



# CHEMISTRY

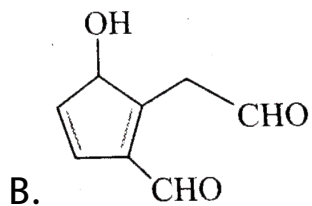
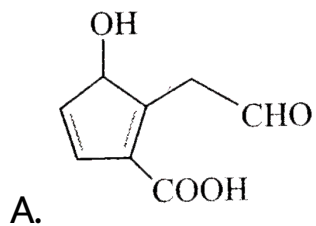
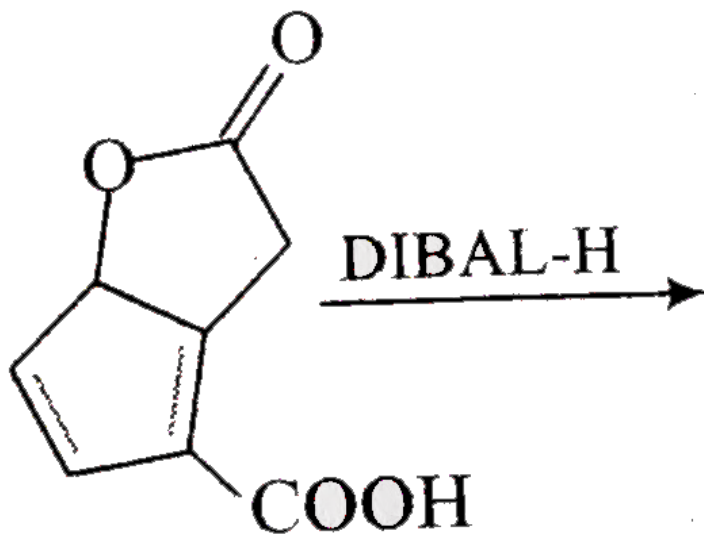
## BOOKS - IIT-JEE PREVIOUS YEAR

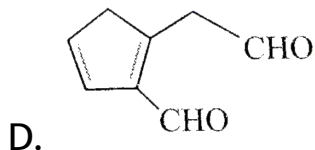
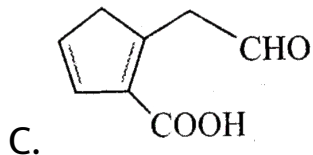
### (CHEMISTRY)

# AROMATIC ALDEHYDES, KETONES AND ACID

**Jee Main And Advanced**

1. The major product obtained in the following

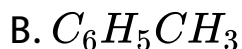
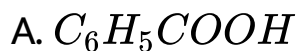
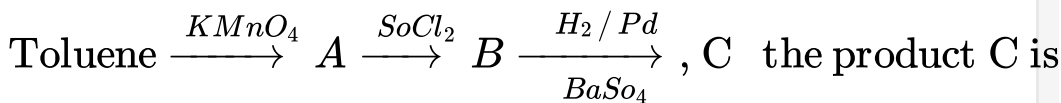


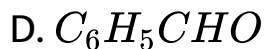
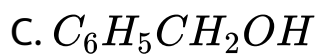


**Answer: A**

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2. In the following sequence of reactions

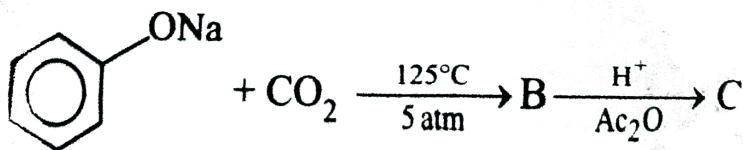


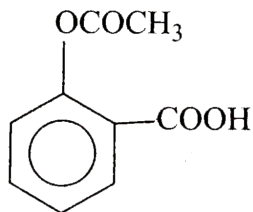


Answer: D

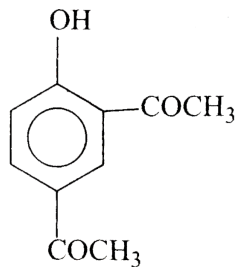
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3. Sodium phenoxide when heated with  $CO_2$  under pressure at  $125^\circ C$  yield a product which on acetylation gives product  $C$

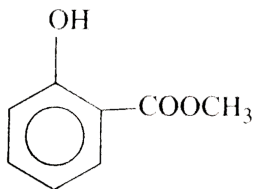




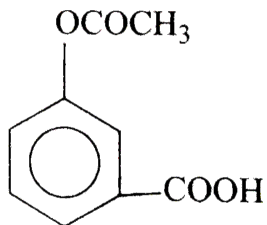
A.



B.



C.



