





BIOLOGY

BOOKS - TRUEMAN BOOK COMPANY BIOLOGY (HINGLISH)

NCERT Exemplar Questions +2 (ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES)



1. Non-biodegradable pollutants are created

by:

A. nature

B. excessive use of resources

C. humans

D. natural disasters

Answer: c

2. According to the Central Pollution Control Board, particles that are responsible for causing great harm to human health are of diameter

- A. 2.50 micrometers
- B. 5.00 micrometers
- C. 10.00 micrometers
- D. 7 .5 micrometers

Answer: a



3. The material generally used for sound proffing of rooms like a recording studio and auditorium, etc. is

A. cotton

B. coir

C. wood

D. styro foam

Answer: d

4. Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) is

A. propane

B. methane

C. ethane

D. butane

Answer: b

5. World's most problematic aquatic weed is

A. Azolla

B. Wolffia

C. Eichornia

D. Trapa

Answer: c



6. Which of the following causes biomagnification

A. SO_2

B. Mercury

C. DDT

D. Both (b) & (c)

Answer: d

7. The expanded form of DDT is

A. dichloro diphenyl trichloroethane

B. dichloro diethyl trichloroethane

C. dichloro dipyrydyl trichloroethane

D. dichloro di phenyl tetrachloroacetate

Answer: a



8. Which of the following materials takes the

longest time for biodegradation ?

A. Cotton

B. Paper

C. Bone

D. Jute

Answer: c

9. Choose the incorrect statement.

A. The Montreal protocol is associated with

the control of emission of ozone

depleting substances

B. Methane and carbon dioxide are green

house gases

C. Dobson units are used to measure

oxygen content

D. Use of incinerators is crucial to disposal

of hospital wastes

Answer: c



10. Among the following which one causes more indoor chemical pollution ?

A. Burning coal

B. Burning cooking gas

C. Burning mosquito coil

D. Room spray

Answer: c



11. The green scum seen in the freshwater bodies is

A. Blue green algae

B. Red algae

C. Green algae

D. Both (a) and ((c)





12. The loudness of a sound that a person can withstand without discomfort is about

A. 150 dB

B. 215 dB

C. 30 dB

D. 80 dB





13. The major source of noise pollution, world wide is due to:

A. office equipment

B. transport' system

C. sugar, textile and paper industries

D. oil refineries and thermal power plants

Answer: b



14. Catalytic converters are fitted into automobiles to reduce emission of harmful gases. Catalytic convertes change unburnt hydrocarbons into

A. carbon dioxide and water

B. carbon monoxide

C. methane

D. carbon dioxide and methane

Answer: a

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15. Why is it necessary to remove sulphur from petroleum products ?

A. To reduce the emission of sulphur di-

oxide in exhaust fumes

B. To increase efficiency of automobile

engines

C. To use sulphur removed from petroleum

for commercial purposes

D. To increase the life spari of engine si-

lencers

Answer: a

16. Which one of the following impuritites is

easiest to remove from wastewater ?

A. Bacteria

B. Colloids

C. Dissolved solids

D. Suspended solids

Answer: d

17. Which one of the following diseases is not

due to contamination of water ?

A. Hepatitis-B

B. Jaundice

C. Cholera

D. Typhoid

Answer: a

18. Nuisance growth of aquatic plants and bloom-forming algae in natural waters is generally due to high concentrations of

A. carbon

B. sulphur

C. calcium

D. phosphorus

Answer: d

19. Algal blooms impart a distinct colour to water due to

A. their pigments

B. excretion of coioured substances

C. formation of coloured chemicals in wa-

ter facilitated by physiological degrada-

tion of algae

D. absorption of light by algal cell wall





20. In the textbook you came acroos Three Mile Island and Chernobyl disasters associated with accidental leakage of radioactive wastes. In India we had Bhopal gas tragedy. It is associated with which of the following ?

A. CO_2

- B. Methyl Isa-Cyanate
- C. CFC's
- D. Methyl Cyanate



