

CHEMISTRY

BOOKS - BITSAT GUIDE

COORDINATION COMPOUNDS

Practice Exercise

- 1. According of Lewis, the ligands are
 - A. acidic in nature
 - B. basic in nature
 - C. neither acidic nor basic

D. some are bais and others are cidic

Answer:



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- 2. Which of the following reprsent hexadentate ligand?
 - A. 2,2-bipyidyl
 - B. DMG
 - C. Ethylenediamine
 - D. None of thses

Answer: D



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3. In $CuSO_4.5H_2O$ copper is coordinated to

- A. 5 water molecules
- B. 4 water molecules
- C. one suophate ion
- D. one water molecules

Answer:

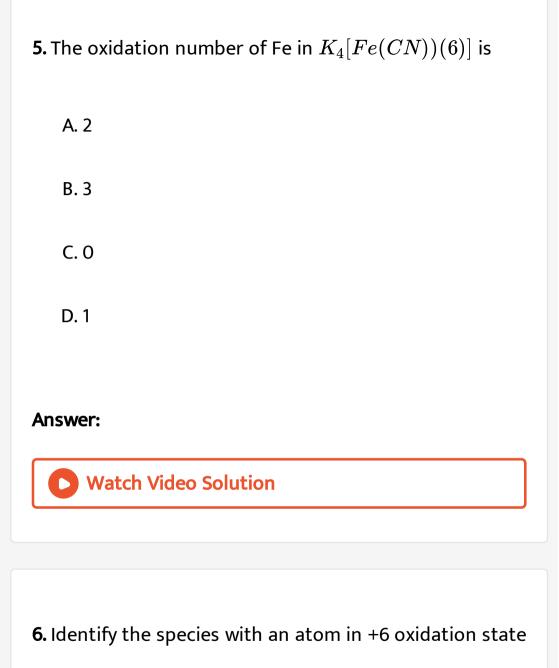


4. Coordination number of Cr is six. A comlex ion of Cr with $C_2O_4^{2-}$ end and superoxide ion, O_2^{2-} has the fomula , $\left[Cr(CO_2O_4)_x(en)_y(O_2)_z\right]^-$ The ratio $x\!:\!y\!:\!z$ will be

- A. 1:1:1
- B. 1:1:2
- C. 1: 2: 2
- D. 2:1:1

Answer:





present in the folloiwng complexes.

A.
$$CrO_2CI_2$$

$$\mathrm{B.}\left[Cr(CN)_{6}\right]^{3\,-}$$

C.
$$\left[NiF_{6}\right]^{2}$$

D.
$$MnO_4^-$$



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7. the oxidation state of cobalt in 🗟

A. 2

B. 3

C. 4

D. 6

Answer:



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- **8.** The cordination number of Co in $\left[\left(Co(NH_3)_5CI\right]CI_2\right]$
- is
- A. 2
- B. 5
- C. 6
- D. 1

Answer:

9. The tpye of isomerism shown by

 $\left[Co(en)_2(NCS)_2\right]CI$ and $\left[Co(en)_2(NCS)CI\right]$ NCS is

- A. coordination
- B. ionisation
- C. linkage
- D. Alll of the above

Answer:



10. Which of the following compounds would exhibt coordination isomerism?

A.
$$\left[Cr(H_2O)_6
ight]CI_3$$

B.
$$\left[Cr(NH_{3\;-}\left(6\right)\right]\left[Ci(CN)_{6}\right]$$

C.
$$\left[Cr(en)_2 \right] NO_2$$

D.
$$\left[Ni(NH_3)_6\right]\left[BF_4\right]_2$$

Answer:



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11. The planar complex Mabcd gives

- A. two optical isomers
- B. two geometrical isomers
- C. three geometical isomers

D.

Answer:



- 12. Which will not show geometrical is shown by
 - A. $\left[Co(NH_3)_4CI_2^{\ +}
 ight]$
 - B. $\left[Co(en)_3\right]^{3+}$
 - C. $\lceil Co(en)_2 CI_2 \rceil CI$

D. $\left[Cr(NH_3)_4CI_2\right]CI$

Answer:



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13. Geometrical isomerism is shown by

A. $\left[Ni(NH_3)_5Br
ight]^+$

B. $\left[Cr(NH_3)_4(en)(H_2O)_4\right]^{3+}$

C. $igl[Co(en)_3 igr]^{3+}$

D. $igl[Co(NH_3)_4(en) igr]^{3+}$

Answer:



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14. Optical isomerism is exhibited by

A.
$$\left[Cr(NH_3)_5Br
ight]^{3+}$$

B.
$$\left[Cr(en)(H_2O)_4\right]^{3+}$$

C. trans
$$-\left\lceil Cr(en)_2CI_2 \right\rceil^{2+}$$

D.
$$\left[Cr(en)_3\right]^{3+}$$

Answer:



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15. The number of somers of $igl[Cu(NH_3)_4igr][PtCI_4]$ are

- A. 6
- B. 3
- C. 4
- D. 5



- **16.** Amongst the following pair of enantiomers is given by
 - A. $\left[Cr(NH_3)_6\right]Co(CN)_6$
 - B. $\left[Co(en)_2CI_2 \right]CI$

- C. $\left[Co(NH_3)_4CI_4\right]NO_2$
- D. $\left[Pt(NH_3)_4\right]PtCI_6$



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17. $\left[Co(NH_3)_6 ight]\left[CI_2NO_2 ext{ and } \left[CO(NH_3)_4CI(NO_2)CI ight]$

exhibit which type of isomersim?

