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India's Number 1 Education App

## CHEMISTRY

# BOOKS - MHTCET PREVIOUS YEAR PAPERS AND PRACTICE PAPERS 

## PRACTICE SET 11

## Paper 1 Chemistry

1. A solution containing components A and 8 follows

Raoult's law, when
A. A-B attraction force is greater than that of $A-A$ and B-B
B. A-B attraction force is less than that of $A-A$ and $B-B$
C. $A-B$ attraction force is same as that of $A-A$ and $B-B$
D. None of the above

## Answer: C

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2. When $22.4 L$ of $H_{2}(g)$ is mixed with 11.2 of $C l_{2}(g)$, each
at STP, the moles of $\mathrm{HCl}(\mathrm{g})$ formed is equal to
A. 1 mole of HCl (g)
B. 2 moles of HCl (g)
C. 0.5 mole of HCl (g)
D. 1.5 mole of $\mathrm{HCl}(\mathrm{g})$

## Answer: B

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3. During discharge in the case of lead storage batteries density of sulphuric acid
A. increases
B. decreases
C. remains unchanged
D. may decrease or increase

## Answer: B

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4. Specific reaction rate for the first order reaction depends upon
A. pressure
B. temperature
C. concentration of the reactants
D. concentration of the products

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5. When n and p -type semiconductors are allowed to come into contact
A. some electrons will flow from $n$ to $p$
B. some electrons will flow from $p$ to $n$
C. the impurity element will flow from n to p
D. the impurity element will flow from $p$ to $n$

## Answer: A

6. The oxidation state(s) of nitrogen in ammonium nitrate is/are
A. only-3
B. only +5
C. $-3,-5$
D. $-3,+5$

## Answer: D

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7. $\quad$ R $-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH} \xrightarrow{\mathrm{So}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}}(A) \xrightarrow{\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}}(B) \xrightarrow{\Delta}(C)$ The product C is
A. carboxylic acid
B. acetic anhydride
C. alkane
D. alkyne

## Answer: C

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8. Melting point and metallic bond strength of zinc, cadmium and mercury in respective transition series is minimum because
A. they contain fully filled d-orbitals
B. they occupy terminal end of the series
C. They do not show variable oxidation state
D. they show diamagnetism

## Answer: A

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9. Among the following four structures I to IV

```
III \(H-C^{\oplus}\)
                H
                \(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\)
IV
    \(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}-\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}\)
```

A. all four are chiral compounds
B. I and II are chiral compounds
C. III is a chiral compound
D. only II and IV are chiral compounds

## Answer: B

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10. In the Williamson's synthesis for diethyl ether, which species workds as a nucleophile-
A. Halide ion
B. Ethyoxide ion
C. Ethyl ion
D. Hydride ion

## Answer: B

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11. Which one is most ionic ?
A. $P_{2} O_{5}$
B. $\mathrm{MnO}_{2}$
C. $M n_{2} O_{7}$
D. $P_{2} O_{3}$

## Answer: D

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12. Which one is incorrect statement of the second law of thermodynamics ?
A. It is impossible for a cyclic process to transfer heat
from a system at a lower temperature to one at a
higher temperature without converting some work
to heat
B. It is impossible to convert heat completely into equivalent amount of work without producing changes elsewhere
C. Every perfect machine working reversibly between the same temperature of source and sink have the same efficiency whatever be the nature of the substance used
D. Heat engine can be made $100 \%$ efficient

## Answer: D

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13. The conductance of 0.1 M HCl solution is greater than that of 0.1 M NaCL This is because (
A. HCl is more ionised than NaCl
B. HCl is an acid whereas NaCl solution is neutral
C. $\mathrm{H}^{+}$ions have greater mobility than $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$ions
D. interionic forces in HCl are weaker than those in

NaCl

## Answer: C

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14. Maximum deviation from ideal gas is expected from
A. $H_{2}(g)$
B. $N_{2}(g)$
C. $\mathrm{CH}_{4}(\mathrm{~g})$
D. $\mathrm{NH}_{3}(\mathrm{~g})$

## Answer: D

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15. The percentage of free space in a body centred cubic unit cell is
A. 0.22
B. 0.32
C. 0.42
D. 0.34

## Answer: B

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16. In the exteraction of copper from its sulphide ore, the metal is fanally obtained by the reduction of caprous oxide with
A. $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$
B. FeS
C. CO
D. $C u_{2} S$

## Answer: D

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17. Which of the following oxaocaids acts are reducing agent ?
A. $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}$
C. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{6}$
D. $\mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$

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18. Due to $4 d^{10}$ structure
A. $A g^{2+}$ is more stable than $A g^{+}$
B. $\mathrm{Ag}^{+}$and $\mathrm{Ag}^{2+}$ both are stable
C. $\mathrm{Ag}^{+}$is more stable than $\mathrm{Ag}^{2+}$
D. $A g^{+}$and $A g^{2+}$ both are unstable

