



PHYSICS

BOOKS - MHTCET PREVIOUS YEAR PAPERS AND PRACTICE PAPERS

PRACTICE SET 05

Paper 1 Physics Chemistry

1. AMPERE'S CIRCUITAL LAW

A. $\int B \cdot dI = \mu_0(l)_{\text{net}}$

B. $\int B \cdot dI = \mu_0 l$

C. $\int B \cdot dI = \mu_0 / l$

D. $\int B \cdot dI = \frac{\mu_0}{q}$

Answer: A



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2. What is meant by figure of merit of a galvanometer?

$$\text{A. } k = \frac{n \cdot C}{AB}$$

$$\text{B. } l = \frac{C}{nAB} \phi$$

$$\text{C. } k = \frac{C}{nAB}$$

$$\text{D. } k = \frac{\phi}{l}$$

Answer: C



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3. A radioactive nucleus of mass M emits a photon of frequency ν and the nucleus recoils.

The recoil energy will be

A. $Mc^2 - fv$

B. $h^2v^2 / 2Mc^2$

C. zero

D. $h\nu$

Answer: B



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4. Magnetic transition temperature is also known as

A. yield point

B. magnetic level

C. field point

D. Curie point

Answer: D



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5. 220 V AC means rms voltage and voltage amplitude have the values

A. 220 V, 311 V

B. 220 V, 110 V

C. 220 V, 420 V

D. 240 V, $\frac{220}{l}$

Answer: A



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6. Susceptance and admittance are respectively the reciprocals of

A. resistance and capacitance

B. capacitance and resistance

C. reactance and impedance

D. impedance and reactance

Answer: C



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7. Dimensional formula of magnetic field is :-

A. $[ML^{-2}A^{-1}]$

B. $[ML^2T^{-1}A^{-2}]$

C. $[MT^{-2}A^{-2}]$

D. $[MT^{-1}A^{-2}]$

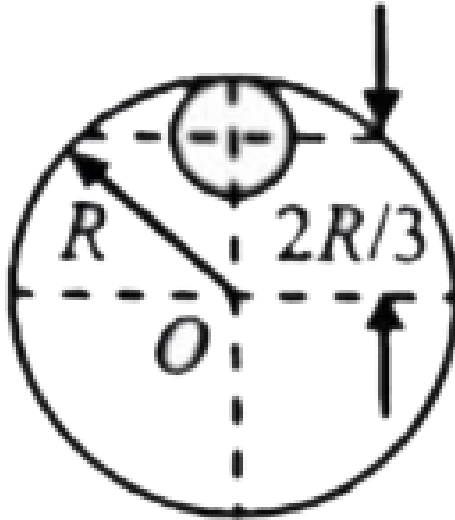
Answer: A



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8. A thin disc of mass $9M$ and radius R from which a disc of radius $R/3$ is cut shown in figure. Then moment of inertia of the remaining disc about O , perpendicular to the

plane of disc is -



A. $4MR^2$

B. $\frac{40}{9}MR^2$

C. $10MR^2$

D. $\frac{37}{9}MR^2$

Answer: A



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9. The activity of a radioactive sample is measured as N_0 counts per minute at $t = 0$ and N_0/e counts per minute at $t = 5$ min. The time (in minute) at which the activity reduces to half its value is.

A. $\frac{\log_e(2)}{5}$

B. $\frac{5}{\log_e 2}$

C. $5 \log_{10} 2$

D. $5 \log_e 2$

Answer: D



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10. A student has measured the length of a wire equal to 0.04580 m. this value of length has the number of significant figures equal to

A. five

B. four

C. six

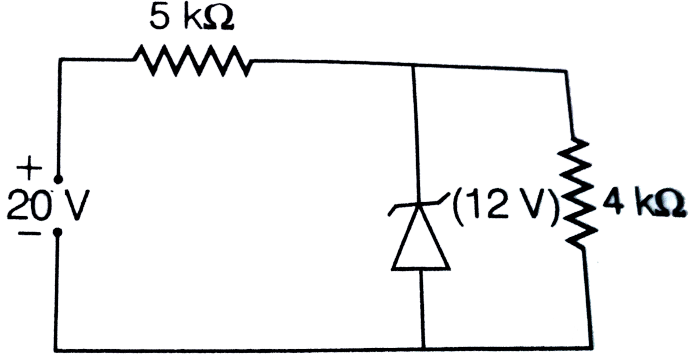
D. none of these

Answer: B



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11. In the given circuit, the current through the resistor $4k\Omega$ is



- A. 1 mA
- B. 3 mA
- C. 5 mA
- D. 4 mA

Answer: B



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12. A TV transmission tower has a height of 160 m. its coverage range is

A. 160 km

B. 80 km

C. 480 km

D. 45.25 km

Answer: D



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13. The amplitude of a executing *SHM* is 4cm

