



# BIOLOGY

## NEET & AIIMS

### MOCK TEST 23

#### Example

1. What is the mineral activator involved in transition reaction of aerobic respiration ?

A.  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$

B.  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$

C.  $\text{Mn}^{2+}$

D.  $\text{Mg}^{2+}$

**Answer: D**



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**2. End product of anaerobic respiration is**

**A.**

Dihydroxy acetone phosphate	2 phosphoglycerate	Ethanol
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B. 

Dihydroxy acetone phosphate	2 phosphoglycerate	Acetaldehyde
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C. 

Glyceralde- hyde-3 phosphate	Phosphoenol pyruvic acid	Ethanol
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D. 

Glyceralde- hyde-3 phosphate	Phosphoenol pyruvic acid	Acetaldehyde
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**Answer: C**



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**3.** What is the net gain of ATP molecules in alcoholic and lactic acid fermentation , respectively?

A. 2,4

B. 3,2

C. 2,3

D. 2,2

**Answer: D**



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**4. Succinate dehydrogenase enzyme is found**

A. In mitochondrial matrix

B. On outer mitochondrial membrane

C. on inner mitochondrial membrane

D. In ribosomes

**Answer: C**



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5. \_\_\_\_\_ is the 5C DCA molecules of citric acid cycle.

A. Succinic acid

B. Oxalosuccinic acid

C. alpha'-ketoglutaric acid

D. Fumaric acid

**Answer: C**



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**6.** Statement A: Krebs's cycle takes place in the matrix of mitochondria. Statement B: TCA cycle is an amphibolic process.

A. Only statement A is correct

B. Only statement B is correct

C. Both statements A and B are incorrect

D. Both statements A and B re correct

**Answer: D**



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7. In animal cells, like muscles during exercise, when oxygen is inadequate for cellular

respiration pyruvic acid is reduced to lactic acid by

- A. Lactate dehydrogenase
- B. Pyruvic acid decarboxylase
- C. Alcohol dehydrogenase
- D. Pyruvate thiokinase

**Answer: A**



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8. What is the maximum concentration of alcohol which can lead to death of yeasts?

A. 0.23

B. 0.06

C. 0.13

D. 0.26

**Answer: C**



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9. How many 'H<sub>2</sub>O' molecule are involved in oxidation decarboxylation and Kreb's cycle?

A. 1

B. 4

C. 5

D. 6

**Answer: B**



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10. What is the reducing agent in alcoholic fermentation ?

A. FADH

B. Ethanol

C. NADH + 'H<sup>+</sup>'

D. 'CO<sub>2</sub>'

**Answer: C**



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11. RQ value depends on

A. Type of respiratory substrate

B. Type of organism

C. Presence of light

D. Absence of 'CO<sub>2</sub>'

**Answer: A**



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12. Choose the incorrect statement for electron transport system

A. Enzyme complex-I accepts te elctrons and 'H<sup>+</sup>' from NADH

B. Cytochrome C is attached to the outer surface of inner membrane of mitochondria

C. Complex-II contains two copper centres

D. Complex-V is coupled to ATP synthase enzyme

**Answer: C**



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**13. Select the wrongly matched pair**

A. Acetyl CoA - Gibberellins

B. Succinyl CoA - Chlorophyll

C. alpha'-ketoglutaric acid - Amino acid

D. Oxaloacetic acid

**Answer: D**



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**14.** The malate-asparate shuttle is absent in

A. Kidney cells

B. Prokaryotes

C. Brain cells

D. Both (2) & (3)

**Answer: D**



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**15.** Which of the following substrate have maximum RQ value

A. Fat

B. Carbohydrate

C. Protein

D. oxalic acid



**Answer: D**



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