## Answer: C

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19. When a mananous salt is fused with a mixture of
$\mathrm{KNO}_{3}$ and and solid NaOH , the oxidation number of Mn change from +2 to:
A. +4
B. +3
C. +6
D. +7

Answer: C

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20. The best method for the purification of carbonyl compound is
A. steam distillation
B. hydrolysis of sodium bisulphite adduct
C. fractional distillation
D. sublimation

## Answer: B

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21. Which of the salts has the same value of van't Hoff factor 'i' as $K_{3}\left[F e(C N)_{6}\right]$ ?
A. $A l_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{Al}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{3}$
C. NaCl
D. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$

## Answer: B

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22. Hydrogen is prepared from $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ by adding
A. Ca, which acts as reducing agent
B. Al, Which acts as oxidising agent
C. Ag, which acts as reducing agent
D. Au, which acts as.oxidising agent

## Answer: A

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23. The cell constant of a given cell is $0.47 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{m}$ The resistance I of a solution placed $\cdot$ in this cell is measured to be 31.6 ohm. The conductivity of the solution (in $\mathrm{Sc} / \mathrm{m}$ ) is
A. 0.15
B. 1.5
C. 0.015
D. 150

## Answer: C

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24. For a rection $A_{2}+B_{2} \Leftrightarrow 2 A B$ the figure shows the path of the reaction in absence and presence of a catalyst . What will be the energy of activation for forward $\left(E_{f}\right)$ and backward $\left(E_{b}\right)$ rection in persene of a catalyst and $\Delta H$ for the reaction ? The dotted curve is the path of reaction in presence of a catalyst.

$$
E_{f}=60 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}, E_{b}=70 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}, \Delta H=20 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}
$$

$$
E_{f}=20 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}, E_{b}=20 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}, \Delta H=50 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}
$$

$$
E_{f}=70 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}, E_{b}=20 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}, \Delta H=10 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}
$$

$$
E_{f}=10 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}, E_{b}=20 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}, \Delta H=-10 \mathrm{KJ} / \mathrm{mol}
$$

## Answer: D

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25. Magnetic separation is used for increasing concentration of the following
A. horn silver
B. calcite
C. haematite
D. magnesite

## Answer: C

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26. Ozone is readily soluble in
A. turpentine oil
B. glacial acetic acid
C. water
D. Both (a) and (b)

Answer: D
27. Which of the following is not correct about xenom hexafloride?
A. It has oxidation state of +6
B. The hydribisation involved in $\mathrm{XeF}_{6}$ is $s p^{3} d^{3}$
C. The shape of $\mathrm{XeF}_{6}$ is distored ocathedral and can be repsented as

D. On hydrolysis it gives $\mathrm{Xe}, \mathrm{HF}$ and $\mathrm{O}_{2}$

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28. In context of the lanthanoids, which of the following
statements is not correct?
A. There is a gradual decrease in the radii of the members with increasing atomic number in the series
B. All the members exbibit +3 oxidation state
C. Because of similar properties the separation of lanthanoids is not easy
D. Availability of 4 f -electrons results in the formation of $\cdot$ compounds in +4 state for all members of the

## series

## Answer: D

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29. Which one of the following alkaline earth metal sulphates has its hydration enthalpy greater than its lattice enthalpy?
A. $\mathrm{SrSO}_{4}$
B. $\mathrm{CaSO}_{4}$
C. $\mathrm{BeSO}_{4}$
D. $\mathrm{BaSO}_{4}$

Answer: C

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30. Which of the following compounds forms brownblack resinous compound with KOH ?
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHO}$
B. $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}$
C. HCHO
D. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COCH}_{3}$

Answer: A
31. Acidity of diprotic acids in aqueous solutions increases in the order
A. $H_{2} T e<H_{2} S<H_{2}<S e$
B. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Se}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Te}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$
C. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Se}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Te}$
D. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Se}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}<\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{Te}$

Answer: C

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32. A metal $M$ reacts with $N_{2}$ to give a compound ' $A^{\prime}\left(M_{3} N\right)$. 'A' on heating at high temperature gives
back ' $M$ ' and ' $A$ ' on reacting with $H_{2} O$ gives a gas
'B'.'B' turns $\mathrm{CuSO} \mathrm{S}_{4}$ solution blue on passing through it
$A$ and $B$ can be
A. Al and $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
B. $L i$ and $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
C. Na and $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
D. Mg and $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$

## Answer: B

33. Which of the following is called marsh gas?
A. $C_{2} H_{4}$
B. $C_{2} H_{6}$
C. $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$

Answer: A

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34. Compound 'X' with the molecular formula $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}$ on
vigronous oxidationy yields an acid $C_{3} H_{6} O_{2}$.
A. p-alcohol
B. s-alcohol
C. an aldehyde
D. t-alcohol