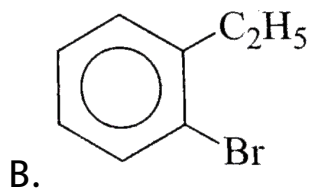
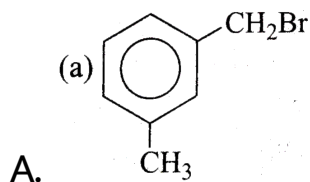
D.

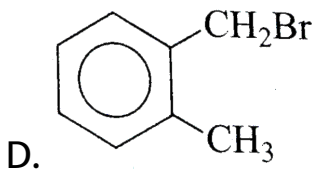
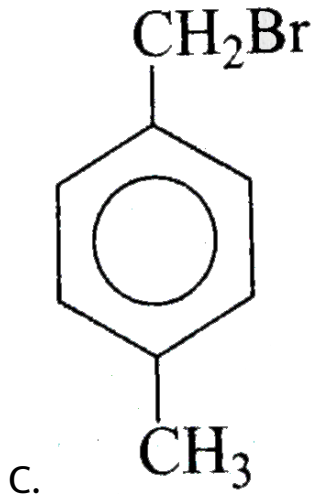
**Answer: A**



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4. Compound (A)  $C_8H_9Br$  gives a white precipitate when warmed with alcoholic  $AgNO_3$ . Oxidation of (A) gives an acid (B)  $C_8H_6O_4$ . (B) easily forms an anhydride on heating. Identify the compound (A).



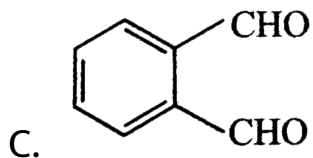
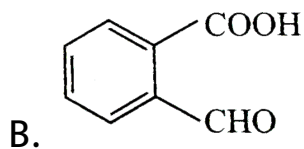
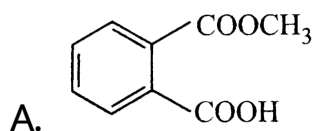
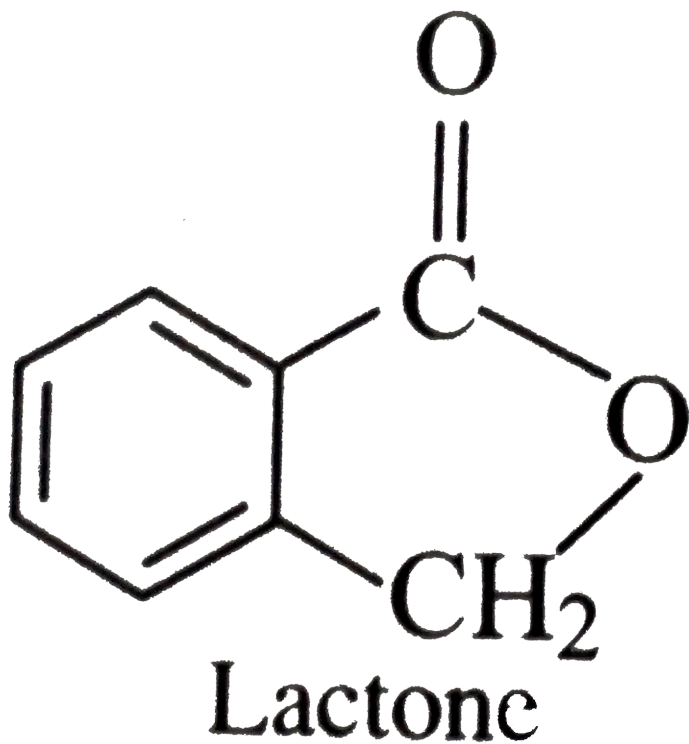


**Answer: D**

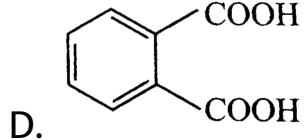
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5. Which of the following reactants on reaction with conc. NaOH followed by acidification gives following

lactone as the main product ?



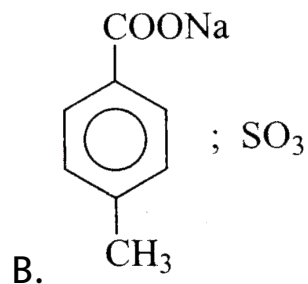
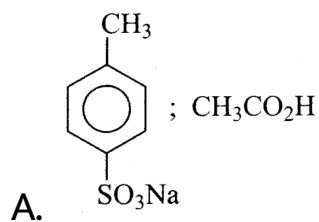


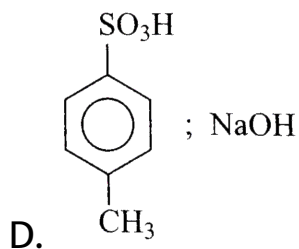
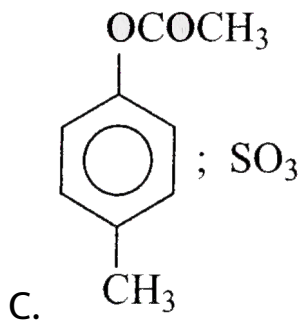


