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## CHEMISTRY

## BOOKS - MHTCET PREVIOUS YEAR PAPERS AND PRACTICE <br> PAPERS

## PRACTICE SET 12

## Paper 1 Physics Chemistry

1. 10 g of a mixture of BaO and CaO requires $100 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ of 2.5 mHCl of react competely. The percentage of calcium oxide in the mixture is approximately
(given, molar mass of $B a O=153$ )
A. 52.6
B. 55.1
C. 44.9
D. 47.9

## Answer: A

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2. During isothermal expansion of an ideal gas, its:
A. internal energy increases
B. enthalpy decreases
C. enthalpy remains unaffected
D. enthalpy reduces to zero

## Answer: C

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3. The equivalent conductance at infinite dilution of a weak acid such as HF
A. can be determined by extrapolation of measurement on dilute solutions of $\mathrm{HCl}, \mathrm{HBr}$ and Hi
B. can be determined by measurement on very dilute HF solutions
C. can best be determined from measurement on dilute solutions of $\mathrm{Naf}, \mathrm{NaCl}$ and HCl
D. is an undefined quantity

## Answer: C

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4. It takes 10 min for the decomposition of $50 \% \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$. If the reaction is of first order, the rate constant will be
B. 0.00693 per sec
C. 0.0693 per min
D. 6.93 per sec

## Answer: C

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5. Non stoichiometric metal deficiency as shown in the salts of
A. all metals
B. alkali metals only
C. alkaline earth metals only
D. transition metals only

## Answer: D

6. Excess of $\mathrm{PCl}_{5}$ reacts with concentrated $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ giving :
A. sulphuryl chloride
B. sulphurous acid
C. chlarasulphuric acid
D. thionylchloride

## Answer: D

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7. Which one of the following conversions involve change in both hybridisation and shape?
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6}$
B. $\mathrm{NH}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{NH}_{4}^{+}$
C. $B F_{3} \rightarrow B F_{4}^{-}$
D. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}$

## Answer: A

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8. Cations wit all the paired electrons will have the total magnetic moment of
A. 1.54
B. 2.83
C. zerp
D. 5.92

## Answer: C

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9. Consider the following compounds,


Which of the following statements(s) is/are incorrect regarding I and II?
A. I sbows $+R$-effect whereas II shows $-R$-effect
B. I shows -R -effect whereas II shows +R -effect
C. Both I and II shows-R-effect
D. Both I and II shows +R -effect

## Answer: A

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10. The number of ether metamers represented by the formula $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{O}$ is
A. 4
B. 3
C. 2
D. 1

## Answer: B

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11. The molal depression constant depends upon
A. nature of solute
B. nature of solvent
C. heat of solution of the solute in the solvent
D. vapour pressure of solution

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12. Which of the following is incorrect?
A. A real gas behaves like an ideal gas over a wide range of pressure
(~100 atm) at boyle point
B. A real gal behaves like an ideal gas over a wide range of pressute
(~100 atm) at critical temperature of the gas
C. $\left(\frac{\delta u}{\delta V}\right)_{T}=0$ for an ideal gas
D. $\left(\frac{\delta u}{\delta V}\right)_{T}=\frac{a}{V^{2}}$ for a gas obeying van der Waal's equation

## Answer: B

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13. 0.1 M solution of an electrolyte $A^{+} B^{-}$placed in a conductivity cell wilth electrodes 4 cm apart and each with area of cross-section equal to 2 sq cm was found to have a resistance of $200 \Omega$. The molar conductivity of the solution will be
A. $25 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \Omega$
B. $100 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \Omega$
C. $0.25 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \Omega$
D. $400 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \Omega$

## Answer: B

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14. In alkaline medium, $\mathrm{ClO}_{2}$ oxidises $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ to $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ and is itself reduced to $\mathrm{Cl}^{\ominus}$. How many moles of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ are oxidised by 1 mol of $\mathrm{ClO}_{2}$ ?
A. 1
B. 1.5
C. 2.5
D. 3.5

## Answer: C

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15. Three element $A, B, C$ crystallize into a cubic solid lattice.Atoms $A$ occupy the corners $B$ atoms the cube centres and atom $C$ the edge. The formula of the compound is
A. $A B C$
B. $A B C_{2}$
C. $A B C_{3}$
D. $A B C_{4}$

## Answer: C

16. Which of the following metal hydroxides does not dissolve in sodium hydroxide solution?
A. $\mathrm{Zn}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$
B. $\mathrm{Al}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{Pb}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$

