

BIOLOGY

BOOKS - ARIHANT NEET BIOLOGY (HINGLISH)

ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

Check Point 26 1

1.	Which	of the	followi	ng is	an inor	ganic	pollutant?
		• • • • • •				0	P

A. Sewage

B. Nitrates

C. Oil

D. DDT

Answer: B



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watch video Solution				
2. Xenobiotics can be categorised into which of the following category of				
pollutants?				
A. Multiple pollutants				
· ·				
B. Biological pollutant				
5 10. 10 Gram P. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11.				
C. Acid pollutant				
arriera portacante				
D. None of these				
b. None of these				
Answer: A				
Watch Video Solution				
3. Which of the following are primary pollutants?				
3. Which of the following are primary pollucants:				
A. DDT				
B. CO_2				

	C. Flyash
	D. All of these
An	wer: D
	Watch Video Solution
4.	The major secondary pollutant formed from light striking the
hy	rocarbons are
	A. PAN
	$B.CO_2$
	C. sewage
	D. BHC
An	wer: A
	Watch Video Solution

5. Smog was first described in
A. 1906
B. 1905
C. 1888
D. 1952
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
6. Primary constituents of photochemical smog are
6. Primary constituents of photochemical smog are $ A. SO_2 \text{ and } CO $
A. SO_2 and CO
A. SO_2 and CO B. O_3 and PAN

Answer: B Watch Video Solution 7. In Bhopal Gas Tragedy how many people were killed?

A. 1000

B. 2500

C. 2000

D. 3000

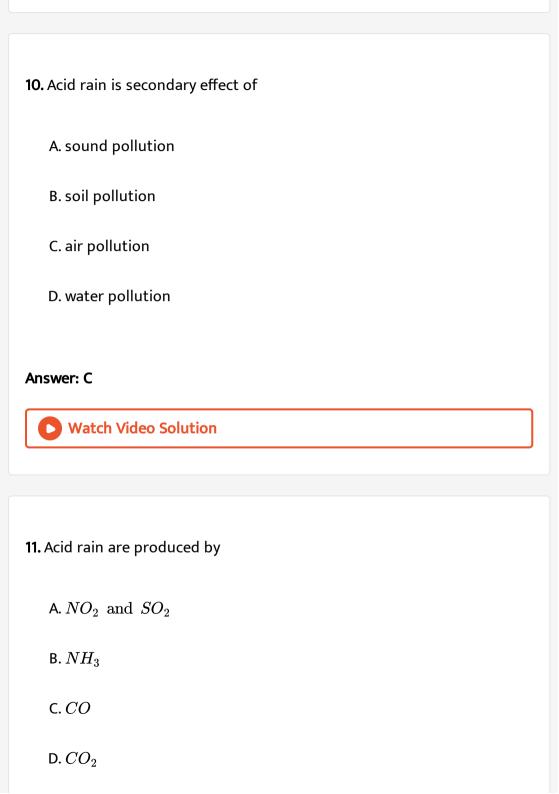
Answer: B

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A. 2 times more

8. Affinity of CO for haemoglobin as compared to O_2 is

B. 20 times more
C. 100 times more
D. 200 times more
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
9. Suspended particle such as ash, soot, smoke may affect human body as
they cause
A. eye irritations
B. emphysema
C. possibly cancer
D. All of these
Answer: D
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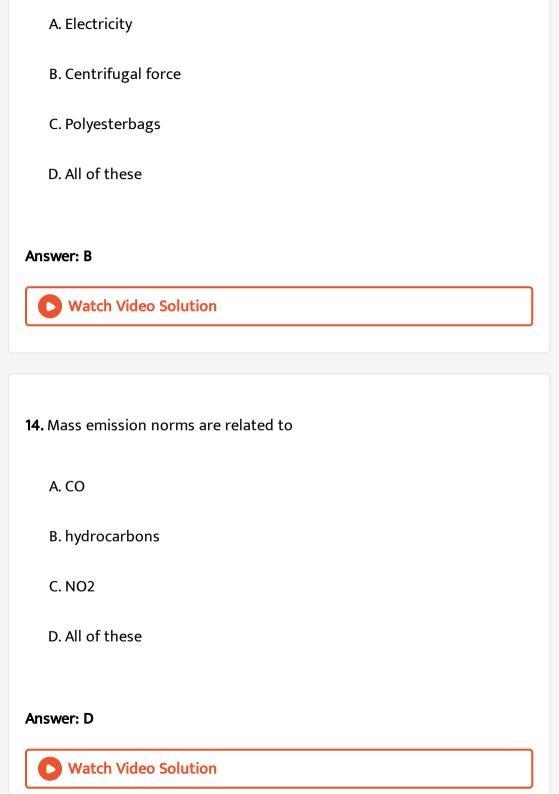
- 12. The Taj Mahal may be destroyed due to
 - A. flood in Yamuna river
 - B. high temperature
 - C. acid rain
 - D. All of the above

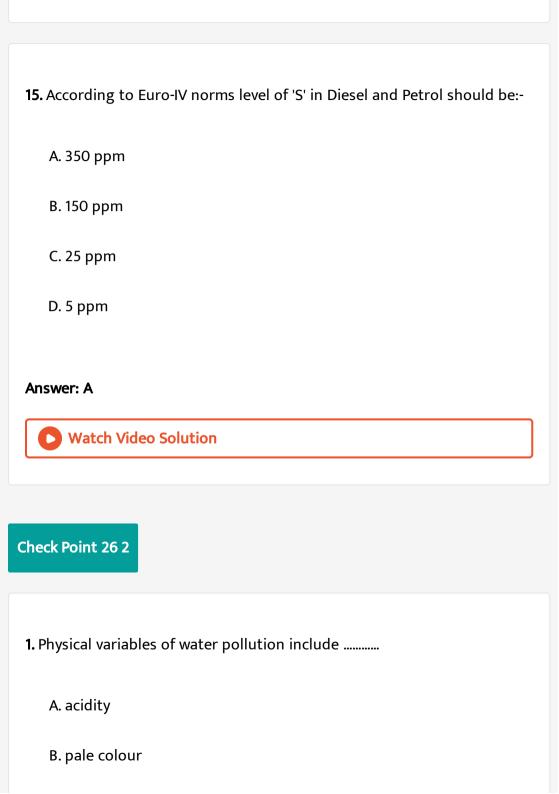
Answer: C



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13. In cyclonic separators, which of the following act as major factor for separating particulate matter?





D. Both (b) and (c)		
Answer: D		
Watch Video Solution		
2. Bad taste and colour of the water bodies of tanks, ponds, etc. is due to		
A. acids and grease		
B. free chlorine		
C. fats		
D. starch		
Answer: A		
Watch Video Solution		

C. bad taste

3. Aluminium in drinking water may influence Matabolism,		
A. nitrate		
B. phosphate		
C. calcium		
D. fluorine		
Answer: B		
Watch Video Solution		
4. Which of the following is responsible for kidney damage?		
A. Cadmium		
B. Fluorine		
C. Arsenic		
D. Calcium		

Answer: A Watch Video Solution 5. Minamata disease is due to a A. heavy metal B. air pollution C. radioactive material D. None of these Answer: A Watch Video Solution 6. Eutrophic lakes are highly A. productive

B. enriched with phosphates C. Both (a) and (b) D. None of the above **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 7. DDT has been a major pollutant because it A. kills aquatic animals B. kills pests

C. destroys many valuable species

D. is non-biodegradable

Watch Video Solution

Answer: D

8. Ecosanitation is a sustainable system for handling		
A. soil pollution		
B. human excreta		
C. water		
D. radioactive material		
An account D		
Answer: B		
Watch Video Solution		
9. The index of pollution in a polluted lake is		
A. Daphnia		
A. Daphnia B. BOD		
B. BOD		



Watch Video Solution

10. The chemicals released due to unsustainable agricultural practices and causing soil polluiton are

- A. pathogens
- B. chemical fertilisers
- C. strontiurn-90
- D. None of the above

Answer: B

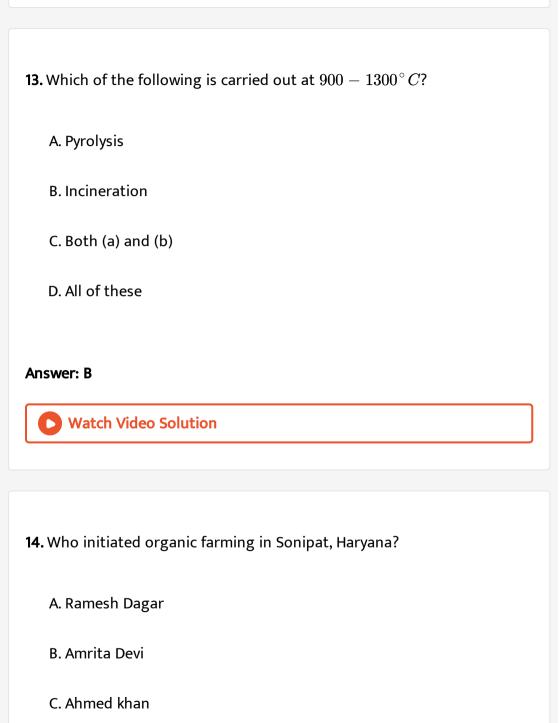


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11. Slash and burn agriculture is known as

- A. striping farming B. intercrop farming C. jhum cultivation D. None of these **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 12. Result of deforestation is A. increase in CO_2 concentration

 - B. decrease in CO_2 concentration
 - C. water pollution
 - D. All of the above



D. None of these
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
15. The process of restoring a forest that one existed but was removed at
some point of time in the past, is called
A. aforestation



Watch Video Solution

B. reforestation

C. deforestation

D. Both (a) and (b)

Answer: B



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- 3. Maximum noise permissible during daytime in residential area is
 - A. 75 dB
 - B. 55 dB
 - C. 65 dB
 - D. 45 dB

Answer: B



- **4.** Radioactive pollution is caused by
 - A. α -particles

B. β -particles C. γ -particles D. All of these **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 5. The most abundant nucleides found in river insects are A. P-32 B. S C. Zm-65 D. Both (a) and (c) **Answer: D View Text Solution**

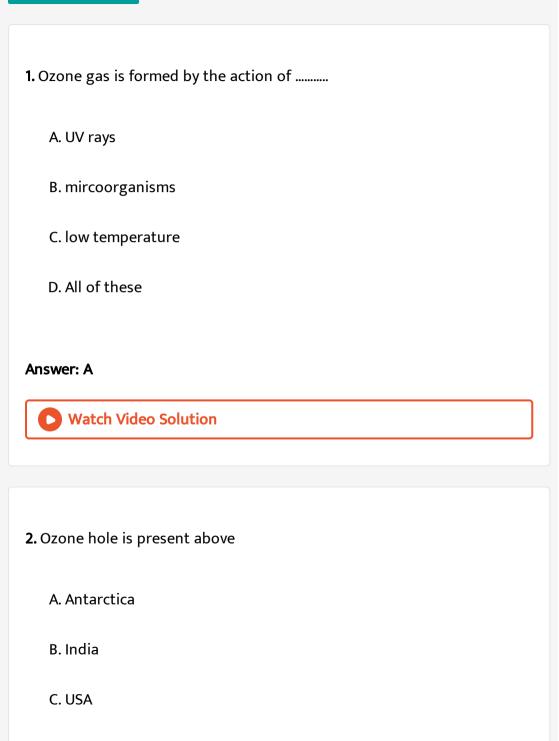
6. Strontium-90 causes		
A. bone cancer		
B. TB		
C. hepatitis		
D. jaundice		
Answer: A		
Watch Video Solution		
7. Thyroid is treated by radiation therapy is known as		
7. Thyroid is treated by radiation therapy is known as A. endoscopy		
A. endoscopy		