Answer: C

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6. 4-Methyl benzene sulphonic acid reacts with sodium acetate to give :

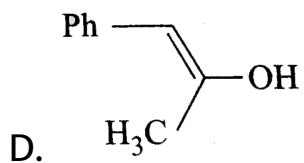
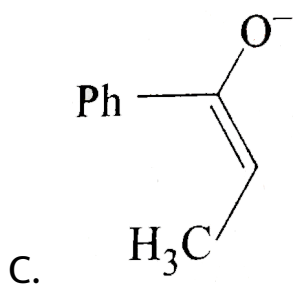
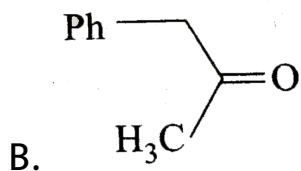
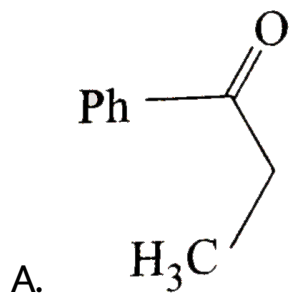




**Answer: A**

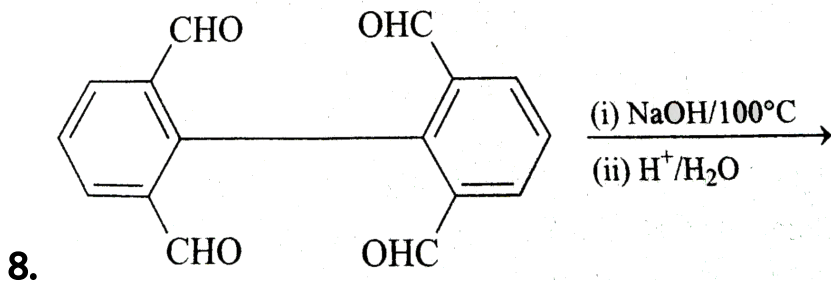
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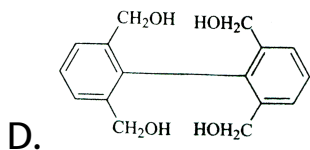
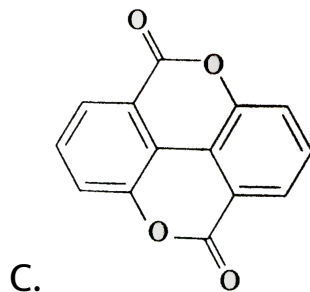
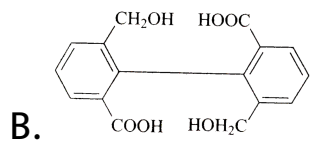
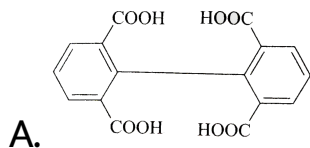


**Answer: A**

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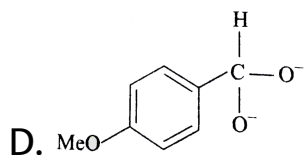
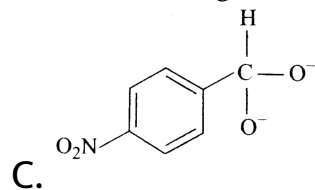
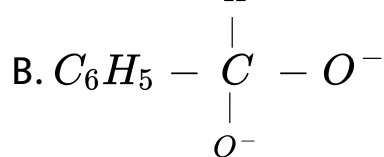
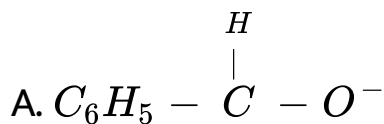
Major product



Answer: B

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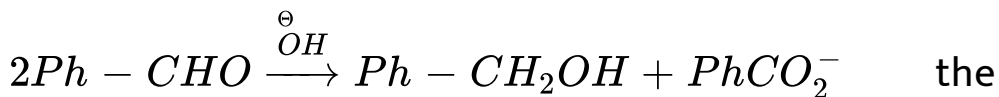
9. In a Cannizzaro reaction the intermediate that will be the best hydride donor is



Answer: D

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10. In the Cannizzaro reaction given below:



slowest step is:

- A. the attack of  $OH^-$  at the carbonyl group
- B. the transfer of hydride to the carbonyl group
- C. the abstraction of proton from the carboxylic acid
- D. the deprotonation of  $Ph - CH_2OH$

Answer: B

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11. m-Chlorobenzaldehyde on reaction with conc. KOH at room temperature gives:

A. potassium m-chlorobenzoate and m-choorobenzy1

alcohol

B. m-hydroxy benzaldee Hyde ans m-choorobenzy1  
alcohol

C. m-chlorobenzyl alcohol and m-hydroxy benzyl alcohol

D. potassium m-chlorobenzoate and m-hydroxy benzaldehyde

**Answer: A**

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12. Compound p and R upon ozonolysis produce Q and S,

respectively . The molecular formula of Q and S is

$C_8H_8O$ . Q

undergoes Cannizzaro reaction but not haloform

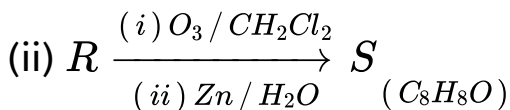
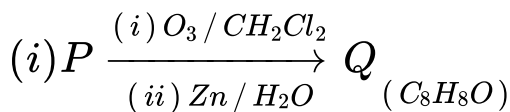


reaction ,

whereas S undergoes halofrom reaction but not

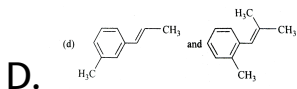
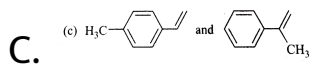
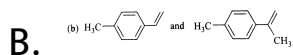
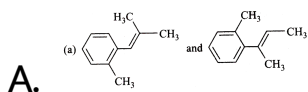
Cannizzaro

reaction .



The option (s) with suitable combination of P and R,

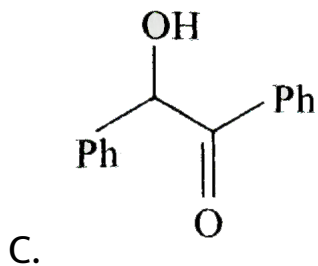
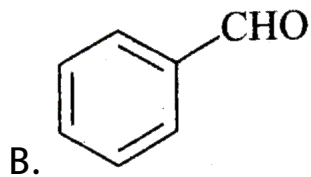
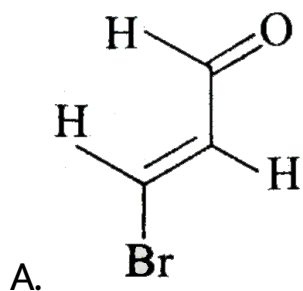
respectively , is(are)

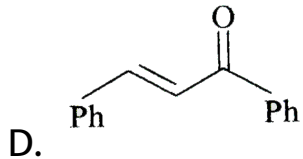


Answer: A::B::C

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13. Positive Tollen 's test is observed for

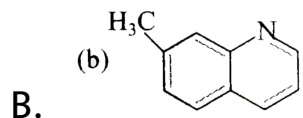
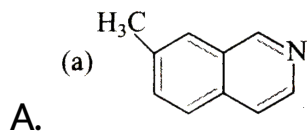
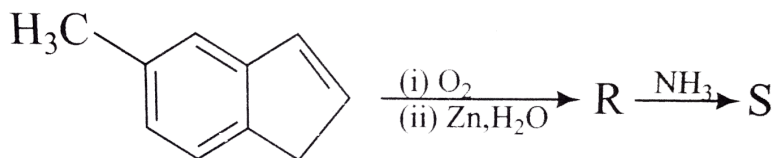


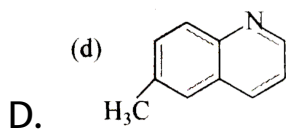
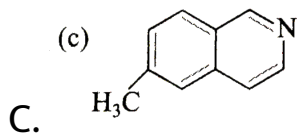


Answer: A::B::C

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14. In the following reactions the product *S* is



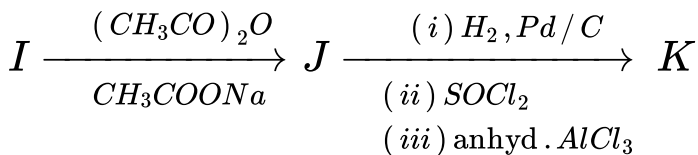


**Answer: A**

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**15.** In the following reaction sequence, the compound J is an

intermediate

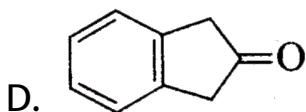
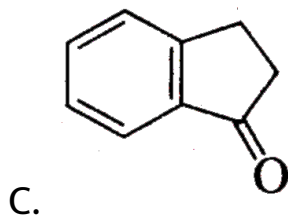
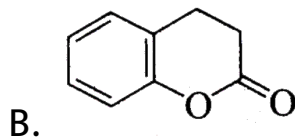
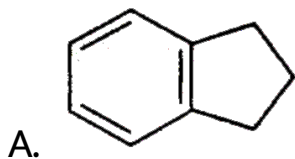


$J(\text{C}_9\text{H}_8\text{O}_2)$  gives effervescence on the treatment with



and positive Baeyer's test.

