



BIOLOGY

BOOKS - TRUEMAN BOOK COMPANY BIOLOGY (HINGLISH)

AIPMT-2014 (CYTOLOGY)



1. In 'S' phase of the cell cycle

A. Amount of DNA is reduced to half in

each cell

B. Amount of DNA doubles in each cell

C. Amount of DNA remains same in each

cell

D. Chromosome number is increased

Answer:

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2. Which one of the following is a non-reducing carbohydrate?

A. Ribose 5-phosphate

B. Maltose

C. Sucrose

D. Lactose

Answer:

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3. Select the option which is not correct with

respect to enzyme action

A. Malonate is a competitive inhibitor of

succinic dehydrogenase

B. Substrate binds with enzyme at its ac-

tive site

C. Addition of lot of succinate does not re-

verse the inhibition of succinic dehydro-

genase by malonate

D. A non-competitive inhibitor binds the

enzyme at a site distinct from that which

binds the substrate

Answer:

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4. During which phase(s) of cell cycle amount of DNA in a cell remains at 4C level if the initial amount is denoted an 2C A. G_2 and M

- B. G_0 and G_1
- $\mathsf{C}.\,G_1 \text{ and }\mathsf{S}$
- D. Only G_2

Answer:

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5. The motile bacteria are also to move by

B. fimbriae

C. flagella

D. cilia

Answer:

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6. The enzyme recombinase is required in which stage of meiosis ?

A. Diakinesis

B. Pachytene

C. Zygotene

D. Diplotene

Answer:

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- 7. The solid linear cytoskeletal elements having
- a diameter of 6 nm and made up of a single

type of monomer are known as

A. Lamins

- **B. Microtubules**
- C. Microfilaments
- D. Intermediate filaments

Answer:

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8. Which one of the following growth regulators is known as 'stress hormone' ?

A. Indole acetic acid

B. Abscissic acid

C. Ethylene

D. GA_3

Answer:

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