

### **ACCOUNTS**

# **BOOKS - ARYA ACCOUNTS (HINGLISH)**

### **BASIC ACCOUNTING TERMS**

## **Short Answer Questions**

- 1. Explain the following terms with examples:
- (a) Capital Expenditure (b) Non-Current Assets



- **2.** Explain the meaning of any three of the following terms:
- (i) Assets (ii) Capital
- (iii) Goods (iv) Drawings
- (v) Trade Receivables



**Watch Video Solution** 

**3.** Explain the meaning of any three of the following terms :

- (i) Liability (ii) Stock
- (iii) Business Transaction (iv) Drawings



**Watch Video Solution** 

- **4.** Explain the following terms:
- (a) Revenue (b) Trade Payables
- (c) Fictitious Assets (d) Working Capital



**View Text Solution** 

**5.** Give any three examples of revenues.



**6.** Distinguish between debtors and creditors.



**Watch Video Solution** 

7. Distinguish between profit and gain.



**8.** Distinguish between fixed assets and current assets.



**Watch Video Solution** 

**9.** Distinguish between revenue expenditure and capital expenditure.



**View Text Solution** 

**10.** Distinguish between expenses and expenditure.



# Watch Video Solution

11. Distinguish between expenses and losses.



Watch Video Solution

**12.** Give two characteristics of a business transaction.



**13.** Differentiate between Assets and Goods on the basis of any two points.



Watch Video Solution

**Very Short Answer Questions** 

1. What is Capital?



2. What are Drawings?



**Watch Video Solution** 

3. LIABILITIES



**Watch Video Solution** 

4. What are Assets?



**5.** What are Current Assets?



**Watch Video Solution** 

**6.** Give two examples of Current Assets.



**Watch Video Solution** 

7. Give two examples fo Tangible Assets.



8. Give two examples of Intangible Assets.



**Watch Video Solution** 

9. What are Fictitious Assets?



**Watch Video Solution** 

10. What are Current Liabilities?



11. Give two examples of Current Liabilities.



**Watch Video Solution** 

12. What are Internal Liabilities?



**Watch Video Solution** 

**13.** What is expense?



**14.** What is revenue?



**Watch Video Solution** 

15. What is income?



**Watch Video Solution** 

16. What is a Voucher?



17. What is Trade Discount?



**Watch Video Solution** 

18. What is Cash Discount?



**Watch Video Solution** 

19. What is meant by Purchases?



20. What is meant by Sales?



**Watch Video Solution** 

21. Define Merchandise.



**Watch Video Solution** 

22. Profit is earned on sale of Fixed Asset.

What should be the accounting treatment of

this profit?



23. Give two examples of revenue expenditure.



Watch Video Solution

**Objective Type Questions** 

- 1. Fill in the blanks:
- (i) Amount which the proprietor has invested

in a business is known as
(ii) Amount which the firm owes to outsiders is
knows as
(iii) Is the cost incurred in producing
goods and services.
(iv) Revenue means the income of a
nature.
(v) The term 'sales ' is used only for the sales
of and is never used for the sale of
••••••
(vi) The persons who still owe some amount to
the business are termed as (vii) The
persons to whom money is owing by the firm

are termed as .....

(viii) Assets held for continued use in the business and not meant for resale are termed as ......

(ix) ...... are those assets which have a physical existence and which can be seen or felt.

(x) ..... refer to those liabilities which are to be paid normally within one year.



2. Classify the following into (i) Assets (ii)
Liabilities (iii) Expenses and (iv) Revenues
Sales, Bank balance, Debtors, Bank Overdraft,
Creditors, Salary to manager, Discount to
debtors, Cost of goods sold



Watch Video Solution

Objective Type Questions Choose The Best Alternate

1. Current Liabilities include:

- A. Bills Payable
- **B.** Creditors
- C. Outstanding Expenses
- D. All of the above

#### **Answer: D**



**Watch Video Solution** 

**2.** Which of the following is capital expenditure?

- A. Wages
- B. Wages paid for building construction
- C. Repair expenses of building
- D. Advertisment Expenses

#### **Answer: B**



**Watch Video Solution** 

**3.** A person who owes money to the firm is called ......

A. Deptor
B. Creditor
C. Supplier
D. None of these
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
<b>4.</b> Goods means :
A. Commodity to be bought and sold

.