Answer: C **Watch Video Solution** 8. Sources of solid wastes are A. municipal wastes B. electronic wastes C. hospital wastes D. All of these **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 9. A fine powder of recycled modified plastic is known as A. polycarbon

C. polyblend		
D. polycol		
Answer: C		
Watch Video Solution		
10. Polyblend was developed by		
10.1 Olybicha was developed by		
A. Ahmed khan		
B. Amrita Devi		
C. Prasad Bhatt		
D. Sundar Lal		
Answer: A		
Watch Video Solution		

B. polynol

Check Point 26 4



D.	USSR
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- **3.** Chlorofluorocarbons are not recommended to be used in refrigerators because they
 - A. increase temperature
 - B. deplete ozone
 - C. affect environment
 - D. affect human body

Answer: B



- 4. Ozone hole result is A. rainfailure B. cataract C. increase in skin cancer D. All of these **Answer: D Watch Video Solution**
 - **5.** Greenhouse effect refers to
 - A. cooling of earth
 - B. trapping of UV rays
 - C. production of cereals
 - D. warming of earth

Answer: D Watch Video Solution 6. Who described greenhouse effect? A. Fourier B. Ahmed Khan

C. Both (a) and (b)

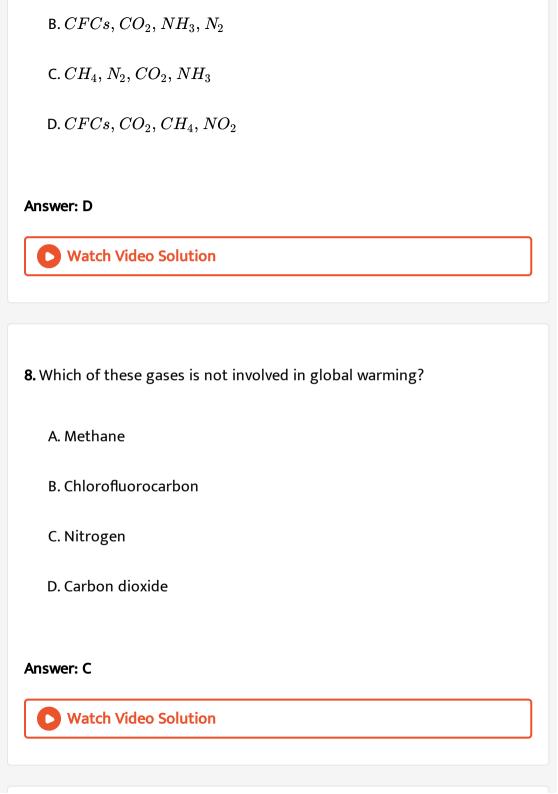
D. None of these

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A. CO_2 , O_2 , NO_2 , NH_3

7. Gases referred to as 'greenhouse gases' are

Answer: A



9. El nino effect is due to	
A. odd climatic changes	
B. air pollutuion	
C. eutrophication	
D. biomagnification	
Answer: A	
Watch Video Solution	
Tratal Trata Solution	
10. Loss of forests, urbanization, increasing pollution are all due to :	
10. Loss of forests, urbanization, increasing pollution are all due to :	
10. Loss of forests, urbanization, increasing pollution are all due to : A. greenhouse effect	
10. Loss of forests, urbanization, increasing pollution are all due to:A. greenhouse effectB. global warming	

Answer: B Watch Video Solution

- 11. The Montreat Protocol aimed at
 - A. persistent organic pollutants
 - B. global warming and climate change
 - C. protecting stratospheric ozone
 - D. biosafety of genetically modified organisms

Answer: C



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12. Chipko movement was launched in

A. 1974

B. 1931	
C. 1731	
D. 1789	
Answer: A	
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3. The act passed for air, water and soil pollution was	

- A. Environment act 1986
- B. Air act 1981
- C. Water act 1974
- D. Noise pollution act 2000



14. Insecticide act was passed in	
A. 1981	
B. 1968	
C. 1974	
D. 1986	
Answer: B	
Watch Video Solution	
15. National pollution prevention day is observed on	
A. 5th June	
B. 2nd December	
C. 10th October	
D. None of the above	

Answer: B



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Chapter Exercises A Taking It Together Assorted Questions Of The Chapter For Advanced Level Practice

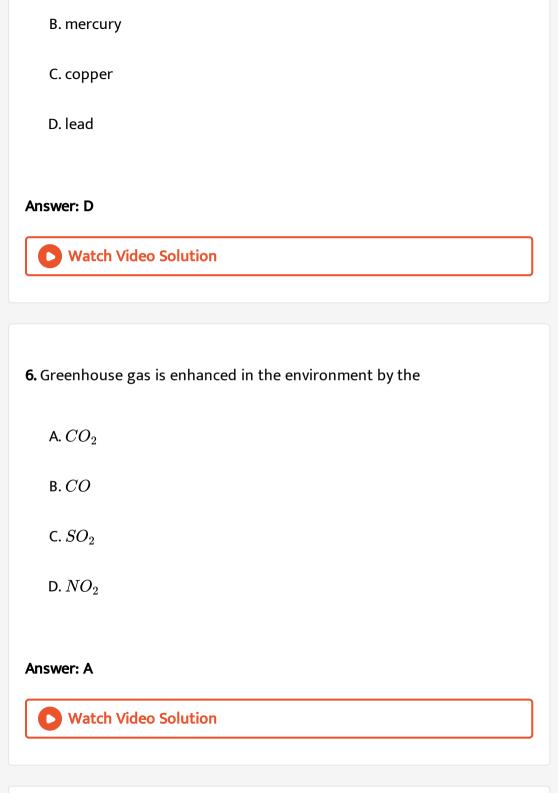
- 1. Ozone depletion is occurring due to
 - A. PCB
 - B. CO
 - C. PAN
 - D. None of these

Answer: D



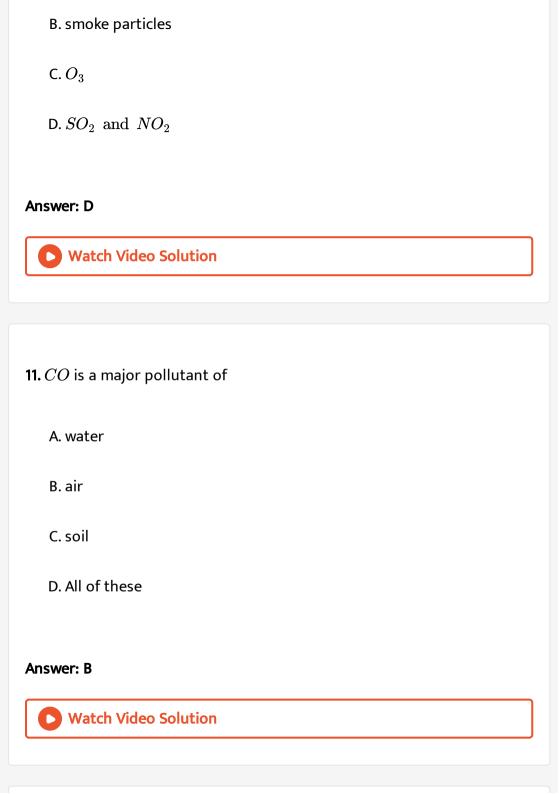
2. One of the following is linked with greenhouse effect	
A. $CFCs$	
B. Freon and CH_4	
$C.CO_2$	
D. All of these	
Answer: D	
Watch Video Solution	
3. Which of the following may accumulate at different trophic levels?	
5. Which of the following may accumulate at amerene tropine levels.	
A. SO_2	
A. SO_2	
A. SO_2	

Answer: D Watch Video Solution 4. Taj mahal is threatened by pollution from A. chlorine $B.CO_2$ C. oxygen D. hydrogen **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 5. The most hazardous metal pollutant of automobile exhaust is A. cadmium



7. Effects of air pollution are usually seen on the
A. leaves
B. flowers
C. stems
D. roots
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
8. "Ozone Day" is observed on:
A. 30 January
B. 29 April
C. 16 September
D. 25 December

Answer: C Watch Video Solution 9. DDT is A. organophosphate B. organochlorine C. carbonate D. triazine **Answer: B** Watch Video Solution 10. Acid rain occurs where atmosphere is heavily polluted with A. CO, CO_2



12. Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) is
A. propane
B. methane
C. ethane
D. butane
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
13. World's most problematic aquatic weed is
13. World's most problematic aquatic weed is A. Azolla
A. Azolla
A. Azolla B. Wolffia

Answer: C



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14. The trace gas which is produced in rice field and is associated with global warming is

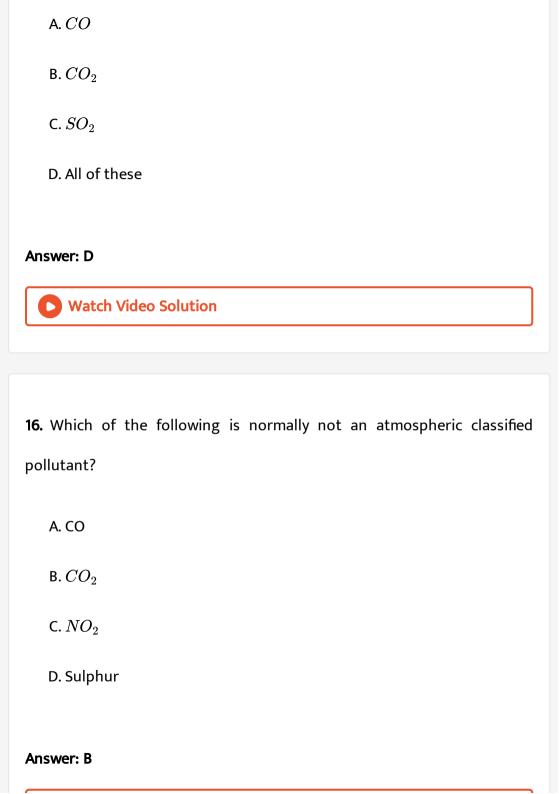
- A. CH_4
- B. N_2O
- $\mathsf{C}.\,CO_2$
- $\operatorname{D.} H_2S$

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

15. Main air pollutant is





17. Environment planning organisation is

A. CSIR

B. NEERI

C. ICAR

D. CEPHERI

Answer: B



18. Mosses are the indicators of

A. SO_2 pollution

B. CO pollution

C. NO_2 pollution

D. CO_2 pollution	

Answer: A



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- **19.** Which of the following materials takes the longest time for biodegradation?
 - A. Cotton
 - B. Paper
 - C. Bone
 - D. Jute

Answer: C



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20. The green scum seen in the freshwater bodies is			
A. blue-green algae			
B. red algae			
C. green algae			
D. Both (a) and (c)			
Answer: D			
Watch Video Solution			
21. Pollutant of jet planes is:			
A. fluorocarbons			
B. CO			
$C.CO_2$			
D. NH_3			