## Answer: A

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35. In Carius method, $0.099 g$ organic compound gave 0.287 g AgCl . The percentage of chlorine in the compound will be
A. 28.6
B. 71.7
C. 35.4
D. 64.2

Answer: B

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36. Hinsberg reagent is used to distinguish between
(a) $-\mathrm{CHO},>\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$
A.
(b) $-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{CHOH},-\mathrm{C} \leq \mathrm{OH}$
C. $-O-,-H-$
D. $-\mathrm{NH}_{2},-N H-,-N-$

## Answer: D

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37. Toluene is nitrated and the resulting product is reduced with tin and hydrochloric acid. The product so obtained is diazotised and then heated with cuprous bromide. The reaction mixture so formed contains
A. mixture of $o$ and $p$-bromotoluenes
B. mixture of $o$ and $p$-dibromobenzenes
C. mixture of o and p-bromoanilines
D. mixture of $o$ and $m$-bromotoluenes

## Answer: A

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38. Which of the following amino acid has the highest iso-electric point ?
A. Glycine
B. Glutamic acid
C. Praline
D. Lysine
39. The element present in teflon is
A. fluorine
B. chlorine
C. nitrogen
D. oxygen

## Answer: A

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40. Select the correct statement(s).
A. A drug which kills the organism in the body is called bactericidal
B. A disease causing organism is called a pathogen
C. Both (a) and (b
D. None of the above

## Answer: C

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41. Which of the following has the highest electron affinity?
A. $F_{2}$
B. $C l_{2}$
C. $B r_{2}$
D. $I_{2}$

## Answer: B

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42. The random motion of colloidal particles in the dispersion medium is known as
A. Tyndall effect
B. Coagulation
C. Adsorption
D. Brownian movement

## Answer: D

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43. Ferrocene is an examle of
A. sandwiched complex
B. pi-bonded complex
C. a complex in which all the five carbon atoms of cyclopentadiene anion are bonded to the metal
D. All of the above

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44. The considerably greater acidic strength of PhOH
$\left(p K_{a}=10\right)$ thantô $f R O H\left(\mathrm{pK}_{-}(\mathrm{a})=18\right){ }^{\prime}$ is due to the fact that
A. Pho- (phenoxide ion) is a stronger base than $\mathrm{RO}^{-}$
(alkoxide ion)
B. $\mathrm{PhO}^{-}$(phenoxide ion) is weaker base than $\mathrm{RO}^{-}$
(alkoxide ion)
C. ROH is soluble in water
D. PhOH is aromatic in nature

Answer: B

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45. Which group is capable of reducing the acidic strength of the parent acid
A. -OH
B. $-\mathrm{CH}_{3}$
C. $-\mathrm{OCH}_{3}$
D. All of these

Answer: B
46. $\quad R-C \equiv N+4 H \xrightarrow{N a / A l c .} R C_{2} \mathrm{NH}_{2} \quad$ and $R-N \equiv C+4 H \xrightarrow{N a / A l c} \mathrm{RNHCH}_{3} \quad$ the above reactions confrim the following point .
A. stability of cyanide
B. stability of isocyanide
C. structural difference of cyanide and isocyanide
D. isomerism between cyanide and isocyanide

## Answer: C

47. Match List I with List II and select the correct answer using the codes given below :

| List I | List II |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| I. | Anti beri-beri factor | A. |
| Vitamin C |  |  |
| II. | Pancreas | B. |
| IIycerides |  |  |
| II. | Palm oil | C. Vitamin B ${ }_{1}$ |
| IV. | L(+)-Ascorbic acid | D. |

Codes
A. I- C, II-D, III-B, IV-A
B. I-C, II-D, III-A, IV-B
C. I-A, II-B, III-D, IV-C
D. I-C, II-B, III-C, IV-D

Answer: A
48. Consider the following facts.
I. Weakest intermolecular forces are present in elastomers.
II. Fibres possess crystalline nature.
III. Ionic bonds are present in thermoplastic polymers.

Identify the option with correct statements.
A. I and II
B. II and III
C. I and III
D. I,II and III

## Answer: D

49. Which compound is used as a preservation in foods ?
A. Salt of sorbic acid
B. Citric acid
C. Ascorbic acid
D. Saccharin

Answer: A

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50. Which of the following compounds show optical isomerism?
I. cis $-\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right]^{+}$
II. Trans - $\left[\mathrm{Co}(e n)_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right]^{+}$
III. Cis - $\left[\mathrm{Co}(e n)_{2} \mathrm{cl}_{2}\right]^{+}$
IV. $\left[C o(e n)_{3}\right]^{3+}$

Choose the correct answer form the codes given below.
A. I and II
B. II and III
C. III and IV
D. I, III and IV

## Answer: C

