

# **BIOLOGY**

# **NEET & AIIMS**

## **MOCK TEST 21**

Example

**1.** Action spectrum of photosynthesis resembles roughly the

- A. Cholorophyll a
- B. Chlorophyll b
- C. Carotene
- D. Xanthophyll

## **Answer: A**



- 2. Products of light reaction are
  - A.  ${\cal O}_2$  and  ${\cal C}{\cal O}_2$

B.  $CO_2$  and  $H_2O$ 

C. ATP and NADPH

D. ATP and  $CO_2$ 

### **Answer: C**



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**3.** Where does dark reaction of photosynthesis take place?

A. Thylakoid lumen

- B. Thylakoid membrane
- C. Stoma of the chloroplast
- D. Matrix of mitochondria

#### **Answer: C**



- **4.** Pigment molecule present at reaction centre of PS-I and PS-II respectively are
  - A. Chl-a and chl-a

- B. chl-a and chl-b
- C. chl-b and chl-a
- D. chl-b and chl-b

#### **Answer: A**



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**5.** During photosynthesis. the site for light reaction is

A. Stroma of chloroplast

B. Thylakoids of the chloroplast

C. ds circular DNA of the chloroplast

D. Both (1) & (2)

#### **Answer: B**



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**6.** Read the following statements and choose ones- (A) Carotenoids protect chlorophyll a from photooxidation, (B) Dark reactions are not directly light driven, ©Chlorophyll a

molecule shows maximum absorption in red and blue regions of the visible spectrum of light, (D) Light harvesting complexes are composed of hundreds of pigment molecules bound to lipids only.

- A. A,B &C
- B. B,D &C
- C. A,C &D
- D. D,B &A

**Answer: A** 



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**7.** In PS-II the reaction centre chl-a has an absorption peak at (i) wavelength of (ii) causing electrons to become excited

A. (i) 400nm, (ii) Red light

B. (i) 680nm, (ii) Red light

C. (i) 700nm, (ii) Red light

D. (i) 700nm, (ii) blue light

**Answer: B** 

- **8.** The photochemical phase of photosynthesis includes,(a) water splitting (b) light absorption
- © oxygen release (d) synthesis of NADPH (e) synthesis of starch
  - A. Only (a) & (b)
  - B. (b),© & (e)
  - C. ©,(d) & (e)
  - D. All except (e)

#### **Answer: D**



- **9.** The process of cyclic photophosphorylation in green algae
  - A. Involves PS-I
  - B. Synthesis ATP and NAPDH
  - C. Takes place in the stroma lamella membrane

D. Both (1) & (3)

#### **Answer: D**



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**10.** The protons and oxygen formed during photolysis of water are released

A. Within the thylakoid lumen

B. Outside the chloroplast

C. In the stroma of the chloroplast

D. In the vacuole of the cell

**Answer: A** 



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**11.** The electrons released during splitting of water are used to replace electrons removed from

A. PS-I

B. PS-II

- C. Cytochrome complex
- D. NADP reductase complex

## **Answer: B**



- **12.** Cyclic photophosphorylation occurs when only light of wavelengths \_\_\_\_\_ are available.
- (i) Below 680 nm (ii) Beyond 680 nm
- (iii) 400 nm and below (iv) Beyond 400 nm

- A. Below 300nm
- B. Beyond 680nm
- C. Below 400nm
- D. Beyond 300nm

### **Answer: B**



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**13.** Non-cyclic photophosphorylation differs from cyclic photophosphorylation

- A. As it requires light energy
- B. In synthesis of ATP
- C. As it requires only PS-I
- D. As it involves photolysis of water

#### **Answer: D**



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**14.** Biosynthetic phase of photosynthesis

A. Involves use of ATP and NADPH to form food

B. Continues for long time if light is unavailable

C. Occurs in thylakoids only

D. Depends on light directly

## **Answer: A**



# **15.** The primary $CO_2$ acceptor molecule during the $C_3$ cycle is a

- A. 5-carbon ketose sugar
- B. Hexose sugar
- C. RuBP
- D. Both (1) & (3)

#### **Answer: D**



## **16.** chemiosmotic hypothesis

- A. Was explained by P. Mitchell
- B. Proves that proton gradient is not required for ATP synthesis
- C. Explains how ATP is synthesized in the chloroplast
- D. Both (1) & (3)

