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## CHEMISTRY

# BOOKS - MHTCET PREVIOUS YEAR PAPERS AND PRACTICE PAPERS 

## PRACTICE SET 01

## Paper 1 Physics Chemistry

1. 250 mL of 0.1 N solution of HCl contains
A. 0.25 g mole of HCl
B. 0.025 g mole of HCl
C. 9.12 g moles of HCl
D. 0.912 g moles of HCl

## Answer: B

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2. Which of the following statement (s) is/are correct ?
A. $\left(\frac{d H}{d T}\right)_{p}-\left(\frac{d U}{d T}\right)_{v}=R$
B. $\left(\frac{d H}{d T}\right)_{p}<\left(\frac{d U}{d T}\right)_{v}$
c. $\left(\frac{d U}{d V}\right)_{T}$ for ideal gas is zero
D. All of the above

## Answer: A,C

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3. 1 L oxygen gas at STP will weigh
A. 1.43 g
B. 2.24 g
C. 11.2 g
D. 22.4 g

## Answer: A

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4. The rate constant of zero order reaction has the units
A. per min
B. $\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{mol} / \mathrm{min}$
C. mol/L / min
D. dimensionless

## Answer: C

5. In crystalline solids, few of the cations moved from their positions into the interstitial position. The defect is called as
A. Intestitial defect
B. frenkel defect
C. schottky defect
D. Line defect

## Answer: B

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6. mark the incorrect statement
A. Except nitrogen, all the elements of group 15 exist in allotropic modification
B. Only at high temperature, greater than 1070 K phosphorus vapours dissociate into $P_{2}$ molecules
C. Red $P$ is obtained by heating white phosphours at $540-570 \mathrm{~K}$ in the absence of air for several hours
D. White P is more reactive, but less soluble in $C S_{2}$ and other organic solvents than red $P$

## Answer: D

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7. The ion which is not tetrahedral in shape is
A. $B F_{4}^{-}$
B. $\mathrm{NH}_{4}^{+}$
C. $\left[\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4}\right]^{2+}$
D. $\mathrm{NiCI}_{4}^{2-}$

## Answer: C

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8. The reaction of aqueus $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$ with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ in acidic conditions gives
A. $\mathrm{Mn}^{4+}$ and $O_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}$ and $O_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}$ and $O_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{Mn}^{4+}$ and $\mathrm{MnO}_{2}$

## Answer: B

9. Which one of the following conformations of cyclohexane is the least stable?
A. Half - chair
B. Boat
C. Twisted - boat
D. Chair

## Answer: A

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10. The units of constants $a$ in van der Waals' equations is
A. $d m^{6} \mathrm{~atm}_{\mathrm{mol}}{ }^{-2}$
B. $d m^{3} \mathrm{~atm}_{\mathrm{mol}}{ }^{-1}$
C. dm and $\mathrm{mol}^{-1}$
D. atm $\mathrm{mol}^{-1}$

## Answer: A

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11. Which one of the following gases has the lowest value of Henry law constant ?
A. $N_{2}$
B. He
C. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{O}_{2}$

## Answer: C

12. For the given reaction:
$\mathrm{H}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+\mathrm{Cl}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{H}^{+}(a q)+2 \mathrm{Cl}^{-}(a q)$
$\Delta G^{\circ}=-262.4 k J$
The value of Gibbs free energy of formation $\left(\Delta G_{r}^{\circ}\right)$ for the ion $C l^{-}(a q)$ is:
A. $-131.2 \mathrm{~kJ} / \mathrm{mol}$
B. $+132.2 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}$
C. $-262.4 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}$
D. $+262.4 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}$

## Answer: A

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13. When a concentrated sodium chlorde solution is electriolysed using steel cathode and graphite anode, the products are
A. sodium and chloride
B. hydrogen and oxygen
C. sodium hydroxide solution
D. hydrogen, chlorine and sodium hydroxide solution

## Answer: D

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14. In a reaction $A \rightarrow B$ the rate of reaction increases two times on increasing the concentration of the reactant four times, then order of reaction is
A. 0
B. 2
C. $\frac{1}{2}$
D. 4

## Answer: C

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15. Which one of the following statement is wrong ?
A. The conducitivity of metals decreases with increases in temperature .
B. The conducitvity of semiconductor increases with increases in temperature.
C. There is no superconductor at room temperature
D. Ionic solids conduct electricity due to presence of ions .

## Answer: D

16. The method of zone refining of metals is based on the principle of :
A. Greater mobility of the pure metal than that of the impurity
B. Higher melting point of the impurity than that of the pure metal
C. greater solubility of the impurity in the molten state than in the solid.
D. greater noble character of the solid metal than that of the impurity.

## Answer: C

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17. Among the following species, identify the isostuctural pairs
$\mathrm{NF}_{3} . \mathrm{NO}_{3}^{-}, \mathrm{BF}_{3}, \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{HN}_{3}$
A. $\left[\mathrm{NF}_{3}, \mathrm{NO}_{3}^{-}\right]$and $\left[\mathrm{BF}_{3}, \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}\right]$
B. $\left[N F_{3, H N_{3}}\right.$ and $\left[\mathrm{NO}_{3}^{-}, B F_{3}\right]$
C. $\left[\mathrm{NF}_{3}, \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}\right]$and $\left[\mathrm{NO}_{3}^{-} B F^{3}\right]$
D. $\left[N F_{3}, H_{3} O^{+0}\right]$ and $\left[H N_{3}, B F_{3}\right]$

## Answer: C

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18. The transition metal ion that has 'spin -only ' magnetic moment value of 5.96 is
A. $M n^{2+}$
B. $\mathrm{Fe}^{2+}$
C. $V^{2+}$
D. $\mathrm{Cu}^{2+}$

## Answer: A

19. Addition of cold concentrated $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ with alkene is an example of
A. electrophilic subsitution reaction
B. nucleophilic substitution reaction
C. electrophilic addition reaction
D. nucleopilic addition reaction

## Answer: C

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20. But -2 -ene on ozonolysis gives
A. butanoic acid
B. propanone + methanal
C. propanone
D. ethanal

## Answer: D

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21. Oxidation number if iodine in $\mathrm{IO}_{3}^{-}, \mathrm{IO}_{4}^{-}, \mathrm{KI}$ and $I_{2}$ respectively are
A. $-1,-1,0,+1$
B. $+3,+5,+7,0$
C. $+5,+7,-1,0$
D. $-1,-5,-1,0$

## Answer: C

22. Work done equivalent to 1 J and $1 \mathrm{cal}, 1 \mathrm{~L}$ atm are in order
A. $1 \mathrm{Latm}>1 \mathrm{~J}>1$ cal
B. 1 L atm $>1 \mathrm{cal}>1 \mathrm{~J}$
C. 1 cal $>1 \mathrm{~J}>1 \mathrm{~L}$ atm
D. $1 \mathrm{~J}>1$ cal $>1$ L atm

## Answer: B

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23. A solution containing one mole per litre of each $\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}, \mathrm{AgNO}_{3}, \mathrm{Hg}_{2}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$ is being electrolysed by using inert electrodes. The values of standard electrode potentials in volts (reduction potentials) are
$A g^{+} / A g=+0.80 V, H G_{2}^{2+} / H g=+0.79 V$
$C u^{+} / \mathrm{Cu}=+0.34 V, \mathrm{Mg}^{2+} / \mathrm{Mg}=-2.37 \mathrm{~V}$

With increasing valtage, the sequence of deposition of metals on the cathode will be

A. $\mathrm{Mg}, \mathrm{Ag}, \mathrm{Cu}$<br>B. $\mathrm{Mg}, \mathrm{Cu}, \mathrm{Ag}$<br>C. $\mathrm{Ag}, \mathrm{Hg}, \mathrm{Cu}$<br>D. $\mathrm{Cu}, \mathrm{Hg}, \mathrm{Ag}$

## Answer: C

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24. If $3 A \rightarrow 2 B$, then the rate of reaction of $+\frac{d B}{d t}$ is equal to
A. $\frac{-3}{2} \frac{d[A]}{d t}$
B. $-\frac{2}{3} \frac{d[A]}{d t}$
C. $\frac{-1}{3}, \frac{d[A]}{d t}$
D. $+2 \frac{d[A]}{d t}$

## Answer: B

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25. Which of the following method is not used for the concentration of bauxite ore
A. Seock's method
B. Baeyer's method
C. Hoope's method
D. Hall's method

## Answer: C

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26. The radioactive element belonging to group -16 is
A. Te
B. Po
C. Se
D. Ra

## Answer: B

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27. The decreasing order of hydration enthalpies of earth metal ions is
A. $\mathrm{Be}^{2+}>\mathrm{Ba}^{2+}>\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}>\mathrm{Sr}^{2+}$
B. $\mathrm{Ba}^{2+}>\mathrm{Sr}^{2+}>\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}>\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}>\mathrm{Be}^{2+}$
C. $\mathrm{Be}^{2+}>\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}>\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}>\mathrm{Ba}(2+)$
D. $\mathrm{Be}^{2+}>\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}>\mathrm{Ca}^{2+} \mathrm{Sr}^{2+}>\mathrm{Ba}^{2+}$
28. Which of the following has abnormally low value of third ionisation enthalpy?
A. lanthanum
B. Gadolimium
C. Luteium
D. All of these

## Answer: D

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29. The compound which reacts with HBr obeying Markownikoff's rule is
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$
B. cis but-2-ene
C. trans-2-but -2-ene
D. $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$

## Answer: D

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30. The reaction
$2 \mathrm{HCO}+\mathrm{NaOH} \rightarrow \mathrm{HCOONa}+\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}$ is
A. Rosenmund's reaction
B. Aldol condensation
C. Cannizaro 's reaction
D. Kolbe's reaction

Answer: C
31. Permono sulphuric acid is known as
A. marshall's acid
B. caro's acid
C. sulphuric acid
D. None of these

## Answer: B

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32. Which of the following is vector quantity?
A. Mass
B. Distance
C. Displacement
D. Weight

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33. Low spin complex of $d^{6}$-cation in an octahedral field will have the following energy:
A. $\frac{-12}{5} \Delta_{0}+P$
B. $\frac{-12}{5} \Delta_{0}+3 P$
C. $\frac{-2}{5} \Delta_{0}+2 P$
D. $\frac{-2}{5}\left(\Delta_{0}+P\right)$

## Answer: B

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34. Order of stability of vinyl , allyl, teriary radicals is
A. tertiary , vinyl, allyl
B. vinyl,tertiary,allyl
C. tertiary ,allyl,vinyl
D. allyl,tertiary,vinyl

## Answer: D

## D Watch Video Solution

35. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOC}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \xrightarrow{\mathrm{H}^{+}} \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}+\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}$

The reaction is know as
A. esterificartion
B. saponification
C. hydrolysis
D. protonolysis

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36. Product ( $B$ ) of the following reaction is

[^0]
## Answer: B

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37.

Product $P$ in the above reaction is
(a)

A.
(b)

(c)

C.
(d)

D.

## Answer: B

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38. Non-protein part of enzyme is called
A. functional group
B. Characteristic group
C. Prosthetic group
D. enolic group

## Answer: C

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39. In which of the following polymer preparation, no initiator is required ?
A. Polypropene
B. Teflon
C. Polyacylonitrile
D. Melamine - formaldehyde polymer

## Answer: D

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40. Which among the following statement is flase ?
A. The adsorption may be monolayered or multilayered
B. Particle size of adsorbent will not affect the amount of adsorption
C. Increase of pressure increases amount of adsorption
D. All of the above

## Answer: B

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41. How many isomers are possible in $\left[\mathrm{Co}(e n)_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right]$ ?
A. 2
B. 4
C. 6
D. 1

## Answer: B

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42. Which one of the following anionc is the strongest Bronsted base ?
A. $\mathrm{CIO}^{-}$
B. $\mathrm{CIO}_{2}^{-}$
C. $\mathrm{CIO}_{3}^{-}$
D. $\mathrm{CIO}_{4}^{-}$

## Answer: A

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43. Which one of the following is an outer orbital complex and exhibits
A. $\left[\mathrm{Ni}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{6}\right]^{2+}$
B. $\left[\mathrm{Zn}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{6}\right]^{2+}$
C. $\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{6}\right]^{3+}$
D. $\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{6}\right]^{3+}$

## Answer: A

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44. Phenol when nitrated with conc. $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ in presence of conc.
$\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ forms
A. o-nitrophenol
B. m-nitrophenol
C. p-nitrophenol
D. picric acid

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45. Which of the following represents the correct of the acidity in the given compounds ?
A.
$\mathrm{FCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{BrCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{CICH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}$
B.

$$
\mathrm{BrCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}<\mathrm{CICH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}<\mathrm{FCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}<\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}
$$

C.

$$
\mathrm{FCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{CICH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{BrCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}
$$

D.

$$
\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}<\mathrm{BrCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{CICH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}>\mathrm{FCH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}
$$

46. Product of the following reaction is

(a)

A.
(b)

B.
(c)

C.
(d)


Answer: D
47. The disaccharide present in milk is
A. sucrose
B. Lactose
C. Maltose
D. Cellobiose

## Answer: B

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48. Mark out the most unlike form of polymerization of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$
A.
(a) $\left.-\underset{\mathrm{CH}_{2}}{\mathrm{H}}>\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}<\mathrm{CH}_{\mathrm{H}}\right]_{n}$
B.
(b) $-\underset{\mathrm{CH}_{2}}{\mathrm{H}}>\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}<\stackrel{\mathrm{CH}_{2}}{\mathrm{H}}{ }_{n}$
C.
(d)

D.
(d)


## Answer: D

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49. The functional groups present in 'salol' are
A. $-\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ and -OR
B. $-O h$ and $-C O R$
C. $-\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ and -COOH
D. -OH and -COOR

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50. The formation of aldehyde from alkyl cyanide is related with the name
A. stephen
B. Rosenmund
C. Wurtz
D. HVZ reaction

## Answer: A


[^0]:    (a)
    
    A.
    
    B.
    (b)
    
    C.
    (c)
    
    D.
    (b)
    