Answer: A Watch Video Solution 22. Which pollutant causes leaf curling? A. SO_2 B.CO $\mathsf{C}.\,H_2S$ D. O_3 Answer: A Watch Video Solution 23. Biodergradable pollutant is A. plastic

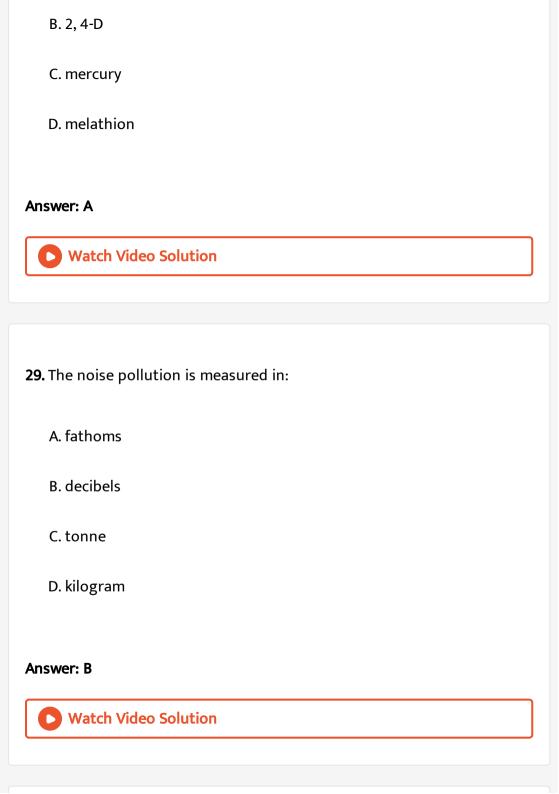
B. sewage
C. asbestos
D. All of these
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
24. Blue-baby syndrome occurs by the pollution of
A. CO
B. fluroine
C. nitrate
D. mercury
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

A. frog
B. artemia
C. Daphnia
D. None of these
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
26. Eutrophication causes reduction in
26. Eutrophication causes reduction in
26. Eutrophication causes reduction in A. dissolved \mathcal{O}_2

25. In a polluted lake, the index of pollution is:

Watch Video Solution 27. When huge amount of sewage is dumped into a river the BOD will: A. increase B. decrease C. unchanged D. slightly decrease Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 28. The first biocide used on a large scale was A. DDT

Answer: A



30. One of the most dangerous radioactive pollutant is:			
A. phosphorus-32			
B. strontium-90			
C. calcium-40			
D. sulphur-32			
Answer: B			
Watch Video Solution			
31. Which of the following radioactive isotopes is used in the detection of thyroid cancer?			
A. I-131			
B. U-238			
C. C-14			

Answer: A



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32. Which of the following chemicals causes bone cancer and degeneration of tissues?

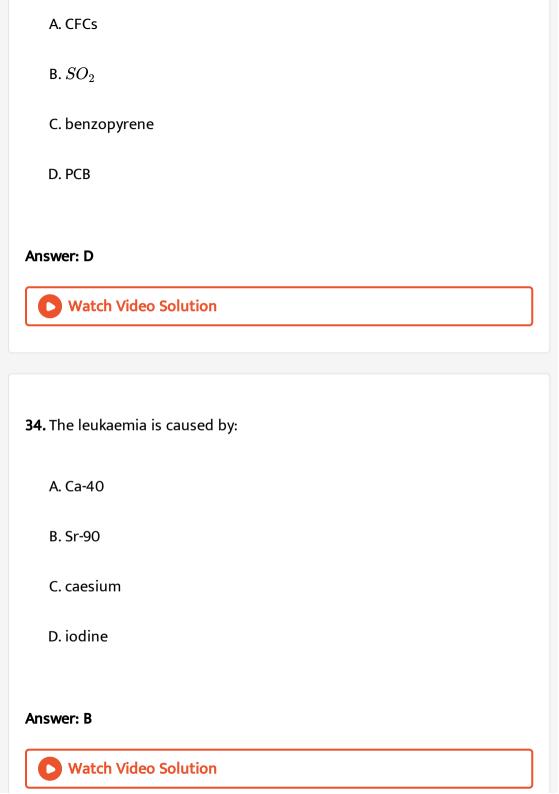
- A. I-131
- B. Ca-40
- C. I-127
- D. Sr-90

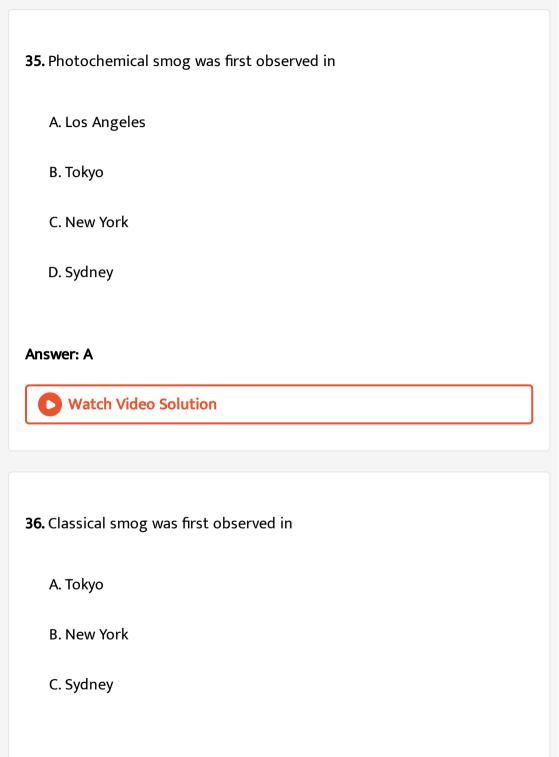
Answer: D



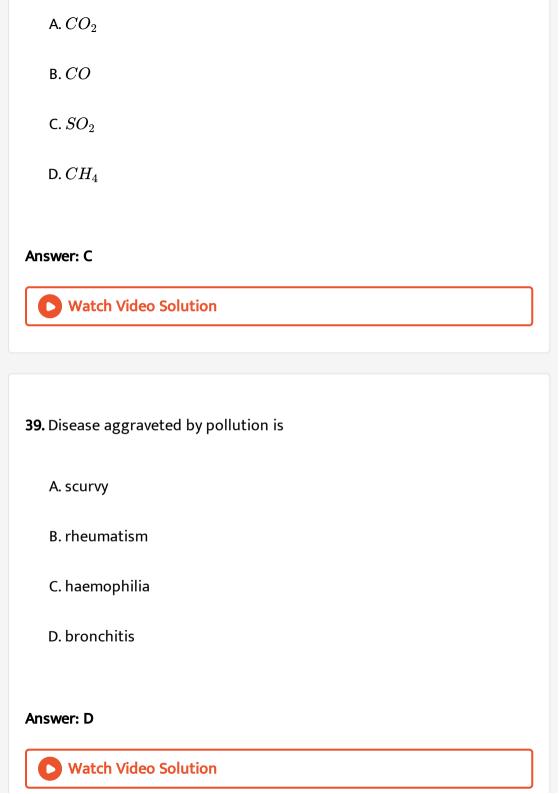
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33. Burning of plastics releases





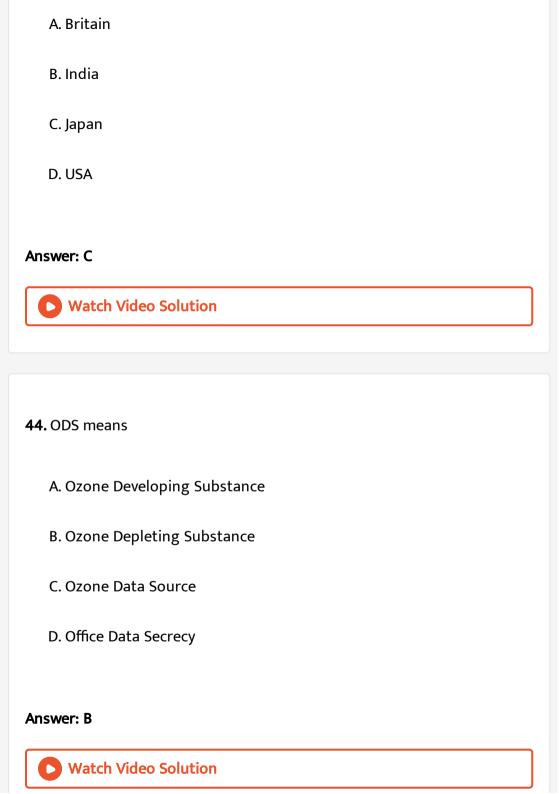
D. London
Answer: D
Watch Video Solution
37. Domestic waste is
A. effluent
B. biodegradable
C. non-biodergradable
D. air pollutant
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
38. Etching of marble, limestone, jewellery , etc. is caused by pollutant

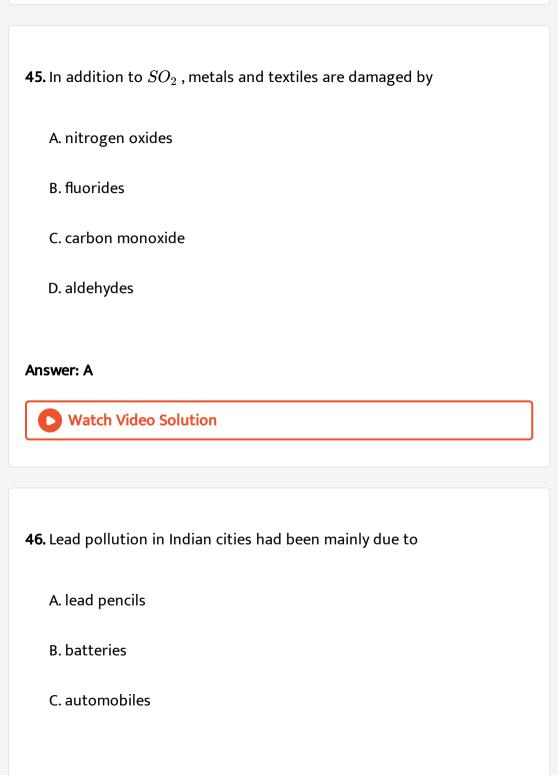


40. Effect of pollution is first marked on		
A. microorganisms		
B. vegetation		
C. food crops		
D. None of these		
Answer: D Watch Video Solution		
41. World Environment Day is celebrated on		
A. 25th December		
B. 20th September		

C. 5th June

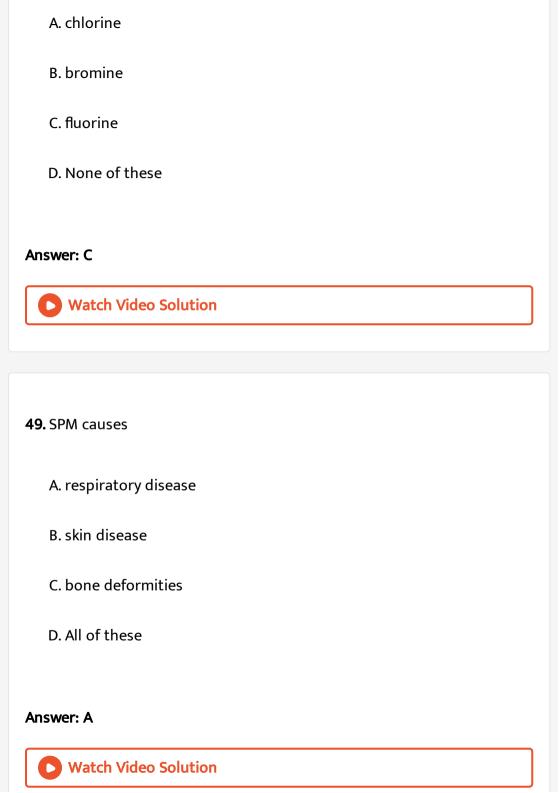
D. 9th July
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
42. Water blooms are formed by
A. Lemna
B. Hydrilla
C. water hyacinth
D. planktonic algae
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
43. Where was the painful bone disease itai-itai reported first?

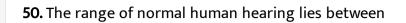




D. electronic gadgets		
Answer: C		
Watch Video Solution		
47. Ozone hole over antarctica was first detected by		
A. Molina and Rowland		
B. Farman et. Al.		
C. Augus		
D. Molina and Molina		
Answer: B		
Watch Video Solution		
48. Osteoporosis will be caused by the pollutant		

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- A. 500-10000 Hz
- B. 2000-200000 Hz
- C. 5000-6000 Hz
- D. 20-20000 Hz

Answer: D



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51. The threshold of pain to human ears is

- A. 50-60 dB
- B. 30-40 dB
- C. 120-140 dB

D.	160-180 dB
Answe	er: C
0	Watch Video Solution

52. Black-foot disease is caused by ground water contaminated with: A. arsenic

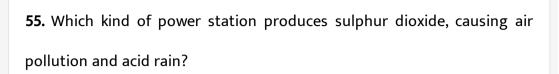
- B. mercury
- C. fluorine
- D. cadmium

Answer: A



53. Radioactive element found in tobacco smoke is

A. iodine-131 B. polonium-210 C. caesium-137 D. strontium-90 **Answer: B** Watch Video Solution 54. Which component of a fertile soil is reduced as the result of burning crops? A. Calcium B. Clay C. Humus D. Sand **Answer: C**



- A. Coal-fired
- B. Nuclear
- C. Hydroelectric
- D. Wind-powered

Answer: A



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56. Non-biodegradable pollutants are created by :

- A. nature
- B. excessive use of resources

C. humans
D. natural disasters
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution
57. CO is a pollutant because it
A. inactivates nerves
B. combines with oxygen
C. combines with Hb
D. inhibits growth

Answer: B

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58. Catalytic converter is used in automobiles

A. to remove lead

B. for converting unburnt hydrocarbon into CO_2 and H_2O

C. to remove $H_2{\cal O}$

D. All of the abvoe

Answer: B



59. The material generally used for sound proffing of rooms like a recording studio and auditorium, etc. is

A. cotton

B. coir

C. wood

D. styro foam

Answer: D



60. The loudness of a sound that a person can withstand without discomfort is about

- A. 150 dB
- B. 215 dB
- C. 30 dB
- D. 80 dB

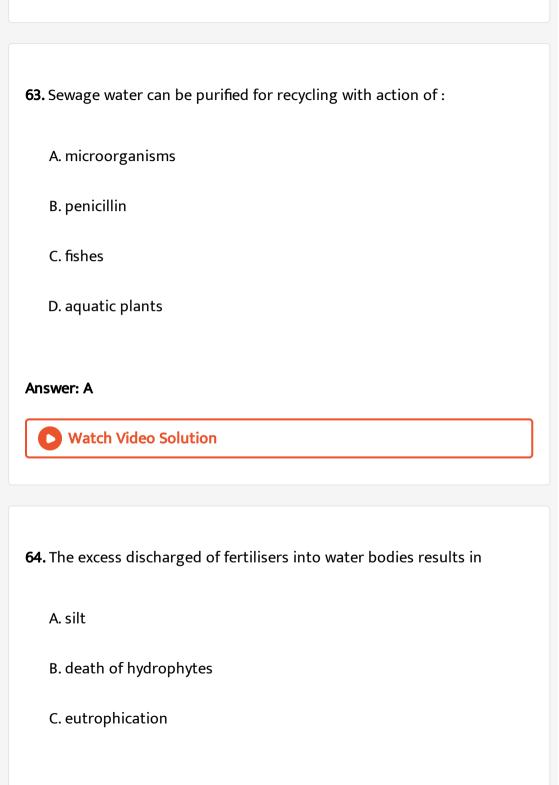
Answer: D



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61. The gas which was released in Bhopal gas tragedy was

A. ethylene B. methyl isocyanate C. mustard gas D. potassium isocyanate **Answer: B Watch Video Solution** 62. Smong is A. smoke B. moistened air gases C. other name for dust storm D. smoke and fog **Answer: D Watch Video Solution**



D. growth of fish
nswer: C
Watch Video Solution
5. Shallow lake rich organic products is called
A. heterotrophic
B. eutrophic
C. mesotrophic
D. oligotrophic
inswer: B
Watch Video Solution

66. Population explosion of small organisms due to nutrient enrichment of a lake caused a visual aspect, called

A. primary production

B. algal bloom

C. climax state

D. dominance

Answer: B



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67. BOD of a river water is found very high. This means water:

A. clean

B. highly polluted

C. having algae

D. contain dissolved minerals

Answer: B



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68. By what method can the quantity of organic pollutants in water be determined?

- A. pH
- B. Change of colour
- C. Measuring BOD
- D. Transparency measurement

Answer: C



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69. BOD is connected with the

A. microbes only
B. microbes and organic matter
C. organic matter only
D. None of these
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
70. Non-biodergadable pollutant is
A. plastic
B. mud
C. leaves
D. fruits
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution

71. Which one of the following impuritites is easiest to remove from
wastewater?
A. Bacteria
B. Colloids
C. Dissolved solids
D. Suspended solids
Answer: D
Answer: D Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution 72. "Itai-Itai" ("ouch-ouch") disease is caused by the poisoning of:
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution 72. "Itai-Itai" ("ouch-ouch") disease is caused by the poisoning of:
Watch Video Solution 72. "Itai-Itai" ("ouch-ouch") disease is caused by the poisoning of: A. mercury

D. cadmium	
Answer: D	
Watch Video Solution	
73. BOD of drinking water is:	
A. more than dirty water	
B. less than dirty water	
C. equal to dirty water	
D. All of these	
Answer: B	
Watch Video Solution	

74. Which one of the following diseases is not due to contamination of water?

A. Hepatitis-B

B. Jaundice

C. Cholera

D. Typhoid

Answer: A



75. The most outstanding danger at present for survival of living beings on Earth is:

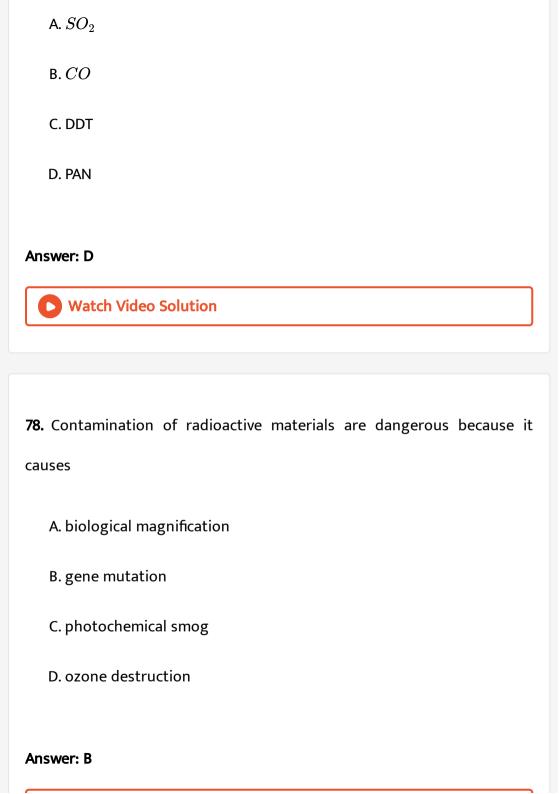
A. glaciation

 $B.\ deforestation$

C. radiation hazards

D. desertification
Answer: C
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76. The term 'Nuclear war' is associated with
A. soil pollution
B. water pollution
C. radioactive pollution
D. All of these
Answer: C
Watch Video Solution

77. Secondary pollutant is



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79. Nuisance growth of aquatic plants and bloom-forming algae in natural waters is generally due to high concentrations of

A. carbon

B. sulphur

C. calcium

D. phosphorus

Answer: D



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80. At dO below 4 mg/L, water at normal temperature is

A. heavily polluted

B. moderately polluted

C. little polluted
D. nearly pure
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
81. Noise was recognised as air pollutant through amendment of
A. Environment (Protection) act

B. Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution)

C. Noise (Control and Pollution) act

D. All of the abvoe

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Answer: B

82. Photochemical reaction of nitrogen oxides with unsaturated hydrocarbons produces

A. methyl isocyanate

B. phosgene

C. benzypyrene

D. peroxy-acyl nitrates

Answer: D



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83. Photochemical smog brings about

A. defoliation

B. bleaching and blazing of foliage

C. floral bud shedding

D. discolouration and curling of petals

Answer: B



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84. Greenhouse gases are

- A. absorb largewave radiations from the earth
- B. are transparent to both large and short
- C. absorb solar radiations for warming the atmosphere of earth
- D. are transparent to emissions from the earth for passage into outer space

Answer: C



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85. Algal blooms impart a distinct colour to water due to

A. their pigments B. excretion of coloured substances C. formation of coloured chemicals in water facilitates by physiological degradation of algae D. absorption of light by algal cell wall Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 86. Antiknocking agent of unleaded petrol is A. tetraethyl lead B. tetramethyl lead C. dibromo ethane D. methyl tertiary butyl ether Answer: A



87. Kyoto conference is connected with

A. limiting production of SO_2

B. developing alternatives to ODS (Ozone Depleting Substance)

C. reduced emission of greenhouse gases

D. reduction in use of energy

Answer: C



88. Climate of the world is threatened by

A. increasing concentration of atmospheric oxygen

B. decreasing amount of atmospheric oxygen

C. increasing amount of atmospheric CO_2

D. decreasing amount of CO_2 atmospheric concentration

Answer: C



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- **89.** Algal bloom in a lake
 - A. leads to \mathcal{O}_2 depletion
 - B. increases CO_2 level
 - C. kills fishes and other organisms
 - D. All of the abvoe

Answer: D



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90. Water pollution

A. turbidity B. oxygenation $C. O_2$ content D. None of these Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 91. The major source of noise pollution, worldwide is due to A. Office equipment B. Transport system C. Sugar, textile and paper inaastries D. Oil refineries and thermal power plants Answer: B **Watch Video Solution**

92. Catalytic converters are fitted into automobiles to reduce emission of harmful gases. Catalytic convertes change unburnt hydrocarbons into

A. carbon dioxide and water

B. carbon monoxide

C. methane

D. carbon dioxide and methane

Answer: A



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93. Why is it necessary to remove sulphur from petroleum products?

A. To reduce the emission of sulphur dioxide in exhaust fumes

B. To increase efficiency of automobilies engines

C. To use sulphur removed from petroleum for commerical purposes

D. To increase the lifespan of engine silencers
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
94. A pollutant is any subtance, chemical or other factor that changes
A. natural geochemical cycle
B. the natural balance of our environment
C. the natural flora of our environment
D. the natural wildlife of our region
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
95. Minamata disease affects the

A. circulatory system B. skeletal system C. nervous system D. respiratory system **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 96. Thermal pollution of water bodies is due to discharge of: A. wastes from mining B. agricultural run off C. chemical from the industries D. heat from the power plants Answer: D **Watch Video Solution**

97. Increasing concentration of DDT in organisms of a food chain in higher trophic levels is known as

A. biological chain

B. biological value

C. biological magnification

D. biotic potential

Answer: C



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98. The major drawback of DDT as a pesticide is that:

A. it is not degraded in nature

B. its cost of production is high

C. it is significantly less effective than other pesticides

D. the organisms at once develop resistance to it.

Answer: A



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99. Among the following which one causes more indoor chemical pollution?

A. burning coal

B. burning cooking gas

C. burning mosquito coil

D. room spray

Answer: C



100. Choose the incorrect statement.

A. The Montreal Protocol is associated with the control of emission of ozone depleting substances

B. Methane and carbon dioxide are greenhouse gases

C. Dobson units are used to measure oxygen content

D. Use of incinerators is crucial to disposal of hospital wastes

Answer: C

in



101. Decomposition of domestic wastes under natural process is included

A. industrial pollution

B. thermal pollution

C. non-biodergradable pollution

D. biodegradable pollution

Answer: D



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102. Often in water bodies subjected to sewage pollution, fishes die because of the:

A. pathogens related to sewage

B. reduction of dissolved \mathcal{O}_2 caused byo microbial activity

C. clogging of their gills by solid substance

D. foul smell

Answer: B



103. If water pollution continues at its present rate, it will eventually

A. stop the water cycle

B. make O_2 molecule unavailable to water plants

C. make nitrate molecules unavailable to water plant

D. prevent precipitate

Answer: B



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104. The expanded form of DDT is

- A. Dichloro Diphenyl Trichloroethane
- B. Dichloro Diethyl Trichloroethane
- C. Dichloro Dipyrydyl Trichloroethane
- D. Dichloro Diphenyl Tetrachloroacetate

Answer: A



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105. Acid rain occurs in areas where

- A. large plantation occurs
- B. small plantation occurs
- C. there are big industries and the atmosphere is polluted with SO_2
- D. there are no industries

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

106. Which type of pollution is caused by scooters?

A. Air pollution

B. Soil pollution

C. Both (a) and (b)

D. water pollution

Answer: A

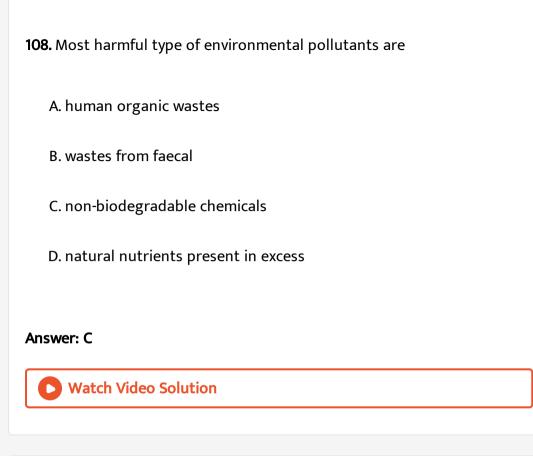


107. Fly ash is environmental pollutant produced by

- A. thermal power plant
- B. oil refinery
- C. fertilisation plant
- D. strip mining

Answer: A





109. Which process does not result in the return of carbon dioxide to the atmosphere?

- A. Combustion of fossil fuels
- B. Decomposition of humus
- C. Respiration by bacteria
- D. Photosynthesis by green plants

Answer: D



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110. Which air pollutant could cause rains to be acidic?

- A. Dust particles from cement factories
- B. Insecticides from crop sprays
- C. Smoke from wood fires
- D. Sulphur dioxide from coal-fired power stations

Answer: D



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111. Why does the oxygen concentration in the water decrease when sewae is discharged into a river?

A. Due to microbial activity

B. Increase in the number of fish

C. Less oxygen absorbed from the air

D. Rapid growth of bacteria

Answer: A



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112. Ozone hole is the

A. absence of O_3 in troposphere

B. absence of O_3 in stratosphere

C. deficiency of O_3 in stratosphere

D. deficiency of O_3 in troposphere

Answer: C



113. Which of the following statements is incorrect?

A. Greenhouse effect was first described by Fourier

B. Ozone layer depleted due to water pollution

C. CFCs are also known as ozone eaters

D. CO_2 fertilisation occurs due to greenhouse effect

Answer: B



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114. How human activities increased the supply of fixed nitrogen available to the primary producers?

A. Use of nitrogen fertilisers

B. Increased cultivation of legumes

C. Deliberate burning of fields

D. All of the above

Answer: D



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115. Which of the following is not thought to be a possible consequence of rising CO_2 levels?

A. C_4 crops, such as corn, being replaced by more C_3 plants such as wheat and soybean

B. Rising global temperature

C. Increased breakdown of atmospheric ozone

D. Increased vegetative productivity

Answer: C



116. Ozone is

- A. harmful in the upper atmosphere
- B. beneficial in the upper atmosphere
- C. beneficial in the lower atmosphere
- D. harmful in the upper atmosphere and beneficial in the lower atmosphere

Answer: B



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- 117. The destruction of the ozone layer is most directly linked to the
 - A. destruction of tropical rain forests
 - B. release of Chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs) into the atmsophere
 - C. decrease in the production of ozone precursors by chemical

production plants

D. global warming

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

- 118. Eutrophication in lakes is the direct result of
 - A. a diminished supply of nitrates and phosphates
 - B. industrial poisons
 - C. nutrient enrichment such as nitrate and phosphate runoffs from

the land

D. an increase in predators

Answer: C



119. Which of these show a result of deforestation and its effect on the

environment?

Result Effect

- (a) Fewer flowering plants Reduced CO_2 in air
- (b) Fewer trees Increased bumidity of air
- (c) More ground cover Wind removes soil
- (d) More water drains away Soil washed away



rainforests?

120. What is a long-term effect of cutting down larger areas of

A. Decreased carbon dioxide content in the air

B. Decreased flooding of low-lying land

C. Increased rainfall in these areas

D. Increased rate of soil erosion

Answer: D



121. Some possible properties of modern insecticides are listed below. When these insecticides are used, which property helps to keep environmental pollution at the lowest level?

- A. Accumulates in the bodies of predators
- B. Broken down by soil bacteria
- C. Easily washed into lakes and rivers
- D. Taken up by the plant roots

Answer: B



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122. A lake has been polluted by sewage. Compared with unpolluted water, the water in this lake will have

A. fewer bacteria

B. more fish

C. more nitrogen compounds

D. more oxygen

Answer: C



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123. The table shows the oxygen level, numbers of green plants and of fish in rivers flowing through four towns. Wich town is most likely to be discharging untreated sewage?

Oxygen level $\,\,$ Green plants $\,\,$ Fish

- (a) high few many
- (b) high many many
- (c) low few few
- (d) low many few



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124. In pollution, the term 'synergism' is used for

- A. biomagnification of non-degradable pollutants
- B. dangerous effect when two pollutants are present together
- C. decreasing effect to a degradable pollutant
- D. formation of more potent secondary pollutant from primary pollutants

Answer: D

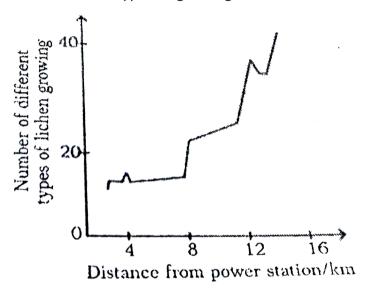


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- 125. Ecological balance of a mining area is restored through
 - A. conversion into agricultural area
 - B. revegetation of area
 - C. prevention of soil erosion
 - D. protection against grazing

Answer: B

126. Lichens are organisms, which are very sensitive to air pollution. The graph shows how the distance from a coal-fired power station affects the number of different types of growing lichen.



What conclusion can be drawn from this information?

- A. Lichens grow faster near the power station
- B. Lichens grow more fast near the power station
- C. There are fewer different types of lichens growing near the power

station

D. There are more different types of lichens growing near the power

station

Answer: C



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Chapter Exercises B Medical Entrances Special Format Questions Statement Based Questions

- 1. Consider the following statements
- I. Decrease in hearing sensitivity.
- II. Increase in hearing sensitivity.
- III. Change in heart rate and constriction of blood vessels.
- IV. Change in heart rate but not the constriction of blood vessels.
- Which of these are correct regarding the effects of noise pollution?
 - A. II and IV
 - B. II and III

- C. I and III
- D. I and II

Answer: C



- 2. Which of the following statements is correct?
- I. Montreal Protocol was signed in 1987.
- II. Earth Summit 1992 was held at Rio-de-Janeiro.
- III. World Environment Day is 5 June.
- IV. World Environment Day coincides with commemoration of First United
- Nations Conference of Human Environment.
- V. At DO below 4 mg/L water at normal temperature is heavily polluted.
 - A. I, II, III, IV and V
 - B. All except IV
 - C. All except II and III

D. None of the above

Answer: B



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- 3. Which of the following statements about eutrophication are true?
- I. It can be a naturally occurring process.
- II. It is commonly found in standing rather than running water.
- III. It can lead to oxygen depletion.
- IV. It is commonly associated with high levels of nitrates and sulphates.
- V. It is commonly associated with high levels of phosphates and nitrates.
 - A. I, II, III and IV
 - B. II, III and IV
 - C. I, II, III and V
 - D. All of the above

Answer: C

- **4.** Which of the following statements regarding the greenhouse effect are correct.
- I. Global warming will result in an increases in the number of tropical storms.
- II. Addition of greenhouse gases to the atmosphere results in increased heat energy in the atmosphere.
- III. Global warming will result in rising sea levels.
- IV. Full recovery from the enhanced greenhouse effect will require many centuries.
 - A. I, III and IV
 - B. I and II
 - C. III and I
 - D. IV and I

Answer: A

Chapter Exercises B Medical Entrances Special Format Questions Matching

1. Match the following Columns.

Column I Column II

A. DDT 1. CO, CO₂

B. PAN 2. smog

1

C. Acid rain 3. Biological magnification

D. Global warming 4. SO₂

 $\mathsf{B.} \ \frac{\mathsf{A}}{\mathsf{1}} \ \ \frac{\mathsf{B}}{\mathsf{2}} \ \ \frac{\mathsf{C}}{\mathsf{3}} \ \ \frac{\mathsf{D}}{\mathsf{4}}$

 $\mathsf{c.} \, \, \begin{matrix} \mathsf{A} & \mathsf{B} & \mathsf{C} & \mathsf{D} \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 \end{matrix}$

D. $\frac{A}{3}$ $\frac{B}{2}$ $\frac{C}{4}$ $\frac{D}{1}$

Answer: D



2. Match the following Columns.

Column I Column II

A. Ek nino effect 1. Rio-de-Janeiro

D D 11 C 11 2 1074

B. Earth Summit 2. 1974

C. Amrita Devi 3. Global warming

D. Sunder Lal 4. 1731

A B C D

1 2 4 3

B. 3 1 4 2

B C D

D. A B C D
1 4 3 2

Answer: B



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3. Mathc the following Columns.