The compound K, is



**Answer: C**

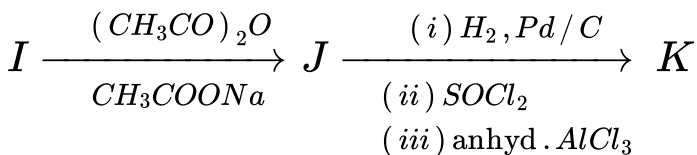


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16. In the following reaction sequence, the compound J

is an

intermediate

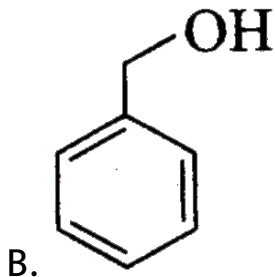
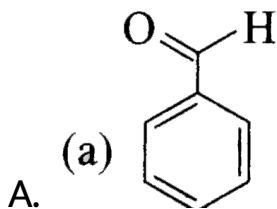


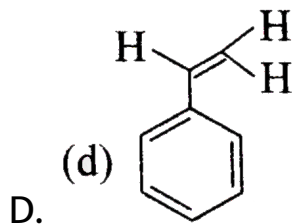
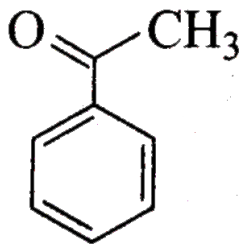
$J(\text{C}_9\text{H}_8\text{O}_2)$  gives effervescence on the treatment with

$\text{NaHCO}_3$

and positive Baeyer's test.

The compound I, is





**Answer: A**

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17. The structure of the intermediate product formed by the oxidation of toluene with  $CrO_3$  and acetic anhydride

,whodse

hydrolysis gives benzaldehyde is.....

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**18.** Benzaldehyde undergoes aldol condensation in an alkaline medium.

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**19.** Five isomeric para-disubstituted aromatic compounds (*A*) to (*E*) with molecular formula  $C_8H_8O_2$  were given for identification. Based on the



following observations give structures of the compounds.

(i) Both (*A*) and (*B*) form silver mirror with Tollens reagent. Further, (*B*) gives a positive test with  $FeCl_3$  solution.

(ii) (*C*) gives positive iodoform test.

(iii) (*D*) is readily extracted in aqueous  $NaHCO_3$  solution.

(iv) (*E*) on acid hydrolysis gives 1,4 – dihydroxy benzene.



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20. An organic compound (A)  $C_8H_4O_3$ , in dry benzene in the presence of anhydrous  $AlCl_3$  gives compound (B). The compound (B) on treatment with  $PCl_5$  followed by reaction with  $H_2/Pd(BaSO_4)$  gives compound (C) which on reaction with hydrazine gives a cyclic compound (D) ( $C_{14}H_{10}N_2$ ). Identify (A), (B) (C), and (D) Explain the formation of (D) from (C).

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21. Explain, Why o-hydroxy benzaldehyde is a high melting

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Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
(I) Toluene	(i) NaOH/Br <sub>2</sub>	(P) Condensation
(II) Acetophenone	(ii) Br <sub>2</sub> /hν	(Q) Carboxylation
(III) Benzaldehyde	(iii) (CH <sub>3</sub> CO) <sub>2</sub> O/ CH <sub>3</sub> COOK	(R) Substitution
(IV) Phenol	(iv) NaOH/CO <sub>2</sub>	(S) Haloform

22.

The only CORRECT combination in which the reaction proceeds through radical mechanism is

A. (IV)(i)(Q)

B. (III)(ii)(P)

C. (II)(iii)(R)

D. (I)(ii)(R)

Answer: D



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Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
(I) Toluene	(i) NaOH/ Br <sub>2</sub>	(P) Condensation
(II) Acetophenone	(ii) Br <sub>2</sub> /hν	(Q) Carboxylation
(III) Benzaldehyde	(iii) (CH <sub>3</sub> CO) <sub>2</sub> O/ CH <sub>3</sub> COOK	(R) Substitution
(IV) Phenol	(iv) NaOH/CO <sub>2</sub>	(S) Haloform

23.

For the synthesis of benzoic acid, the only CORRECT combination is

A. (II)(i)(S)

B. (I)(ii)(Q)

C. (IV)(iii)(P)

D. (III)(ii)(R)

Answer: A



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	Column 1		Column 2		Column 3
24.	(I) Toluene	(i)	NaOH/ Br <sub>2</sub>	(P)	Condensation
	(II) Acetophenone	(ii)	Br <sub>2</sub> /hν	(Q)	Carboxylation
	(III) Benzaldehyde	(iii)	(CH <sub>3</sub> CO) <sub>2</sub> O/ CH <sub>3</sub> COOK	(R)	Substitution
	(IV) Phenol	(iv)	NaOH/CO <sub>2</sub>	(S)	Haloform

The only CORRECT combination that given two different carboxylic acids is

A. (IV)(i)(Q)

B. (II)(ii)(R)

C. (I)(iii)(s)

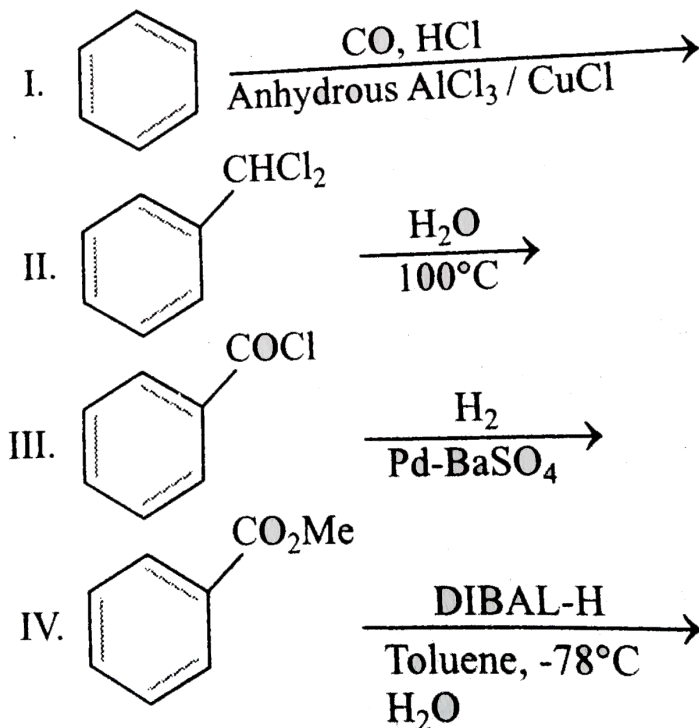
D. (III)(iii)(Q)

**Answer: D**

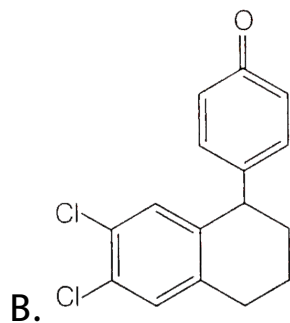
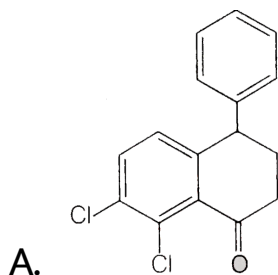
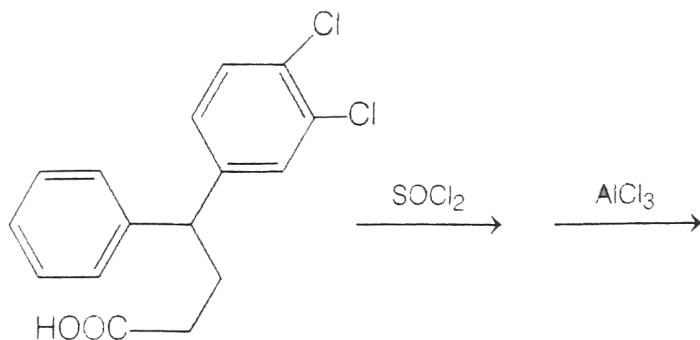
25. Among The following the number of reaction(s)

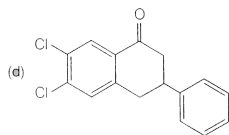
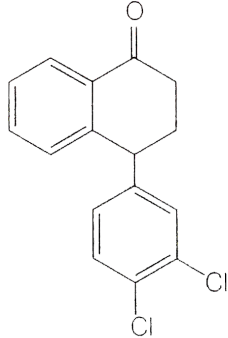
that

produce(s) benzaldehyde is



26. In the following synthesis the major product formed is



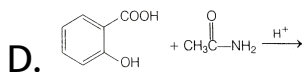
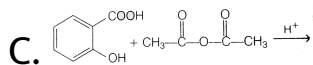
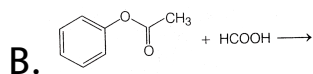
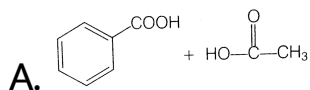
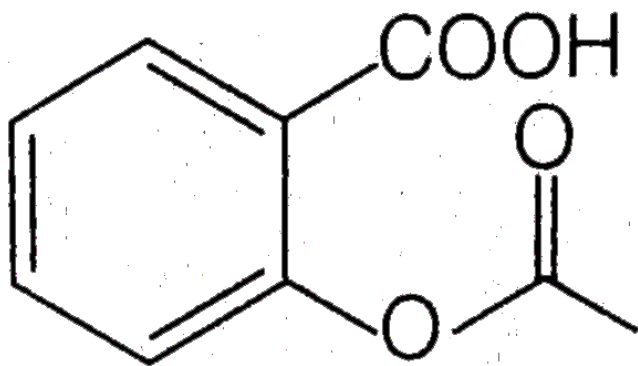


**Answer: C**

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27. Which of the following is the best method for preparing aspirin?