## Answer: C

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17. Which of the following has lowest dipole moment?
A. $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
B. $\mathrm{PH}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{AsH}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{SBH}_{3}$

## Answer: D

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18. Arrange $C e^{3+}, L a^{3+}, P m^{3}$ and $Y b^{3+}$ in increasing order of their size
A. $\mathrm{Yb}^{3+}<\mathrm{PM}^{3+}<\mathrm{Ce}^{3+}<\mathrm{La}^{3+}$
B. $\mathrm{Ce}^{3+}<\mathrm{Yb}^{3+}<\mathrm{Pm}^{3+}<\mathrm{La}^{3+}$
C. $\mathrm{Yb}^{3+}<\mathrm{Pm}^{3+}<\mathrm{La}^{3+}<\mathrm{Ce}^{3+}$
D. $\mathrm{Pm}^{3+}<\mathrm{La}^{3+}<\mathrm{Ce}^{3+}<\mathrm{Yb}^{3+}$

## Answer: A

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19. The compound which is obtained by treating chlororopane with alcoholic KOH , then reacts with $B H_{3} / T H F$ followed by acetic acid gives
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
C. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{OH}) \mathrm{CH}_{3}$
D. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CHOHCH} 3$

## Answer: B

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20. The specific reagent used to reduce
A. $N a$ and EtOH
B. $\left[\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}(\mathrm{CHO})\right]_{3} \mathrm{Al}$
C. $\mathrm{Zn}(\mathrm{Hg})$ and conc. HCl
D. $\mathrm{BH}_{3} / \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}, \Delta$

## Answer: D

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21. The solubility of a gas in liquid increases with
A. increase in temperature
B. decrease in pressure
C. decrease in temperature and increase of gas pressure
D. none of the above

## Answer: C

22. The value of $\log _{10} \mathrm{~K}$ for a reaction $A \Leftrightarrow B$ is:
(Given,
$\Delta_{r} H_{298 K}^{\circ}=-54.07 \mathrm{~kJ} \quad \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}, \Delta_{r} S_{298 K}^{\circ}=10 \mathrm{JK}^{-1} \quad \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ and $R=$
)
A. 5
B. 10
C. 95
D. 100

## Answer: B

23. Which of the following is a secondary cell?
A. Daniel cel
B. Nickel cadmium storage cel
C. Mercury cell
D. Fuel cell

## Answer: B

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24. When ethyl acetate was hydrolyzed in the presence of 0.1 MHCl , the constant was found to be $5.40 \times 10^{-5} s^{-1}$. But when $0.1 \mathrm{MH}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ was used for hydrolyiss, the rate constant found to be $6.20 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$. form these we can say that
A. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ is stronger than HCl
B. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ is weaker than HCl
C. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and HCl both have the same strength
D. the data are not sufficient to compare the strengthh $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and

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25. In the blast furncae the reaction that occurs in the zone of heat absorption is
A. $\mathrm{CO}_{2}+\mathrm{C} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{CO}$
B. $\mathrm{Fe}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}+3 \mathrm{CO} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{Fe}+3 \mathrm{CO}_{2}$
C. $C+O_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{CO}_{2}$
D. $\mathrm{FeO}+\mathrm{SiO}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{FeSiO}_{3}$

## Answer: A

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26. Which one of the following has the lowest boiling point?
A. 2-methylbutane
B. 2-methylpropane
C. 2,2-dimethylpropane
D. n-pentane

## Answer: B

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27. In $X e F_{2}, X e F_{4}$ and $X e F_{6}$, the number of the lone pairs of Xe respectively are
A. 2,3,1
B. 1,2,3
C. $4,1,2$
D. 3,2,1
28. Knowing that the chemistry of lanthanoids (Ln) is dominated by its +3 oxidation state, which of the following statement is incorrect?
A. Because of the large size of the Ln (III) ions, the bonding in its compounds is predominantly ionic in character
B. The ionic sizes of $\operatorname{Ln}(I I I)$ decrease in general with increasing atomic number
C. Ln(III) compounds are generally colourless
D. $\operatorname{Ln}$ (III) hydroxide are mainly basis in character

## Answer: C

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29.