- A. Geometrical
- B. Optical
- C. Linkage
- D. Ionisation



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- 18. The difference In colur is due to
 - A. optical isomerism
 - B. geometrical
 - C. linkage isomerism
 - D. nuclear isomerism

Answer:



19. EAN of iron in $K_4 igl[Fe(CN)_6 igr]$ is

A. 36

B. 34

C. 38

D. 40

Answer:



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20. Which of the following comolexes wll give white precipiltate with $BaCI_2$ solution ?

A.
$$\left[Cr(NH_3)_5SO_4\right]CI$$

B.
$$\left[Co(NH_3)_4CI_2[NO_2]
ight]$$

C.
$$\left[Cr(NH_3)_5CI\right]SO_4$$

D. Both (a) and (c)

Answer:



21. Sodium nitroprusside when added to an alkanie solution of sulphide ions produces purple colourations due to the formation of

A.
$$Naigl[Fe(H_2O)_5NOSigr]$$

B. $Na_{4}ig[(CN)_{5}NOSig]$

C. $Na_3igl[(CN)_5NOSigr]$

D. $\left[Cr(NH_3)_6CI_6\right]$

Answer:



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22. Which of the following has highest conductivity in water?

A. $Feig[Fe(CN)_6ig]_2$

 $\operatorname{B.}K_{3}\big[Fe(CN)_{6}\big]$

C. $Ag(NH_3)_2CI$

D.
$$\left[Cr(NH_3)_6\right]CI_6$$



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23. How many moels of AgCI would be obtained, when 100 mL of 0.1 M $CO(NH_3)_5CI_3$ is treated with excess of $AgNO_3$?

A. 0.01

B. 0.02

C. 0.03

D. None of thses



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24. High spin complex $\left[FeCI_6\right]^{3-}$ has th d-configuration

A.
$$t_{2g}^3$$
 $heta_g^2$

B.
$$t_{2g}^5$$

C.
$$t_{2g}^2 - heta_g^3$$

D.
$$e_g^5$$

Answer:



25. Unparid electrons in ${[FeCI_6]}^{3+}$ and ${[Fe(CN)_4]}^{2-}$ and respectively

- A. 5 and 2
- B. 5 and 1
- C. 3 and 2
- D. 2 and 3

Answer:



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26. Among the complexs, $[N_{CO~-}~(4)], \left[NI(CN)_4\right]^{2-}$ anhd $[NiCI_4]^{2-}$

A. $\left[Ni(CO)_4
ight]$ si diamagnetic but $\left[Ni(CO)_4
ight]$ and $\left[NI(CN)_4
ight]^{2-}$ are paramagentic

B. $\left[Ni(CN)_4\right]^{2-}$ and $\left[NI(CO)_4\right]$ aren diamagnetic but `[NiCl_(4))^(2-) is paramagnetic

C. $\left[Ni(CI_4]^{2-}
ight]$ and $\left[Ni(CO)_4
ight]$ are diamgnetic but $\left[Ni(CN)_4
ight]^{2-}$ is paramagnetic

D. $\left[Ni(C)_4
ight]^{2-}$ and $\left[Ci(CO)_4
ight]^{-2}$ are diamagnetic but $\left[Ni(CO)_4
ight]$ is paramagnetic

Answer:



27. Which of the following shell from an octahedral complex

- A. d^4 (low spin)
- B. d^2 (high spin)
- C. d^6 (low spin)
- D. None of thses

Answer:



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28. The geometry of the compound $\left[Ot(NH_3)_2CI_2\right]$ is

- A. square planar
 - B. pyramldal
 - C. tetrahedral
 - D. octahedral



- 29. Which of the following is parammagnetic?
 - A. $\left[CO(NH_3)_6
 ight]^{3+}$
 - $\operatorname{B.}\left[Ni(CO)_4\right]$
 - C. $\left[NiF_4^{\,2\,-}
 ight]$

D.
$$\left[Ni(CN)_4\right]^2$$



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30. The value for crystal field stabilisation energy for an octahedral comlex, $[CoCI_6]^{4-}$ is 18000 cm^{-1} The value of crystal field stabilisation energy for tetrahedral complex is

- A. $16000cm^{-1}$
- B. $8000cm^{-1}$
- C. $20000cm^{-1}$

D. $18000cm^{-1}$

Answer:



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31. The colour of the coordination compounds depends on the crystal field splitting . What will be the correct order of obsorption of wavelength of light in the visible region, for the comolexes, $\left[Co(NH_3)_6\right]^{3+}$ m and $\left[Co(H_2O)_6^{3+}\right?$

A.