B. Commodity to be bought but not to be sold

C. Commodity to be used and an asset

D. All of the above

#### **Answer: A**



**Watch Video Solution** 

**5.** Trade Discount is:

- A. Which is allowed at the time of receiving the payment
- B. Which is allowed at the time of sale of goods
- C. Which is allowed both at the time of receiving payment and sale of goods
- D. Allowed in all of the above

#### **Answer: B**



- 6. Cash Discount is:
  - A. Which is received at the time of making the payment
  - B. Which is allowed at the time of sale of goods
  - C. Which is received at the time of purchase of goods
  - D. Which is received both at the time of making payment and purchase of goods

#### **Answer: A**



**Watch Video Solution** 

- 7. Current assets of not include:
  - A. Debtors
  - B. Motor Car
  - C. Bank Balance
  - D. Prepaid Expenses

**Answer: B** 

8. Tangible Assets do not include:

A. Goodwill

B. Furniture

C. Stock

D. Cash

**Answer: A** 



- **9.** Which of the following will be treated as drawings:
  - A. Withdrawing money for payment of salary to employees
  - B. Withdrawing money for payment to creditors
  - C. Withdrawing from business for private expenses

D. Withdrawing money for purchase of asset

### **Answer: C**



**Watch Video Solution** 

10. Main feature of business transaction is :

A. It involves an economic activity

B. It results in a change in the financial position of the firm

C. Change must be capable of being expressed in terms of money

D. All of the above

#### **Answer: D**



**Watch Video Solution** 

11. Current Liabilities do not include :

A. Bills Payable

**B.** Creditors

- C. Outstanding Exp.
- D. Debentures

#### **Answer: D**



- 12. Purchases refers to the buying of
  - A. Stationery for office use
  - B. Assets for the factory
  - C. Goods of resale

D. Investment

#### **Answer: C**



**Watch Video Solution** 

**13.** The term sales is used only for the sales of ...... and is never used for the sale of ......

A. Assets, Investments

B. Assets, Goods

C. Intengible Assets, Goods

D. Goods, Assets

#### **Answer: D**



**Watch Video Solution** 

14. Out of the following assets which one is

NOT an intangible asset?

A. Patents

**B.** Investments

C. Goodwill

D. Trademark

**Answer: B** 



Watch Video Solution

**15.** At the end of financial year, during which sale of goods was worth Rs. 5,00,000,the closing stock is valued at Rs. 40,000. This is

A. An event

- B. A transaction
- C. Both an event as well as transaction
- D. None of (A) and (B)

#### **Answer: C**



**View Text Solution** 

**16.** Which of the following is the Capital expenditure?

A. Wages paid for repair of building

- B. Wages paid for white washing of building
- C. Wages paid for construction of building
- D. Wages paid for cleaning of building

### Answer: C



- 17. Consider the following items:
- Prepaid Salary 2. Accrued Interest
   (Receivable)

3. Loan (Short term) 4. Bank Overdraft

Current Liability would include:

- A. 1, 2, 3, 4
- B. 2, 3, 4
- C. 4, 3, 1
- D. 3, 4

**Answer: D** 



**1.** Godrej Ltd. Imported from Germany one machinery for sale in India and another machinery for production purpose. Will you treat them goods or fixed assets?



**Watch Video Solution** 

**2.** Mr. Jaspal Singh dealing in electronic goods sold 20 TV sets costing Rs.30,000 each at Rs.40,000 each. Out of this Rs. 5,00,000 were

received in cash and the balance is not yet received. State the amount of revenue.



**Watch Video Solution** 

**3.** Mr. Dinanath who owed us Rs.50,000 became insolvent and paid only 40% of this amount. What is term used for the amount not received?



**4.** Why assets are classified into current and non-current?



**Watch Video Solution** 

**5.** Why receipts are classified into capital and revenue?



**6.** Why expenditure is classified into capital and revenue.



**Watch Video Solution** 

**7.** What is the reason that the capital expenditure is shows in the Balance Sheet?