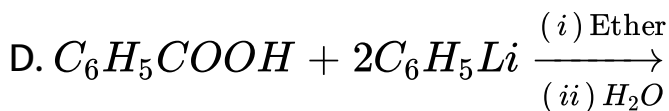
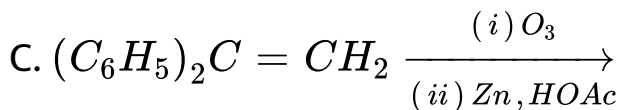
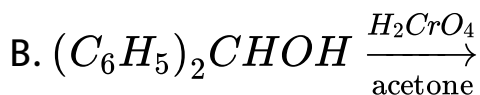
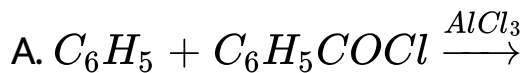


**Answer: c**



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28. Which of the following is not a synthesis of benzophenone ?

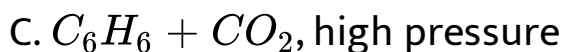
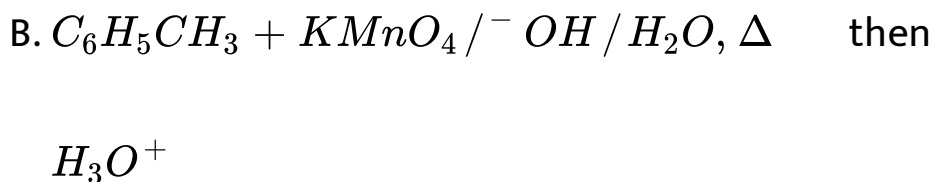
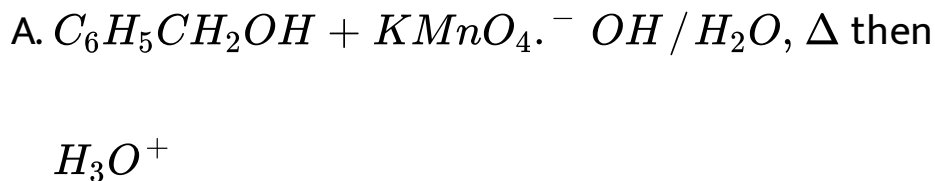


Answer: b



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29. Which will not produce benzoic acid ?

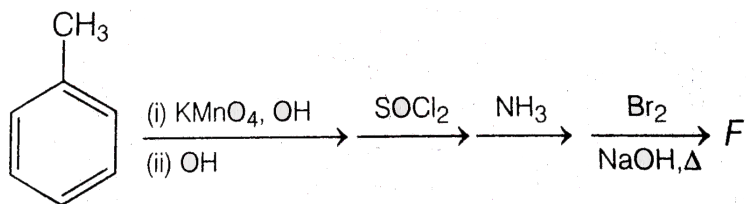


Answer: c



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30. Which the a product F, of reaction ?



- A.  $C_6H_5CONH_2$
- B.  $C_6H_5CONHBr$
- C.  $C_6H_5NH_2$
- D.  $p - CH_3C_6H_4NH_2$

Answer: c

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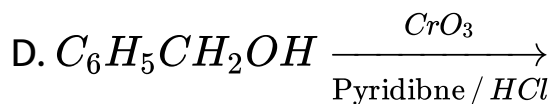
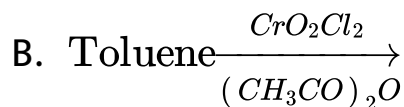
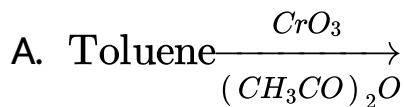
31. Which of the following are more reactive than unsubstituted benzaldehyde in a Perkin reaction ?

- A. p-chloro benzaldehyde
- B. p-aminobenzaldehyde
- C. p-methoxy benzaldehyde
- D. Benzene-1,4-dicarbaldehyde

**Answer: (a,d)**

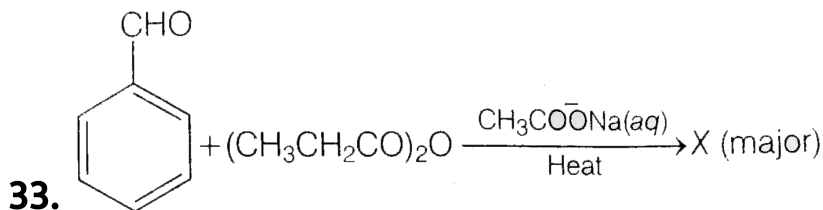
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32. Benzaldehyde can be prepared selectively by

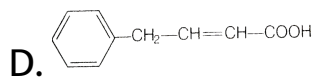
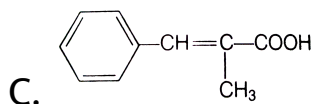
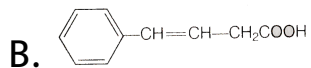
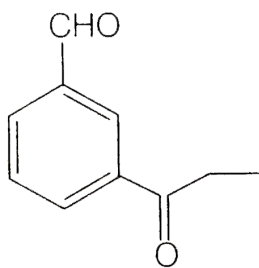


Answer: (d,a,b)

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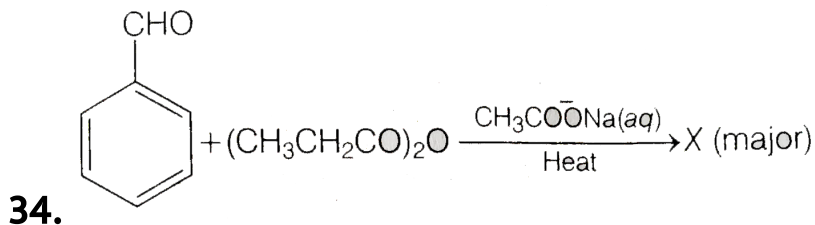


The major product X in the above reaction is



**Answer: c**

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If a nitro group is introduced in the benzene ring of the starting benzaldehyde, the effect would be

- A. nitro group from meta position would increase the reactivity the most
- B. nitro group from para position would increase the reactivity the most
- C. nitro group from ortho position would increase the reactivity the most



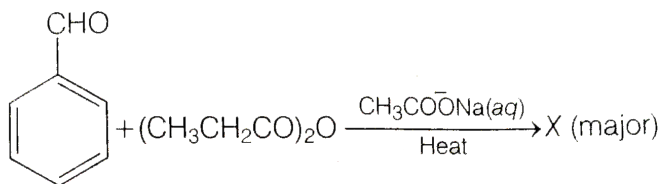
D. nitro group from both ortho and para position

would increase the reactivity to the same extent

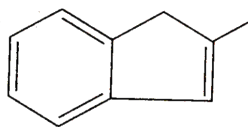
Answer: c

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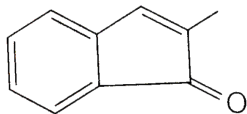
35. If the product X is treated with  $SOCl_2$  followed by  $AlCl_3$ , the major product formed would be



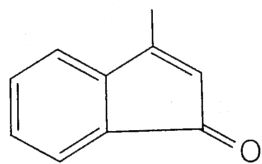
A.



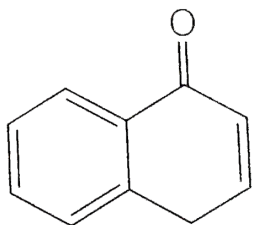
B.



C.



D.



**Answer: b**



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**36.** Assertion Benzaldehyde on treatment with concentrated

nitric acid in the presence of concentrated sulphuric

acid gives

mainly meta nitro benzaldehyde.

Reason The  $-CHO$  group is meta directing .

- A. Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is the correct explanation of the assertion
- B. Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion
- C. Assertion is correct but reason is incorrect.
- D. Assertion is incorrect but reason is correct.

**Answer: A**



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**37.** Assertion Benzaldehyde on heating with acetic anhydride in the presence of sodium acetate gives cinnamic acid .

Reason There is no  $\alpha$ -hydrogen in benzaldehyde.

- A. Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is the correct explanation of the assertion
- B. Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion
- C. Assertion is correct but reason is incorrect.
- D. Assertion is incorrect but reason is correct.

Answer: b



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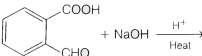
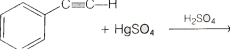
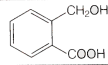
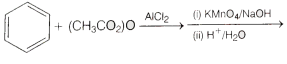

Others

1. Which of the following will be reduced in Cannizzaro reaction with  $C_6H_5CHO$ ?

- A. p-methoxy benzaldehyde
- B. p-methyl benzaldehyde
- C. p-methoxy benzaldehyde
- D. p-aceto benzaldehyde

Answer: (c,d)

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	Reactions	Intermediate products/Final products
A.	$C_6H_5CHO + MnO_2 \xrightarrow{H^+}$	p. $C_6H_5COCH_3$
B.	 $+ NaOH \xrightarrow[Heat]{H^+}$	q. $C_6H_5COOH$
C.	 $+ HgSO_4 \xrightarrow{H_2SO_4}$	r. 
D.	 $+ (CH_3CO_2)_O \xrightarrow{AlCl_3} \xrightarrow[(ii) H^+/H_2O]{(i) KMnO_4/NaOH}$	s. 

2.

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