



## MATHS

### NCERT - NCERT MATHEMATICS (GUJRATI)

#### RELATIONS AND FUNCTIONS

##### Example

1. If  $(x+1, y-2)=(3,1)$ , find the values of  $x$  and  $y$ .



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2. If  $P=\{a,b,c\}$  and  $Q=\{r\}$ , form the sets  $P \times Q$  and  $Q \times P$ . Check if the products are equal or not?



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3. Let  $A=\{1,2,3\}$ ,  $B=\{3,4\}$  and  $C=\{4,5,6\}$ . Find

A.  $A \times (B \cap C)$

B.  $(A \times B) \cap (A \times C)$

C.  $A \times (B \cup C)$

D.  $(A \times B) \cup (A \times C)$

**Answer:**



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4. If  $P = \{1, 2\}$ , form the set  $P \times P \times P$



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5. If  $R$  is the set of all real numbers, what do the cartesian products  $R \times R$  and  $R \times R \times R$  represent?



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6. If  $A \times B = \left\{ \begin{array}{cc} (p, q) & (p, r) \\ (m, q) & (m, r) \end{array} \right\}$ , find A and B.



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7. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ . Define a relation R from A to A by  $R = \{(x, y) : y = x + 1\}$

(i) Depict this relation using an arrow diagram.

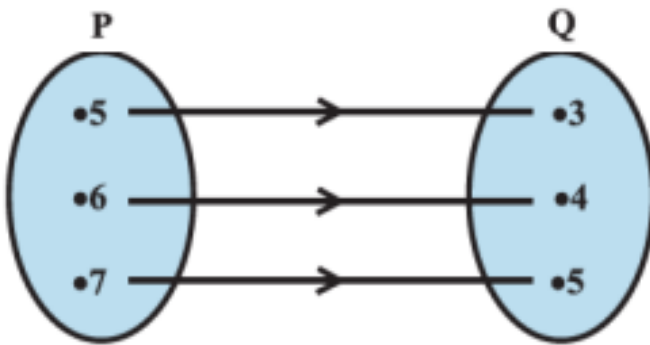
(ii) Write down the domain, codomain and range of R.



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8. The Fig 2.7 shows a relationship between the sets P and Q. Write this relation

(i) in set-builder form (ii) roster form. What is its domain and range?



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9. Let  $A=\{1,2\}$  and  $B=\{3,4\}$ . Find the number of relations from A to B.



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10. Let  $N$  be the set of natural numbers and the relation  $R$  be defined on  $N$  such that

$$R = \{(x, y) : y = 2x, y \in N\},$$



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11. Examine each of the following relations given below and state in each case, giving reasons whether it is function or not?

(i)  $R = \{(2,1), (3,1), (4,2)\}$ , (ii)  $R = \{(2,2), (2,4), (3,3), (4,4)\}$

(ii)  $R = \{(1,2), (2,3), (3,4), (4,5), (5,6), (6,7)\}$



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12. Let  $N$  be the set of natural numbers. Define a real valued function  $f: N \rightarrow n$  by  $f(x) = 2x + 1$ . Using this definition, complete the table given below,

$x$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
$y$	$f(1) = \dots$	$f(2) = \dots$	$f(3) = \dots$	$f(4) = \dots$	$f(5) = \dots$	$f(6) = \dots$	$f(7) = \dots$



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13. Define the function  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  by  $y = f(x) = x^2, x \in \mathbb{R}$ . Complete the Table given below by using this definition. What is the domain and range of this function? Draw the graph of  $f$ .

$x$	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
$y = f(x) = x^2$									

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14. Draw the graph of the function  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  defined by  $f(x) = x^3, x \in \mathbb{R}$ .





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15. Define the real valued function

$f: R - \{0\} \rightarrow R$  defined by  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x \in R - \{0\}$

. Complete the Table given below using this definition. What is the domain and range of this

$x$	-2	-1.5	-1	-0.5	0.25	0.5	1	1.5	2
$y = \frac{1}{x}$	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

function?



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16. Let  $f(x) = x^2$  and  $g(x) = 2x + 1$  be two real functions. Find

$$(f + g)(x), (f - g)(x), (fg)(x), \left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x).$$



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**17.** Let  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  and  $g(x) = x$  be two functions defined over the set of non-negative real numbers.

Find  $(f + g)(x)$ ,  $(f - g)$ ,  $(fg)(x)$  and  $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x)$ .



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**18.** Let  $R$  be the set of real numbers. Define the real function  $f: R \rightarrow R$  by  $f(x) = x + 10$  and sketch the graph of this function.



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**19.** Let  $R$  be a relation from  $Q$  to  $Q$  defined by

$R = \{(a, b) : a, b \in Q \text{ and } a - b \in Z\}$ . Show that

(i)  $(a, a) \in R$  for all  $a \in Q$

(ii)  $(a, b) \in R$  implies that  $(b, a) \in R$

(iii)  $(a, b) \in R$  and  $(b, c) \in R$  implies that

$(a, c) \in R$



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20. Let  $f = \{(1,1), (2,3), (0,-1), (-1,-3)\}$  be a linear function from  $Z$  into  $Z$ . Find  $f(x)$ .



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21. Find the domain of the function

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 3x + 5}{x^2 - 5x + 4}$$



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22. The function  $f$  is defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - x & x < 0 \\ 1 & x = 0 \\ x + 1 & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

Draw the graph of  $f(x)$ .



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## Exercise 2 1

1. If  $\left(\frac{x}{3} + 1, y - \frac{2}{3}\right) = \left(\frac{5}{3}, \frac{1}{3}\right)$ , find the values of  $x$  and  $y$ .



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2. If the set  $A$  has 3 elements and the set  $B = \{3, 4, 5\}$ , then find the number of elements in  $(A \times B)$ .



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3. If  $G = \{7, 8\}$  and  $H = \{5, 4, 2\}$ , find  $G \times H$  and  $H \times G$ .



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4. State whether each of the following statements are true or false. If the statement is false, rewrite the given statement correctly.

(i) If  $P = \{m, n\}$  and  $Q = \{n, m\}$ , then  
 $P \times Q = \{(m, n), (n, m)\}$ .

(ii) If  $A$  and  $B$  are non-empty sets, then  $A \times B$  is a non-empty set of ordered pairs  $(x, y)$  such that  $x \in A$  and  $y \in B$ .

(iii) If  $A = \{1, 2\}$ ,  $B = \{3, 4\}$  then  $A \times (B \cap \phi) = \phi$



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5. If  $A = \{-1, 1\}$ , find  $A \times A \times A$



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6. If  $A \times B = \{(a, x), (a, y), (b, x), (b, y)\}$ . Find A and B.



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7. Let  $A=\{1,2\}$ ,  $B=\{1,2,3,4\}$ ,  $C=\{5,6\}$  and  $D=\{5,6,7,8\}$ . Verify that (i)

$$A \times (B \cap C) = (A \times B) \cap (A \times C), \text{ (ii) } A \times C$$

is a subset of  $B \times D$



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8. Let  $A=\{1,2\}$  and  $B=\{3,4\}$ . Write  $A \times B$ . How many subsets will  $A \times B$  have? List them.



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9. Let  $A$  and  $B$  be two sets such that  $n(A) = 3$  and  $n(B) = 2$ . If  $(x, 1), (y, 2), (z, 1)$  are in  $A \times B$ , find  $A$  and  $B$ , where  $x, y$  and  $z$  are distinct elements.



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10. The Cartesian product  $A \times A$  has 9 elements among which are found  $(-1,0)$  and  $(0,1)$ . Find the set  $A$  and the remaining elements of  $A \times A$ .



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## Exercise 2 2

1. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 14\}$ . Define a relation  $R$  from  $A$  to  $A$  by  $R = \{(x, y) : 3x - y = 0, \text{ where } x, y \in A\}$ .

Write down its domain, codomain and range.



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2. Define a relation  $R$  on the set  $N$  of natural numbers by  $R = \{(x, y) : y = x + 5, x \text{ is a natural number less than } 4, x, y \in N\}$ . Depict this relationship using roster form. Write down the domain and the range.



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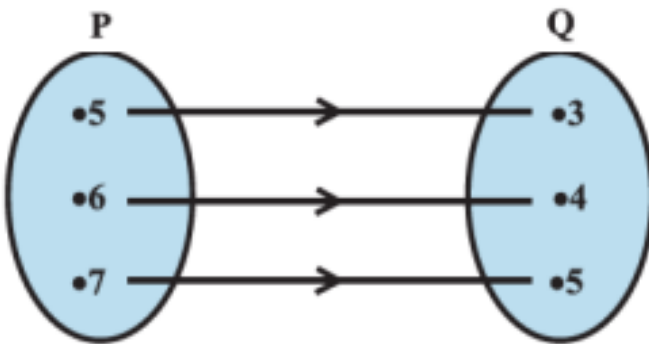
3.  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 5\}$  and  $B = \{4, 6, 9\}$ . Define a relation  $R$  from  $A$  to  $B$  by  $R = \{(x, y) : \text{the difference between } x \text{ and } y \text{ is odd}, x \in A, y \in B\}$ . Write  $R$  in roster form.



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4. The Fig 2.7 shows a relationship between the sets P and Q. Write this relation

(i) in set-builder form (ii) roster form. What is its domain and range?