At the mean position the speed of the particle

is $16\text{cm} / \text{s}$ The distance of the particle from

the mean position at which the speed the

particle becomes $8\sqrt{3}\text{cm} / \text{s}$ will be

A. $2\sqrt{3}$

B. $\sqrt{3}\text{cm}$

C. 1cm

D. 2 cm

Answer: D



14. A car is moving on a circular track of radius 0.1 km with a speed 60 km/h, angle of banking would be

A. $\tan^{-1}(1/18)$

B. $\tan^{-1}(5/18)$

C. $\cos^{-1}(5/18)$

D. $\tan^{-1}(18/5)$

Answer: B



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15. Acceleration due to gravity at a depth equal to half the radius of earth from its surface is

A. $\frac{g}{2}$

B. $\frac{3g}{2}$

C. $\frac{g}{4}$

D. $\frac{3g}{4}$

Answer: A



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16. Weight of a body at the centre of the earth is zero because

- A. gravitational force is zero
- B. gravitational force is infinite
- C. force is maximum on earth's surface
- D. none of the above

Answer: A



17. Theorem of parallel axes is applicable for

- A. two dimensional bodies
- B. laminar type bodies
- C. three dimensional bodies
- D. any type of bodies

Answer: D



18. Very thin ring of radius R is rotated about its centre. Its radius will

A. increase

B. decrease

C. change depends on material

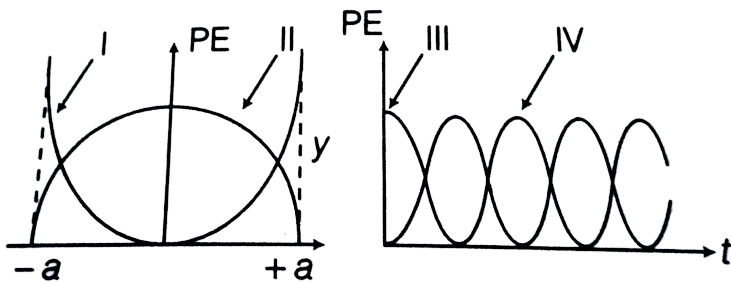
D. none of the above

Answer: A



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19. If for a particle executing SHM, the equation of SHM is given as $y = a \cos \omega t$. Then which of the following graphs represents the variation in potential energy?



A. II,IV

B. I,III

C. III,IV

D. I,II

Answer: B



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20. The work done in splitting a drop of water of 1 mm radius into 10^6 drops is (S.T. of water $= 72 \times 10^{-3} J/m^2$)

A. $8.95 \times 10^{-5} J$

B. $10.5 \times 10^{-5} J$

C. $6.5 \times 10^{-5} J$

D. $8 \times 10^{-4} J$

Answer: A



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21. A particle moves from position $3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 6\hat{k}$ to $14\hat{i} + 13\hat{j} + 9\hat{k}$ due to a uniform force of $4\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$. Find the work done if the displacement is in metre.

A. 16 J

B. 64 J

C. 32 J

D. 48 J

Answer: B



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22. If M =mass of wire, ρ =density of wire, R =radius of wire, r =change in radius, L =original length of wire and l =change in length, then poisson's ratio is given by

A.
$$\frac{Mr\rho}{\pi R^3 l}$$

B. $\frac{Mr}{\pi R^2 l \rho}$

C. $\frac{Mr}{\pi R^3 \rho l}$

D. $\frac{Mr \rho}{\pi R^2 l}$

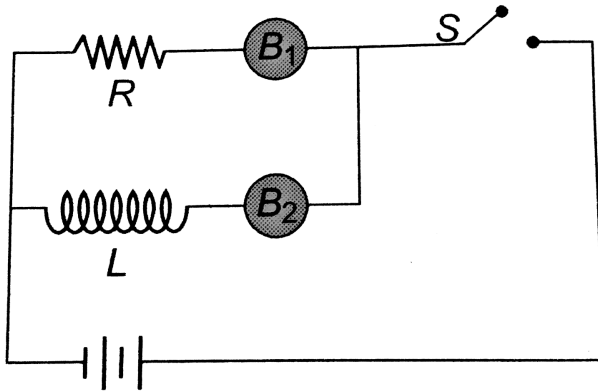
Answer: C



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23. The adjoining figure shows two bulbs B_1 and B_2 resistor R and an inductor and L .

When the switch S is turned off



- A. B_1 dies out immediately but B_2 will with some delay
- B. B_2 dies out immediately but B_1 with some delay
- C. Both B_1 and B_2 will die out immediately

D. Both B_1 and B_2 will die out with some delay

Answer: A



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24. A tuning fork A has a frequency of 3 % more than that of a standard fork. A second fork B has a frequency 2% less than that of the standard fork. When A and B are sounded

together, the number of beats produced per sound is 8. the frequency off fork B is

A. 154.5 Hz

B. 250 Hz

C. 157.8 Hz

D. 300 Hz

Answer: C



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25. For silver and water, the value of angle of contact is

A. 90°

B. 120°

C. 180°

D. 0°

Answer: A



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26. A boat crosses a river of width 1 km by shortest path in 15 min. if the speed of boat in still water is 5 kmh^{-1} , then what is the speed of the river?

A. 5 kmh^{-1}

B. 12 kmh^{-1}

C. 3 kmh^{-1}

D. 4 kmh^{-1}

Answer: C



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27. Plane progressive wave $y=A \sin(\omega t - kx)$

travels in positive X-direction with a speed

A. ω

B. $\frac{\omega}{k}$

C. $\frac{k}{x}$

D. v

Answer: B



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28. An object of mass 5 kg is attached to the hook of a spring balance and the balance is suspended vertically from the roof of a lift. The reading on the spring balance when the lift is going up with an acceleration of 0.25 ms^{-2} is take, (take, $g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$)

A. 51.25 N

B. 48.75 N

C. 52.75 N

D. 47.25 N

Answer: A



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29. If fundamental frequency is 256 Hz, then II and III harmonics will be

A. 512, 768

B. 256, 512

C. 256, 768

D. None of these

Answer: A



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30. Average Translational Kinetic Energy Per Molecule

- A. temperature only
- B. temperature and nature of gas
- C. nature of gas only
- D. independent of both

Answer: A



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31. A train is moving with velocity 20m/sec .
on this dust is falling at the rate of 50 kg /
minute . The extra force required to move this
train with constant velocity will be

A. 16.66 N

B. 1200 N

C. 1000 N

D. 166.6 N

Answer: A



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32. A winding wire which is used to prepare a solenoid of length 80 cm can bear a maximum current of 10 A. The cross-sectional radius of the solenoid is 3 cm. What should be the length of the winding wire if a magnetic field

of 0.2 T is to be produced at the centre of the solenoid along its axis?

A. $6 \times 10^3 m$

B. $1.2 \times 10^2 m$

C. $4.8 \times 10^2 m$

D. $2.4 \times 10^3 m$

Answer: D



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33. In forced oscillation of a particle the amplitude is maximum for a frequency ω_2 of the force while the energy is maximum for a frequency ω_1 of the force, then .

A. $\omega_1 < \omega_2$

B. $\omega_1 < \omega_2$ when damping is small and

$\omega_1 > \omega_2$ when damping is large

C. $\omega_1 > \omega_2$

D. $\omega_1 = \omega_2$

Answer: D



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34. An iceberg is floating in water. The density of ice in the iceberg is 917 kg m^{-3} and the density of water is 1024 kg m^{-3} . What percentage fraction of the iceberg would be visible?

A. 0.05

B. 0.1

C. 0.12

D. 0.08

Answer: B



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35. The wavelength of maximum emission shifts towards smaller wavelengths as the temperature of black body

A. increases

B. decreases

C. increases or decreases

D. remains constant

Answer: A



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36. Electrons used in an electron microscope are accelerated by a voltage of 25 kV. If the voltage is increased to 100 kV then the de

Broglie wavelength associated with the electrons would

- A. increase by 2 times
- B. decrease by 2 times
- C. decrease by 4 times
- D. increase by 4 times

Answer: B



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37. The equation of standing wave is $y = 0.1 \cos(\pi x) \sin(200\pi t)$. What is the frequency of the wave?

- A. 100 Hz
- B. 50 Hz
- C. 25 Hz
- D. 200 Hz

Answer: A



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38. A liquid flows through a pipe of non-uniform cross-section. If A_1 and A_2 are the cross-sectional areas of the pipe at two points, the ratio of velocities of the liquid at these points will be

A. $A_1 A_2$

B. $\frac{A_1}{A_2}$

C. $\frac{A_2}{A_1}$

D. $\frac{1}{A_1 A_2}$

Answer: C



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39. The magnification of the image when an object is placed at a distance x from the principle focus of a mirror of focal length f is

A. $\frac{x}{f}$

B. $1 + \frac{f}{x}$

C. $\frac{f}{x}$

D. $1 - \frac{f}{x}$

Answer: C



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40. A block whose mass is 1 kg is fastened to a spring. The spring has a spring constant of 100N/m. the block is pulled to a distance $x=10$ cm from its equilibrium position at $x=0$ on a frictionless surface from rest at $t=0$. the kinetic energy and potential energy of the block when it is 5 cm away from the mean position is

A. 0.375 J, 0.125 J

B. 0.125 J, 0.375 J

C. 0.125 J, 0.125 J

D. 0.375J, 0.375J

Answer: A



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41. A monochromatic beam of light of wavelength 6000\AA in vacuum enters a medium of refractive index 1.5. In the medium its wavelength is....., its frequency is.....