Column I Column II
A. World Environment Day
1. 2nd December

B. World Ozone Day 2. 29th December

C. National Pollution Prevention Day $\,$ 3. 16th September

D. Biological Diversity Day 4. 5th June

В D \mathbf{C} 3 4 В C D2 1 3 C D В 2 3 4 B C D 3 1 2

Α

Answer: D



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Environment Protection Act

4. Match correctly the following and choose the correct option.

A, 1974 Air prevention and control of Pollution Act B. 1987

Water Act C. 1986

Amendment of Air Act to include noise D. 1981

The correct match is

- D 1 2
- B C D
 - 3 2 4
 - B C D 2 3

D. A B C D
3 4 2 1

Answer: A



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- **5.** Match the items in column I and column II and choose the correct option.
- Column IColumn IIUV(i)Biomagnificatron
- Biodegradable organic matter (ii) Eutrophication DDT (iii) Snow blindness Phosphates (iv) BOD

The correct match is:

- A. A. B. C. D.
 A. B. C. D.
 A. B. C. D.
 - B. $\frac{A}{3}$ 2 4 1
 - c. A B C D
 A B C D
 - 3 1 4 2

Chapter Exercises B Medical Entrances Special Format Questions Assertion Reason

1. Assertion Greenhouse effect is due to thick layer of CO_2 .

Reason CO_2 acts as the glass panels of a greenhouse allowing the sunlight to filtre through, but preventing the heat from being re-radiated in outer space.

A. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is the correct

explanation of Assertion

B. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is not the correct

explanation of Assertion

C. Assertion is true, but Reason is false

D. Assertion is false, but Reason is true

Answer: A

2. Assertion The problem of acid rain has dramatically increased due to industrialisation.

Reason Industries are responsible for most of the emission of oxides of sulphur and nitrogen.

A. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion

B. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is not the correct explanation of Assertion

C. Assertion is true, but Reason is false

D. Assertion is false, but Reason is true

Answer: A



3. Assertion Acid rain disrupts ecological balance.

Reason Acid rain affects flora and fauna.

A. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion

B. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is not the correct explanation of Assertion

C. Assertion is true, but Reason is false

D. Assertion is false, but Reason is true

Answer: A



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4. Assertion Increase in ozone concentration near the earth's surface reduces cropy yields.

Reason Increase in ozone concentration in stratosphere protects us.

- A. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion
- B. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is not the correct explanation of Assertion
- C. Assertion is true, but Reason is false
- D. Assertion is false, but Reason is true

Answer: B



- **5.** Assertion Fluoride is not necessary for human health.
- Reason Knock-knee disease is due to excess consumption of fluoride.
 - A. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion

B. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is not the correct

explanation of Assertion

C. Assertion is true, but Reason is false

D. Assertion is false, but Reason is true

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

6. Assertion CO_2 is the main pollutant causing greenhouse effect.

Reason Incomplete combustion of fossil fuels in automobiles releases $80\,\%$ of CO_2 .

A. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is the correct

explanation of Assertion

B. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is not the correct

explanation of Assertion

C. Assertion is true, but Reason is false

D. Assertion is false, but Reason is true

Answer: C



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7. Assertion Liquid waste products from industrial processes and domestic activity are termed as effluents.

Reason Fertiliser factories, steel and textile sugar mills are some industries, which release effluents.

- A. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion
- B. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is not the correct explanation of Assertion
- C. Assertion is true, but Reason is false
- D. Assertion is false, but Reason is true

Answer: B



8. Assertion Phosphours and nitrogen compounds in a lake, favour the luxuriant growth of algae.

Reason Water bloom condition occurs in eutrophic ponds.

- A. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion
- B. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is not the correct explanation of Assertion
- C. Assertion is true, but Reason is false
- D. Assertion is false, but Reason is true

Answer: B



9. Assertion Noise is considered as a pollutant.

Reason Noise adversely affects our health.

A. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion

B. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is not the correct explanation of Assertion

C. Assertion is true, but Reason is false

D. Assertion is false, but Reason is true

Answer: A



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10. Assertion Jhuming practice causes soil erosion.

Reason Jhuming practice involves deforestation.

A. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion

B. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is not the correct explanation of Assertion

C. Assertion is true, but Reason is false

D. Assertion is false, but Reason is true

Answer: A



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11. Assertion Use of weedicides affects photosynthetic ability of plants.

Reason Weedicides are metabolic inhibitors.

A. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion

B. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is not the correct

explanation of Assertion

C. Assertion is true, but Reason is false

D. Assertion is false, but Reason is true

Answer: A



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Chapter Exercises C Medical Entrances Gallery Collection Of Questions Asked In Neet In Various Medical Entrance Exams

- **1.** Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) may not be a good index for pollution in water bodies receiving effluents from
 - A. domestic sewage
 - B. dairy industry
 - C. petroleum industry

D. sugar industry	
Answer: C	
Watch Video Solution	
2. A lake which is rich in organic waste may result in	
A. increased population of aquatic organisms due to minerals	
B. drying of the lake due to algal bloom	

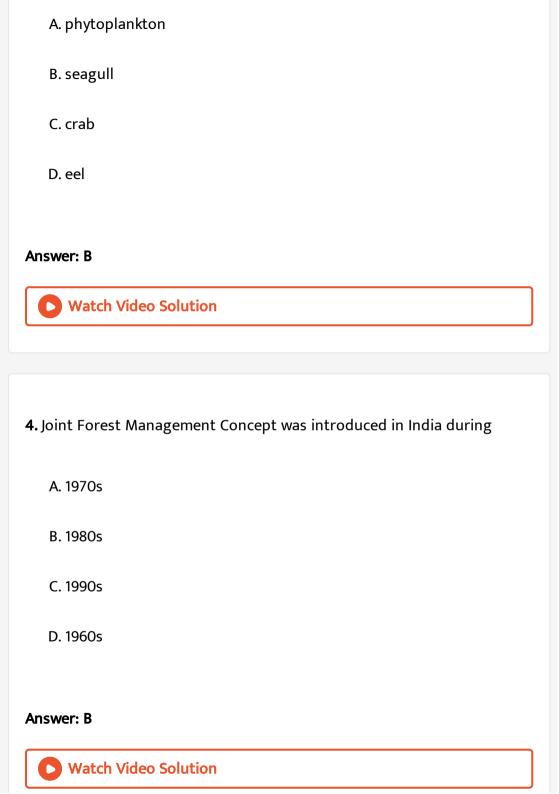
C. increased population of fish due to lots of nutrients

3. The highest DDT concentration in aquatic food chain shall occur in

D. mortality of fish due to lack of oxygen

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Answer: D



5. A river with an inflow of domestic sewage rich in organic waste may result in							
A. increased population of aquatic food web organisms							
B. an increased production of fish due to biodegradable nutrients							
C. death of fish due to lack of oxygen							
D. drying of the river very soon due to algal bloom							
Answer: C							
Watch Video Solution							
6. Depletion of which gas in the atmosphere can lead to an increased incidence of skin cancers							
A. Ozone							

B. Ammonia

- C. Methane

 D. Nitrous oxide
- Answer: A



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- 7. Identify the wrong statements with reference to UV rays
 - A. UV radiation is classified into 3 categories
 - B. UV radiation kills microorganisms
 - C. UV-A is more harmful to animals than UV-B
 - D. UV radiation falls in the range between 100 mm-380 nm (wavelength)

Answer: D



8. Which the following are most suitable indicators of SO_2 pollution in
the environment ?
A. Lichens
B. Conifers
C. Algae
D. Fungi
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
Watch Video Solution
9. The UN Conference of Parties on climate change in the year 2012 was
9. The UN Conference of Parties on climate change in the year 2012 was
9. The UN Conference of Parties on climate change in the year 2012 was held at:

D. Warsaw			

Answer: B

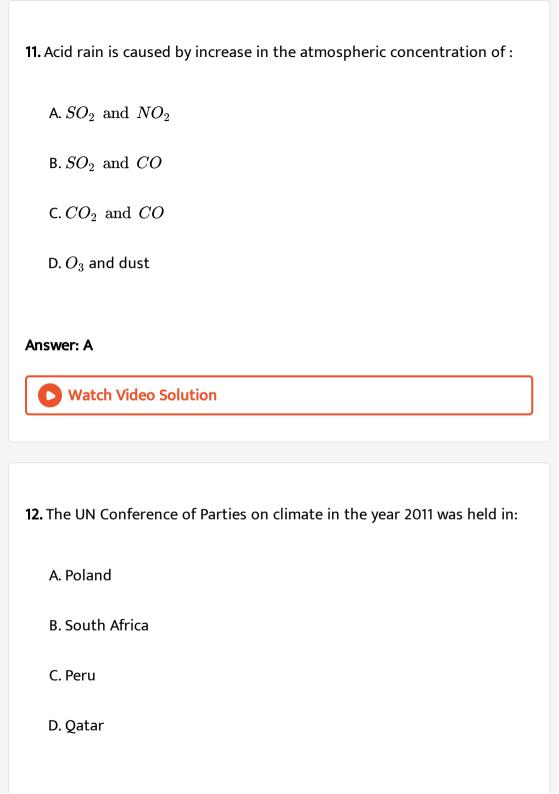


10. Increase in concentration of the toxicant at successive trophic levels is known as:

- A. biomagnification
- ${\bf B.\ biodeterior ation}$
- C. biotransformation
- D. biogeochemical cycling

Answer: A





Answer: B



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- 13. Rachel Carson's famous book "Silent Spring" is related to:
 - A. pesticide pollution
 - B. noise pollution
 - C. population explosion
 - D. ecosystem management

Answer: A



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14. Which of the following is not one of the prime health risks associated with greater UV radiation through the atmosphere due to depletion of stratospheric ozone?

- A. Increased skin cancer
- B. Reduced immune system
- C. Damage to eyes
- D. Increase liver cancer

Answer: D



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15. Match the following Columns.

