultrasonic waves
- B. Newton's laws of motion
- C. Reflection of electromagnetic waves
- D. Laws of thermodynamics

Answer:



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49. Following process is known as $h\nu \rightarrow e^+ + e^-$

- A. Pair production
- B. Photoelectric effect
- C. Compton effect
- D. Zeeman effect

Answer:



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