A. 25×10^7 per m

B. 25×10^6 per m

C. 25×10^4 per m

D. 25×10^8 per m

Answer: B



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42. In the interference pattern all the fringes are of equal intensity of light of

A. intensity

B. contrast

C. width

D. all of these

Answer: C



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43. Two sources of light are said to be coherent if they emit light of

A. same intensity

B. same amplitude

C. constant phase difference

D. same frequency

Answer: C



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44. In young's experiment, a crest of one wave coincides with the trough of the other

wave at a point. The phase difference between the two waves is

A. zero

B. 4π

C. 6π

D. 7π

Answer: D



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45. When field lines are leaving a surface the flux will be taken as

A. positive

B. negative

C. depends on the surface

D. neither positive nor negative

Answer: A



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46. Electrostatic pressure is given by

A. $\frac{dF}{dS}$

B. $\frac{\sigma^2}{2\epsilon_0}$

C. $\frac{1}{2}\epsilon_0 E^2$

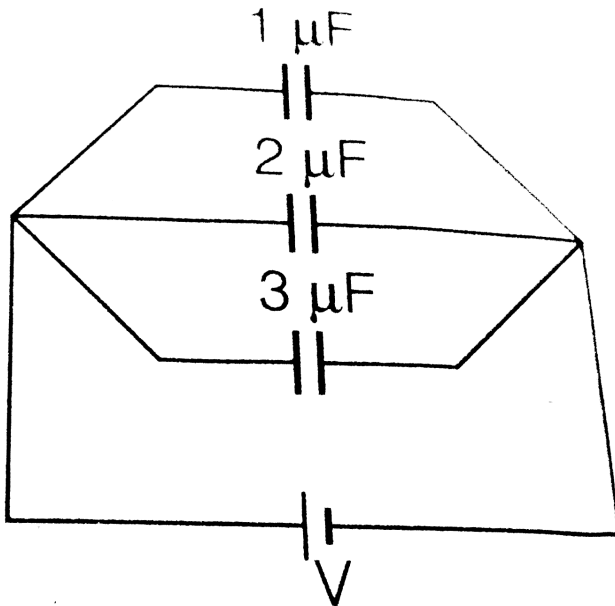
D. All of these

Answer: D



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47. Equivalent capacitance for the circuit shown in figure will be



A. $\frac{6}{11}\ \mu\text{F}$

B. $2\ \mu\text{F}$

C. $6\ \mu\text{F}$

D. $\frac{4}{9}\mu F$

Answer: C



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48. One face of prism of refracting angle 30° and refractive index 1.414 is silvered. At what angle must a ray of light fall on the unsilvered face so that it retraces its path out of the prism ?

A. 45°

B. 60°

C. 30°

D. 0°

Answer: A



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49. Wheatstone bridge is not suitable for the measurement of resistance of the order of

A. ohm

B. kilo-ohm

C. mega-ohm

D. except (c)

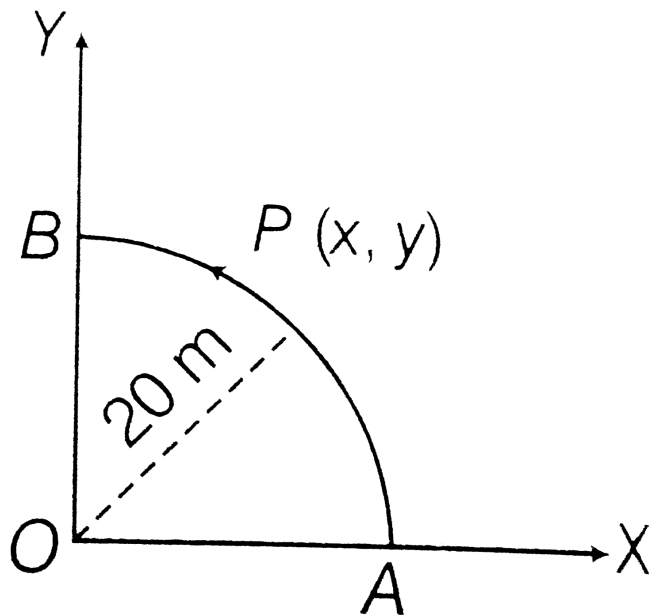
Answer: C



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50. A point P moves in counter-clockwise direction on figure. The movement of P is such that it sweeps out a length $s = t^3 + 5$, where s is in metre and t is in second. The radius of

the path is 20 m. the acceleration of P when $t=2\text{s}$ is nearly



- A. $14\text{m} / \text{s}^2$
- B. $13\text{m} / \text{s}^2$
- C. $12\text{m} / \text{s}^2$
- D. $7.2\text{m} / \text{s}^2$

Answer: A



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