$$\left[Co(CN)_{6}\right]^{3-} > \left[CO(NH_{3})_{6}\right]^{3+} > \left[Co(H_{2}O)_{6}\right]^{3+}$$

В.

$$\left[{Co(NH_3)}_6
ight]^{3+} > \left[{Co(H_2O)}_6
ight]^{3+} > \left[{Co(CN)}_6
ight]^{3-}$$

C.

$$igl[{\it Co(H_2O)}_6 igr]^{3\,+} \, > \, igl[{\it Co(NH_3)}_6^{3\,+} \, > \, igl[{\it Co(CN)}_6 igr]^{3\,-}$$

D.

$$\left[{Co(CN)_6}
ight]^{3\,-} > \left[{Co(NH_3)_6}
ight]^{3\,+} > \left[{Co(H_2O)_6}
ight]^{3\,+}$$

Answer:



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32. Which of the following species is not expected to be a ligand?

A. NO
B. $NH_4^{\ +}$
C. $NH_2CH_2CH_2NH_2$
D. CO



33. Which one of the following compounds is not colured?

A. $Na_2[CuCI_4]$

B. $Na_2[CdCI_4]$

- C. $\left[Cr(H_2O)_6\right]CI_3$
- D. $\left[Co(NH_3)_6\right]CI_3$



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34. Which of the following is parammagnetic?

- A. $K_4igl[Fe(CN)_6igr]$
- B. $K_3ig[Fe(CN)_6ig]$
- $\mathsf{C.}\,Ni(CO)_4$
- D. $\left[Co(NH_3)_6\right]CI_3$



35. The stabilization of coordination compound due to chelation is called the chelate effect. Which of the following is the most stable complex species?

A.
$$\lceil Fe(CO)_5 \rceil$$

B.
$$\left\lceil Fe(CN)_6
ight
ceil^{3-}$$

C.
$$\left[Fe(C_2O_4)_3\right]^{3-}$$

D.
$$\left \lceil Fe(H_2O)_6 \right \rceil^{3+}$$

Answer:

36. Which of the following is not an exapmle of organometallic compound?

- A. Trimethyl boron
- B. Trimethyl aluminium
- C. Sodium exthoxide
- D. $Crig(\eta^6-C_6H_6ig)_2$

Answer:



37. Among the following, which is not the π bonded oraganometallic comound ?

A.
$$kigl[PtCI_3igl(\eta^2-C_2H_4igr)igr]$$

B.
$$Feig(\eta^5-C_5H_5ig)_2$$

$$\mathsf{C.}\,(CH_3)_4Sn$$

D.
$$Crig(\eta^6ig)-C_6$$

Answer:



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38. Which is not a π bonded complex

- A. Zeise's salt
- B. Ferrocene
- C. Dibenzene chromium
- D. Tetraethyl lead



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- 1. Which of the following will not optilcal isomers?
 - A. $\left[Co(en)_3\right]^{3+}$

B. $\left[Co(NH_3)_3 (NO_-(2))_3
ight]$

C. $\left[Pt(en)_2CI_2
ight]^{2+}$

D. $\left[CrCI_2(\mathrm{ox})_2 \right]^{3}$

Answer:



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2. The magnitude of Δ_0 will be highest in which of the following complex.

A.
$$\left[Cr(CN)_6
ight]^{3-}$$

B. $\left[Cr(H_2O)_6\right]^{3+}$

C. $\left[Cr(NH_3)_6
ight]^{3+}$

D.
$$\left[Cr(C_2O_4)_3
ight]^{3-}$$



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3. Which of the following is an outer d-orbital or high spin complex ?

A.
$$\left[Co(NH_3)_6
ight]^{3+}$$

B.
$$\left[Ni(CN)_4
ight]^{2-}$$

C.
$$\left[NiCI_4
ight]^2$$
 $^-$

D.
$$[CoF_6]^{-3}$$

Answer:

4. Which of the following is correct IUPAC name for $K_2igl[Co(CN)_2O_2(O)_2NH_3igr]$

A. Potassium amminecyanoperoxobioxo-chromatic (IV)

B. Potassium amminecyanoperoxobioxo-chromatic

C. Potassium amminecyanoperoxobioxo-chromatic

(VI)

(V)

D. Potassium amminedicyanoperoxobioxperoxochromate (VI)



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- 5. Ferrocene is an examle of
 - A. sandwiched comlex
 - B. pi bonded complex
 - C. a complexin which all the five carbon atoms of
 - cyclopentadiene anion are bonded to the metal
 - D. Alll of the above

Answer:



6. $\left[Co(NH_3)_5\right]'$ Br and $\left]Co(NH_3)_5Br\right]SO_4$ is a pair of Isomers.

A. ionisation

B. ligand

C. coordination

D. hydrate

Answer:



7. The crysal field splitting energy for octahedral (Δ_0) and tetrahedral (Δ_t) complexes is related

A.
$$\Delta_t = rac{4}{9} \Delta_0$$

B.
$$\Delta_t = rac{1}{2}\Delta_0$$

C.
$$\Delta_0=(2)\Delta_t$$

D.
$$\Delta_0=rac{4}{9}\Delta_t$$

Answer:

