# ©゙’ doubtnut India's Number 1 Education App 

## CHEMISTRY

# BOOKS - MHTCET PREVIOUS YEAR PAPERS AND PRACTICE PAPERS 

## MHTCET 2019 PAPER 1

## Chemsitry

1. Which of following methods is used to separate wolframite and stannic oxide present in cassiterite?
A. Hydraulic washing using Wilfley table
B. Froth flotation
C. Hydraulic classifier
D. Magnetic separation

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

2. In the reaction,
$\mathrm{MnO}_{4}^{-1}(a q)+\mathrm{Br}^{-1}(a q) \rightarrow \mathrm{MnO}_{2}(s)+\mathrm{BrO}_{3}^{-1}(a q), \quad$ the correct change in oxidation number of the species involved is
A. $B r^{+5} \rightarrow B r^{-1}$
B. $M n^{+7} \rightarrow M n^{+2}$
C. $M n^{+7} \rightarrow M n^{+3}$
D. $B r^{-1} \rightarrow B r^{+5}$

## D View Text Solution

3. How many isoprene units are present in abscisic acid?
A. Three
B. Two
C. Four
D. Five

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

4. Action of hydrogen iodide on anisole gives,
A. phenol and iodomethane
B. iodobenzene and methanol
C. phenol and methanol
D. iodobenzene and iodomethane

## Answer: A

5. Which among the following compounds is used to decaffeinate coffee?
A. lodoform
B. Carbon tetrachloride
C. Methylene dichloride
D. Chloroform

## Answer: C

## (D) Watch Video Solution

6. Which complex among the following gives a white precipitate on treatment with an aqueous solution of barium chloride?
A. $\left[\mathrm{Pt}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4} \mathrm{Br}_{2}\right] C l_{2}$
B. $\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{5} \mathrm{SO}_{4}\right] \mathrm{NO}_{2}$
C. $\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{5} \mathrm{NO}_{2}\right] \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
D. $\left[\operatorname{Pt}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4} C l_{2}\right] B r_{2}$

## Answer: C

7. When $\mathrm{CuSO} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ solution in water is treated with concentrated HCl it turns
A. violet
B. yellow
C. purple
D. green

## Answer: B

## - View Text Solution

8. Which of the following polymer is used in paints?
A. Gutta percha
B. Melamine
C. Buna-S
D. Novolac

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

9. Three moles of an ideal gas are expanded isothermally from a volume of $300 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ to 2.5 L at 300 K against a pressure of 1.9 atm: The work done in joules is
A. -423.56 J
B. +423.56 J
C. $-4.18 J$
D. +4.8 J

## - View Text Solution

10. Which among the following is used in the treatment of cancer?
A. cis- $\left[P t(e n)_{2} C l_{2}\right]$
B. cis- $\left[\mathrm{PtCl}_{2}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]$
C. trans $-\left[P t(e n){ }_{2} C l_{2}\right]$
D. trans $-\left[\mathrm{Pt}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right]$

Answer: B

- Watch Video Solution

11. Which among the following pairs of compounds is not isomorphous?
A. $\mathrm{NaNO}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{SeO}_{4}$
C. NaCl and KCl
D. NaF and MgO

## Answer: C

## - View Text Solution

12. Which among the following compounds is used as selective weed killer?
A. Picric acid
B. 2, 4-dichlorophenoxy acetic acid
C. 2, 4, 6-trichlorophenoxy acetic acid
D. Salol

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

13. Calculate the difference between heat of combustion of carbon monoxide gas at constant pressure and at constant volume at $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ? $\left(\mathrm{R}=2 \mathrm{cal} \mathrm{K}^{-1} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right)$
A. 54 cal
B. -600 cal
C. -300 cal
D. 27 cal

## - Watch Video Solution

14. The conductivity of an electrolytic solution decreases on dilution due to
A. decrease in number of ions per unit volume
B. increase in ionic mobility of ions
C. increase in percentage ionisation
D. increase in number of ions per unit volume

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

15. Identify $B$ in the following reaction,

Acetaldoxime $\xrightarrow[\text { alcohol }]{\mathrm{Na}} A \xrightarrow[\mathrm{HCl}]{\mathrm{NaNO}_{2}} \mathrm{~B}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{N}_{2} \uparrow$
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$
B. $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}$
C. $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{Cl}$
D. $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$

## Answer: B

## - View Text Solution

16. Which among the following solids shows Frenkel defect?
A. NaCl
B. $C s C l$
C. KCl
D. AgCl

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

17. A bottle of cold drink has 200 mL liquid in which $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ is 0.1 molar. If $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ behaves as ideal gas the volume of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ at S.T.P. solution of cold drink is
A. 22.4 L
B. 0.224 L
C. 2.24 L
D. 0.448 L

## - Watch Video Solution

18. In the reaction,
$2 n R-X \xrightarrow[\text { Dry ether }]{+2 n N a}$ product
The product obtained is
A. 2 n -alkene
B. n-sodium halide
C. n-alcohol
D. n-alkane

## Answer: D

19. The bacteriostatic antibiotic from the following is
A. tetracycline
B. aminoglycosides
C. penicillin
D. ofloxacin

## Answer: A

## D Watch Video Solution

20. Nitroalkanes are obtained in laboratory from primary or secondary alkyl halides by the action of

$$
\text { A. } \mathrm{AgNO} \mathrm{O}_{2}
$$

B. $\mathrm{NaNO}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$

## Answer: A

## - View Text Solution

21. Which of following bonds has maximum bond length?
A. C-O
B. C-H
C. C-C
D. C-N

## Answer: C

22. Which of the following sets of components form homogeneous mixture?
A. Phenol+ Water
B. Sugar+ Benzene
C. Silver chloride+ Water
D. Ethyl alcohol+ Water

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

23. Which among the following compounds in crystalline form is used for making Nicol's prism?
A. $\mathrm{CaSO}_{4}$
B. $N a_{2} A I F_{6}$
C. $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$

## Answer: C

## - Watch Video Solution

24. Two electrolytic cells are connected in series containing $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}$ solution and molten $\mathrm{AlCl}_{3}$. If in electrolysis 0.4 moles of 'Cu' are deposited on cathode of first cell. The number of moles of 'Al' deposited on cathode of the second cell is
A. 0.6 moles
B. 0.27 moles
C. 0.18 moles
D. 0.4 moles

## Answer: B

## D Watch Video Solution

25. Mandelonitrile is obtained by the reaction between hydrogen cyanide and
A. propionaldehyde
B. benzaldehyde
C. aceteldehyde
D. acetone

## - View Text Solution

26. The ionic charges on chromate ion and dichromate ion respectively is
A. $-2,-2$
B. $-3,-2$
C. $-2,-4$
D. $-4,-2$

## Answer: A

27. In the reaction,
$\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{COCH}_{3} \xrightarrow[{\mathrm{Zn-Hg/} \mathrm{conc.} \mathrm{HCl} \mathrm{[H]}}]{ } X, X$ is
A. toluene
B. methyl benzene
C. benzylalcohol
D. ethyl benzene

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

28. What is the percentage of carbon in urea? (Atomic mass $C=$

12, $H=1, N=14, O=16)$
A. 0.2
B. 0.266
C. 0.0667
D. 0.46

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

29. $\alpha$ - butylene when subjected to hydroboration oxidation reaction, yields
A. iso-butyl alcohol
B. sec-butyl alcohol
C. n-butyl alcohol
D. tert-butyl alcohol

## Answer: C

## - View Text Solution

30. Calculate van't Hoff-factor for 0.2 m aqueous solution of KCl which freezes at $-0.680^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
$\left(K_{f}=1.86 \mathrm{Kkgmol}^{-1}\right)$
A. 3.72
B. 1.83
C. 6.8
D. 1.86

## Answer: B

31. Which among the following sets of compounds is used as raw material for the preparation of sodium carbonate by Solvay process?
A. $\mathrm{NaOH}, \mathrm{HCl}, \mathrm{CO}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{NaCl}$
C. $\mathrm{NaCl}, \mathrm{NH}_{3}, \mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{NaCL}, \mathrm{CaCO}_{3}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$

## Answer: C

## (D) Watch Video Solution

32. What is the $\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{H}$ bond angle in $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ ?
A. $104.5^{\circ}$
B. $92.1^{\circ}$
C. $91^{\circ}$
D. $90^{\circ}$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

33. K ' is Henry's constant and has the unit
A. atm $\mathrm{mol}^{-1} d m^{3}$
B. $\mathrm{mol}^{-1} \mathrm{dm}^{3} \mathrm{~atm}^{-1}$
C. atm $\mathrm{mol} d m^{-3}$
D. $\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3} \mathrm{~atm}^{-1}$

## - Watch Video Solution

34. For the conversion of oxygen to ozone in the atmosphere, nitric oxide in gaseous phase acts as
A. enzyme catalyst
B. inhibitor
C. homogeneous catalyst
D. heterogeneous catalyst

