

BIOLOGY

BOOKS - TRUEMAN BOOK COMPANY BIOLOGY (HINGLISH)

NCERT Exemplar Questions +2 (EVOLUTION)



1. Which of the following is used as an atmospheric pollution indicator

A. Lepidoptera

B. Lichens

C. Lycopersicon

D. Lycopodium

Answer: b



2. The theory of spontaneous generation stated that

A. life arose from living forms only

B. life can arise from both living and non-living

C. Life can arise from non-living things only

D. Life arises spontaneously, neither from living nor from the non-

living.

Answer: c

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3. Animal husbandry and plant breeding programmers are the examples

of

A. reverse evolution

B. artificial selection

C. mutation

D. natural selection

Answer: b

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4. Palaentological evidences for evolution refer to the

A. development of embryo

B. homologous organs

C. fossils

D. analogous organs

Answer: c

5. The bones of forelimbs of whale, bat, cheetah and man are similar in structure, because.

A. one organism has given rise to another

B. they share a common ancestor

C. they perform the same function

D. they have biochemical similarities

Answer: b

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6. Analogous organs arise due to

A. divergent evolution

B. artificial selection

C. genetic drift

D. convergent evolution

Answer: d



7.
$$\left(p_q
ight)^2 + 2pq + q^2 = 1$$
 represents an equation used in

A. Population genetics

B. Mendelian genetics

- C. Biometrics
- **D.** Molecular genetics

Answer: a

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8. Appearance of antibiotic-resistant bacteria is an example of

A. adaptive radiation

B. transduction

C. pre-existing variation in the population

D. divergent evolution

Answer: c

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9. Evolution of life shows that life had a trend of moving from

A. Land to water

B. dry land to wet land

C. fresh water to sea water

D. water to land

Answer: d

10. Viviparity is considered to be more evolved because

A. the young ones are left on their own

B. the young ones are protected by a thick shell

C. the young ones are protected inside the mother's body and are

looked after they are born leading to more chances of survival

D. the embryo takes a long time to develop

Answer: c

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11. Fossils are generally found in

A. sedimentary rocks

B. igneous rocks

C. metamorphic rocks

D. any type of rock

Answer: a



12. For the MN-blood group system, the frequencies of M and N alleles are 0.7 m and 0.3, respectively . The expected frequency of MN-blood group bearing organisms in likely to be

A. 0.42

B. 0.49

C. 0.09

D. 0.58

Answer: a

13. Which type of selection is industrial melansim observed in month, Biston betularia?

A. Staibiiising

B. Directional

C. Disruptive

D. Artificial

Answer: b

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14. The most accepted line of descent in human evolution is

A.

 $ext{Australopithecus} o ext{Ramapiecus} o ext{Homo sapiens} o h$

B. Homo erectus \rightarrow Homo habilis \rightarrow Homo sapiens

C. Ramapithecus \rightarrow Homo habilis \rightarrow Homo erectus \rightarrow Homo

sapiens

D. Australopithecus \rightarrow Ramapithecus \rightarrow Homo erectus \rightarrow Homo

habilis \rightarrow Homo sapiens

Answer: c

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15. Which of the following is an example for link species?

A. Lobe fish

B. Dodo bird

C. Sea weed

D. Tyrannosaurus rex

Answer: a

16. In 1953 S.L. Miller created primitive earth conditions in the laboratory and gave experimental evidence for origin of first form of life from preexisting non-living. Organic molecules. The primitive earth condition created include.

A. low temperature, volcanic storms, atmosphere rich in oxygen B. low temperature, volcanic storms, reducing atmosphere C. high temperature, volcanic storms, non- reducing atmosphere D. high temperature, volcanic storms, reducing atmosphere containing CH_4 , NH_3 etc

Answer: d

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17. Variations during mutations of meiotic recombinations are

A. random and directionless

B. random and directional

C. random and small

D. random, small and directional

Answer: a