#### **Answer: D**



17. The total number of ATP and NADPH required to fix six molecules of  $CO_2$  in  $C_3$  plants are

A. ATP-12, NADPH-12

B. ATP-5, NADPH-3

C. ATP-18, NADPH-12

D. ATP-12, NADPH-18

#### **Answer: C**



**18.** How many full turns of the Calvin cycle are required to make one molecule of glucose

- **A.** 5
- B. 4
- C. 12
- D. 6

**Answer: D** 



<b>19.</b> The most crcial	step	of the	Calvin	cycle is

- A. Reduction
- B. Carboxylation
- C. Regeneration
- D. Decarboxylation

## **Answer: C**



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20. The most abundant enzyme on earth

A. Has much greater affinity for  $CO_2$  than

 $O_2$ 

B. Has active site for O\_2 only

C. Has carboxylase activity only

D. Both (1) & (3)

## Answer: A



**21.** Living organisms are capable of extracting energy from (i) and store it in the form of (ii)

A. (i) Oxidisable substance, (ii) Starch only

B. (i) Light, (ii) Glucose only

C. (i) Oxidisable substance, (ii) Bond energy

D. (i) Sun directly, (ii) Bond energy

#### **Answer: C**



**22.** Read the following statements and mark the correct option- (i)Grana lamellae have both PS-I and PS-II, (ii) ph inside the thylakoid lumen decreases when  $H^{\,+}$  gradient is established across thlakoid membrane, (iii) During reduction of NADP to NADPH +  $H^{\,+}$ protons are removed from thylakoid lumen, (iv) Melvin Calvin used radioctive `14^C in a dicot plant to elucidate path of carbon in biosynthetic phase of photosynthesis.

A. (i) and (iii) are correct

B. (i) and (ii) are correct

- C. (i) and (iv) are correct
- D. (i) and (ii) are incorrect

## **Answer: B**



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- **23.** The first stable product in  $C_4$  pathway is
  - A. Oxaloacetic acid
  - B. Phosphoenolpyruvate
  - C. Ribulose-1, 5-biphosphate

D. Malic acid

#### **Answer: A**



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# **24.** $C_4$ -plants are well adapted to

- A. Dry tropical region
- B. Temperate regions
- C. Arctic regions
- D. Low temperature

#### **Answer: A**



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**25.** Which of the following do not show Kranz anatomy in their leaves ?

- A. Maize
- B. Ssorghum
- C. China rose
- D. Both (1) & (2)

#### **Answer: C**



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**26.** Choose incorrect statement w.r.t mesophyll cells of  $C_4$ -plants

- A. Lack of RuBisCO enzyme
- B.  $C_4$ -acid is broken down to release  $CO_2$  amd a 3-carbon molecule
- C. Primary  $CO_2$  acceptor molecule is PEP

D. Have a PEP case enzyme

**Answer: B** 



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**27.** In  $C_4$  plants , numbers of ATP and NADPH molecules required to fiz 2 molecules of  $CO_2$  are respectively

A. 6 & 10

B. 10 & 6

C. 4 & 10

D. 10 & 4

## **Answer: D**



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## 28. Most of the annelids are

A. Terrestrial

B. Free living

C. Ectoparasites

D. Endoparasites

#### **Answer: B**



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# **29.** Locomotory structure of Leech is/are

- A. Parapodia
- B. Setae
- C. Muscle
- D. All of these

#### **Answer: C**



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## 30. Choose the correct match

- A. Nereis Internal fertilisation
- B. Pheretima Internal fertilisation
- C. Hirudinaria Internal fertilisation
- D. Ascaris External fertilisation

#### **Answer: C**

# 31. Excretory waste of Pheretima is

A. Ammonia

B. Urea

C. Uric acid

D. Both (1) & (2)

#### **Answer: D**



**32.** Consider the following characteristic features. (a) Closed vascular system (b) External fertilisation (c) Dioecious (d) Double ventral nurve cord The above features characterise

- A. Leech
- B. Earthworm
- C. Sandworm
- D. Bloodworm

#### **Answer: C**



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**33.** Which of the following is a sanguivore and characterised by the presence of botryoidal tissue?