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5. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6\}$ . Let  $R$  be the relation on  $A$  defined by  $\{(a, b) \mid a, b \in A, b \text{ is exactly divisible by } a\}$

(i) Write  $R$  in roster form

(ii) Find the domain of  $R$

(iii) Find the range of  $R$ .



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6. Determine the domain and range of the relation

$R$  defined by

$$R = \{(x, x + 5) : x \in \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}\}.$$



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7. Write the relation  $R = \{(x, x^3) : x \text{ is a prime number less than } 10\}$  in roster form.



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8. Let  $A = \{x, y, z\}$  and  $B = \{1, 2\}$ . Find the number of relations from  $A$  to  $B$ .



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9. Let  $R$  be the relation on  $Z$  defined by  $R = \{(a, b) : a, b \in Z, a - b \text{ is an integer}\}$ . Find the domain and range of  $R$ .



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### Exercise 2 3

1. Which of the following relations are functions? Give reasons. If it is a function, determine its domain and range.

(i)  $\{(2,1),(5,1),(8,1),(11,1),(14,1),(17,1)\}$

(ii)  $\{(2,1),(4,2),(6,3),(8,4),(10,5),(12,6),(14,7)\}$

(iii)  $\{(1,3),(1,5),(2,5)\}$



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2. Find the domain and range of the following real functions:

(i)  $f(x) = -|x|$  (ii)  $f(x) = \sqrt{9 - x^2}$



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3. A function  $f$  is defined by  $f(x) = 2x - 5$ . Write down the values of (i)  $f(0)$ , (ii)  $f(7)$ , (iii)  $f(-3)$



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4. The function 't' which maps temperature in degree Celsius into temperature in degree Fahrenheit is defined by  $t(C) = \frac{9C}{5} + 32$

Find (i)  $t(0)$  (ii)  $t(28)$  (iii)  $t(-10)$  (iv) The value of C, when  $t(C)=212$ .

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5. Find the range of each of the following functions.

(i)  $f(x) = 2 - 3x, x \in R, x > 0$

(ii)  $f(x) = x^2 + 2x$ ,  $x$  is a real number.

(iii)  $f(x) = x$ ,  $x$  is a real number



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## Miscellaneous Exercise On Chapter 2

1. The relation  $f$  is defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & 0 \leq x \leq 3 \\ 3x & 3 \leq x \leq 10 \end{cases}$$

The relation  $g$  is defined by

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & 0 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 3x & 2 \leq x \leq 10 \end{cases}$$

Show that  $f$  is a function and  $g$  is not a function.



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2. If  $f(x) = x^2$ , find  $\frac{f(1.1) - f(1)}{(1.1 - 1)}$



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3. Find the domain of the function

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x + 1}{x^2 - 8x + 12}$$



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4. Find the domain and the range of the real

function  $f$  defined by  $f(x) = \sqrt{(x - 1)}$



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5. Find the domain and the range of the real function  $f$  defined by  $f(x) = |x - 1|$



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6. Let  $f = \left\{ \left( x, \frac{x^2}{1 + x^2} \right), x \in R \right\}$  be a function from  $R$  into  $R$ . Determine the range of  $f$ .



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7. Let  $f, g: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be defined, respectively by  $f(x)=x+1$ ,  $g(x)=2x-3$ . Find  $f + g$ ,  $f - g$  and  $\frac{f}{g}$ .



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8. Let  $f=\{(1,1),(2,3),(0,-1),(-1,-3)\}$  be a function from  $\mathbb{Z}$  to  $\mathbb{Z}$  defined by  $f(x)= ax + b$ , for some integers  $a, b$ . Determine  $a, b$ ,



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9. Let  $R$  be a relation from  $N$  to  $N$  defined by

$R = \{(a, b) : a, b \in N \text{ and } a = b^2\}$ . Are the

following true?

(i)  $(a, a) \in R$ , for all  $a \in N$  (ii)

$(a, b) \in R$ , implies  $(b, a) \in R$

(iii)  $(a, b) \in R, (b, c) \in R$  implies  $(a, c) \in R$ .

Justify your answer in each case.



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10. Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ ,  $B = \{1, 5, 9, 11, 15, 16\}$  and  $f = \{(1, 5), (2, 9),$

$(3, 1), (4, 5), (2, 11)\}$  Are the following true?

(i)  $f$  is a relation from  $A$  to  $B$  (ii)  $f$  is a function from  $A$  to  $B$ . Justify your answer in each case.



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11. Let  $f$  be the subset of  $Z \times Z$  defined by  $f = \{(ab, a + b) : a, b \in Z\}$ . Is  $f$  a function from  $Z$  to  $Z$ ? Justify your answer.



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12. Let  $A = \{9, 10, 11, 12, 13\}$  and let  $f: A \rightarrow N$  be defined by  $f(n) =$  the highest prime factor of  $n$ . Find the

range of  $f$ .



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