

ECONOMICS

BOOKS - SANDEEP GARG ECONOMICS (HINGLISH)

BASIC CONCEPTS OF MACROECOMICS

Higher Order Thinking Skills Questions

1. Classify the following as factor income or transfer income.

- (i) Unemployment allowances.
- (ii) Salary received by Rakesh from a company.
- (iii) Financial help to earthquake victims.
- (iv) Compensation received from the employer.
- (v) Claim received from insurance company by an injured worker.
- (vi) Birthday gift received from a friend.
- (vii) Bonus received on Diwali.



- **2.** Classify the following as final goods or intermediate goods.
- (i) Machine purchased by a firm.
- (ii) Soft drinks purchased by the school canteen.
- (iii) Clothes purchased by an individual.
- (iv) Coal purchased by a factory.
- (v) Electricity consumption in a business.
- (vi) Book purchased by a student.

consumer.

- (vii) Books purchased by a book seller.
- (viii) Postage stamps purchased by a

(ix) Postage stamps purchased by a business unit.

(x) Exhaust fans used for making water coolers.

(xi) Seeds purchased by a farmer to produce wheat.

(xii) Seeds purchased for kitchen gardening.

(xiii) Machines purchased by a dealer of machines.

(xv) Sewing machine purchased by a housewife.



3. What is meant by factor income to abroad? State its components.



- **4.** Which among the following are capital goods and which are consumer goods (or consumption goods) and why?
- (a) A car used as a taxi
- (b) Refrigerator in a hotel
- (c) Air-conditioner in a house

- **5.** Which among the following are final goods and which are intermediate goods? Give reasons.
- (a) Milk purchased by a tea stall.
- (b) Bus purchased by a school.
- (c) Juice purchased by a student from the school canteen.



True And False

1. Are the following statements true or false ?

Give reasons.

Intermediate goods have a derived demand, while final goods have direct demand.



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2. Are the following statements true or false?

Give reasons.

Bread is always a consumer good.

3. Are the following statements true or false ?

Give reasons.

Gross investment can be equal to net investment.



4. Are the following statements true or false? Give reasons.

Market price is always more than factor cost.



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5. Are the following statements true or false ? Give reasons.

A good can be intermediary good in one case and a final good in another case.



6. Are the following statements true or false? Give reasons.

The concept of normal resident applies to individuals only.



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7. Are the following statements true or false ? Give reasons.

In final goods, no value is to be added.



8. Are the following statements true or false?

Butter is only a final product.



9. Are the following statements true or false ?

Give reasons.

End - use of the goods categorise the goods as intermediate goods and final goods.



10. Are the following statements true or false?

Give reasons.

Final goods include only those goods which are consumed by the households.



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11. Are the following statements true or false?

Give reasons.

Both 'Expected Obsolescence ' and

'Unexpected Obsolescence' are considered for determining the amount of depreciation.



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12. Are the following statements true or false?

Give reasons.

National Income is always more than the Domestic Income.



13. Are the following statements true or false? Give reasons.

All purchased by a production unit from other production units are intermediate products.



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Revision Exercise Multiple Choice Questions

1. Which of the following are covered under the domestic territory of India?

- A. State Bank of India in London
- B. Google office in India
- C. Office of Tata Motors in Australia
- D. Russian Embassy in India

Answer: B



2. Which one of the following is an intermediate product?

- A. Purchase of pulses by consumers
- B. Machine purchased by a firm
- C. Wheat used by a flour mill
- D. Wheat used by households

Answer: C



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3. Which one of the following is not an example of final goods?

- A. Chalk, dusters, etc. purchased by a school
- B. Fertilizers used by the farmers
- C. Wheat used by a flour mill
- D. All of the above

Answer: A::B::C::D



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4. Which of the following constitute the reason for difference between Market Prices and Factor Cost ?

A. Indirect Taxes

B. Subsidies

C. Both (a) and (b)

D. Neither (a) nor (b)

Answer: C



5. If factor cost is greater than market price, then it means that:

A. Indirect Taxes > Subsides

B. Indirect Taxes = Subsidies

C. Indirect Taxes < Subsides

D. Indirect Taxes \geq subsidies

Answer: C



6. Final goods refer	to those goods whi	ch are
used either for	or for	

- A. Consumption, investment
- B. Consumption , resale
- C. Resale, investment
- D. Resale, further production

Answer: A::B::D



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- 7. Net factor income from abroad is:
 - A. Exports minus Imports
 - B. Visible Exports minus Visible Imports
 - C. Factor incomes received from abroad minus factor incomes paid abroad
 - D. Factor incomes received from abroad

Answer: C



- 8. Depreciation means:
 - A. Destruction of a plant in a fire accident
 - B. Loss of fixed assets over time due to wear and tear
 - C. Loss of fixed assets in an earthquake
 - D. Closure of the plant due to lock out

Answer: B



9. Market price and Factor cost will be equal when there is:

A. No direct tax

B. No indirect tax

C. No subsidy

D. No direct tax and no subsidy

Answer: A::B::C::D



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10. Which of the following is an example of transfer income?