Product $P$ is
A. Z-alkene
B. E-alkene
C. an alcohol
D. an alkyne

## Answer: B

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30. Which of the following compounds neither gives iodoform test nor responds to Tollen's test?
A. Propanone
B. 2-pentanone
C. Ethanal
D. 3-pentanone

## Answer: D

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31. Which of the following does not show $S_{N} 2$ reaction?
A. Vilnylic chalide $>C=C H-X$
B. Allyl chloride $\mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}$
C. Chlorobenzene
D. All of the above

## Answer: D

32. In the adsorption of oxalic acid on activated charcoal, the activated charcoal is called
A. adsorber
B. adsorbate
C. adsorbent
D. occulusion

## Answer: C

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33. 

$$
\mathrm{RCONH}_{2}+4 \mathrm{NaOH}+\mathrm{Br}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{RNH}_{2}+2 \mathrm{NaBr}+\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}
$$

Reaction is said
A. Hofmann bromamide reaction
B. Schmidt reaction
C. Curtius reaction
D. Beckmann reaction

## Answer: A

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34. The boiling point of ethanol is higher than that of dimethyl ether
A. due to inter molecular H -bonding
B. Due to association of molecules
C. due to Lewis base character
D. due to strong dipole-dipole attraction

## Answer: A

35. Consider the following sequence of reactions and identify the final product $(Y)$.
$\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Br} \xrightarrow[\text { dry ether }]{\mathrm{Mg}} X \xrightarrow[\text { dry ether }]{\mathrm{CO}_{2} / \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}} Y$
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}$
B. $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CHCOOH}$
C. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}$
D. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{COOH}$

## Answer: D

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36. Solubility of enthylamine in water is due to
A. low molecular weght
B. presence of ethyl group
C. formation of H -bonding with water
D. being a derivative of ammonia

## Answer: C

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37. When aqueous solution of benzene diazonium chloride is boiled, the product formed is
A. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$
B. $C_{6} H_{6}+N_{2}$
C. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{COOH}$
D. $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}$

## Answer: D

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38. Glucose $\xrightarrow{\text { Zymase }} A+$ carbon dioxide. A when subjected to victor Meyer's test, gives
A. blue colouration
B. purple colouration
C. red colouration
D. green colouration

## Answer: C

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39. Example of addition copolymer ils
A. buna-S
B. neoprene
C. nylone-66
D. dacron

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40. Neutralisation products of higher monocarboxylic acids with NaOH are
A. salts
B. soap
C. detergents
D. shampoo

## Answer: B

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41. On heating NaX with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and $\mathrm{MnO}_{2}$ the halogen that cannot be prepared is
A. $l_{2}$
B. $F_{2}$
C. $C l_{2}$
D. $B r_{2}$

## Answer: B

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42. The order of reactivities of methyl halide in the formation of Grignard reagent is
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Cl}>\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}>\mathrm{CH}_{3} l$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{l}>\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}<\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Cl}$
C. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}>\mathrm{CH}_{3} l>\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Cl}$
D. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}>\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Cl}>\mathrm{CH}_{3} l$
43. Amongst the following, the lowest degree of paramgnetism per mole of the compound at 298 K will be shown by
A. $\mathrm{MnSO}_{4} \cdot 4 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
B. $\mathrm{NISO}_{4} \cdot 6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
C. $\mathrm{FeSO}_{4} .6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
D. $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4} \cdot 5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$

## Answer: D

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44. The correct order of relative acidic strength of the following compouonds is
A. phenol >-o-nitrophenol > m-nitrophenol > p-nitrophenol
B. p- nitrophenol > m-nitrophenol > o-nitropenol > phenol
C. p-nitrophenol $>$ o-nitrophenol $>$ m-nitrophenol $>$ phenol
D. o- nitrophenol $>$ m-nitrophenol $>$ p-nitrophenol $>$ phenol

## Answer: C

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45. Most volatile compound is
A. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOC}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}$
B. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}$
C. $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}\right)_{2} \mathrm{O}$
D. $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CONH}_{2}$

## Answer: A

46. $\mathrm{RNH}_{2}+\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}+3 \mathrm{KOH}$ (alc. $) \rightarrow A+3 \mathrm{KCL}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ form the product $A^{\prime} . R^{\prime} H_{2}$ can again be obtained by
A. ammonolysis
B. reduction
C. oxidation
D. hydrolysis

## Answer: D

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47. The number of possible isomers of an octahedral complex
$\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right)_{2}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right]$ is
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4

## Answer: C

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48. A copolymer of vinyl chloride and acrylonitrile are used in the manufacture of synthetic huma hair wigs. It is known as
A. dynel
B. celulose
C. PVC
D. polyacrylonitrile

## Answer: A

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49. Chemical preservatives
A. reduces pH of food
B. prevents the growth of organisms
C. serves as antioxidant
D. All of the above

## Answer: B

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50. The physical states of dispersing phase and dispersion medium in colloid like pesticide spray respectively are
A. gas, liquid
B. solid, gas
C. liquid, solid
D. liquid, gas

Answer: D

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