- A. Tubifex
- B. Aphrodite
- C. Megascolex
- D. Hirudinaria

#### **Answer: D**



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**34.** Read the following features: (a) Neurogenic heart (b) Haemocoel (c) Parapodia with setae is locomotory structure (d) Double ventral nurve cord Which of the above is/are characteristic features of Nereis?

A. only (a)

B. (a) and (c) only

C. (c) and (d) only

D. (a), (c) and (d)

#### **Answer: D**



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**35.** Trochophore larva is a free swimming larva in

A. Nereis, Aphrodite, Chaetopterus

B. Nereis, Pheretima, Pontobdella

C. Tubifex, Bonellia, Hirudinaria

D. Pheretima, Lumbricus, Megascolex

**Answer: A** 



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**36.** Which of the following cannot be considered as characteristic feature of arthropods?

A. Jointed appendages

- B. Direct development
- C. Schizocoelom
- D. Bilateral symmetry

### **Answer: B**



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**37.** Which of the following is a correct match between organism and its respective respiratory structure?

- A. Prawn Tracheal system
- B. King crab Book lungs
- C. Scorpion Gills
- D. Centipede Tracheal system

## Answer: D



- 38. Read the following statements. Statement
  - (A): Malpighian tubules help in removal of nitrogenous waste from body fluid. Statement

(B) : Nitrogenous waste is removed out through separate excretory pore. Choose the correct option

A. Both statements (A) and (B) are correct

B. Statement (A) is incorrect and (B) is correct

C. Statement (A) is correct and (B) is

incorrect

D. Both statements (A) and (B) are

incorrect

#### **Answer: C**



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**39.** Which of the following statements is correct regarding arthropods?

A. In all arthropods fertilisation is internal but development may be direct or indirect

B. Grub is the larval from of mosquitoes

- C. Arthropods are mostly monoecious
- D. Nymph resembles the adult in mode of life but differs in structure

**Answer: D** 



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**40.** Which of the following organisms exhibits hemimetabolous development?

A. Cockroach

B. Bed bug

C. Lice

D. May flies

## **Answer: A**



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**41.** Which of the following is not present in life cycle of Locusts?

A. Egg

- B. Nymph
- C. Naiad
- D. Imago

#### **Answer: C**



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**42.** Which of the following structures in mosquitoes help in perceiving vibrations?

- A. Johnston's organs present on last abdominal segment
- B. Halters present on antennae
- C. Johnston's organs present on antennae
- D. Halters present on 2nd pair of wings

#### **Answer: C**



**43.** Which of the following mouth parts occurs in pair?

A. Labium

B. Mandible

C. Labrum

D. Hypopharynx

**Answer: B** 



- **44.** Which of the following statements is incorrect regarding honey bees?
  - A. Bee wax is produced by abdominal glands of workers
  - B. Except queen bee all castes are sterile
  - C. Scout bees perform round dance when food source is located at <75m

distance

D. Potential queen larvae are given royal jelly while the rest of larvae are given

bee bread

### **Answer: B**



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**45.** Which of the following is an incorrect match of vector and the disease it transmits?

- A. Xenopsylla Bubonic Plague
- B. Culex Elephantiasis
- C. Aedes Dengue

D. Phlebotomus — Sleeping sickness

#### **Answer: D**



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**46.** Which of the following is not a beneficial insect?

A. Apis

B. Laccifer

C. Locusta

D. Bombyx

**Answer: C** 



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**47.** Which of the following givens the correct description of various structures present in a class?

A. 🖳

В. 🗾



D. 🗾

**Answer: B** 



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**48.** Which of the following is not a member of class Insecta?

A. Crayfish

B. Silverfish

C. Glow worm

D. Aphid

## **Answer: A**



- **49.** Consider the following statements
- (a) In both crustaceans and insects body is divisible into cephalothorax and abdomen.
- (b) In millipedes throacic and abdominal segments bear 2 pairs of legs.

(c) Tehmina is the other name for metathoracic wings of insects. (d) Peripatus is a connecting link between Annelida and Arthropoda. How may among the above mentioned statements is/are correct? A. 4 B. 3 C. 1 D. 2 **Answer: C** 