- A. Bonus
- B. Unemployment Allowance
- C. Compensation from the employer
- D. All of the above

Answer: B



11. Which of the following is an example of an intermediate goods ?

A. Car sold by a dealer of second hand cars

B. Steel and cement used to construct a flyover

C. Fertilizers purchased by a farmer

D. All the these

Answer: A::B::C::D



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12. Sugar purchased by a Sweet shop is an _____ good , while is a _____ good when it is purchased by a consumer .

A. capital , final

B. final, intermediate

C. intermediate, final

D. final, producer

Answer: C



13. Identify the missing item in the following flowchart:



- A. Depreciation
- **B. Net Indirect Taxes**
- C. Net Factor Income from Abroad
- D. Indirect Taxes

Answer: B



14. Which of the following flowchart correctly establishes the treatment of 'Depreciation'?





Answer: A::B::D



15.	Depreciation	of	fixed	capital	assets	refers
to	:					

- A. Normal wear and tear
- B. Foreseen obsolescence
- C. Normal wear & tear & foreseen obsolescence
- D. Unforeseen obsolescence

Answer: C



16. Unforeseen obsolescence of fixed capital assets during production is :

A. Consumption of Fixed Capital

B. Capital Loss

C. Income Loss

D. None of the above

Answer: B



17. Refrigerator purchased by a confectionery shop is an example of :

A. Final Good

B. Intermediate Good

C. Capital Good

D. Both (a) and (c)

Answer: A::B::C::D



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18. Which of the following is an example of Non-durable good ?

A. Milk

B. Bread

C. Both (a) and (b)

D. Clothes

Answer: C



19. Addition to the capital stock of an economy
is termed as :

- A. Investment
- **B.** Capital Loss
- C. Consumption of Fixed Capital
- D. All of these

Answer: A::B::D



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20. Japanese Embassy in India is a part of domestic territory of :

- A. India
- B. Japan
- C. Both (a) and (b)
- D. International Area

Answer: B



21. Foreign embassies in India are a part of

India's: (Choose the correct alternative)

A. Economic territory

B. Geographical territory

C. Both (a) and (b)

D. None of the above

Answer: B



22. Goods purchased for the following purpose are final goods : (choose the correct alternative)

A. For satisfaction of wants

B. For investment in firm

C. Both (a) and (b)

D. None of the above

Answer: C



Very Short Answer Type Questions

1. Give the meaning of factor income.



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2. What is meant by transfer income?



3. Out of factor income and transfer income , which one is included in the national income ?



4. Define current transfers.



5. Define final goods.



6. What is meant by intermediate goods?



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7. Can purchase of a new car be categorised as an intermediate good?



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8. Define consumption goods?



9. Define capital goods.



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10. What is meant by Net factor income from abroad ?



11. Give an example of a person who is staying abroad for a period more than one year and still he is treated as normal resident of India.



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12. Define 'depreciation'.

OR

What is meant by 'Consumption of fixed capital '?



13. Define capital formation .

OR

Define investment.



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14. Define Gross investment .



15. Give two examples of intermediate goods. **View Text Solution** 16. Define 'resident '? **View Text Solution** 17. What are 'subsidies'? **View Text Solution**

Short Answer Type Questions

1. Distinguish between factor income and transfer receipt.



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2. Distinguish between intermediate products and final products . Give examples.

OR

Explain the basic of classifying goods into

intermediate and final goods . Give suitable examples.



3. Machine ' purchased is always a final good , Do you agree ? Give reasons for your answer.



4. Which of the following expenditures incurred are on intermediate products and

which are on final products? You must state reason for your answer:

(i) Purchase of ticket for train journey by an individual.

(ii) Purchase of eatables by a firm.

(iii) Purchase of a car by an employer for office use by his employees.

Hint: Intermediate Products: (ii), Final Products: (i), (iii)/



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5. Discuss the meaning of consumption goods and capital goods.



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6. Distinguish between consumer goods and capital goods . Which of these are final goods ?



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7. What is meant by net factor income from abroad ? Briefly discuss its various components.



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8. Define intermediate goods and final goods.

Can milk be an intermediate good ? Give reasons for your answer.

Hint for 2^{nd} Part : Milk purchased by a

restaurant is intermediate good because it is purchased for reselling.



9. Distinguish between : (a) Final good and intermediate good , (b) Consumption good and capital good.



10. What are capital goods? How are they different from consumption goods?



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Long Answer Type Questions

1. Explain the concept of normal residents.



2. Briefly discuss the meaning of domestic territory.



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3. Discuss the concept of factor income and transfer income with the help of examples.



4. Distinguish between Intermediate product and final product, giving suitable examples in support of your answer.