Column II

A. MercuryB. LeadDlumbismMinamata

C. Cadmium 3. Itai-itai

D. Hydrocarbon 4. Cancer

A. $egin{array}{ccccc} A & B & C & D \ 2 & 1 & 3 & 4 \end{array}$

 ${\sf B.} \ \frac{A}{1} \ \ \frac{B}{2} \ \ \frac{C}{3} \ \ \frac{D}{4}$

c. $\begin{pmatrix} A & B & C & D \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$

D. $\begin{pmatrix} A & D & C & D \\ 2 & 1 & 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$

Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 16. Anxiety and stress are caused by A. water pollution B. nuclear pollution C. noise pollution D. air pollution **Answer: C**



17. Now-a-days use of DDT as insecticide is banned because

A. it is less effective than other pesticides

- B. organisms develop resistance to it
- C. productoin cost is very high
- D. it has long residual effect

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

18. Match the following Columns.

Column I

- A. Photochemical smog 1. Itai-itai disease
- B. Manganese pollution 3. Black foot disease
- C. Manganese pollution 3. Black foot disease
- D. Cadmium pollution 4. Burning of petrol and

Column II

- diesel with oxide of nitrogen
- $\mathsf{c.} \, \, \frac{A}{4} \, \, \frac{B}{3} \, \, \frac{C}{1} \, \, \frac{D}{2}$
- 3

Answer: B



- 19. Natural insecticide which is obtained form neem is
 - A. azadirachtin
 - B. nicotine
 - C. DDT
 - D. Both (a) and (b)

Answer: A



- 20. Greenhouse effect is due to the
 - A. accumulation of ${\it O}_3$ and depletion of ${\it O}_2$

B. accumulation of O_3 and CO_2 C. depletion of CO_2 and O_3 D. accumulation of green plants Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 21. Examples of secondary air pollutants is/are: A. smog

B. O_3

C. PAN

D. All of these

Answer: D



22. The polluting strength sewage is usually characterized by its: A. BOD B. nitrogen content

- C. ozone content
- D. eutrophication

Answer: A



- 23. Match the following Column I with Column II.
- Column II Column II
- A. Pollen grain 1. Photochemical smog
- B. PAN 2. Particulate pollution
- C. CO_2 3. Global warming
- D. Cadmium 4. Itai-itai disease
 - A. $\begin{pmatrix} A & B & C & D \\ 2 & 1 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$
 - B. 4 2 1 3



Answer: A



24. Phenomenon involving increase in concentration of non-degradable pollutants from water to higher trophic levels is called:

- A. biomagnification
- B. bioaccumulation
- C. biodergradation
- D. bioinvasion

Answer: A

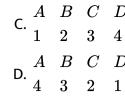


- 25. Which one of the following combination is incorrect?
 - A. Rio convention Air pollution
 - B. Kyoto protocol Climate change
 - C. Montreal protocol Ozone depletion
 - D. Ramsar convention Wetland conservation

Answer: A



- **26.** Math the following Columns.
- Column I Column II
- A. Eutrophication 1. Rise in sea level
- B. Biomagnification 2. Water hyacinth
- C. Terror of Bengal 3. Increase of quantity of pollutant at successive trees.
- D. Greenhouse effect 4. Enrichment with nutrients
- A B C D
 - B. A B C D
 - $^{\mathsf{B.}} \ 4 \ 2 \ 1 \ 3$



Answer: D



27. A scrubber in the exhaust of a chemical industrial plant removes:

A. gases like sulphur dioxide

B. particulate matter of the size 5 micrometer or above

C. gases like ozone and methane

D. particulate matter of the size 2.5 micrometer or less

Answer: A



28. Match the following Column I with Column II.

Column I

Column II

A. Zooplankton 1. 0.003 ppm

B. Small fishes

2. 2 ppm

C. Water

3. 25 ppm

D. Fish eating birds 4. 0.04 ppm

E. Big fishes

 $5. 0.5 \mathrm{ppm}$

BCDE

4 5 3

A B C D E

5 1 2 3

c. A B C D E 4 5 3 2 1

D. A B C D E 1 3

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

29. The zone of atmosphere in which the ozone layer is present is called:

A. ionosphere

B. mesophere C. stratosphere D. troposphere **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 30. A location with luxuriant growth of lichens on the trees indicates that the A. trees are very healthy B. trees are heavily infested C. location is highly polluted D. location is not polluted Answer: D **Watch Video Solution**

31. Afforestation is :

A. restoring a forest

B. plantation in barren lands

C. cultivation under agriculture

D. Jhum cultivation

Answer: B



Watch Video Solution

32. The ozone hole over Antartica develops each year between:

A. late Decemeber and early February

B. late February and early April

C. late April and early June

D. late August and early Octorber

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

33. Which of the following statements does not apply to eutrophication?

A. It is the natural ageing of a lake by nutrient enrichment of its water

B. In a young lake, the water is cold and clear and supports less life

C. The nutrients such as sulphur and phosphorus encourage the growth of aquatic organisms in the lake

D. Pollutants released by man radically accelerate the ageing process of a lake

Answer: D



A. remains unchanged B. increases in amount C. decreases in amount D. is more available to the aquatic organisms **Answer: C**



A. phasing out green house gases

C. management of hazardous wastes

B. controlling ozone destroying substances

35. 'Kyoto protocol' is a multinational international treaty for:

D. conservation of biodiversity

Answer: A



36. Main	cause o	of eutro	phication	is:

- A. fluctuation of temperature
- B. unusual growth of aquatic vegetations
- C. enrichment of nutrients
- D. abundance of microorganisms

Answer: C



Watch Video Solution

37. Carbon dioxide, methane, nitrogen oxide and chlorofluorocarbons are called greenhouse gases because they can absorb:

- A. ultraviolet radiations
- B. visible light radiations
- C. γ rays radiations

D. long wave infrared radiations

Answer: D



Watch Video Solution

38. Water Hyacinth is termed as 'terror of Bengal' it causes death of fish because it.

A. Covers the surface of the water that inhibits sunlight to pass through

- B. Drains oxygen from the water that causes oxygen deficiency
- C. Absorbs nutrients from the water that causes malnutrition
- D. Releases carbon dioxide in a huge amount which is lethal to fishes

Answer: B



39. Ozone hole is measured in A. Decible B. Dobson Units (DU) C. Parts Per Million (PPM) D. Cubic Centimeter Answer: B **Watch Video Solution** 40. The term biomagnification refers to: A. increase in concentration of non-degradable pollutant through a food chain B. growth of organisms due to food consumption C. decreases in population size D. increase in population size

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

- **41.** Which of the following is true for eutrophicated water body?
 - A. High mineral content
 - B. High oxygen content
 - C. Rich species diversity
 - D. Low organic content

Answer: A



Watch Video Solution

42. If there was no carbon dioxide in the Earth's atmosphere, the temperature of Earth's surface would be:

A. same as the present level B. more than the present level C. less than the present level D. dependent on the oxygen content in the atmosphere **Answer: C Watch Video Solution** 43. Which of the option shows following examle in ascending ordr in terms f BOD (i) Distilled water (ii) Tap water (iii) Sewage wastes drained in river A. II, I and III B. I, II and III C. III, I and II

D. III, II and I
Answer: B
Watch Video Solution
44. The Air Prevention and Control of Pollution Act came into force in
A. 1981
B. 1985
C. 1990
D. 1975
Answer: A
Watch Video Solution
45. Global warming can be controlled by:

A. reducing reforestation, increasing the use of fossil fuels B. increasing deforestation, slowing down the growth of human population C. increasing deforestation, reducing efficiency of energy usage D. reducing deforestation, cutting down use of fossil fuel Answer: D **Watch Video Solution** 46. Kyoto Protocol was endorsed at: A. CoP-5 B. CoP-6 C. CoP-4 D. CoP-3

Answer: D



47. Measuring Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) is a method used for

A. working out the efficiency of oil driven automobile engines

B. measuring the activity of Saccharomyces cerevisae in producing curd on a commercial scale

C. working out the efficiency of RBCs about their capacity to carry oxygen

D. estimating the amount of organic matter in sewage water

Answer: D



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48. Which one of the following is a wrong statement?

A. Ozone in upper part at atmosphere is harmful to animal

- B. Greenhouse effect is a natural phenomenon C. Eutrophication is a natural phenomenon in freshwater bodies D. Most of the forests have been lost in tropical areas Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 49. High amount of esherichita coli in water is an indicator of
- - A. hardness of water
 - B. industrial pollution
 - C. sewage pollution
 - D. pollution due to electromagnetic radiations

Answer: C



50. Biomagnification of DDT in an aquatic food chain starting from water having a concentration of 0.003 ppb may go, in fish eating birds, upto:

- A. 0.5 ppm
- B. 5.0 ppm
- C. 15.0 ppm
- D. 25.0 ppm

Answer: D



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51. Eutrophication is a phenomenon that occurs due to

- A. mixing of nutrients to water bodies
- B. high concentration of CO_2 in air
- C. high concentration of Hg in fish
- D. high concentration of NO_3 and SO_2 in rain water

Answer: A



52. The Government of India has passed the environment (Protection) Act in the year

- A. 1971
- B. 1974
- C. 1981
- D. 1986

Answer: D



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53. In an area where DDT had been used extensively, the population of birds declined significantly because:

A. birds stopped laying eggs B. earthworms in the area got eradicated C. cobras were feeding exclusively on birds D. many of the eggs laid, did not hatch Answer: D **Watch Video Solution** 54. If a water body is contaminated with toxicant, its biomagnification will be more marked in A. water B. planktons C. small fishes D. birds

Answer: D



55. Which one of the following pairs of gases are the major cause of

"Greenhouse effect" ?

A. CO_2 and CO

B. CFCs and SO_2

 $\mathsf{C}.\,CO_2$ and N_2O

 $D. CO_2$ and O_3

Answer: C



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56. Which is wrong about Bhopal tragedy

A. Thousands of human being died.

B. Radioactive fall out engulfed Bhopal

C. It took place in the night of December 2/3, 1984

D. Methyl isocyanate gas leakage took place

Answer: B

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57. Eutrophication of often seen in:

A. freshwater lakes

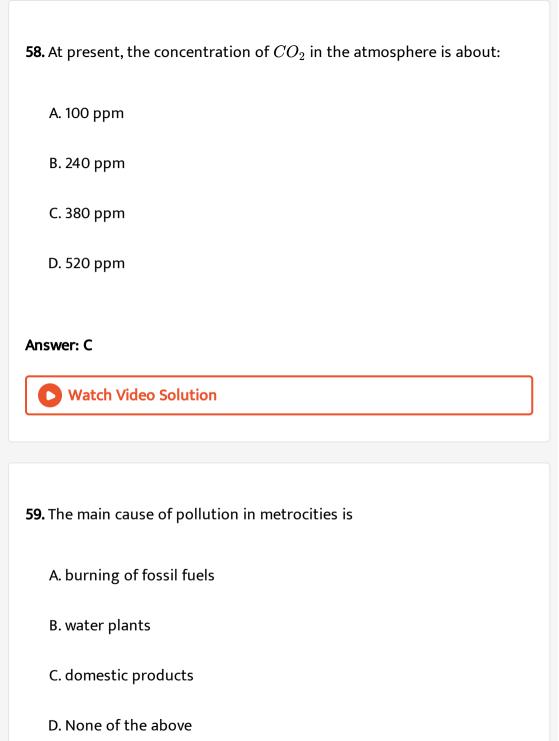
B. ocean

C. mountains

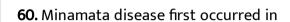
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D. deserts

Answer: A



Answer: A Watch Video Solution



- A. Japan
- B. Australia
- C. India
- D. China

Answer: A



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61. Which one of the following is mainly responsible for greenhouses effect?

A. SO_2 $B.CO_2$ C.CO $D.O_2$ **Answer: B Watch Video Solution**

62. Match column I with column II and select the correct option from the given codes

Column I

В.

Column II (i) Removes gases like SO_2

 $\underset{\text{precipitator}}{\text{Electriostatic}}$ Α.

Scrubber

(ii)Reduces automobile emission

C. Catalytic converter (iii) Removes oparticulate matter

3

B C

2

D. $\begin{pmatrix} A & B & C \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$

Answer: C



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63. Which one of the following is a correct option with reference to pathogenic bacteria and DDT?