## Answer: C

35. Which of the following Group 15 elements do not show allotropy?
A. $N$
B. As
C. Sb
D. Bi

## Answer: D

## (D) Watch Video Solution

36. Which among the following oxides of nitrogen is called nitrogen sesquioxide?
A. $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$
D. $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

## 37. For the elementary reaction

$2 \mathrm{SO}_{2}(g)+\mathrm{O}_{2}(g) \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{SO}_{3}(g)$, identify the correct among the following relations
A. $\frac{-d\left[\mathrm{SO}_{2}(g)\right]}{d t}=\frac{-d\left(O_{2}(g)\right]}{d t}$
B. $\frac{+1}{2} \frac{d\left[\mathrm{SO}_{3}(g)\right]}{d t}=\frac{d\left(\mathrm{SO}_{2}(g)\right]}{d t}$
C. $\frac{+d\left[\mathrm{SO}_{3}(g)\right]}{d t}=\frac{-2 d\left(\mathrm{O}_{2}(g)\right]}{d t}$
D. $\frac{+d\left[S O_{2}(g)\right]}{d t}=\frac{-d\left(O_{2}(g)\right]}{d t}$

## - Watch Video Solution

38. For a process, entropy change of a system is expressed as
A. $\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{TS}$
B. $\frac{q_{r e v}}{T}$
C. $\frac{T}{q_{\text {rev }}}$
D. $q_{\text {rev }} \times T$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

39. Which among the following is not a semi-synthetic polymer?
A. Terylene
B. Viscose-rayon
C. Cupra-ammonium silk
D. Acetate rayon

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

40. Bassemerisation is used in the extraction of
A. iron
B. copper
C. aluminium
D. zinc

## Answer: B

## D View Text Solution

41. Which among the following reaction is an example of a zero order reaction?
A.

$$
\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{O}_{11}(a q)+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(l) \rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}(a q)+\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}(a q)
$$

B. $2 \mathrm{NH}_{3}(\mathrm{~g}) \xrightarrow{p t} \mathrm{~N}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+3 \mathrm{H}_{2}$
C. $2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}(l) \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(l)+\mathrm{O}_{2}(g)$
D. $\mathrm{H}_{2}(g)+\mathrm{I}_{2}(g) \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{HI}(g)$

## Answer: B

42. The resistance of $\frac{1}{10} \mathrm{M}$ solution is $2.5 \times 10^{3}$ ohm. What is the molar conductivity of solution? (cell constant $=1.25 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ )
A. $3.5 \mathrm{ohm}^{-1} \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
B. $5.0 \mathrm{ohm}^{-1} \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
C. $2.50 \mathrm{hm}^{-1} \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$
D. $2.0 \mathrm{ohm}^{-1} \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$

## Answer: B

## - Watch Video Solution

43. The van't Hoff factor for $0.1 \mathrm{MBa}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$ solution is 2.74 .

The degree of dissociation is :
A. 0.87
B. 0.74
C. 0.91
D. 87

## Answer: A

## - Watch Video Solution

44. What happens when ionic hydrides of s-block elements in molten state are electrolysed?
A. Hydride ion migrates at cathode
B. Dihydrogen is liberated at cathode
C. Hydride ion reforms metal hydride
D. Dihydrogen is liberated at anode

## D Watch Video Solution

45. Which of following is not a property of red phosphorus?
A. Insoluble in carbon disulphide
B. It does not show chemiluminescence by action of air
C. It forms phosphine when treated with hot sodium hydroxide solution
D. It is non-poisonous

## Answer: C

46. The bond line formula of 1-iodo -4, 3-dimeth pentane is
A.
B.
C.
D.

## Answer: C

## - View Text Solution

47. When propene reacts with HCl in presence peroxide, the product is
A. 1-chloro propane
B. 1, 1-dichloro propane
C. 2-chloro propane
D. 1, 2-dichloro propane

## Answer: C

## - View Text Solution

48. Which among the following is strongest reducing agent?
A. $\mathrm{AsH}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{BiH}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{PH}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{SbH}_{3}$

Answer: B
49. Which of the following is not as antiseptic compound?
A. Boric acid
B. lodoform
C. Hydrogen peroxide
D. Potassium sulphite

## Answer: D

## - Watch Video Solution

50. A $\beta$-pleated sheet organisation in a polypeptide chain is an
example of
A. secondary structure
B. primary structure
C. tertiary structure
D. quaternary structure

## Answer: A

- Watch Video Solution