A. Bacteria can undergo multiplication and DDT is degraded by living cells

B. Bacteria can be degraded by living cells and DDT cannot be degraded by living cells and DDT cannot be degraded by living cells

C. Bacteria can undergo biological magnification and DDT can be

degraded by living cells

D. Bacteria can undergo biological magnification and DDT cannot be degraded by living cells

Watch Video Solution 64. Ultraviolet radiations from sunlight causes a reaction that produces: A. fluorides B. carbon monoxide C. sulphur dioxide D. ozone **Answer: D Watch Video Solution** 65. In a polluted environment, the maximum pollutant will occur in: A. primary producers

Answer: B

- B. tertiary consumers
 C. secondary consumers
 - D. primary consumers

Answer: B



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- 66. Pollution in big cities can be controlled to a large extent by
 - A. wide roads and factories away from the city
 - B. cleanliness dirve and proper use of pesticides
 - C. proper sewage and proper exit of chemical from factories
 - D. All of the above

Answer: D



67. One greenhouse gas contributes 14% to total global warming and another contributes 6%. These are respectively indentified as:

- A. N_2O and CO_2
- $B.\ CFCs$ and N_2O
- $C. CH_4$ and CO_2
- D. CH_4 and CFCs

Answer: B



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68. According to Central Pollution Control board (CPCB). Which particulate size in diameter (in micrometers) of the air pollutants is responsible for greatest harm to human health?



69. The Montreal Protocol refers to:

A. substances that deplete ozone layer

B. persistent organic pollutants

C. global warming and climate change

D. biosafety of genetically modified organisms

Answer: A



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70. Which one of the following in the correct percentage of the two (out of the total of 4) green house gases that contribute to the total global warming?

A. CFCs14~% , $CH_420~\%$

B. $CO_240~\%$, CFCs30~%

C. $N_2O6~\%$, $CO_286~\%$

D. $CH_420~\%~N_2O18~\%$

Answer: A



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- **71.** A lake near a village suffered heavy mortality of fishes within a few days. Which of the following statements could be the correct explanation for this?
- (i) Lots of urea and phosphate fertillisers were used in the crops in the nearby fields.
- (ii) The croplands of the village were fertillised fields rich in nitrate and phosphate.
- (iii) The lake water turned green and stinky.
- (iv) Phytoplankton populations in the lake declined initially thereby greatly reducing photosynthesis.

A. II and III

B. III and IV

C. I and III
D. I and II
Answer: C
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72. In 1984 the Bhopal gas tragedy took place because methyl isocyanate reacted with:
A. reacted with DDT
B. reacted with $NH_{ m 3}$
C. reacted with CO_2
D. reacted with $H_2{\cal O}$





- 73. Biological oxygen demand (BOD) is a measure of
 - A. industrial wastes poured into water bodies
 - B. extent to which water is polluted with organic compound
 - C. amount of carbon monoxide inseparably combined with haemoglobin
 - D. amount of oxygen needed by green plants during night

Answer: B



- **74.** In almost all Indian metropolitan cities like Delhi, the major atmospheric pollutant(s) is/are
 - A. Suspended Particulate Matter (SPM)
 - B. oxide of sulphur
 - C. carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide

D. oxides of nitrogen

Answer: C



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75. Photochemical smog formed in congested metropolitan cities mainly consists of :

A. ozone, peroxyacetyl nitrate and NO_{x}

B. smoke, peroxyacetyl nitrate and SO_2

C. hydrocarbons, SO_2 and CO_2

D. hydrocarbons, O_3 and SO_x

Answer: A



76. Formation of non-functional mehtaemoglobin causes blue-baby syndrome. This is due to:

A. excess of arsenic concentratoin in drinking water

B. excess of nitrates in drinking water

C. deficiency of iron in food

D. increased methane content in the atmosphere

Answer: B



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explanation of Assertion

77. Assertion (A): Inhabitants close to very busy airports are likely to experience health hazards.

Reason (R): Sound level of jet aeroplanes usually exceeds 160 dB.

A. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is the correct

B. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is not the correct explanation of Assertion

C. Assertion is true, but Reason is false

D. Assertion is false, but Reason is true

Answer: B



78. Some effect of sulphur dioxide and its transformation products on plant include:

A. plasmolysis

B. Golgi body destruction

C. protein disintegration

D. chlorophyll destruction

Answer: D

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79. Which is the main cause for the extinction of some species in tropical forest ?

A. Deforestation

B. Afforestation

C. Pollution

D. Soil erosion

Answer: A

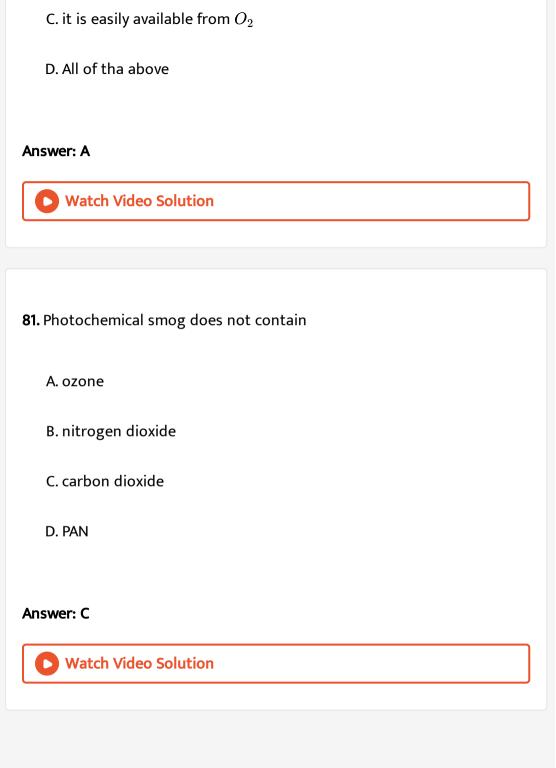


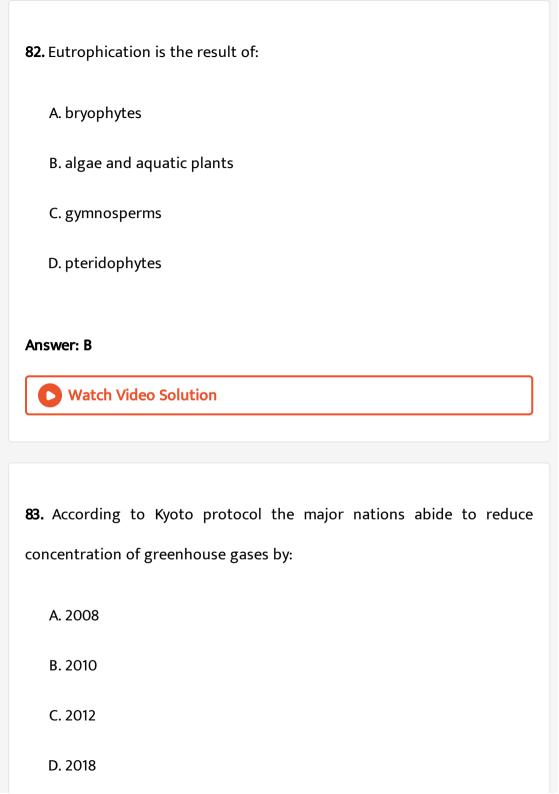
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80. Ozone is spread in the swimming pool because:

A. it acts as a disinfectant

B. it absorbs UV radiaitons





Answer: C



84. Which step is required for better survival of human beings

- A. Reduction in the use of various resources
- B. Afforestation
- C. Conservation of wildlife
- D. Ban on mining activity

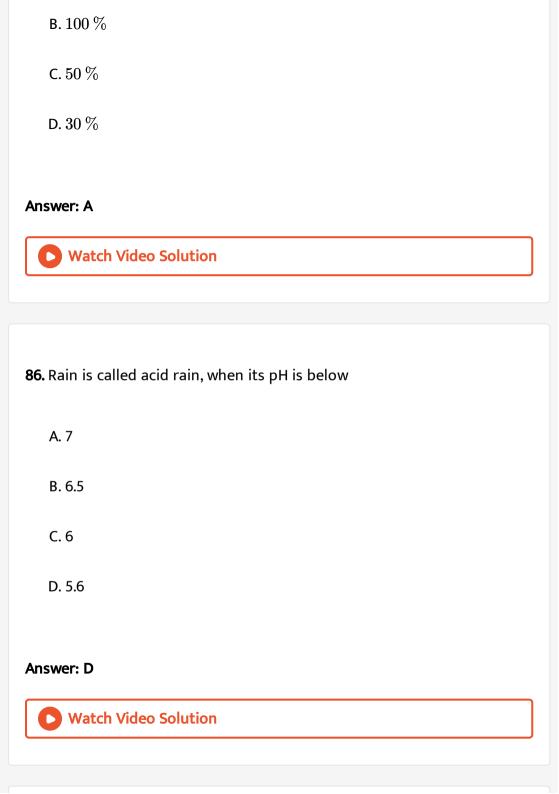
Answer: A



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85. In acid rain, SO_2 accounts for :

A. 70%



87. Bhopal gas tragedy was caused by					
A. pollution					
B. population explosion					
C. MIC					
D. coal fire					
Answer: C					
Watch Video Solution					
88. Pollution caused by persistent pesticides is relatively more dangerous					
to which type of organisms?					
A. Herbivores					
B. First level carnivores					
C. Producers					

Answer: D **Watch Video Solution** 89. Which of the following are the indicators of pollution? A. Lichen B. Fungi C. Algae D. None of these Answer: A **Watch Video Solution** 90. Common indicator organism of water pollution is A. Lemna pancicostata

- B. Eichhornia crassipes
- C. Escherichia coli
- D. Entamoeba histolytica

Answer: C



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91. Lead concentration of blood is considered alarming at

- A. $20\mu \frac{g}{100}mL$
- B. $30\mu g/100mL$
- C. $4-6\mu g/100mL$
- D. $10\mu g/100mL$

Answer: B



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92. Acid rain is caused by					
I. sulphur dioxide					
II. Hydrogen chloride					
III. Nitrogen oxides					
IV. Phosphates					
Choose the correct answer.					
A. I, II and III					
B. I and II					
C. II and IV					
D. I and III					
Answer: D					
Watch Video Solution					
93. Ozone depletion in stratosphere would result in					

- A. forest fires B. glaciation C. skin cancer incidence D. None of these **Answer: C Watch Video Solution**
 - **94.** A lake with an inflow of domestic sewage rich in organic waste may result in
 - A. drying of the lake very soon due to algal bloom
 - B. an increased production of fish due to lots of nutrients
 - C. death of fish due to lack of oxygen
 - D. increased population of aquatic food web organisms

Answer: C

95. In which one of the following the BOD (Biochemical Oxygen Demand) of sewage (S), distillery effluent (DE), paper mill effluent (PE) and sugar mill effluent (SE) have been arranged in ascending order?

A. SE It S It PE It DE

B. SE It PE It S It DE

C. PE It S It SE It DE

D. S It DE It PE It SE

Answer: D



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96. In a coal-fired power plant, electrostatic precipitators are installed to control the emission of

